

1990

CENSUS OF  
POPULATION  
AND HOUSING

SERIES CPH (3)

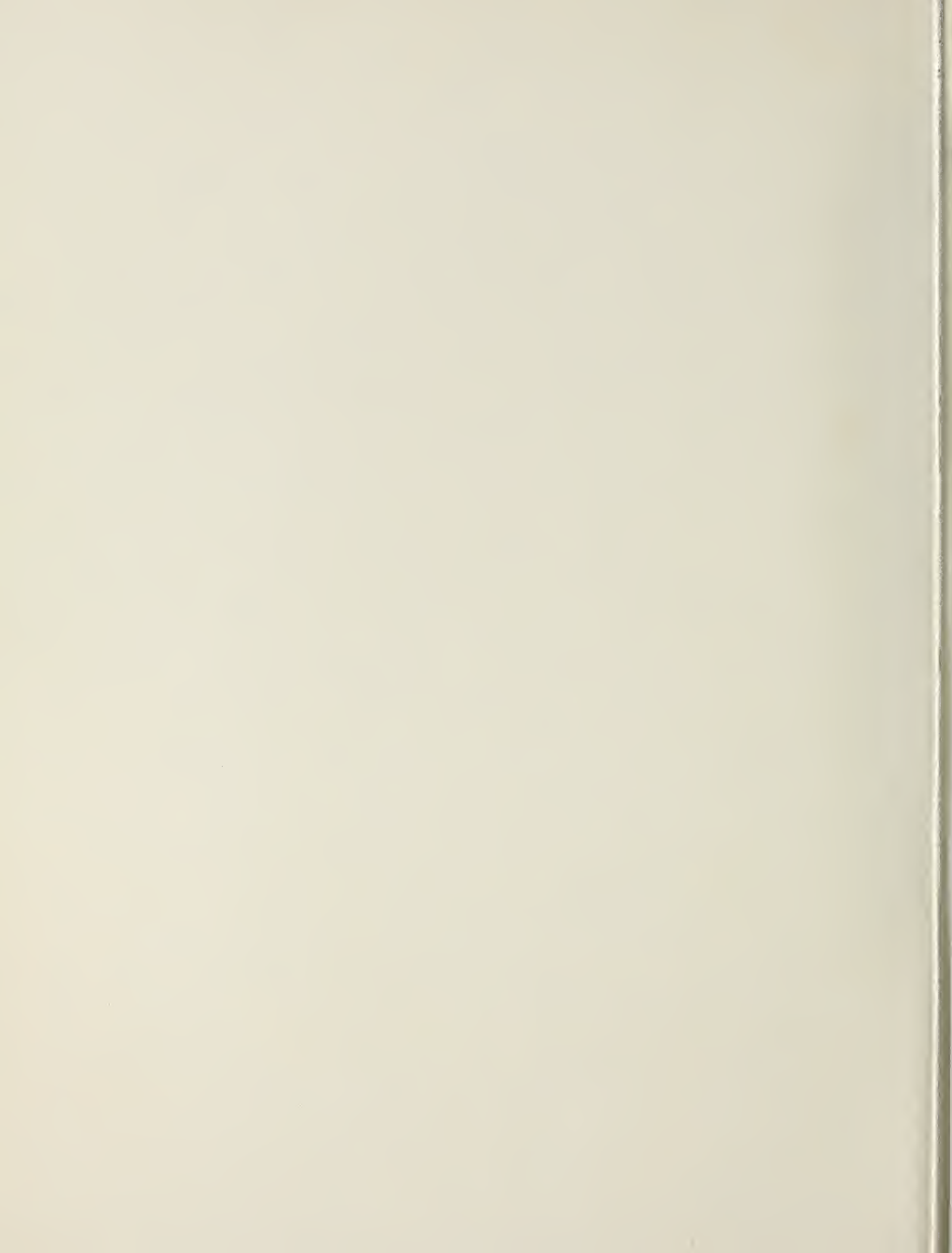
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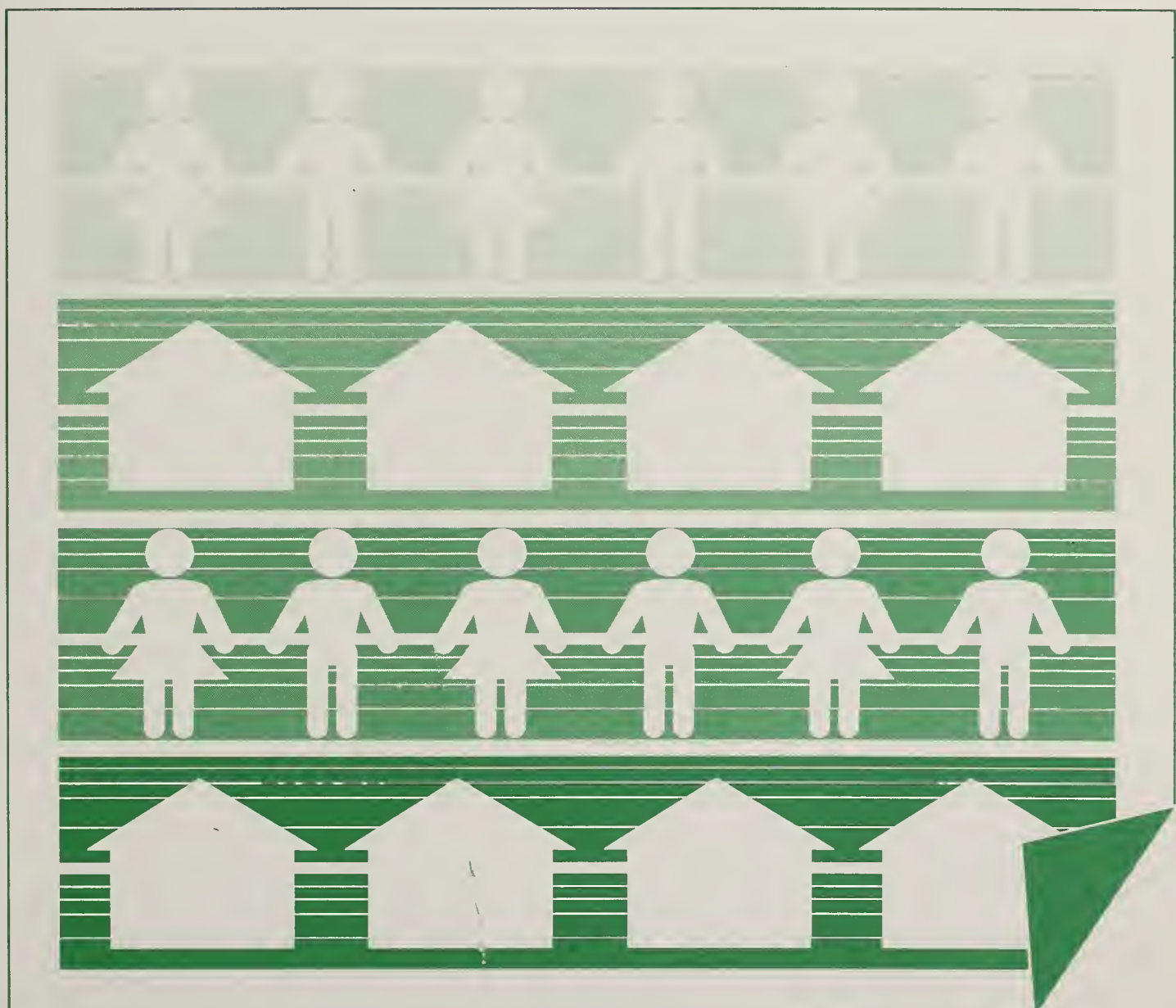
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CENSUS '90



1990 Census of  
Population and Housing  
Population and Housing  
Characteristics for  
Census Tracts and Block  
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**1990 Census of  
Population and Housing  
Population and Housing  
Characteristics for  
Census Tracts and Block  
Numbering Areas  
Longview-Marshall, TX MSA**

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Issued June 1993



**U.S. Department of Commerce  
Ronald H. Brown, Secretary**

**Economics and Statistics Administration**

**BUREAU OF THE CENSUS  
Harry A. Scarr, Acting Director**





**Economics and Statistics  
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Decennial Census

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# HOW TO USE THIS CENSUS REPORT

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## INTRODUCTION

Data from the 1990 census are presented in several different report series. These series are published under the following three subject titles:

1. 1990 Census of Population (1990 CP)
2. 1990 Census of Housing (1990 CH)
3. 1990 Census of Population and Housing (1990 CPH)

The types of data and the geographic areas shown in reports differ from one series to another. In most series, there is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States (Virgin Islands), plus a United States summary report. Some series include reports for American Indian and Alaska Native areas, metropolitan areas, and urbanized areas. See appendix F for detailed information about the various report series; additional 1990 census data products such as computer tapes, microfiche, and laser disks; other related materials; and sources of assistance.

The data from the 1990 census were derived from a limited number of basic questions asked of the entire population and about every housing unit (referred to as the 100-percent questions), and from additional questions asked of a sample of the population and housing units (referred to as the sample questions). Two primary versions of questionnaires were used: a short form containing only the 100-percent questions and a long form containing both the 100-percent questions and the additional sample questions. Appendix E presents facsimiles of the questionnaire pages and the respondent instructions used to collect the data included in this report. Appendix F lists the subjects that are covered by the 100-percent and sample components of the 1990 census.

Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1990, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which is codified in Title 13, United States Code.

## HOW TO FIND RACE/HISPANIC ORIGIN DETAIL AND SUBJECT-MATTER DATA

This report includes a table finding guide to assist the user in locating those statistical tables that contain the data that are needed. The table finding guide lists alphabetically, the subjects shown in this report by race groups, Hispanic origin, and White, not of Hispanic origin. To determine which tables in this report show data for a particular topic, find the subject in the left-hand column of the table finding guide and then look across the columns using the headings at the top for specific race groups or persons of Hispanic origin. Below is an example of a table finding guide.

### TABLE FINDING GUIDE

#### Subjects by Race Groups, Hispanic Origin, and White, Not of Hispanic Origin and Table Number

[Subjects covered in this report are shown on the left side, and race groups, Hispanic origin, and White, not of Hispanic origin are shown at the top. For definitions and explanations of subject characteristics, see appendix E.]

Subject	Total	White	Black	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	Asian or Pacific Islander	Hispanic origin (of any race)	White, not of Hispanic origin
<b>POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
Age .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Ancestry .....	16	...	...	...	...	...	...
Class of worker .....	16	...	...	...	...	...	...
Count adjustment .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Disability .....	16	20	22	24	26	28	30
Educational attainment .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Family type by presence of own children .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Fertility .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Hispanic origin .....	8, 18	...	...	...	...	...	...
Household type and relationship .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Income in 1989 .....	19	21	23	25	27	29	31
Industry .....	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
Journey to work .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Labor force status .....	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Language spoken at home and ability to speak English .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Marital status .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Means of transportation to work .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Occupation .....	16	21	23	25	27	29	31
Place of birth .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Place of work .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Poverty status in 1989 .....	19	21	23	25	27	29	31
Race .....	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
Residence in 1985 .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
School enrollment and type of school .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Sex .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Urban, rural, and farm residence (persons) .....	17	...	...	...	...	...	...
Work status in 1989 .....	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Workers in family in 1989 .....	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
<b>HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
Bedrooms .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Condominium .....	32	...	...	...	...	...	...
Contract rent .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Gross rent .....	33	35	37	39	41	43	45
House heating fuel .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Household income in 1989 .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Kitchen facilities .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Meals included in rent .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs .....	33	35	37	39	41	43	45
Persons in unit .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Persons per room .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Plumbing facilities .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Rooms .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Sewage disposal .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Source of water .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Telephone in unit .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Tenure .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Units in structure .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Urban, rural, and farm residence (housing units) .....	32	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vacancy characteristics .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Value .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Vehicles available .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Year householder moved into unit .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Year structure built .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
LAND AREA .....	1	...	...	...	...	...	...

... Not applicable for this report.



# HOW TO USE THE STATISTICAL TABLES

## Parts of a Statistical Table

The census data included in printed reports are arranged in tables. Each table includes four major parts: (1) *heading*, (2) *boxhead*, (3) *stub*, and (4) *data field*. A typical census report table is illustrated below.

The *heading* consists of the table number, title, and headnote. The table number indicates the position of the table within the report, while the title is a brief statement indicating the classification, nature, and time reference of the data presented in the table. The headnote is enclosed in brackets and is located under the title. It contains statements that qualify, explain, or provide information pertaining to the entire table. In some tables showing racial and Hispanic origin groups, the headnote includes information that data are presented only when certain population-size criteria (thresholds) are met. (For more information on thresholds, see the "User Notes" section.)

The *boxhead* is under the heading. This portion of the table, which contains the individual column heads or captions, describes the data in each vertical column. In the boxhead of many tables, a *spanner* appears across and above two or more column heads or across two or more lower spanners. The purpose of a *spanner* is to classify or qualify items below it or separate the table into identifiable blocks in terms of major aspects of the data.

The *stub* is located at the left edge of the table. It includes a listing of line or row captions or descriptions. At the top of the stub is the *stubhead*. The *stubhead* is considered to be an extension of the table title and usually shows generic geographic area designations and restrictions.

In the *stub*, several features are used to help the user better understand the contents of the table. Usually, a block of data lines is preceded by a *sidehead*. The *sidehead*, similar to a *spanner*, describes and classifies the *stub* entries following it. The use of indentation in a *stub* indicates the relationship of one data line to another. Indented data lines represent subcategories that in most instances, sum to a total. Occasionally in tables, it is desirable to show one or more single-line subcategories that do not sum to the total. The unit of measure, such as dollars, is shown when it is not clear from the general wording of the data line.

The *data field* is that part of the table that contains the data. It extends from the bottom of the *boxhead* to the bottom of the table and from the right of the *stub* to the right-hand edge of the page.

Both geographic and subject-matter terms appear in tables. It is important to read the definitions of the terms used in the tables because census terms often are defined in special ways that reflect the manner in which the questions were asked and the data were tabulated. Definitions of geographic terms are provided in appendix A. Subject-matter terms are defined in appendix B.

## Symbols and Geographic Abbreviations

The following symbols are used in the tables and explanations of subjects covered in this report:

- A dash "-" represents zero, a figure that rounds to less than 0.1, or a percent that rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable.
- (NA) means not available.
- The prefix "r" indicates that the count has been revised since publication of 1980 reports or that the area was erroneously omitted or not shown in the correct geographic relationship in the 1980 census reports. This symbol appears only in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* reports.
- A dagger "†" next to the name of a geographic area indicates that there has been a geographic change(s) (for example, an annexation or detachment, a new incorporation, or a name change) since the information published for the 1980 census for that area. This symbol appears only in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* reports. The geographic change information for the entities in a State is shown in the "User Notes" section of 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing*

PARTS OF A STATISTICAL TABLE

Table number and title	Headnote	Column head	Spanner
Heading	Stubhead	Boxhead	Data field
Table 67. Labor Force Characteristics: 1990	The labor force consists of persons 16 years and over who are employed or unemployed but seeking work. Unemployed persons are those who are not employed and are actively seeking work.	Total	Total
Total	Total	Total	Total
Total	Total	Total	Total
Total	Total	Total	Total
Total	Total	Total	Total
Total	Total	Total	Total
Total	Total	Total	Total
Total	Total	Total	Total
Total	Total	Total	Total
Total	Total	Total	Total
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*Unit Counts* report, for that State. The information for all States appears in the "User Notes" section of the technical documentation for Summary Tape Files 1 and 3.

- A plus sign "+" or a minus sign "-" following a figure denotes that the median falls in the initial or terminal category of an open-ended distribution. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures" in appendix B.)
- A minus sign "-" preceding a figure denotes decrease.

The following geographic abbreviations are used in the tables and explanations of subjects covered in this report:

- A "(pt.)" next to the name of a geographic area in a hierarchical presentation indicates that the geographic entity is only partially located in the superior geographic entity. For example, a "(pt.)" next to a place name in a county subdivision-place hierarchy indicates that the place is located in more than one county subdivision. (Places also may be "split" by county, congressional district, urban/rural, metropolitan area, voting district, and other geographic boundaries, depending on the presentation.) Other geographic entities also can be "split" by a higher-level entity. The exception is a tabulation block, which is unique within all geographic entities in census products.
- BG is block group.
- BNA is block numbering area.
- CDP is census designated place.
- CMSA is consolidated metropolitan statistical area.
- MA is metropolitan area.
- MSA is metropolitan statistical area.
- PMSA is primary metropolitan statistical area.
- TDSA is tribal designated statistical area.
- TJSA is tribal jurisdiction statistical area.
- unorg. is unorganized territory.
- VTD is voting district.

Census tables often include derived measures such as medians, means, percents, and ratios. More detailed information about derived measures is provided in appendix B.

## CENSUS TRACT COMPARABILITY TABLES

A listing of all the census tract reports in this series and information on changes in the boundaries of census tracts between 1980 and 1990 for the area covered in this report appear on page IV-1, directly before the statistical tables.

The census tract comparability table shows the 1980 components of 1990 census tracts and 1990 components of 1980 census tracts, as relevant, for: (1) 1980 census tracts that were split into two or more 1990 census tracts; (2) 1980 census tracts that were combined into new 1990 census tracts; (3) 1980 census tracts in areas with new

numbering systems for 1990; and (4) those census tracts with boundary changes between 1980 and 1990 that affected 2.5 percent or more of the population of the census tract.

A census tract will not appear in the comparability tables if: (1) no change occurred between 1980 and 1990; (2) boundary revisions affected fewer than 2.5 percent of the persons and that was the only change that occurred to that census tract; (3) the area has block numbering areas for 1990; or (4) an area where census tracts were defined for the first time in 1990.

## USER NOTES

User notes include corrections, errata, and related explanatory information. They present information about unique characteristics of the report and changes or corrections made too late to be reflected in the text or tables themselves.

## CONTENTS OF THE APPENDIXES

**Appendix A**—Provides definitions of the types of geographic areas and related information used in census reports.

**Appendix B**—Contains definitions for the subject-matter items used in census reports, including explanations of derived measures, limitations of the data, and comparability with previous censuses. The subjects are listed alphabetically. In reports that contain both population and housing characteristics, the population characteristics are described first, followed by the explanations of the housing subjects.

**Appendix C**—Provides information on confidentiality of the data, allocations and substitutions, and sources of errors in the data.

**Appendix D**—Explains the residence rules used in counting the population and housing units, presents a brief overview of data collection operations, and describes processing procedures used to convert data from unedited questionnaires to final 1990 publications and tapes. This appendix also clarifies the procedures used to collect data for persons abroad at the time of the census, where persons on military bases or away at school were counted, how data were collected for persons in institutions, and which citizens of foreign countries were included in the U.S. data.

**Appendix E**—Presents a facsimile of the 1990 census questionnaire pages and the respondent instructions used to collect the data in this report.

**Appendix F**—Summarizes the 1990 census data products program by describing the information available in printed reports and in other sources, such as microfiche or computer tape; and provides information on where to obtain assistance.

**Appendix G**—Contains maps depicting the geographic areas shown in this report.





# TABLE FINDING GUIDE

## Subjects by Race Groups, Hispanic Origin, and White, Not of Hispanic Origin and Table Number

[Subjects covered in this report are shown on the left side, and race groups, Hispanic origin, and White, not of Hispanic origin are shown at the top. Tables 1 through 15 show 100-percent characteristics. Tables 16 through 45 show sample characteristics. For definitions and explanations of subject characteristics, see appendix B]

Subject	Total	White	Black	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	Asian or Pacific Islander	Hispanic origin (of any race)	White, not of Hispanic origin
<b>POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
Age .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Ancestry .....	16	...	...	...	...	...	...
Class of worker .....	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
Disability .....	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Educational attainment.....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Family type by presence of own children.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Fertility.....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Hispanic origin.....	8, 16	...	...	...	...	...	...
Household type and relationship.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Income in 1989 .....	19	21	23	25	27	29	31
Industry .....	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
Journey to work.....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Labor force status.....	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Language spoken at home and ability to speak English.....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Marital status .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Means of transportation to work .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Occupation .....	18	21	23	25	27	29	31
Place of birth .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Place of work.....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Poverty status in 1989 .....	19	21	23	25	27	29	31
Race .....	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
Residence in 1985 .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
School enrollment and type of school .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Sex.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Urban, rural, and farm residence (persons).....	17	...	...	...	...	...	...
Work status in 1989 .....	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Workers in family in 1989 .....	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
<b>HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
Bedrooms .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Condominium .....	32	...	...	...	...	...	...
Contract rent .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Gross rent .....	33	35	37	39	41	43	45
House heating fuel .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Household income in 1989 .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Kitchen facilities.....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Meals included in rent .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs .....	33	35	37	39	41	43	45
Persons in unit.....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Persons per room .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Plumbing facilities .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Rooms.....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Sewage disposal .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Source of water.....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Telephone in unit.....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Tenure.....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Units in structure.....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Vacancy characteristics.....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Value .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Vehicles available .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Year householder moved into unit.....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Year structure built .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
<b>LAND AREA</b> .....	1	...	...	...	...	...	...

... Not applicable for this report.



# USER NOTES

Additional information concerning this 1990 census product may be available at a later date. If you wish to receive these *User Notes*, contact:

Data User Services Division  
Customer Services  
Bureau of the Census  
Washington, DC 20233  
301-763-4100

Questions concerning the content of this report may be directed to:

Housing and Household Economic Statistics Division  
Bureau of the Census  
Washington, DC 20233

Population Division  
Bureau of the Census  
Washington, DC 20233

## ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS OF DATA

### GENERAL

#### User Note 1

**Age Reporting**—Review of detailed 1990 information indicated that respondents tended to provide their age as of the date of completion of the questionnaire, not their age on April 1, 1990. In addition, there may have been a tendency for respondents to round up their age if they were close to having a birthday. It is likely that approximately 10 percent of persons in most age groups are actually 1 year younger. For most single years of age, the misstatements are largely offsetting. The problem is most pronounced at age 0 because persons lost to age 1 may not have been fully offset by the inclusion of babies born after April 1, 1990, and because there may have been more rounding up to age 1 to avoid reporting age as 0 years. (Age in completed months was not collected for infants under age 1.)

The reporting of age 1 year older than age on April 1, 1990, is likely to have been greater in areas where the census data were collected later in 1990. The magnitude of this problem was much less in the three previous

censuses where age was typically derived from respondent data on year of birth and quarter of birth. (For more information on the design of the age question, see the discussion on comparability under "Age" in appendix B.)

#### User Note 2

The user should note that there are limitations to many of these data. Please refer to the text provided with this report for further explanations on the limitations of the data.

#### User Note 3

This report series (CPH-3) includes 100-percent and sample data for population and housing characteristics. Tables 1 through 8 present data on general population characteristics based on tabulations of 100-percent data and tables 9 through 15 show 100-percent housing data. Tables 16 through 31 show sample data on social and economic characteristics and tables 32 through 45 show sample housing data.

#### User Note 4

Persons or householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. References indicating this information were inadvertently omitted from some tables in this report series.

#### User Note 5

Electrostatic-plotter copies of Census Tract/Block Numbering Area (BNA) Outline Maps are no longer sold by the Census Bureau's Customer Services. Printed copies of maps are obtainable through the Superintendent of Documents. The availability of selected products and information on certain services described in appendix F of this report series has changed. For current information about various report series; additional 1990 census data products such as computer tapes, microfiche, and laser disks; reference materials; and sources of assistance, see appendix F in the 1990 CP-2 or CH-2 report series.

#### User Note 6

The data shown in selected products for persons enumerated in "visible in street locations" are incorrect and should not be used. Only the 100-percent data shown in



data products, such as Summary Tape Files (STF's) 1 and 2 and in the 1990 CP-1, *General Population Characteristics* State reports should be used for persons enumerated at "visible in street locations."

During "Shelter and Street Night Enumeration," all visible persons on the streets were asked only the basic 100-percent population questions (age, sex, marital status, race, and Hispanic origin).

During census processing of sample data, information from the long-form questionnaire was inadvertently assigned to a very small percentage of the visible in street population.

## User Note 7

The estimated population totals for persons in group quarters, specifically by group quarters type, that are based on census sample tabulations may differ from comparable figures shown in 100-percent tabulations. Such differences result, in part, from sampling variability which occurs because information was obtained from a sample of the population rather than from all persons. Differences also occur because of nonsampling errors which affect the 100-percent and sample data. Examples of nonsampling errors include respondent and enumerator errors, processing errors, and nonresponse.

The 100-percent data are the official counts and should be used as the source for data on group quarters type when the primary focus is on counts of the population in group quarters, especially for small areas such as census tracts/BNA's or blocks. When the group quarters population is shown by characteristics covered only on a sample basis (for example, education, labor force status, income, etc.), the sample figures should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

For more information on the limitations of 100-percent and sample data for persons in group quarters and the classification of group quarters type, see appendix B. Reasons for the differences between 100-percent and sample totals will be an important focus of post-census research and evaluation.

## User Note 8

Estimated population and housing unit totals based on tabulations from only the sample questionnaires (sample tabulations) may differ from the official counts as tabulated from every census questionnaire (100-percent tabulations). Such differences result, in part, because the sample tabulations are based on information from a sample of households rather than from all households (sampling error). Differences also can occur because the interview situation (length of questionnaire, effect of the interviewer, etc.) and the processing rules differ between the 100-percent and sample tabulations. These types of differences are referred to as nonsampling errors. (For more information on nonsampling error, see appendix C.)

The 100-percent data are the official counts and should be used as the source of information on population and housing items collected on the 100-percent questionnaire, such as age, race, Hispanic origin, number of rooms, and tenure. This is especially appropriate when the primary focus is on counts of the population or housing units for small areas such as census tracts/BNA's, block groups, and for American Indian and Alaska Native areas. For estimates of counts of persons and housing units by characteristics asked only on a sample basis (such as education, labor force status, income, and source of water), the sample estimates should be used within the context of the error associated with them.

Many users are interested in tabulations of items collected on the sample cross-classified by items collected on a 100-percent basis such as age, race, sex, Hispanic origin, and housing units by tenure. Given the way the weights were applied during sample tabulations, generally, there is exact agreement between sample estimates and 100-percent counts for total population and total housing units for most geographic areas. At the State level and higher geographic levels, sample estimates and 100-percent counts for population by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin and for housing units by tenure, number of rooms and so on would be reasonably similar and, in some cases, the same.

At smaller geographic levels, including census tract/BNA, there is still general agreement between 100-percent counts and sample estimates of total population or housing units. At smaller geographic levels, however, there will be expected differences between sample estimates and 100-percent counts for population by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin and for housing units by tenure, number of rooms and so on. In these cases, users may want to consider using derived measures (such as means and medians) or percent distributions. Whether using absolute numbers or derived measures for small population groups and for a small number of housing units in small geographic areas, users should be cautioned that the sampling error associated with these data may be large.

Even though the differences between sample estimates and 100-percent counts for these categories are generally small, the differences for the American Indian, as well as the Hispanic origin populations, are relatively larger than for other groups. The following provides some explanation for these differences.

State-level sample estimates of the number of American Indians are generally higher than the corresponding 100-percent counts. It appears the differences are primarily the result of proportionately higher reporting of "Cherokee" tribe on sample questionnaires. This phenomenon occurs primarily in off-reservation areas. The reasons for the greater reporting of Cherokee on sample forms are not fully known at this time. The Census Bureau will do research to provide more information on this phenomenon.

For the Hispanic origin population, sample estimates at the State level are generally lower than the corresponding 100-percent counts. The majority of difference is caused



by the 100-percent and sample processing of the Hispanic question on the sample questionnaire when the respondent did not mark any response category. When processing the sample, we used written entries in race or Hispanic origin as well as responses to questions only asked on the sample, such as ancestry and place of birth. These procedures led to a lower proportion of persons being assigned as Hispanic in sample processing than were assigned during 100-percent processing. The Census Bureau will evaluate the effectiveness of the 100-percent and sample procedures.

As in previous censuses, the Census Bureau will evaluate the quality of the data and make this information available to data users. In the meanwhile, both 100-percent and sample data serve very important purposes and, therefore, should be used within the limitations of the sampling and nonsampling errors.

User Note 9

**Thresholds and Complementary Thresholds**—To show characteristics for a large number of racial and Hispanic groups and to avoid using a large number of pages to show characteristics for small population groups, population thresholds are used in some tables in selected reports. Also, complementary population thresholds are used in some tables to avoid showing largely repetitive data for the

White population and for the White, not of Hispanic origin population. Specifically, complementary thresholds are used to limit the presentation of characteristics for the White population when the population of races other than White is small and for the White, not of Hispanic origin population when the Hispanic origin population is small.

For example, assume that the threshold and complementary threshold are 400 in a table showing data by race and Hispanic origin for counties. The threshold of 400 applies to each group, and in addition, the complementary threshold of 400 applies to White and to White, not of Hispanic origin. The following figure shows how the threshold and complementary threshold for race and Hispanic origin apply for a hypothetical county. (For simplicity, it is assumed that the “Other race” population of the county is zero because characteristics are not shown for the “Other race” population below the State level.

User Note 10

**Thresholds in CPH-3**—For this report series, the threshold and complementary threshold of 400 persons used to present characteristics for racial and Hispanic origin groups are applied separately for 100-percent and sample data. Therefore, the geographic coverage may differ between tables showing 100-percent data and tables showing sample data.

Figure. Example of Threshold and Complementary Threshold

Race and Hispanic origin	Population	Characteristics shown	Reason
All persons	14,700	Yes	Threshold does not apply to total population.
White	13,800	Yes	Threshold and complementary threshold apply. There are 400 or more White persons, <i>and</i> there are 400 or more persons of races other than White.
Black	500	Yes	Threshold applies. There are 400 or more Black persons.
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	100	No	Threshold applies. There are fewer than 400 American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut persons.
Asian or Pacific Islander	300	No	Threshold applies. There are fewer than 400 Asian or Pacific Islander persons.
Hispanic origin (or any race)	300	No	Threshold applies. There are fewer than 400 Hispanic persons.
White, not of Hispanic origin	13,500	No	Threshold and complementary threshold apply. There are 400 or more White, not of Hispanic origin persons, <i>but</i> there are fewer than 400 Hispanic origin persons.





# LIST OF CENSUS TRACT REPORTS

Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area
1	United States	56	Not Assigned		<b>Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY CMSA:</b>
2	Alabama	57	Not Assigned	100A	Buffalo, NY PMSA
3	Alaska	58	Abilene, TX MSA	100B	Niagara Falls, NY PMSA
4	Arizona	59	Aguadilla, PR MSA		
5	Arkansas	60	Albany, GA MSA	101	Burlington, NC MSA
6	California			102	Burlington, VT MSA
7	Colorado	61	Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY MSA	103	Canton, OH MSA
8	Connecticut	62	Albuquerque, NM MSA	104	Casper, WY MSA
9	Delaware	63	Alexandria, LA MSA	105	Cedar Rapids, IA MSA
10	Not Assigned	64	Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ MSA	106	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA
11	Florida	65	Altoona, PA MSA	107	Charleston, SC MSA
12	Georgia	66	Amarillo, TX MSA	108	Charleston, WV MSA
13	Hawaii	67	Anchorage, AK MSA	109	Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill, NC-SC MSA
14	Idaho	68	Anderson, IN MSA	110	Charlottesville, VA MSA
15	Illinois	69	Anderson, SC MSA	111	Chattanooga, TN-GA MSA
16	Indiana	70	Anniston, AL MSA	112	Cheyenne, WY MSA
17	Iowa				<b>Chicago-Gary-Lake County, IL-IN-WI CMSA:</b>
18	Kansas	71	Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah, WI MSA	113A	Aurora-Elgin, IL PMSA
19	Kentucky	72	Arecibo, PR MSA	113B	Chicago, IL PMSA
20	Louisiana	73	Asheville, NC MSA	113C	Gary-Hammond, IN PMSA
21	Maine	74	Athens, GA MSA	113D	Joliet, IL PMSA
22	Maryland	75	Atlanta, GA MSA	113E	Kenosha, WI PMSA
23	Massachusetts			113F	Lake County, IL PMSA
24	Michigan	76	Atlantic City, NJ MSA		
25	Minnesota	77	Augusta, GA-SC MSA	114	Chico, CA MSA
26	Mississippi	78	Austin, TX MSA		<b>Cincinnati-Hamilton, OH-KY-IN CMSA:</b>
27	Missouri	79	Bakersfield, CA MSA	115A	Cincinnati, OH-KY-IN PMSA
28	Montana	80	Baltimore, MD MSA	115B	Hamilton-Middletown, OH PMSA
29	Nebraska				
30	Nevada	81	Bangor, ME MSA	116	Clarksville-Hopkinsville, TN-KY MSA
31	New Hampshire	82	Baton Rouge, LA MSA		<b>Cleveland-Akron-Lorain, OH CMSA:</b>
32	Not Assigned	83	Battle Creek, MI MSA	117A	Akron, OH PMSA
33	New Mexico	84	Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX MSA	117B	Cleveland, OH PMSA
34	New York	85	Bellingham, WA MSA	117C	Lorain-Elyria, OH PMSA
35	North Carolina				
36	North Dakota	86	Benton Harbor, MI MSA	118	Colorado Springs, CO MSA
37	Ohio	87	Billings, MT MSA	119	Columbia, MO MSA
38	Oklahoma	88	Biloxi-Gulfport, MS MSA	120	Columbia, SC MSA
39	Oregon	89	Binghamton, NY MSA	121	Columbus, GA-AL MSA
40	Pennsylvania	90	Birmingham, AL MSA	122	Columbus, OH MSA
41	Rhode Island	91	Bismarck, ND MSA	123	Corpus Christi, TX MSA
42	South Carolina	92	Bloomington, IN MSA	124	Cumberland, MD-WV MSA
43	South Dakota	93	Bloomington-Normal, IL MSA		<b>Dallas-Fort Worth, TX CMSA:</b>
44	Tennessee	94	Boise City, ID MSA	125A	Dallas, TX PMSA
45	Texas		<b>Boston-Lawrence-Salem, MA-NH CMSA:</b>	125B	Fort Worth-Arlington, TX PMSA
46	Utah	95A	Boston, MA PMSA		
47	Vermont	95B	Brockton, MA PMSA	126	Danville, VA MSA
48	Virginia	95C	Lawrence-Haverhill, MA-NH PMSA	127	Davenport-Rock Island-Moline, IA-IL MSA
49	Washington	95D	Lowell, MA-NH PMSA	128	Dayton-Springfield, OH MSA
50	West Virginia	95E	Nashua, NH PMSA	129	Daytona Beach, FL MSA
51	Wisconsin	95F	Salem-Gloucester, MA PMSA	130	Decatur, AL MSA
52	Wyoming			131	Decatur, IL MSA
53	Puerto Rico	96	Bradenton, FL MSA		
54	Not Assigned	97	Bremerton, WA MSA		
55	Virgin Islands	98	Brownsville-Harlingen, TX MSA		
		99	Bryan-College Station, TX MSA		

Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area
	<b>Denver-Boulder, CO CMSA:</b>	179	Indianapolis, IN MSA	230	Midland, TX MSA
132A	Boulder-Longmont, CO PMSA	180	Iowa City, IA MSA		<b>Milwaukee-Racine, WI CMSA:</b>
132B	Denver, CO PMSA	181	Jackson, MI MSA	231A	Milwaukee, WI PMSA
133	Des Moines, IA MSA	182	Jackson, MS MSA	231B	Racine, WI PMSA
	<b>Detroit-Ann Arbor, MI CMSA:</b>	183	Jackson, TN MSA	232	Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI MSA
134A	Ann Arbor, MI PMSA	184	Jacksonville, FL MSA	233	Mobile, AL MSA
134B	Detroit, MI PMSA	185	Jacksonville, NC MSA	234	Modesto, CA MSA
135	Dothan, AL MSA	186	Jamestown-Dunkirk, NY MSA	235	Monroe, LA MSA
136	Dubuque, IA MSA	187	Janesville-Beloit, WI MSA	236	Montgomery, AL MSA
137	Duluth, MN-WI MSA	188	Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol, TN-VA MSA	237	Muncie, IN MSA
138	Eau Claire, WI MSA	189	Johnstown, PA MSA	238	Muskegon, MI MSA
139	El Paso, TX MSA	190	Joplin, MO MSA	239	Naples, FL MSA
140	Elkhart-Goshen, IN MSA	191	Kalamazoo, MI MSA	240	Nashville, TN MSA
141	Elmira, NY MSA	192	Kankakee, IL MSA	241	New Bedford, MA MSA
142	Enid, OK MSA	193	Kansas City, MO-KS MSA	242	New Haven-Meriden, CT MSA
143	Erie, PA MSA	194	Killeen-Temple, TX MSA	243	New London-Norwich, CT-RI MSA
144	Eugene-Springfield, OR MSA	195	Knoxville, TN MSA	244	New Orleans, LA MSA
145	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	196	Kokomo, IN MSA		<b>New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-CT CMSA:</b>
146	Fargo-Moorhead, ND-MN MSA	197	La Crosse, WI MSA	245A	Bergen-Passaic, NJ PMSA
147	Fayetteville, NC MSA	198	Lafayette, LA MSA	245B	Bridgeport-Milford, CT PMSA
148	Fayetteville-Springdale, AR MSA	199	Lafayette-West Lafayette, IN MSA	245C	Danbury, CT PMSA
149	Fitchburg-Leominster, MA MSA	200	Lake Charles, LA MSA	245D	Jersey City, NJ PMSA
150	Flint, MI MSA	201	Lakeland-Winter Haven, FL MSA	245E	Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ PMSA
151	Florence, AL MSA	202	Lancaster, PA MSA	245F	Monmouth-Ocean, NJ PMSA
152	Florence, SC MSA	203	Lansing-East Lansing, MI MSA	245G	Nassau-Suffolk, NY PMSA
153	Fort Collins-Loveland, CO MSA	204	Laredo, TX MSA	245H	New York, NY PMSA
154	Fort Myers-Cape Coral, FL MSA	205	Las Cruces, NM MSA	245I	Newark, NJ PMSA
155	Fort Pierce, FL MSA	206	Las Vegas, NV MSA	245J	Norwalk, CT PMSA
156	Fort Smith, AR-OK MSA	207	Lawrence, KS MSA	245K	Orange County, NY PMSA
157	Fort Walton Beach, FL MSA	208	Lawton, OK MSA	245L	Stamford, CT PMSA
158	Fort Wayne, IN MSA	209	Lewiston-Auburn, ME MSA	246	Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA MSA
159	Fresno, CA MSA	210	Lexington-Fayette, KY MSA	247	Ocala, FL MSA
160	Gadsden, AL MSA	211	Lima, OH MSA	248	Odessa, TX MSA
161	Gainesville, FL MSA	212	Lincoln, NE MSA	249	Oklahoma City, OK MSA
162	Glens Falls, NY MSA	213	Little Rock-North Little Rock, AR MSA	250	Olympia, WA MSA
163	Grand Forks, ND MSA	214	Longview-Marshall, TX MSA	251	Omaha, NE-IA MSA
164	Grand Rapids, MI MSA		<b>Los Angeles-Anaheim-Riverside, CA CMSA:</b>	252	Orlando, FL MSA
165	Great Falls, MT MSA	215A	Anaheim-Santa Ana, CA PMSA	253	Owensboro, KY MSA
166	Greeley, CO MSA	215B	Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA PMSA	254	Panama City, FL MSA
167	Green Bay, WI MSA	215C	Oxnard-Ventura, CA PMSA	255	Parkersburg-Marietta, WV-OH MSA
168	Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point, NC MSA	215D	Riverside-San Bernardino, CA PMSA	256	Pascagoula, MS MSA
169	Greenville-Spartanburg, SC MSA	216	Louisville, KY-IN MSA	257	Pensacola, FL MSA
170	Hagerstown, MD MSA	217	Lubbock, TX MSA	258	Peoria, IL MSA
171	Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle, PA MSA	218	Lynchburg, VA MSA		<b>Philadelphia-Wilmington-Trenton, PA-NJ-DE-MD CMSA:</b>
	<b>Hartford-New Britain-Middletown, CT CMSA:</b>	219	Macon-Warner Robins, GA MSA	259A	Philadelphia, PA-NJ PMSA
172A	Bristol, CT PMSA	220	Madison, WI MSA	259B	Trenton, NJ PMSA
172B	Hartford, CT PMSA	221	Manchester, NH MSA	259C	Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, NJ PMSA
172C	Middletown, CT PMSA	222	Mansfield, OH MSA	259D	Wilmington, DE-NJ-MD PMSA
172D	New Britain, CT PMSA	223	Mayagüez, PR MSA	260	Phoenix, AZ MSA
173	Hickory-Morganton, NC MSA	224	McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX MSA	261	Pine Bluff, AR MSA
174	Honolulu, HI MSA	225	Medford, OR MSA		<b>Pittsburgh-Beaver Valley, PA CMSA:</b>
175	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	226	Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay, FL MSA	262A	Beaver County, PA PMSA
	<b>Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX CMSA:</b>	227	Memphis, TN-AR-MS MSA	262B	Pittsburgh, PA PMSA
176A	Brazoria, TX PMSA	228	Merced, CA MSA	263	Pittsfield, MA MSA
176B	Galveston-Texas City, TX PMSA		<b>Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL CMSA:</b>	264	Ponce, PR MSA
176C	Houston, TX PMSA	229A	Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach, FL PMSA	265	Portland, ME MSA
177	Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH MSA	229B	Miami-Hialeah, FL PMSA		
178	Huntsville, AL MSA				



Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area
	<b>Portland-Vancouver, OR-WA CMSA:</b>	292	San Antonio, TX MSA	315	Stockton, CA MSA
266A	Portland, OR PMSA	293	San Diego, CA MSA	316	Syracuse, NY MSA
266B	Vancouver, WA PMSA		<b>San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA CMSA:</b>	317	Tallahassee, FL MSA
267	Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester, NH-ME MSA	294A	Oakland, CA PMSA	318	Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL MSA
268	Poughkeepsie, NY MSA	294B	San Francisco, CA PMSA	319	Terre Haute, IN MSA
	<b>Providence-Pawtucket-Fall River, RI-MA CMSA:</b>	294C	San Jose, CA PMSA	320	Texarkana, TX-Texarkana, AR MSA
269A	Fall River, MA-RI PMSA	294D	Santa Cruz, CA PMSA	321	Toledo, OH MSA
269B	Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro, RI-MA PMSA	294E	Santa Rosa-Petaluma, CA PMSA		
269C	Providence, RI PMSA	294F	Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa, CA PMSA	322	Topeka, KS MSA
270	Provo-Orem, UT MSA		<b>San Juan-Caguas, PR CMSA:</b>	323	Tucson, AZ MSA
271	Pueblo, CO MSA	295A	Caguas, PR PMSA	324	Tulsa, OK MSA
272	Raleigh-Durham, NC MSA	295B	San Juan, PR PMSA	325	Tuscaloosa, AL MSA
273	Rapid City, SD MSA	296	Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc, CA MSA	326	Tyler, TX MSA
274	Reading, PA MSA	297	Santa Fe, NM MSA	327	Utica-Rome, NY MSA
275	Redding, CA MSA	298	Sarasota, FL MSA		
276	Reno, NV MSA	299	Savannah, GA MSA	328	Victoria, TX MSA
277	Richland-Kennewick-Pasco, WA MSA	300	Scranton-Wilkes-Barre, PA MSA	329	Visalia-Tulare-Porterville, CA MSA
278	Richmond-Petersburg, VA MSA		<b>Seattle-Tacoma, WA CMSA:</b>	330	Waco, TX MSA
279	Roanoke, VA MSA	301A	Seattle, WA PMSA	331	Washington, DC-MD-VA MSA
		301B	Tacoma, WA PMSA	332	Waterbury, CT MSA
280	Rochester, MN MSA	302	Sharon, PA MSA	333	Waterloo-Cedar Falls, IA MSA
281	Rochester, NY MSA	303	Sheboygan, WI MSA	334	Wausau, WI MSA
282	Rockford, IL MSA	304	Sherman-Denison, TX MSA	335	West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach, FL MSA
283	Sacramento, CA MSA	305	Shreveport, LA MSA	336	Wheeling, WV-OH MSA
284	Saginaw-Bay City-Midland, MI MSA	306	Sioux City, IA-NE MSA	337	Wichita, KS MSA
		307	Sioux Falls, SD MSA	338	Wichita Falls, TX MSA
285	St. Cloud, MN MSA	308	South Bend-Mishawaka, IN MSA	339	Williamsport, PA MSA
286	St. Joseph, MO MSA	309	Spokane, WA MSA	340	Wilmington, NC MSA
287	St. Louis, MO-IL MSA	310	Springfield, IL MSA	341	Worcester, MA MSA
288	Salem, OR MSA	311	Springfield, MO MSA	342	Yakima, WA MSA
289	Salinas-Seaside-Monterey, CA MSA				
290	Salt Lake City-Ogden, UT MSA	312	Springfield, MA MSA	343	York, PA MSA
291	San Angelo, TX MSA	313	State College, PA MSA	344	Youngstown-Warren, OH MSA
		314	Steubenville-Weirton, OH-WV MSA	345	Yuba City, CA MSA
				346	Yuma, AZ MSA

# Table A. Census Tract Comparability: 1990 to 1980

[Tables list selected census tracts for which boundaries or identification changed between 1980 and 1990. See text "How to Use This Census Report" for further explanation]

1990 tract	1980 tract
<b>GREGG COUNTY, TX</b>	
5.01 -----	5 (pt.)
5.02 -----	5 (pt.)
11 -----	11 (pt.)
14 -----	14 (pt.)
101 -----	101 (pt.)
102 -----	102 (pt.)
104 -----	104 (pt.)
105 -----	105 (pt.)
106 -----	106 (pt.)
108.98 -----	14 (pt.)
109.98 -----	11 (pt.)
110.98 -----	101 (pt.)
111.98 -----	101 (pt.)
112.98 -----	102 (pt.)
	104 (pt.)
113.98 -----	104 (pt.)
114.98 -----	106 (pt.)
115.98 -----	105 (pt.)
<b>HARRISON COUNTY, TX</b>	
201.01 -----	201 (pt.)
201.02 -----	201 (pt.)
202.98 -----	202
204.01 -----	204 (pt.)
204.02 -----	204 (pt.)
206.97 -----	206 (pt.)
206.98 -----	206 (pt.)



Table B. **Census Tract Comparability: 1980 to 1990**

[Tables list selected census tracts for which boundaries or identification changed between 1980 and 1990. See text "How to Use This Census Report" for further explanation]

1980 tract	1990 tract
<b>GREGG COUNTY, TX</b>	
5 -----	5.01
	5.02
11 -----	11
	109.98
14 -----	14
	108.98
101 -----	101
	110.98
	111.98
102 -----	102
	112.98 (pt.)
104 -----	104
	112.98 (pt.)
	113.98
105 -----	105
	115.98
106 -----	106
	114.98
<b>HARRISON COUNTY, TX</b>	
201 -----	201.01
	201.02
202 -----	202.98
204 -----	204.01
	204.02
206 -----	206.97
	206.98





**Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview-- Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County			Harrison County			Totals for split tracts /BNA's in Gregg County		
		Total	Kilgare city (pt.)	Longview city (pt.)	Total	Longview city (pt.)	Marshall city	Tract 2	Tract 4	Tract 9
LAND AREA										
Square kilometers -----	3 037.8	709.8	25.7	127.8	2 328.0	7.6	62.2	20.8	10.0	17.7
Square miles -----	1 172.9	274.1	9.9	49.4	898.8	2.9	24.0	8.0	3.9	6.8
AGE										
All persons -----	162 431	104 948	8 258	68 655	57 483	1 656	23 682	4 339	5 716	2 757
Under 5 years -----	12 100	8 004	539	5 421	4 096	120	1 658	336	323	220
5 to 9 years -----	13 298	8 428	581	5 428	4 870	128	1 918	363	282	245
10 to 14 years -----	12 740	7 918	542	4 931	4 822	138	1 838	283	235	211
15 to 19 years -----	12 412	7 811	700	5 010	4 601	137	1 970	209	320	213
20 to 24 years -----	10 699	7 097	707	4 978	3 602	83	1 811	258	555	177
25 to 34 years -----	25 818	17 178	1 191	11 723	8 640	212	3 286	778	1 217	483
35 to 44 years -----	23 243	15 050	1 021	9 641	8 193	297	3 066	612	744	342
45 to 54 years -----	16 223	10 419	712	6 679	5 804	201	2 009	399	543	285
55 to 64 years -----	14 188	9 118	735	5 856	5 070	153	1 996	380	519	220
65 to 74 years -----	11 934	7 609	774	4 916	4 325	116	2 112	329	541	226
75 to 84 years -----	7 387	4 823	565	3 102	2 564	50	1 434	275	324	101
85 years and over -----	2 389	1 493	191	970	896	21	584	117	113	34
3 and 4 years -----	4 920	3 230	224	2 179	1 690	40	677	137	121	96
16 years and over -----	121 871	79 111	6 493	51 940	42 760	1 247	17 914	3 314	4 829	2 045
18 years and over -----	117 155	76 227	6 306	50 088	40 928	1 186	17 199	3 227	4 729	1 964
21 years and over -----	109 364	71 179	5 687	46 812	38 185	1 114	15 817	3 106	4 482	1 827
60 years and over -----	28 741	18 497	1 917	11 908	10 244	264	5 133	886	1 255	479
62 years and over -----	25 955	16 709	1 781	10 772	9 246	222	4 736	822	1 153	431
Median -----	32.8	32.7	33.8	32.3	33.0	35.3	33.1	34.1	34.2	31.5
Female -----	84 466	54 609	4 394	35 768	29 857	835	12 797	2 253	2 994	1 399
Under 5 years -----	5 928	3 893	246	2 657	2 035	56	832	158	155	106
5 to 9 years -----	6 559	4 203	276	2 728	2 356	50	925	183	143	116
10 to 14 years -----	6 240	3 877	275	2 430	2 363	63	929	139	115	114
15 to 19 years -----	6 099	3 831	367	2 427	2 268	71	1 016	102	167	98
20 to 24 years -----	5 377	3 492	343	2 429	1 885	39	953	128	292	82
25 to 34 years -----	13 163	8 765	582	5 927	4 398	104	1 716	379	569	244
35 to 44 years -----	11 893	7 680	519	4 956	4 213	164	1 578	292	366	167
45 to 54 years -----	8 323	5 378	370	3 472	2 945	109	1 078	217	281	142
55 to 64 years -----	7 506	4 820	415	3 142	2 686	78	1 119	196	276	114
65 to 74 years -----	6 826	4 360	485	2 820	2 466	62	1 271	172	318	127
75 to 84 years -----	4 811	3 202	383	2 055	1 609	26	950	193	220	67
85 years and over -----	1 741	1 108	133	725	633	13	430	94	92	22
3 and 4 years -----	2 448	1 607	107	1 081	841	21	349	61	61	48
16 years and over -----	64 538	41 908	3 552	27 485	22 630	655	9 926	1 754	2 551	1 049
18 years and over -----	62 248	40 508	3 460	26 581	21 740	617	9 568	1 715	2 506	1 008
21 years and over -----	58 351	37 997	3 123	25 013	20 354	587	8 824	1 644	2 369	942
60 years and over -----	17 132	11 122	1 222	7 174	6 010	142	3 214	551	785	281
62 years and over -----	15 631	10 148	1 145	6 548	5 483	120	2 999	519	721	249
Median -----	34.2	34.1	36.8	33.7	34.2	36.7	35.2	36.2	36.2	32.6
Male -----	77 965	50 339	3 864	32 887	27 626	821	10 885	2 086	2 722	1 358
Median age -----	31.5	31.4	31.2	30.8	31.7	33.2	30.8	32.7	32.6	30.7
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP										
All persons -----	162 431	104 948	8 258	68 655	57 483	1 656	23 682	4 339	5 716	2 757
In households -----	158 703	102 654	7 862	67 012	56 049	1 656	22 281	4 194	5 505	2 727
Householder -----	60 732	40 027	3 326	26 589	20 705	617	8 622	1 746	2 771	1 020
Family householder -----	43 844	28 307	2 106	18 407	15 537	506	5 968	1 154	1 464	742
Nonfamily householder -----	16 888	11 720	1 220	8 182	5 168	111	2 654	592	1 307	278
Living alone -----	15 111	10 359	1 093	7 171	4 752	101	2 449	523	1 142	239
Spouse -----	34 607	22 432	1 579	14 372	12 175	413	4 198	957	1 201	553
Child -----	51 282	32 548	2 270	21 028	18 734	549	7 336	1 208	1 154	903
Other relatives -----	7 784	4 600	396	2 872	3 184	58	1 535	144	137	148
Nonrelatives -----	4 298	3 047	291	2 151	1 251	19	590	139	242	103
Institutionalized persons -----	1 885	1 280	85	972	605	—	605	134	211	—
Other persons in group quarters -----	1 843	1 014	311	671	829	—	796	11	—	30
Persons per household -----	2.61	2.56	2.36	2.52	2.71	2.68	2.58	2.40	1.99	2.67
Persons per family -----	3.14	3.10	3.02	3.08	3.19	3.02	3.19	3.00	2.70	3.16
Persons 65 years and over -----	21 710	13 925	1 530	8 988	7 785	187	4 130	721	978	361
In households -----	20 202	12 862	1 450	8 211	7 340	187	3 686	609	797	360
Householder -----	14 402	9 148	1 056	5 821	5 254	121	2 700	451	551	247
Nonfamily householder -----	6 994	4 499	558	2 872	2 495	44	1 406	258	265	103
Living alone -----	6 789	4 354	546	2 767	2 435	42	1 372	254	258	98
Spouse -----	4 548	2 935	320	1 885	1 613	53	749	134	208	92
Other relatives -----	1 066	657	59	419	409	11	207	22	30	17
Nonrelatives -----	186	122	15	86	64	2	30	2	8	4
Institutionalized persons -----	1 502	1 060	80	775	442	—	442	112	181	—
Other persons in group quarters -----	6	3	—	2	3	—	2	—	—	1
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN										
Families -----	43 844	28 307	2 106	18 407	15 537	506	5 968	1 154	1 464	742
With own children under 18 years -----	21 847	14 107	931	9 228	7 740	248	2 868	563	561	369
Number of awn children under 18 years -----	40 535	25 915	1 724	16 846	14 620	439	5 578	1 033	909	718
Married-couple families -----	34 607	22 432	1 579	14 372	12 175	413	4 198	957	1 201	553
With own children under 18 years -----	16 529	10 619	668	6 739	5 910	194	1 895	436	416	260
Number of own children under 18 years -----	31 006	19 797	1 238	12 531	11 209	341	3 686	818	701	505
Female householder, no husband present -----	7 405	4 692	409	3 278	2 713	79	1 494	154	205	142
With own children under 18 years -----	4 462	2 905	211	2 119	1 557	51	869	99	118	89
Number of own children under 18 years -----	8 186	5 210	406	3 739	2 976	92	1 723	176	178	173
MARITAL STATUS										
Males 15 years and over -----	58 554	37 962	2 999	24 922	20 592	604	8 157	1 584	2 295	1 018
Never married -----	14 276	9 205	843	6 314	5 071	124	2 414	292	621	267
Now married, except separated -----	36 211	23 415	1 688	15 018	12 796	425	4 519	1 004	1 256	591
Separated -----	1 395	910	80	607	485	8	244	44	48	35
Widowed -----	1 642	1 007	109	660	635	16	323	73	56	20
Divorced -----	5 030	3 425	279	2 323	1 605	31	657	171	314	105
Females 15 years and over -----	65 739	42 636	3 597	27 953	23 103	666	10 111	1 773	2 581	1 063
Never married -----	11 333	7 097	704	4 757	4 236	96	2 279	188	503	167
Now married, except separated -----	35 985	23 290	1 657	14 932	12 695	428	4 461	993	1 260	581
Separated -----	1 874	1 194	122	821	680	12	358	51	44	31
Widowed -----	9 778	6 301	744	4 034	3 477	59	1 993	362	400	137
Divorced -----	6 769	4 754	370	3 409	2 015	71	1 020	179	374	147

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Gregg County—Con.								
	Tract 11	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 101	Tract 103	Tract 104	Tract 106	Tract 107	Tract 108.98
<b>LAND AREA</b>									
Square kilometers .....	6.6	35.3	7.1	100.5	44.1	151.2	27.6	18.6	.3
Square miles .....	2.6	13.6	2.7	38.8	17.0	58.4	10.7	7.2	.1
<b>AGE</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>2 768</b>	<b>3 842</b>	<b>5 178</b>	<b>4 395</b>	<b>8 160</b>	<b>6 465</b>	<b>5 130</b>	<b>4 477</b>	—
Under 5 years .....	236	358	356	342	775	444	281	362	—
5 to 9 years .....	243	294	424	406	840	568	334	371	—
10 to 14 years .....	224	278	434	401	747	614	336	317	—
15 to 19 years .....	238	235	717	319	620	531	371	450	—
20 to 24 years .....	218	287	554	188	532	328	370	436	—
25 to 34 years .....	419	650	608	729	1 563	953	716	694	—
35 to 44 years .....	345	466	607	777	1 258	1 085	699	521	—
45 to 54 years .....	216	325	455	463	874	680	542	291	—
55 to 64 years .....	195	368	407	401	505	551	530	336	—
65 to 74 years .....	207	346	321	227	278	420	499	353	—
75 to 84 years .....	173	190	233	124	140	220	344	256	—
85 years and over .....	54	45	62	18	28	71	108	90	—
3 and 4 years .....	87	136	138	128	315	176	126	139	—
16 years and over .....	2 013	2 876	3 875	3 181	5 654	4 734	4 113	3 366	—
18 years and over .....	1 923	2 776	3 684	3 055	5 428	4 518	3 991	3 258	—
21 years and over .....	1 784	2 606	3 073	2 882	5 065	4 232	3 724	2 832	—
60 years and over .....	549	772	802	568	664	995	1 234	877	—
62 years and over .....	508	702	753	484	558	885	1 121	817	—
Median .....	30.5	32.0	27.0	32.7	29.1	33.2	37.3	29.3	—
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>1 484</b>	<b>1 996</b>	<b>2 599</b>	<b>2 181</b>	<b>4 183</b>	<b>3 315</b>	<b>2 723</b>	<b>2 350</b>	—
Under 5 years .....	126	168	178	170	396	233	130	164	—
5 to 9 years .....	140	132	218	200	429	285	167	163	—
10 to 14 years .....	110	131	225	183	366	281	175	154	—
15 to 19 years .....	122	115	269	147	308	276	185	244	—
20 to 24 years .....	107	152	191	85	282	160	181	222	—
25 to 34 years .....	217	339	329	384	809	505	342	342	—
35 to 44 years .....	164	242	348	388	644	549	360	255	—
45 to 54 years .....	113	174	251	230	440	337	289	143	—
55 to 64 years .....	115	208	209	201	246	267	294	189	—
65 to 74 years .....	127	203	184	110	154	219	303	222	—
75 to 84 years .....	106	99	153	75	87	151	228	182	—
85 years and over .....	37	33	44	8	22	52	69	70	—
3 and 4 years .....	47	68	72	68	154	102	64	66	—
16 years and over .....	1 077	1 550	1 930	1 605	2 926	2 463	2 216	1 846	—
18 years and over .....	1 037	1 497	1 837	1 544	2 813	2 348	2 155	1 794	—
21 years and over .....	964	1 412	1 659	1 460	2 625	2 200	2 018	1 552	—
60 years and over .....	339	446	469	288	369	574	763	570	—
62 years and over .....	314	410	448	250	313	514	698	539	—
Median .....	31.3	33.7	31.7	33.1	29.1	33.7	39.8	31.2	—
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>1 284</b>	<b>1 846</b>	<b>2 579</b>	<b>2 214</b>	<b>3 977</b>	<b>3 150</b>	<b>2 407</b>	<b>2 127</b>	—
Median age .....	30.1	30.2	22.4	32.4	29.1	32.8	34.4	27.4	—
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>2 768</b>	<b>3 842</b>	<b>5 178</b>	<b>4 395</b>	<b>8 160</b>	<b>6 465</b>	<b>5 130</b>	<b>4 477</b>	—
In households .....	2 736	3 835	4 570	4 385	8 160	6 409	5 045	4 166	—
Householder .....	1 057	1 561	1 572	1 502	2 767	2 226	2 162	1 664	—
Family householder .....	678	1 035	1 181	1 242	2 279	1 778	1 432	1 026	—
Nonfamily householder .....	379	526	391	260	488	448	730	638	—
Living alone .....	345	458	363	231	397	409	655	575	—
Spouse .....	418	666	752	1 122	1 888	1 511	1 184	668	—
Child .....	948	1 700	1 700	1 507	3 043	2 190	1 371	1 365	—
Other relatives .....	215	245	424	182	250	364	191	278	—
Nonrelatives .....	98	150	122	72	212	118	137	191	—
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	75	—	—	56	85	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	32	7	533	10	—	—	—	311	—
Persons per household .....	2.59	2.46	2.91	2.92	2.95	2.88	2.33	2.50	—
Persons per family .....	3.33	3.05	3.44	3.26	3.27	3.29	2.92	3.25	—
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>434</b>	<b>581</b>	<b>616</b>	<b>369</b>	<b>446</b>	<b>711</b>	<b>951</b>	<b>699</b>	—
In households .....	433	581	550	369	446	656	871	699	—
Householder .....	329	422	388	245	319	466	615	539	—
Nonfamily householder .....	176	210	192	84	150	204	293	327	—
Living alone .....	170	197	188	84	141	198	284	324	—
Spouse .....	84	134	105	95	95	145	214	124	—
Other relatives .....	18	18	49	27	25	39	34	29	—
Nonrelatives .....	2	7	8	2	7	6	8	7	—
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	66	—	—	55	80	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>									
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>678</b>	<b>1 035</b>	<b>1 181</b>	<b>1 242</b>	<b>2 279</b>	<b>1 778</b>	<b>1 432</b>	<b>1 026</b>	—
With own children under 18 years .....	366	499	606	640	1 394	936	584	529	—
Number of own children under 18 years .....	708	907	1 208	1 226	2 563	1 735	1 023	1 063	—
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>418</b>	<b>666</b>	<b>752</b>	<b>1 122</b>	<b>1 888</b>	<b>1 511</b>	<b>1 184</b>	<b>668</b>	—
With own children under 18 years .....	201	267	350	589	1 124	803	460	343	—
Number of own children under 18 years .....	401	501	712	1 140	2 112	1 494	806	694	—
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>213</b>	<b>322</b>	<b>362</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>310</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>191</b>	<b>278</b>	—
With own children under 18 years .....	141	207	233	39	222	103	101	146	—
Number of own children under 18 years .....	264	357	461	67	376	194	185	294	—
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>									
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>957</b>	<b>1 347</b>	<b>1 986</b>	<b>1 618</b>	<b>2 806</b>	<b>2 323</b>	<b>1 928</b>	<b>1 558</b>	—
Never married .....	317	390	899	304	560	493	433	527	—
Now married, except separated .....	451	693	804	1 162	1 945	1 554	1 231	749	—
Separated .....	46	61	52	19	59	46	43	49	—
Widowed .....	30	49	86	22	32	42	59	63	—
Divorced .....	113	154	145	111	210	188	162	170	—
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>1 108</b>	<b>1 565</b>	<b>1 978</b>	<b>1 628</b>	<b>2 992</b>	<b>2 516</b>	<b>2 251</b>	<b>1 869</b>	—
Never married .....	262	304	548	219	435	399	340	456	—
Now married, except separated .....	451	694	795	1 161	1 947	1 549	1 229	715	—
Separated .....	55	95	110	24	66	59	55	80	—
Widowed .....	202	248	316	125	220	315	425	385	—
Divorced .....	138	224	209	99	324	194	202	233	—



Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County—Con.		Kilgare city (pt.), Gregg County				Longview city (pt.), Gregg County			
	Tract 109.98	Tract 114.98	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 106 (pt.)	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 114.98 (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3	Tract 4 (pt.)
<b>LAND AREA</b>										
Square kilometers .....	.6	.2	4.5	10.2	11.0	.1	1.3	7.1	6.9	9.4
Square miles .....	.2	.1	1.7	3.9	4.2	—	.5	2.7	2.7	3.6
<b>AGE</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>50</b>	—	<b>78</b>	<b>4 287</b>	<b>3 893</b>	—	<b>349</b>	<b>2 600</b>	<b>5 252</b>	<b>5 701</b>
Under 5 years .....	7	—	4	232	303	—	5	178	316	321
5 to 9 years .....	6	—	3	270	308	—	7	185	287	280
10 to 14 years .....	3	—	8	270	264	—	2	150	357	235
15 to 19 years .....	2	—	8	288	404	—	17	115	293	320
20 to 24 years .....	1	—	3	305	399	—	26	221	278	553
25 to 34 years .....	11	—	12	585	594	—	70	478	684	1 213
35 to 44 years .....	11	—	12	558	451	—	36	302	749	744
45 to 54 years .....	3	—	10	459	243	—	18	194	600	540
55 to 64 years .....	2	—	6	447	282	—	22	224	577	517
65 to 74 years .....	3	—	9	447	318	—	50	206	556	541
75 to 84 years .....	1	—	3	322	240	—	68	241	413	324
85 years and over .....	—	—	—	104	87	—	28	106	142	113
3 and 4 years .....	—	—	1	104	119	—	2	68	141	120
16 years and over .....	33	—	62	3 467	2 964	—	335	2 062	4 232	4 818
18 years and over .....	32	—	58	3 374	2 874	—	335	2 022	4 112	4 718
21 years and over .....	32	—	54	3 157	2 476	—	311	1 938	3 933	4 471
60 years and over .....	4	—	16	1 108	793	—	160	661	1 416	1 253
62 years and over .....	4	—	15	1 018	748	—	157	622	1 286	1 151
Median .....	31.4	—	36.0	38.4	29.4	—	52.3	34.2	40.5	34.2
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>26</b>	—	<b>42</b>	<b>2 279</b>	<b>2 073</b>	—	<b>189</b>	<b>1 369</b>	<b>2 868</b>	<b>2 986</b>
Under 5 years .....	1	—	2	101	143	—	3	80	155	153
5 to 9 years .....	4	—	3	134	139	—	6	90	132	142
10 to 14 years .....	2	—	5	141	129	—	—	62	183	115
15 to 19 years .....	2	—	5	139	223	—	1	61	147	167
20 to 24 years .....	1	—	1	142	200	—	8	112	144	291
25 to 34 years .....	5	—	8	283	291	—	15	214	349	567
35 to 44 years .....	6	—	5	286	228	—	12	148	394	366
45 to 54 years .....	1	—	3	247	120	—	7	106	325	280
55 to 64 years .....	2	—	3	253	159	—	14	126	306	275
65 to 74 years .....	1	—	5	277	203	—	40	111	326	318
75 to 84 years .....	1	—	2	210	171	—	59	175	295	220
85 years and over .....	—	—	—	66	67	—	24	84	112	92
3 and 4 years .....	—	—	—	47	60	—	1	29	71	60
16 years and over .....	18	—	31	1 880	1 641	—	180	1 126	2 372	2 546
18 years and over .....	17	—	27	1 836	1 597	—	180	1 107	2 309	2 501
21 years and over .....	17	—	27	1 725	1 371	—	175	1 054	2 221	2 364
60 years and over .....	2	—	9	691	522	—	133	428	894	784
62 years and over .....	2	—	8	639	498	—	130	411	827	720
Median .....	30.5	—	33.5	41.8	31.5	—	71.5	38.6	42.9	36.2
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>24</b>	—	<b>36</b>	<b>2 008</b>	<b>1 820</b>	—	<b>160</b>	<b>1 231</b>	<b>2 384</b>	<b>2 715</b>
Median age .....	31.7	—	38.0	34.8	27.4	—	32.7	31.0	37.4	32.6
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>50</b>	—	<b>78</b>	<b>4 287</b>	<b>3 893</b>	—	<b>349</b>	<b>2 600</b>	<b>5 252</b>	<b>5 701</b>
In households .....	50	—	78	4 202	3 582	—	244	2 455	5 053	5 490
Householder .....	15	—	30	1 840	1 456	—	188	1 133	2 213	2 766
Family householder .....	15	—	21	1 201	884	—	25	627	1 450	1 460
Nonfamily householder .....	—	—	9	639	572	—	163	506	763	1 306
Living alone .....	—	—	9	570	514	—	152	444	695	1 141
Spouse .....	14	—	18	986	575	—	19	462	1 232	1 197
Child .....	18	—	25	1 101	1 144	—	17	632	1 332	1 149
Other relatives .....	2	—	2	150	244	—	4	105	149	136
Nonrelatives .....	1	—	3	125	163	—	16	123	127	242
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	85	—	—	105	134	199	211
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	311	—	—	11	—	—
Persons per household .....	3.33	—	2.60	2.28	2.46	—	1.30	2.17	2.28	1.98
Persons per family .....	3.27	—	3.14	2.86	3.22	—	2.60	2.91	2.87	2.70
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>4</b>	—	<b>12</b>	<b>873</b>	<b>645</b>	—	<b>146</b>	<b>553</b>	<b>1 111</b>	<b>978</b>
In households .....	4	—	12	793	645	—	146	441	922	797
Householder .....	2	—	9	552	495	—	139	341	655	551
Nonfamily householder .....	—	—	4	255	299	—	130	220	341	265
Living alone .....	—	—	4	246	296	—	128	217	336	258
Spouse .....	2	—	2	201	117	—	7	83	218	208
Other relatives .....	—	—	1	32	26	—	—	15	43	30
Nonrelatives .....	—	—	—	8	7	—	—	2	6	8
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	80	—	—	—	112	189	181
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>										
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>15</b>	—	<b>21</b>	<b>1 201</b>	<b>884</b>	—	<b>25</b>	<b>627</b>	<b>1 450</b>	<b>1 460</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	10	—	12	471	448	—	4	289	597	559
Number of own children under 18 years .....	18	—	20	823	881	—	9	526	1 066	905
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>14</b>	—	<b>18</b>	<b>986</b>	<b>575</b>	—	<b>19</b>	<b>462</b>	<b>1 232</b>	<b>1 197</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	9	—	11	365	292	—	2	185	461	414
Number of own children under 18 years .....	16	—	19	639	580	—	5	341	857	697
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>1</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>240</b>	—	<b>6</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>178</b>	<b>205</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	1	—	1	86	124	—	2	83	113	118
Number of own children under 18 years .....	2	—	1	160	245	—	4	156	174	178
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>										
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>15</b>	—	<b>31</b>	<b>1 612</b>	<b>1 356</b>	—	<b>155</b>	<b>950</b>	<b>1 894</b>	<b>2 289</b>
Never married .....	—	—	6	365	472	—	65	205	369	620
Now married, except separated .....	15	—	20	1 025	643	—	37	499	1 279	1 252
Separated .....	—	—	—	39	41	—	17	40	27	48
Widowed .....	—	—	1	52	56	—	12	62	60	56
Divorced .....	—	—	4	131	144	—	24	144	159	313
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>19</b>	—	<b>32</b>	<b>1 903</b>	<b>1 662</b>	—	<b>180</b>	<b>1 137</b>	<b>2 398</b>	<b>2 576</b>
Never married .....	3	—	9	275	420	—	19	137	312	502
Now married, except separated .....	15	—	18	1 024	615	—	23	489	1 282	1 256
Separated .....	—	—	—	52	70	—	6	45	39	44
Widowed .....	—	—	4	383	357	—	100	313	495	400
Divorced .....	1	—	1	169	200	—	32	153	270	374

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County—Con.									
	Tract 5.01	Tract 5.02	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10	Tract 11 (pt.)	Tract 12	Tract 13
<b>LAND AREA</b>										
Square kilometers .....	7.0	4.4	10.4	5.1	7.5	10.7	2.3	6.3	2.9	3.2
Square miles .....	2.7	1.7	4.0	2.0	2.9	4.1	.9	2.4	1.1	1.2
<b>AGE</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>4 221</b>	<b>3 856</b>	<b>5 929</b>	<b>5 159</b>	<b>6 683</b>	<b>2 717</b>	<b>2 281</b>	<b>2 768</b>	<b>3 076</b>	<b>3 878</b>
Under 5 years .....	272	292	440	389	648	220	183	236	269	394
5 to 9 years .....	346	258	439	404	670	244	149	243	305	323
10 to 14 years .....	356	189	437	384	558	209	127	224	258	285
15 to 19 years .....	304	255	468	339	459	212	127	238	255	254
20 to 24 years .....	195	347	402	269	475	177	148	218	196	272
25 to 34 years .....	482	804	1 062	798	1 394	481	352	419	467	710
35 to 44 years .....	809	527	1 080	748	956	336	263	345	344	490
45 to 54 years .....	580	372	742	650	541	279	188	216	244	260
55 to 64 years .....	469	347	461	586	418	207	213	195	250	320
65 to 74 years .....	285	276	279	400	313	221	243	207	238	298
75 to 84 years .....	104	160	98	156	176	100	190	173	202	219
85 years and over .....	19	29	21	36	75	31	98	54	48	53
3 and 4 years .....	112	118	177	159	262	96	74	87	118	153
16 years and over .....	3 172	3 066	4 533	3 917	4 706	2 008	1 795	2 013	2 192	2 824
18 years and over .....	3 041	2 976	4 335	3 777	4 523	1 928	1 748	1 923	2 087	2 740
21 years and over .....	2 902	2 791	4 069	3 585	4 240	1 791	1 666	1 784	1 948	2 573
60 years and over .....	658	627	599	865	755	465	549	549	610	747
62 years and over .....	556	571	517	749	678	419	602	508	556	683
Median .....	36.9	32.0	32.8	35.0	29.0	31.3	36.6	30.5	30.4	30.8
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>2 138</b>	<b>2 033</b>	<b>3 020</b>	<b>2 754</b>	<b>3 474</b>	<b>1 377</b>	<b>1 225</b>	<b>1 484</b>	<b>1 627</b>	<b>1 992</b>
Under 5 years .....	136	140	208	203	317	106	91	126	125	173
5 to 9 years .....	155	139	218	219	351	115	84	140	142	153
10 to 14 years .....	172	99	223	186	279	112	58	110	118	139
15 to 19 years .....	155	154	227	161	229	97	64	122	129	132
20 to 24 years .....	91	171	194	138	234	82	71	107	103	145
25 to 34 years .....	259	410	550	450	713	244	147	217	236	348
35 to 44 years .....	420	258	570	386	487	164	134	164	188	239
45 to 54 years .....	300	203	377	344	281	139	91	113	130	127
55 to 64 years .....	242	178	235	315	219	108	125	115	147	181
65 to 74 years .....	136	158	150	222	185	125	149	127	150	169
75 to 84 years .....	61	107	54	101	124	66	134	106	129	143
85 years and over .....	11	16	14	29	55	19	77	37	30	43
3 and 4 years .....	52	57	92	83	128	48	31	47	56	72
16 years and over .....	1 624	1 629	2 333	2 121	2 472	1 030	977	1 077	1 216	1 504
18 years and over .....	1 564	1 579	2 246	2 048	2 382	990	955	1 037	1 164	1 465
21 years and over .....	1 502	1 466	2 108	1 953	2 246	924	915	964	1 091	1 362
60 years and over .....	336	367	322	493	466	272	437	339	382	452
62 years and over .....	276	338	283	435	422	241	399	314	350	415
Median .....	37.3	32.2	33.1	35.6	29.6	32.4	42.1	31.3	33.1	31.9
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>2 083</b>	<b>1 823</b>	<b>2 909</b>	<b>2 405</b>	<b>3 209</b>	<b>1 340</b>	<b>1 056</b>	<b>1 284</b>	<b>1 449</b>	<b>1 886</b>
Median age .....	36.3	31.7	32.4	34.1	28.3	30.4	32.8	30.1	27.3	29.6
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>4 221</b>	<b>3 856</b>	<b>5 929</b>	<b>5 159</b>	<b>6 683</b>	<b>2 717</b>	<b>2 281</b>	<b>2 768</b>	<b>3 076</b>	<b>3 878</b>
In households .....	4 221	3 854	5 929	5 159	6 584	2 687	2 120	2 736	3 076	3 834
Householder .....	1 551	1 732	2 314	1 970	2 328	1 002	893	1 057	1 121	1 489
Family householder .....	1 274	1 120	1 709	1 566	1 816	728	542	678	755	991
Nonfamily householder .....	277	612	605	404	512	274	351	379	366	498
Living alone .....	245	531	530	360	426	236	304	345	318	422
Spouse .....	1 172	905	1 502	1 306	1 417	541	411	418	455	689
Child .....	1 378	1 000	1 876	1 650	2 343	897	611	948	1 072	1 228
Other relatives .....	63	91	117	139	255	145	104	215	296	241
Nonrelatives .....	57	126	120	94	241	102	101	98	132	187
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	87	—	161	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	2	—	—	12	30	—	32	—	44
Persons per household .....	2.72	2.23	2.56	2.62	2.83	2.68	2.37	2.59	2.74	2.57
Persons per family .....	3.05	2.78	3.05	2.98	3.21	3.17	3.08	3.33	3.41	3.18
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>408</b>	<b>465</b>	<b>398</b>	<b>592</b>	<b>564</b>	<b>352</b>	<b>531</b>	<b>434</b>	<b>488</b>	<b>570</b>
In households .....	408	465	398	592	480	351	388	433	488	570
Householder .....	259	314	266	403	313	241	291	329	355	418
Nonfamily householder .....	83	143	102	169	129	101	158	176	189	218
Living alone .....	79	141	97	165	125	97	145	170	175	206
Spouse .....	122	131	95	147	119	91	81	84	88	121
Other relatives .....	19	18	36	41	42	15	9	18	30	26
Nonrelatives .....	8	2	1	1	6	4	7	2	15	5
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	84	—	143	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>										
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>1 274</b>	<b>1 120</b>	<b>1 709</b>	<b>1 566</b>	<b>1 816</b>	<b>728</b>	<b>542</b>	<b>678</b>	<b>755</b>	<b>991</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	621	518	899	739	1 101	367	256	366	373	495
Number of own children under 18 years .....	1 152	833	1 544	1 317	2 009	715	472	708	802	968
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>1 172</b>	<b>905</b>	<b>1 502</b>	<b>1 306</b>	<b>1 417</b>	<b>541</b>	<b>411</b>	<b>418</b>	<b>455</b>	<b>689</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	563	382	776	569	820	258	191	201	216	314
Number of own children under 18 years .....	1 064	640	1 370	1 025	1 545	502	363	401	453	615
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>82</b>	<b>171</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>217</b>	<b>304</b>	<b>141</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>213</b>	<b>255</b>	<b>243</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	51	116	110	147	223	89	52	141	139	153
Number of own children under 18 years .....	76	167	156	258	370	173	92	264	322	306
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>										
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>1 572</b>	<b>1 462</b>	<b>2 242</b>	<b>1 836</b>	<b>2 280</b>	<b>1 000</b>	<b>830</b>	<b>957</b>	<b>1 002</b>	<b>1 349</b>
Never married .....	286	319	525	351	511	261	199	317	299	366
Now married, except separated .....	1 188	916	1 539	1 338	1 475	579	458	451	486	762
Separated .....	11	28	29	17	49	35	29	46	57	39
Widowed .....	23	30	21	21	35	20	47	30	49	45
Divorced .....	64	169	128	109	210	105	97	113	111	137
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>1 675</b>	<b>1 655</b>	<b>2 371</b>	<b>2 146</b>	<b>2 527</b>	<b>1 044</b>	<b>992</b>	<b>1 108</b>	<b>1 242</b>	<b>1 527</b>
Never married .....	246	263	411	274	355	166	123	262	281	288
Now married, except separated .....	1 181	928	1 533	1 331	1 464	569	447	451	491	738
Separated .....	13	40	29	42	71	31	31	55	57	74
Widowed .....	116	187	150	242	290	132	267	202	244	253
Divorced .....	119	237	248	257	347	146	124	138	169	174



**Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County—Con.						Remainder of Gregg County			
	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 108.98 (pt.)	Tract 109.98 (pt.)	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 11 (pt.)
<b>LAND AREA</b>										
Square kilometers .....	10.8	5.8	13.0	13.5	.1	.1	13.8	.6	7.0	.3
Square miles .....	4.2	2.2	5.0	5.2	—	—	5.3	.2	2.7	.1
<b>AGE</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>3 761</b>	<b>5 052</b>	<b>1 195</b>	<b>4 127</b>	—	<b>50</b>	<b>1 739</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>40</b>	—
Under 5 years .....	354	343	98	456	—	7	158	2	—	—
5 to 9 years .....	289	417	129	447	—	6	178	2	1	—
10 to 14 years .....	272	423	107	355	—	3	133	—	2	—
15 to 19 years .....	232	710	98	312	—	2	94	—	1	—
20 to 24 years .....	284	548	57	311	—	1	37	2	—	—
25 to 34 years .....	638	589	231	840	—	11	300	4	2	—
35 to 44 years .....	460	597	204	640	—	11	310	—	6	—
45 to 54 years .....	309	438	108	397	—	3	205	3	6	—
55 to 64 years .....	355	398	78	217	—	2	156	2	13	—
65 to 74 years .....	336	308	53	103	—	3	123	—	5	—
75 to 84 years .....	188	220	29	40	—	1	34	—	1	—
85 years and over .....	44	61	3	9	—	—	11	—	3	—
3 and 4 years .....	134	133	35	190	—	—	69	1	—	—
16 years and over .....	2 812	3 780	842	2 800	—	33	1 252	11	37	—
18 years and over .....	2 712	3 594	798	2 687	—	32	1 205	11	36	—
21 years and over .....	2 546	2 987	747	2 498	—	32	1 168	11	36	—
60 years and over .....	752	770	126	236	—	4	225	2	14	—
62 years and over .....	682	721	111	199	—	4	200	2	12	—
Median .....	31.9	26.7	30.3	27.4	—	31.4	34.1	30.5	56.5	—
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>1 951</b>	<b>2 535</b>	<b>611</b>	<b>2 109</b>	—	<b>26</b>	<b>884</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>22</b>	—
Under 5 years .....	166	171	58	245	—	1	78	2	—	—
5 to 9 years .....	129	214	68	227	—	4	93	1	1	—
10 to 14 years .....	126	223	50	173	—	2	77	—	2	—
15 to 19 years .....	113	265	48	153	—	2	41	—	1	—
20 to 24 years .....	151	188	26	172	—	1	16	1	—	—
25 to 34 years .....	333	318	123	429	—	5	165	2	—	—
35 to 44 years .....	238	344	101	337	—	6	144	—	3	—
45 to 54 years .....	167	242	46	193	—	1	111	1	3	—
55 to 64 years .....	198	205	46	105	—	2	70	1	6	—
65 to 74 years .....	200	177	25	51	—	1	61	—	2	—
75 to 84 years .....	98	145	19	18	—	1	18	—	1	—
85 years and over .....	32	43	1	6	—	—	10	—	3	—
3 and 4 years .....	67	68	22	97	—	—	32	1	—	—
16 years and over .....	1 517	1 879	428	1 436	—	18	628	5	19	—
18 years and over .....	1 464	1 789	404	1 380	—	17	608	5	18	—
21 years and over .....	1 380	1 613	380	1 278	—	17	590	5	18	—
60 years and over .....	435	452	67	113	—	2	123	1	9	—
62 years and over .....	399	431	60	95	—	2	108	1	8	—
Median .....	33.5	31.6	29.9	27.1	—	30.5	33.4	24.5	56.5	—
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>1 810</b>	<b>2 517</b>	<b>584</b>	<b>2 018</b>	—	<b>24</b>	<b>855</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>18</b>	—
Median age .....	29.9	22.3	30.7	27.8	—	31.7	34.9	33.5	56.5	—
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>3 761</b>	<b>5 052</b>	<b>1 195</b>	<b>4 127</b>	—	<b>50</b>	<b>1 739</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>40</b>	—
In households .....	3 754	4 444	1 195	4 127	—	50	1 739	15	40	—
Householder .....	1 528	1 517	401	1 371	—	15	613	5	18	—
Family householder .....	1 010	1 152	330	1 159	—	15	527	4	14	—
Nonfamily householder .....	518	365	71	212	—	—	86	1	4	—
Living alone .....	451	340	63	168	—	—	79	1	3	—
Spouse .....	647	742	291	952	—	14	495	4	12	—
Child .....	1 194	1 661	431	1 591	—	18	576	5	6	—
Other relatives .....	237	411	50	112	—	2	39	1	3	—
Nonrelatives .....	148	113	22	101	—	1	16	—	1	—
Institutionalized persons .....	—	75	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	7	533	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons per household .....	2.46	2.93	2.98	3.01	—	3.33	2.84	3.00	2.22	—
Persons per family .....	3.06	3.44	3.34	3.29	—	3.27	3.11	3.50	2.50	—
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>568</b>	<b>589</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>152</b>	—	<b>4</b>	<b>168</b>	—	<b>9</b>	—
In households .....	568	523	85	152	—	4	168	—	9	—
Householder .....	412	364	59	109	—	2	110	—	6	—
Nonfamily householder .....	208	175	24	41	—	—	38	—	2	—
Living alone .....	195	171	24	38	—	—	37	—	1	—
Spouse .....	131	103	20	34	—	2	51	—	1	—
Other relatives .....	18	48	5	6	—	—	7	—	2	—
Nonrelatives .....	7	8	1	3	—	—	—	—	—	—
Institutionalized persons .....	—	66	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>										
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>1 010</b>	<b>1 152</b>	<b>330</b>	<b>1 159</b>	—	<b>15</b>	<b>527</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>14</b>	—
With own children under 18 years .....	493	594	203	744	—	10	274	2	2	—
Number of own children under 18 years .....	895	1 182	368	1 357	—	18	507	4	3	—
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>647</b>	<b>742</b>	<b>291</b>	<b>952</b>	—	<b>14</b>	<b>495</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>12</b>	—
With own children under 18 years .....	263	347	179	589	—	9	251	2	2	—
Number of own children under 18 years .....	493	702	328	1 114	—	16	477	4	3	—
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>318</b>	<b>348</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>167</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>24</b>	—	<b>1</b>	—
With own children under 18 years .....	205	226	19	131	—	1	16	—	—	—
Number of own children under 18 years .....	353	447	33	208	—	2	20	—	—	—
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>										
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>1 316</b>	<b>1 942</b>	<b>426</b>	<b>1 405</b>	—	<b>15</b>	<b>634</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>18</b>	—
Never married .....	384	883	78	276	—	—	87	1	6	—
Now married, except separated .....	673	794	304	973	—	15	505	4	12	—
Separated .....	59	46	5	25	—	—	4	—	—	—
Widowed .....	49	80	7	13	—	—	11	—	—	—
Divorced .....	151	139	32	118	—	—	27	1	—	—
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>1 530</b>	<b>1 927</b>	<b>435</b>	<b>1 464</b>	—	<b>19</b>	<b>636</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>19</b>	—
Never married .....	302	536	52	225	—	3	51	1	1	—
Now married, except separated .....	669	784	304	977	—	15	504	4	12	—
Separated .....	94	106	10	34	—	—	6	—	—	—
Widowed .....	244	300	38	61	—	—	49	—	5	—
Divorced .....	221	201	31	167	—	1	26	—	1	—

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Gregg County—Con.									
	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 105	Tract 106 (pt.)	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 108.98 (pt.)
<b>LAND AREA</b>										
Square kilometers .....	24.5	1.3	87.5	111.4	30.6	146.8	104.5	17.4	7.6	2
Square miles .....	9.5	.5	33.8	43.0	11.8	56.7	40.4	6.7	2.9	.1
<b>AGE</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>81</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>3 200</b>	<b>6 994</b>	<b>4 033</b>	<b>6 387</b>	<b>3 913</b>	<b>843</b>	<b>584</b>	—
Under 5 years .....	4	13	244	524	319	440	228	49	59	—
5 to 9 years .....	5	7	277	570	393	565	285	64	63	—
10 to 14 years .....	6	11	294	568	392	606	307	66	53	—
15 to 19 years .....	3	7	221	536	308	523	276	83	46	—
20 to 24 years .....	3	6	131	411	221	325	172	65	37	—
25 to 34 years .....	12	19	498	962	723	941	561	131	100	—
35 to 44 years .....	6	10	573	972	618	1 073	589	141	70	—
45 to 54 years .....	16	17	355	682	477	670	462	83	48	—
55 to 64 years .....	13	9	323	571	288	545	459	83	54	—
65 to 74 years .....	10	13	174	576	175	411	341	52	35	—
75 to 84 years .....	2	13	95	464	100	217	189	22	16	—
85 years and over .....	1	1	15	158	19	71	44	4	3	—
3 and 4 years .....	2	5	93	210	125	175	104	22	20	—
16 years and over .....	64	95	2 339	5 223	2 854	4 672	3 023	646	402	—
18 years and over .....	64	90	2 257	4 996	2 741	4 460	2 913	617	384	—
21 years and over .....	60	86	2 135	4 687	2 567	4 178	2 773	567	356	—
60 years and over .....	20	32	442	1 499	428	979	808	126	84	—
62 years and over .....	20	32	373	1 384	359	870	719	103	69	—
Median .....	45.8	34.0	33.9	34.4	30.9	33.2	36.7	31.9	28.6	—
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>45</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>1 570</b>	<b>3 752</b>	<b>2 074</b>	<b>3 273</b>	<b>1 995</b>	<b>444</b>	<b>277</b>	—
Under 5 years .....	2	7	112	255	151	231	102	29	21	—
5 to 9 years .....	3	4	132	283	202	282	136	33	24	—
10 to 14 years .....	5	2	133	279	193	276	143	34	25	—
15 to 19 years .....	2	4	99	257	155	271	139	46	21	—
20 to 24 years .....	1	3	59	215	110	159	95	39	22	—
25 to 34 years .....	6	11	261	524	380	497	293	59	51	—
35 to 44 years .....	4	4	287	498	307	544	303	74	27	—
45 to 54 years .....	7	9	184	345	247	334	228	42	23	—
55 to 64 years .....	10	4	155	295	141	264	240	41	30	—
65 to 74 years .....	3	7	85	367	103	214	167	26	19	—
75 to 84 years .....	1	8	56	318	69	149	112	18	11	—
85 years and over .....	1	1	7	116	16	52	37	3	3	—
3 and 4 years .....	1	4	46	105	57	102	48	17	6	—
16 years and over .....	33	51	1 177	2 883	1 490	2 432	1 581	336	205	—
18 years and over .....	33	48	1 140	2 783	1 433	2 321	1 531	319	197	—
21 years and over .....	32	46	1 080	2 618	1 347	2 173	1 448	293	181	—
60 years and over .....	11	17	221	952	256	565	444	72	48	—
62 years and over .....	11	17	190	894	218	506	395	59	41	—
Median .....	43.5	36.0	34.7	36.1	31.5	33.7	37.8	31.6	29.6	—
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>36</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>1 630</b>	<b>3 242</b>	<b>1 959</b>	<b>3 114</b>	<b>1 918</b>	<b>399</b>	<b>307</b>	—
Median age .....	47.0	32.0	33.0	32.1	30.3	32.7	36.0	32.2	27.1	—
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>81</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>3 200</b>	<b>6 994</b>	<b>4 033</b>	<b>6 387</b>	<b>3 913</b>	<b>843</b>	<b>584</b>	—
In households .....	81	126	3 190	6 811	4 033	6 331	3 907	843	584	—
Householder .....	33	55	1 101	2 641	1 396	2 196	1 494	322	208	—
Family householder .....	25	29	912	1 862	1 120	1 757	1 145	231	142	—
Nonfamily householder .....	8	26	189	779	276	439	349	91	66	—
Living alone .....	7	23	168	716	229	400	320	85	61	—
Spouse .....	19	10	831	1 390	936	1 493	977	198	93	—
Child .....	19	39	1 076	2 226	1 452	2 165	1 170	270	221	—
Other relatives .....	8	13	132	362	138	362	198	41	34	—
Nonrelatives .....	2	9	50	192	111	115	68	12	28	—
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	167	—	56	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	10	16	—	—	6	—	—	—
Persons per household .....	2.45	2.29	2.90	2.58	2.89	2.88	2.62	2.62	2.81	—
Persons per family .....	2.84	3.14	3.24	3.14	3.26	3.29	3.05	3.20	3.45	—
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>13</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>284</b>	<b>1 198</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>699</b>	<b>574</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>54</b>	—
In households .....	13	27	284	1 047	294	644	574	78	54	—
Householder .....	10	24	186	768	210	457	387	63	44	—
Nonfamily householder .....	2	17	60	436	109	200	137	38	28	—
Living alone .....	2	17	60	427	103	194	132	38	28	—
Spouse .....	3	2	75	227	61	143	145	13	7	—
Other relatives .....	—	1	22	44	19	38	40	2	3	—
Nonrelatives .....	—	—	1	8	4	6	2	—	—	—
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	150	—	55	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>										
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>25</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>912</b>	<b>1 862</b>	<b>1 120</b>	<b>1 757</b>	<b>1 145</b>	<b>231</b>	<b>142</b>	—
With own children under 18 years .....	6	12	437	962	650	924	473	113	81	—
Number of own children under 18 years .....	12	26	858	1 745	1 206	1 715	866	200	182	—
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>19</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>831</b>	<b>1 390</b>	<b>936</b>	<b>1 493</b>	<b>977</b>	<b>198</b>	<b>93</b>	—
With own children under 18 years .....	4	3	410	662	535	792	394	95	51	—
Number of own children under 18 years .....	8	10	812	1 220	998	1 475	720	167	114	—
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>4</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>365</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>208</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>38</b>	—
With own children under 18 years .....	2	7	20	242	91	102	57	15	22	—
Number of own children under 18 years .....	4	14	34	444	168	193	113	25	49	—
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>										
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>31</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>1 192</b>	<b>2 397</b>	<b>1 401</b>	<b>2 292</b>	<b>1 479</b>	<b>316</b>	<b>202</b>	—
Never married .....	6	16	226	536	284	487	271	68	55	—
Now married, except separated .....	20	10	858	1 454	972	1 534	1 005	206	106	—
Separated .....	2	6	14	73	34	46	31	4	8	—
Widowed .....	—	6	15	90	19	41	42	7	7	—
Divorced .....	3	6	79	244	92	184	130	31	26	—
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>35</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>1 193</b>	<b>2 935</b>	<b>1 528</b>	<b>2 484</b>	<b>1 614</b>	<b>348</b>	<b>207</b>	—
Never married .....	2	12	167	457	210	390	242	65	36	—
Now married, except separated .....	25	11	857	1 453	970	1 531	1 006	205	100	—
Separated .....	4	4	14	98	32	59	24	3	10	—
Widowed .....	—	16	87	603	159	311	216	42	28	—
Divorced .....	3	8	68	324	157	193	126	33	33	—



Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Gregg County—Con.							
	Tract 109.98 (pt.)	Tract 110.98	Tract 111.98	Tract 112.98	Tract 113.98	Tract 114.98 (pt.)	Tract 115.98	Tract 116.98
LAND AREA								
Square kilometers .....	.5	.1	—	1.1	.6	.1	.3	—
Square miles .....	.2	—	—	.4	.2	—	.1	—
AGE								
All persons .....	—	—	29	51	—	—	—	—
Under 5 years .....	—	—	3	1	—	—	—	—
5 to 9 years .....	—	—	4	5	—	—	—	—
10 to 14 years .....	—	—	2	5	—	—	—	—
15 to 19 years .....	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 years .....	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—
25 to 34 years .....	—	—	5	6	—	—	—	—
35 to 44 years .....	—	—	9	11	—	—	—	—
45 to 54 years .....	—	—	3	1	—	—	—	—
55 to 64 years .....	—	—	3	8	—	—	—	—
65 to 74 years .....	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—
75 to 84 years .....	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—
85 years and over .....	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—
3 and 4 years .....	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
16 years and over .....	—	—	20	40	—	—	—	—
18 years and over .....	—	—	20	39	—	—	—	—
21 years and over .....	—	—	20	36	—	—	—	—
60 years and over .....	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	—
62 years and over .....	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	—
Median .....	—	—	36.3	36.2	—	—	—	—
Female .....	—	—	13	26	—	—	—	—
Under 5 years .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5 to 9 years .....	—	—	3	2	—	—	—	—
10 to 14 years .....	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—
15 to 19 years .....	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 years .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 34 years .....	—	—	3	4	—	—	—	—
35 to 44 years .....	—	—	5	5	—	—	—	—
45 to 54 years .....	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—
55 to 64 years .....	—	—	1	5	—	—	—	—
65 to 74 years .....	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
75 to 84 years .....	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—
85 years and over .....	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
3 and 4 years .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
16 years and over .....	—	—	10	21	—	—	—	—
18 years and over .....	—	—	10	21	—	—	—	—
21 years and over .....	—	—	10	20	—	—	—	—
60 years and over .....	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—
62 years and over .....	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—
Median .....	—	—	36.5	36.7	—	—	—	—
Male .....	—	—	16	25	—	—	—	—
Median age .....	—	—	35.5	35.3	—	—	—	—
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP								
All persons .....	—	—	29	51	—	—	—	—
In households .....	—	—	29	51	—	—	—	—
Householder .....	—	—	10	20	—	—	—	—
Family householder .....	—	—	10	16	—	—	—	—
Nonfamily householder .....	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—
Living alone .....	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—
Spouse .....	—	—	10	13	—	—	—	—
Child .....	—	—	9	16	—	—	—	—
Other relatives .....	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Nonrelatives .....	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons per household .....	—	—	2.90	2.55	—	—	—	—
Persons per family .....	—	—	2.90	2.88	—	—	—	—
Persons 65 years and over .....	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—
In households .....	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—
Householder .....	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—
Nonfamily householder .....	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—
Living alone .....	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—
Spouse .....	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—
Other relatives .....	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Nonrelatives .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN								
Families .....	—	—	10	16	—	—	—	—
With own children under 18 years .....	—	—	6	6	—	—	—	—
Number of own children under 18 years .....	—	—	9	12	—	—	—	—
Married-couple families .....	—	—	10	13	—	—	—	—
With own children under 18 years .....	—	—	6	5	—	—	—	—
Number of own children under 18 years .....	—	—	9	11	—	—	—	—
Female householder, no husband present .....	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—
With own children under 18 years .....	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Number of own children under 18 years .....	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
MARITAL STATUS								
Males 15 years and over .....	—	—	10	19	—	—	—	—
Never married .....	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—
Now married, except separated .....	—	—	10	13	—	—	—	—
Separated .....	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Widowed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Divorced .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Females 15 years and over .....	—	—	10	21	—	—	—	—
Never married .....	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—
Now married, except separated .....	—	—	10	13	—	—	—	—
Separated .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Widowed .....	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—
Divorced .....	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Harrison County						
	Tract 201.01	Tract 203	Tract 204.01	Tract 204.02	Tract 205	Tract 206.97	Tract 206.98
<b>LAND AREA</b>							
Square kilometers .....	711.7	42.5	43.5	32.0	60.2	210.1	397.3
Square miles .....	274.8	16.4	16.8	12.3	23.2	81.1	153.4
<b>AGE</b>							
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>7 120</b>	<b>7 500</b>	<b>4 239</b>	<b>6 168</b>	<b>7 970</b>	<b>7 768</b>	<b>6 646</b>
Under 5 years .....	472	520	351	441	508	606	489
5 to 9 years .....	606	646	359	507	599	747	543
10 to 14 years .....	641	621	331	465	612	729	555
15 to 19 years .....	571	522	490	540	580	603	502
20 to 24 years .....	374	449	488	591	454	374	371
25 to 34 years .....	1 031	1 130	615	797	1 112	1 320	1 090
35 to 44 years .....	1 035	1 165	475	674	1 040	1 367	1 027
45 to 54 years .....	842	657	294	446	800	801	782
55 to 64 years .....	681	664	286	433	826	611	596
65 to 74 years .....	545	600	291	539	827	373	419
75 to 84 years .....	251	398	192	459	472	182	208
85 years and over .....	71	128	67	276	140	55	64
3 and 4 years .....	183	220	149	171	204	249	195
16 years and over .....	5 288	5 605	3 127	4 667	6 128	5 543	4 943
18 years and over .....	5 032	5 388	2 984	4 479	5 893	5 289	4 721
21 years and over .....	4 738	5 102	2 556	4 051	5 561	5 010	4 461
60 years and over .....	1 196	1 426	691	1 495	1 879	870	973
62 years and over .....	1 058	1 308	643	1 400	1 697	755	854
Median .....	33.8	33.8	26.4	31.4	36.1	31.8	32.9
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>3 656</b>	<b>3 881</b>	<b>2 231</b>	<b>3 511</b>	<b>4 227</b>	<b>3 935</b>	<b>3 331</b>
Under 5 years .....	235	257	175	243	235	308	229
5 to 9 years .....	308	294	171	270	284	361	260
10 to 14 years .....	317	295	140	252	307	354	267
15 to 19 years .....	269	243	278	295	277	283	233
20 to 24 years .....	199	239	266	319	213	185	192
25 to 34 years .....	526	569	306	417	585	686	532
35 to 44 years .....	553	576	237	358	549	701	527
45 to 54 years .....	412	340	162	250	428	400	385
55 to 64 years .....	350	354	163	247	459	300	317
65 to 74 years .....	290	339	177	338	492	209	226
75 to 84 years .....	148	272	116	310	308	106	121
85 years and over .....	49	103	40	212	90	42	42
3 and 4 years .....	90	102	77	103	99	130	97
16 years and over .....	2 739	2 986	1 704	2 700	3 337	2 846	2 520
18 years and over .....	2 621	2 874	1 629	2 605	3 224	2 723	2 412
21 years and over .....	2 475	2 748	1 372	2 353	3 070	2 599	2 294
60 years and over .....	658	872	418	982	1 140	490	541
62 years and over .....	588	809	391	939	1 031	426	475
Median .....	34.5	35.8	27.6	33.6	38.5	32.3	34.0
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>3 464</b>	<b>3 619</b>	<b>2 008</b>	<b>2 657</b>	<b>3 743</b>	<b>3 833</b>	<b>3 315</b>
Median age .....	33.2	32.1	25.4	29.1	33.5	31.0	32.0
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>							
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>7 120</b>	<b>7 500</b>	<b>4 239</b>	<b>6 168</b>	<b>7 970</b>	<b>7 768</b>	<b>6 646</b>
In households .....	7 120	7 396	3 840	5 283	7 957	7 762	6 639
Householder .....	2 545	2 842	1 366	2 010	3 191	2 665	2 424
Family householder .....	2 003	2 028	957	1 342	2 232	2 232	1 897
Nonfamily householder .....	542	814	409	668	959	433	527
Living alone .....	504	743	367	626	889	390	467
Spouse .....	1 611	1 609	575	762	1 712	1 937	1 601
Child .....	2 405	2 431	1 364	1 843	2 426	2 759	2 158
Other relatives .....	417	329	397	529	420	287	289
Nonrelatives .....	142	185	138	139	208	114	167
Institutionalized persons .....	—	73	9	523	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	31	390	362	13	6	7
Persons per household .....	2.80	2.60	2.81	2.63	2.49	2.91	2.74
Persons per family .....	3.21	3.15	3.44	3.34	3.04	3.23	3.13
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>867</b>	<b>1 126</b>	<b>550</b>	<b>1 274</b>	<b>1 439</b>	<b>610</b>	<b>691</b>
In households .....	867	1 070	550	887	1 438	610	690
Householder .....	610	779	399	668	1 037	418	477
Nonfamily householder .....	251	394	217	354	514	184	196
Living alone .....	247	386	211	347	498	179	191
Spouse .....	194	228	91	171	315	149	173
Other relatives .....	57	52	53	42	72	40	30
Nonrelatives .....	6	11	7	6	14	3	10
Institutionalized persons .....	—	55	—	387	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	1	—	—	1	—	1
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>							
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>2 003</b>	<b>2 028</b>	<b>957</b>	<b>1 342</b>	<b>2 232</b>	<b>2 232</b>	<b>1 897</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	966	1 022	484	655	1 006	1 254	971
Number of own children under 18 years .....	1 832	1 940	1 008	1 358	1 840	2 298	1 729
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>1 611</b>	<b>1 609</b>	<b>575</b>	<b>762</b>	<b>1 712</b>	<b>1 937</b>	<b>1 601</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	762	798	265	342	722	1 073	811
Number of own children under 18 years .....	1 451	1 542	541	717	1 340	1 986	1 465
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>306</b>	<b>338</b>	<b>317</b>	<b>509</b>	<b>424</b>	<b>225</b>	<b>238</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	166	192	189	297	244	145	132
Number of own children under 18 years .....	323	342	415	619	437	252	226
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>							
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>2 605</b>	<b>2 678</b>	<b>1 453</b>	<b>2 009</b>	<b>2 850</b>	<b>2 774</b>	<b>2 484</b>
Never married .....	592	613	568	759	676	551	536
Now married, except separated .....	1 668	1 701	634	883	1 796	1 984	1 653
Separated .....	58	54	55	79	72	40	44
Widowed .....	70	76	65	115	93	41	52
Divorced .....	217	234	131	173	213	158	199
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>2 796</b>	<b>3 035</b>	<b>1 745</b>	<b>2 746</b>	<b>3 401</b>	<b>2 912</b>	<b>2 575</b>
Never married .....	469	480	574	790	553	389	348
Now married, except separated .....	1 657	1 674	617	867	1 790	1 982	1 647
Separated .....	84	70	100	114	94	45	73
Widowed .....	358	529	275	700	619	275	279
Divorced .....	228	282	179	275	345	221	228



Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Harrison County		Marshall city, Harrison County				
	Tract 206.97 (pt.)	Tract 206.98 (pt.)	Tract 201.01 (pt.)	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204.01 (pt.)	Tract 204.02 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)
<b>LAND AREA</b>							
Square kilometers .....	5.2	2.4	7.9	21.5	6.9	6.5	19.4
Square miles .....	2.0	.9	3.1	8.3	2.7	2.5	7.5
<b>AGE</b>							
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>1 517</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>522</b>	<b>7 119</b>	<b>3 377</b>	<b>5 876</b>	<b>6 788</b>
Under 5 years .....	110	10	19	501	276	424	438
5 to 9 years .....	122	6	28	607	290	479	514
10 to 14 years .....	133	5	49	585	267	442	495
15 to 19 years .....	131	6	31	506	432	518	483
20 to 24 years .....	72	11	20	420	420	569	382
25 to 34 years .....	192	20	53	1 078	460	752	943
35 to 44 years .....	283	14	91	1 114	363	640	858
45 to 54 years .....	178	23	86	621	211	408	683
55 to 64 years .....	142	11	70	611	204	400	711
65 to 74 years .....	97	19	46	573	235	524	734
75 to 84 years .....	41	9	26	378	163	445	422
85 years and over .....	16	5	3	125	56	275	125
3 and 4 years .....	38	2	9	214	116	163	175
16 years and over .....	1 129	118	421	5 323	2 485	4 446	5 239
18 years and over .....	1 071	115	401	5 113	2 370	4 269	5 046
21 years and over .....	1 002	112	389	4 833	1 978	3 854	4 763
60 years and over .....	224	40	111	1 349	563	1 449	1 661
62 years and over .....	187	35	94	1 244	531	1 361	1 506
Median .....	34.9	43.5	42.5	33.8	25.1	31.4	36.5
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>768</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>269</b>	<b>3 694</b>	<b>1 811</b>	<b>3 357</b>	<b>3 666</b>
Under 5 years .....	52	4	10	245	140	235	202
5 to 9 years .....	48	2	13	277	135	255	245
10 to 14 years .....	62	1	29	281	116	238	265
15 to 19 years .....	69	2	14	235	249	282	236
20 to 24 years .....	33	6	10	224	227	306	186
25 to 34 years .....	98	6	27	543	243	396	507
35 to 44 years .....	155	9	51	554	180	342	451
45 to 54 years .....	95	14	39	321	117	232	369
55 to 64 years .....	73	5	37	330	121	226	405
65 to 74 years .....	51	11	22	325	150	334	440
75 to 84 years .....	22	4	16	257	99	299	279
85 years and over .....	10	3	1	102	34	212	81
3 and 4 years .....	19	2	5	97	62	100	85
16 years and over .....	595	60	214	2 843	1 384	2 584	2 901
18 years and over .....	559	58	206	2 736	1 322	2 496	2 808
21 years and over .....	529	58	201	2 613	1 087	2 252	2 671
60 years and over .....	122	20	58	831	351	955	1 019
62 years and over .....	100	20	47	774	334	918	926
Median .....	36.0	46.6	42.6	35.8	26.4	33.7	38.8
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>749</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>253</b>	<b>3 425</b>	<b>1 566</b>	<b>2 519</b>	<b>3 122</b>
Median age .....	33.1	34.5	42.4	32.1	23.7	28.8	33.9
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>							
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>1 517</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>522</b>	<b>7 119</b>	<b>3 377</b>	<b>5 876</b>	<b>6 788</b>
In households .....	1 517	139	522	7 015	2 978	4 991	6 775
Householder .....	557	60	202	2 704	1 049	1 908	2 759
Family householder .....	462	44	164	1 917	722	1 264	1 901
Nonfamily householder .....	95	16	38	787	327	644	858
Living alone .....	86	15	35	720	291	605	798
Spouse .....	377	36	151	1 517	386	699	1 445
Child .....	513	36	144	2 312	1 090	1 750	2 040
Other relatives .....	52	6	19	309	344	506	357
Nonrelatives .....	18	1	6	173	109	128	174
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	73	9	523	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	31	390	362	13
Persons per household .....	2.72	2.32	2.58	2.59	2.84	2.62	2.46
Persons per family .....	3.04	2.77	2.91	3.16	3.52	3.34	3.02
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>154</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>1 076</b>	<b>454</b>	<b>1 244</b>	<b>1 281</b>
In households .....	154	33	75	1 020	454	857	1 280
Householder .....	101	20	46	742	329	645	938
Nonfamily householder .....	37	7	16	382	181	344	483
Living alone .....	36	6	16	374	176	337	469
Spouse .....	43	10	23	216	74	167	269
Other relatives .....	9	2	6	51	46	40	64
Nonrelatives .....	1	1	—	11	5	5	9
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	55	—	387	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	1	—	—	1
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>							
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>462</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>1 917</b>	<b>722</b>	<b>1 264</b>	<b>1 901</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	236	12	64	974	368	619	843
Number of own children under 18 years .....	418	21	111	1 847	799	1 288	1 533
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>377</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>1 517</b>	<b>386</b>	<b>699</b>	<b>1 445</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	184	10	59	755	173	314	594
Number of own children under 18 years .....	324	17	104	1 456	373	660	1 093
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>72</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>321</b>	<b>286</b>	<b>499</b>	<b>377</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	49	2	5	187	171	290	216
Number of own children under 18 years .....	88	4	7	335	384	607	390
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>							
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>546</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>2 535</b>	<b>1 124</b>	<b>1 902</b>	<b>2 387</b>
Never married .....	111	13	34	590	498	734	558
Now married, except separated .....	388	37	157	1 605	431	815	1 511
Separated .....	5	3	1	51	50	77	65
Widowed .....	14	2	7	72	46	113	85
Divorced .....	28	3	10	217	99	163	168
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>606</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>217</b>	<b>2 891</b>	<b>1 420</b>	<b>2 629</b>	<b>2 954</b>
Never married .....	92	4	27	469	526	770	487
Now married, except separated .....	391	37	158	1 577	419	797	1 510
Separated .....	10	2	—	68	88	114	88
Widowed .....	51	8	21	504	233	681	554
Divorced .....	62	9	11	273	154	267	315



Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Harrison County								
	Tract 201.01 (pt.)	Tract 201.02	Tract 202.98	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204.01 (pt.)	Tract 204.02 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 206.97 (pt.)	Tract 206.98 (pt.)
<b>LAND AREA</b>									
Square kilometers .....	703.7	289.3	541.5	21.0	36.6	25.5	40.8	204.9	394.8
Square miles .....	271.7	111.7	209.1	8.1	14.1	9.8	15.8	79.1	152.4
<b>AGE</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>6 598</b>	<b>5 035</b>	<b>5 037</b>	<b>381</b>	<b>862</b>	<b>292</b>	<b>1 182</b>	<b>6 251</b>	<b>6 507</b>
Under 5 years .....	453	350	359	19	75	17	70	496	479
5 to 9 years .....	578	412	451	39	69	28	85	625	537
10 to 14 years .....	592	391	477	36	64	23	117	596	550
15 to 19 years .....	540	416	377	16	58	22	97	472	496
20 to 24 years .....	354	225	276	29	68	22	72	302	360
25 to 34 years .....	978	763	782	52	155	45	169	1 128	1 070
35 to 44 years .....	944	691	719	51	112	34	182	1 084	1 013
45 to 54 years .....	756	622	560	36	83	38	117	623	759
55 to 64 years .....	611	506	467	53	82	33	115	469	585
65 to 74 years .....	499	402	329	27	56	15	93	276	400
75 to 84 years .....	225	204	198	20	29	14	50	141	199
85 years and over .....	68	53	42	3	11	1	15	39	59
3 and 4 years .....	174	157	162	6	33	8	29	211	193
16 years and over .....	4 867	3 784	3 675	282	642	221	889	4 414	4 825
18 years and over .....	4 631	3 615	3 527	275	614	210	847	4 218	4 606
21 years and over .....	4 349	3 407	3 299	269	578	197	798	4 008	4 349
60 years and over .....	1 085	910	804	77	128	46	218	646	933
62 years and over .....	964	821	710	64	112	39	191	568	819
Median .....	33.2	34.5	32.7	34.8	30.7	32.1	34.0	31.2	32.8
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>3 387</b>	<b>2 564</b>	<b>2 521</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>420</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>561</b>	<b>3 167</b>	<b>3 264</b>
Under 5 years .....	225	183	170	12	35	8	33	256	225
5 to 9 years .....	295	193	215	17	36	15	39	313	258
10 to 14 years .....	288	198	233	14	24	14	42	292	266
15 to 19 years .....	255	202	188	8	29	13	41	214	231
20 to 24 years .....	189	136	136	15	39	13	27	152	186
25 to 34 years .....	499	382	395	26	63	21	78	588	526
35 to 44 years .....	502	350	362	22	57	16	98	546	518
45 to 54 years .....	373	302	266	19	45	18	59	305	371
55 to 64 years .....	313	249	247	24	42	21	54	227	312
65 to 74 years .....	268	224	171	14	27	4	52	158	215
75 to 84 years .....	132	113	115	15	17	11	29	84	117
85 years and over .....	48	32	23	1	6	—	9	32	39
3 and 4 years .....	85	75	68	5	15	3	14	111	95
16 years and over .....	2 525	1 931	1 867	143	320	116	436	2 251	2 460
18 years and over .....	2 415	1 854	1 798	138	307	109	416	2 164	2 354
21 years and over .....	2 274	1 755	1 688	135	285	101	399	2 070	2 236
60 years and over .....	600	485	424	41	67	27	121	368	521
62 years and over .....	541	442	382	35	57	21	105	326	455
Median .....	33.9	34.7	33.2	35.8	32.1	31.0	36.8	31.6	33.8
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>3 211</b>	<b>2 471</b>	<b>2 516</b>	<b>194</b>	<b>442</b>	<b>138</b>	<b>621</b>	<b>3 084</b>	<b>3 243</b>
Median age .....	32.5	34.3	32.0	33.0	30.3	32.5	31.1	30.7	31.9
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>6 598</b>	<b>5 035</b>	<b>5 037</b>	<b>381</b>	<b>862</b>	<b>292</b>	<b>1 182</b>	<b>6 251</b>	<b>6 507</b>
In households .....	6 598	5 032	5 020	381	862	292	1 182	6 245	6 500
Householder .....	2 343	1 888	1 774	138	317	102	432	2 108	2 364
Family householder .....	1 839	1 437	1 409	111	235	78	331	1 770	1 853
Nonfamily householder .....	504	451	365	27	82	24	101	338	511
Living alone .....	469	424	342	23	76	21	91	304	452
Spouse .....	1 460	1 159	1 209	92	189	63	267	1 560	1 565
Child .....	2 261	1 619	1 729	119	274	93	386	2 246	2 122
Other relatives .....	398	279	237	20	53	23	63	235	283
Nonrelatives .....	136	87	71	12	29	11	34	96	166
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	3	17	—	—	—	—	6	7
Persons per household .....	2.82	2.67	2.83	2.76	2.72	2.86	2.74	2.96	2.75
Persons per family .....	3.24	3.13	3.25	3.08	3.20	3.29	3.16	3.28	3.14
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>792</b>	<b>659</b>	<b>569</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>456</b>	<b>658</b>
In households .....	792	659	569	50	96	30	158	456	657
Householder .....	564	464	402	37	70	23	99	317	457
Nonfamily householder .....	235	211	174	12	36	10	31	147	189
Living alone .....	231	204	172	12	35	10	29	143	185
Spouse .....	171	154	138	12	17	4	46	106	163
Other relatives .....	51	38	25	1	7	2	8	31	28
Nonrelatives .....	6	3	4	—	2	1	5	2	9
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>									
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>1 839</b>	<b>1 437</b>	<b>1 409</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>235</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>331</b>	<b>1 770</b>	<b>1 853</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	902	672	710	48	116	36	163	1 018	959
Number of own children under 18 years .....	1 721	1 248	1 367	93	209	70	307	1 880	1 708
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>1 460</b>	<b>1 159</b>	<b>1 209</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>267</b>	<b>1 560</b>	<b>1 565</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	703	531	606	43	92	28	128	889	801
Number of own children under 18 years .....	1 347	985	1 182	86	168	57	247	1 662	1 448
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>295</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>153</b>	<b>231</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	161	110	82	5	18	7	28	96	130
Number of own children under 18 years .....	316	212	150	7	31	12	47	164	222
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>									
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>2 396</b>	<b>1 892</b>	<b>1 847</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>329</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>463</b>	<b>2 228</b>	<b>2 426</b>
Never married .....	558	420	356	23	70	25	118	440	523
Now married, except separated .....	1 511	1 223	1 254	96	203	68	285	1 596	1 616
Separated .....	57	41	42	3	5	2	7	35	41
Widowed .....	63	65	58	4	19	2	8	27	50
Divorced .....	207	143	137	17	32	10	45	130	196
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>2 579</b>	<b>1 990</b>	<b>1 903</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>325</b>	<b>117</b>	<b>447</b>	<b>2 306</b>	<b>2 515</b>
Never married .....	442	354	279	11	48	20	66	297	344
Now married, except separated .....	1 499	1 211	1 250	97	198	70	280	1 591	1 610
Separated .....	84	50	50	2	12	—	6	35	71
Widowed .....	337	239	203	25	42	19	65	224	271
Divorced .....	217	136	121	9	25	8	30	159	219

Table 2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Langview-- Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County			Harrison County		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County			
		Total	Kilgare city (pt.)	Langview city (pt.)	Total	Marshall city	Tract 2	Tract 4	Tract 9	Tract 11
AGE										
All persons .....	122 270	81 883	6 640	52 338	40 387	13 208	3 663	5 235	2 111	1 303
Under 5 years .....	8 557	5 842	398	3 790	2 715	761	260	282	143	89
5 to 9 years .....	9 378	6 137	432	3 740	3 241	887	291	247	159	98
10 to 14 years .....	8 883	5 749	395	3 431	3 134	832	218	208	141	72
15 to 19 years .....	8 647	5 681	528	3 501	2 966	954	164	280	152	71
20 to 24 years .....	7 655	5 357	550	3 664	2 298	879	187	499	124	82
25 to 34 years .....	19 311	13 129	903	8 721	6 182	1 756	616	1 057	352	206
35 to 44 years .....	18 172	12 052	855	7 569	6 120	1 789	507	686	266	176
45 to 54 years .....	13 233	8 767	616	5 563	4 466	1 247	366	531	244	122
55 to 64 years .....	11 499	7 606	630	4 867	3 893	1 383	362	505	201	105
65 to 74 years .....	9 449	6 365	664	4 131	3 084	1 398	318	522	208	129
75 to 84 years .....	5 713	3 982	503	2 568	1 731	958	268	315	90	114
85 years and over .....	1 773	1 216	166	793	557	364	106	103	31	39
3 and 4 years .....	3 494	2 364	171	1 528	1 130	318	109	104	64	32
16 years and over .....	93 752	63 079	5 339	40 739	30 673	10 565	2 860	4 459	1 644	1 029
18 years and over .....	90 519	61 035	5 199	39 473	29 484	10 223	2 791	4 375	1 581	1 002
21 years and over .....	85 026	57 269	4 731	37 098	27 757	9 533	2 699	4 150	1 487	954
60 years and over .....	22 617	15 380	1 670	9 917	7 237	3 402	852	1 208	437	344
62 years and over .....	20 345	13 871	1 551	8 967	6 474	3 137	791	1 108	394	323
Median .....	34.4	34.3	36.3	34.2	34.5	37.8	36.6	35.5	34.5	36.5
Female .....	63 199	42 482	3 518	27 219	20 717	7 098	1 928	2 743	1 088	687
Under 5 years .....	4 154	2 827	165	1 862	1 327	368	129	137	71	46
5 to 9 years .....	4 616	3 059	202	1 887	1 557	415	150	127	78	53
10 to 14 years .....	4 324	2 809	206	1 694	1 515	421	107	103	79	38
15 to 19 years .....	4 192	2 753	270	1 664	1 439	485	79	148	67	40
20 to 24 years .....	3 756	2 594	264	1 758	1 162	430	95	263	58	38
25 to 34 years .....	9 821	6 679	437	4 393	3 142	910	297	486	179	104
35 to 44 years .....	9 188	6 074	437	3 816	3 114	892	240	331	130	69
45 to 54 years .....	6 714	4 501	317	2 871	2 213	657	201	273	125	59
55 to 64 years .....	6 018	4 009	355	2 611	2 009	759	190	273	106	60
65 to 74 years .....	5 331	3 601	412	2 337	1 730	836	167	304	116	82
75 to 84 years .....	3 757	2 665	336	1 728	1 092	646	189	213	60	72
85 years and over .....	1 328	911	117	598	417	279	84	85	19	26
3 and 4 years .....	1 720	1 167	75	755	553	154	52	50	34	16
16 years and over .....	49 283	33 270	2 912	21 462	16 013	5 811	1 528	2 351	853	541
18 years and over .....	47 719	32 283	2 850	20 849	15 436	5 634	1 497	2 312	822	524
21 years and over .....	45 036	30 445	2 592	19 751	14 591	5 284	1 441	2 187	779	500
60 years and over .....	13 434	9 230	1 059	5 973	4 204	2 136	529	755	255	218
62 years and over .....	12 197	8 399	991	5 445	3 798	1 985	499	692	226	204
Median .....	35.7	35.8	39.6	35.9	35.6	40.6	38.6	38.1	36.0	37.4
Male .....	59 071	39 401	3 122	25 119	19 670	6 110	1 735	2 492	1 023	616
Median age .....	33.0	32.8	32.7	32.7	33.4	35.1	34.6	33.6	33.2	35.8
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP										
All persons .....	122 270	81 883	6 640	52 338	40 387	13 208	3 663	5 235	2 111	1 303
In households .....	119 660	80 001	6 347	50 966	39 659	12 508	3 538	5 062	2 087	1 279
Householder .....	47 156	32 148	2 789	21 017	15 008	5 214	1 512	2 558	828	561
Family householder .....	34 275	22 757	1 751	14 485	11 518	3 588	997	1 358	590	334
Nonfamily householder .....	12 881	9 391	1 038	6 532	3 490	1 626	515	1 200	238	227
Living alone .....	11 525	8 340	940	5 762	3 185	1 506	463	1 049	208	209
Spouse .....	29 363	19 352	1 432	12 247	10 011	3 029	861	1 134	485	271
Child .....	36 269	23 876	1 694	14 805	12 393	3 472	962	1 033	612	341
Other relatives .....	3 938	2 486	230	1 426	1 452	507	102	120	97	54
Nonrelatives .....	2 934	2 139	202	1 471	795	286	101	217	65	52
Institutionalized persons .....	1 372	1 018	72	754	354	354	114	173	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	1 238	864	221	618	374	346	11	—	24	24
Persons per household .....	2.54	2.49	2.27	2.42	2.64	2.40	2.34	1.98	2.51	2.31
Persons per family .....	3.03	3.01	2.91	2.97	3.07	2.96	2.93	2.69	3.00	3.04
Persons 65 years and over .....	16 935	11 563	1 333	7 492	5 372	2 720	692	940	329	282
In households .....	15 763	10 664	1 265	6 839	5 099	2 448	594	789	328	281
Householder .....	11 116	7 531	917	4 818	3 585	1 768	441	543	226	207
Nonfamily householder .....	5 346	3 659	484	2 345	1 687	923	251	258	96	115
Living alone .....	5 205	3 553	474	2 270	1 652	906	247	251	91	112
Spouse .....	3 808	2 578	294	1 663	1 230	552	131	208	86	64
Other relatives .....	718	471	46	296	247	112	20	30	12	9
Nonrelatives .....	121	84	8	62	37	16	2	8	4	1
Institutionalized persons .....	1 167	897	68	651	270	270	98	151	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	5	2	—	2	3	2	—	—	1	1
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN										
Families .....	34 275	22 757	1 751	14 485	11 518	3 588	997	1 358	590	334
With own children under 18 years .....	16 456	10 846	731	6 830	5 610	1 545	445	494	265	152
Number of own children under 18 years .....	29 413	19 378	1 304	12 054	10 035	2 714	815	796	478	270
Married-couple families .....	29 328	19 317	1 423	12 228	10 011	3 027	858	1 137	480	271
With own children under 18 years .....	13 639	8 851	573	5 498	4 788	1 269	367	384	212	120
Number of own children under 18 years .....	24 966	16 214	1 040	10 016	8 752	2 299	695	642	390	221
Female householder, no husband present .....	3 797	2 647	249	1 751	1 150	445	104	167	81	43
With own children under 18 years .....	2 227	1 581	123	1 070	646	221	55	85	41	21
Number of own children under 18 years .....	3 547	2 541	213	1 650	1 006	325	86	126	63	32
MARITAL STATUS										
Males 15 years and over .....	45 347	30 368	2 470	19 601	14 979	4 834	1 352	2 122	808	494
Never married .....	9 454	6 502	610	4 384	2 952	1 063	218	553	180	114
Now married, except separated .....	30 327	19 957	1 490	12 632	10 370	3 179	897	1 185	500	279
Separated .....	730	514	53	330	216	70	29	43	24	20
Widowed .....	1 017	696	82	449	321	149	65	50	18	14
Divorced .....	3 819	2 699	235	1 806	1 120	373	143	291	86	67
Females 15 years and over .....	50 105	33 787	2 945	21 776	16 318	5 894	1 542	2 376	860	550
Never married .....	6 772	4 575	465	2 989	2 197	888	129	434	96	72
Now married, except separated .....	30 295	19 956	1 493	12 634	10 339	3 174	891	1 189	507	284
Separated .....	897	619	70	396	278	88	37	34	20	12
Widowed .....	7 169	4 962	615	3 181	2 207	1 209	337	380	118	119
Divorced .....	4 972	3 675	302	2 576	1 297	535	148	339	119	63



Table 2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Gregg County—Con.							Kilgore city (pt.), Gregg County	
	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 101	Tract 103	Tract 104	Tract 106	Tract 107	Tract 106 (pt.)	Tract 107 (pt.)
<b>AGE</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>1 833</b>	<b>1 157</b>	<b>3 927</b>	<b>7 638</b>	<b>5 438</b>	<b>4 642</b>	<b>3 130</b>	<b>3 868</b>	<b>2 719</b>
Under 5 years .....	133	53	313	718	383	234	242	191	204
5 to 9 years .....	110	45	369	765	486	298	235	240	189
10 to 14 years .....	119	32	353	702	499	294	197	229	161
15 to 19 years .....	96	292	271	593	434	334	307	257	270
20 to 24 years .....	120	310	164	486	268	339	298	277	271
25 to 34 years .....	278	105	651	1 428	830	615	455	503	391
35 to 44 years .....	252	64	701	1 189	941	649	386	513	335
45 to 54 years .....	184	63	423	847	588	509	218	429	180
55 to 64 years .....	220	72	363	489	439	494	244	417	207
65 to 74 years .....	204	70	200	259	348	457	268	413	243
75 to 84 years .....	99	45	103	135	172	321	206	305	196
85 years and over .....	18	6	16	27	50	98	74	94	72
3 and 4 years .....	51	18	122	293	149	105	97	85	85
16 years and over .....	1 461	1 018	2 835	5 315	3 981	3 761	2 412	3 170	2 127
18 years and over .....	1 419	1 003	2 730	5 097	3 813	3 653	2 342	3 087	2 070
21 years and over .....	1 344	625	2 583	4 757	3 579	3 402	2 056	2 885	1 805
60 years and over .....	428	155	497	630	797	1 141	682	1 031	625
62 years and over .....	393	147	422	528	709	1 034	638	947	591
Median .....	36.9	21.5	32.8	29.3	33.2	38.2	30.9	39.6	31.4
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>937</b>	<b>392</b>	<b>1 935</b>	<b>3 923</b>	<b>2 774</b>	<b>2 443</b>	<b>1 649</b>	<b>2 037</b>	<b>1 455</b>
Under 5 years .....	59	21	156	370	200	106	100	79	85
5 to 9 years .....	51	23	178	381	248	145	99	115	84
10 to 14 years .....	59	17	158	343	224	152	101	119	85
15 to 19 years .....	43	51	125	296	223	164	165	121	149
20 to 24 years .....	60	66	74	262	131	163	152	126	137
25 to 34 years .....	139	43	341	743	441	291	227	241	190
35 to 44 years .....	127	32	348	614	473	333	195	262	174
45 to 54 years .....	97	31	210	427	294	269	103	229	85
55 to 64 years .....	123	37	180	241	207	272	137	234	118
65 to 74 years .....	116	38	95	141	174	276	168	254	153
75 to 84 years .....	51	29	63	83	117	209	143	197	138
85 years and over .....	12	4	7	22	42	63	59	60	57
3 and 4 years .....	22	7	64	148	86	52	43	36	39
16 years and over .....	763	326	1 423	2 765	2 058	2 012	1 331	1 707	1 185
18 years and over .....	744	317	1 371	2 657	1 970	1 960	1 301	1 670	1 160
21 years and over .....	712	262	1 300	2 479	1 849	1 831	1 136	1 567	1 005
60 years and over .....	242	87	249	350	454	700	444	639	412
62 years and over .....	225	84	215	295	405	639	419	591	393
Median .....	38.9	28.8	33.1	29.4	33.5	40.8	33.6	43.3	34.7
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>896</b>	<b>765</b>	<b>1 992</b>	<b>3 715</b>	<b>2 664</b>	<b>2 199</b>	<b>1 481</b>	<b>1 831</b>	<b>1 264</b>
Median age .....	35.2	20.8	32.5	29.3	32.9	35.3	28.4	36.2	28.6
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>1 833</b>	<b>1 157</b>	<b>3 927</b>	<b>7 638</b>	<b>5 438</b>	<b>4 642</b>	<b>3 130</b>	<b>3 868</b>	<b>2 719</b>
In households .....	1 831	646	3 917	7 638	5 382	4 570	2 909	3 796	2 498
Householder .....	771	269	1 356	2 595	1 871	1 982	1 216	1 692	1 074
Family householder .....	539	187	1 133	2 148	1 526	1 319	731	1 105	631
Nonfamily householder .....	232	82	223	447	345	663	485	587	443
Living alone .....	204	73	198	367	311	597	445	526	406
Spouse .....	448	156	1 039	1 803	1 352	1 130	557	943	475
Child .....	502	166	1 338	2 831	1 841	1 205	873	955	726
Other relatives .....	58	29	125	213	222	134	153	98	131
Nonrelatives .....	52	26	59	196	96	119	110	108	92
Institutionalized persons .....	—	4	—	—	56	72	—	72	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	2	507	10	—	—	—	221	—	221
Persons per household .....	2.38	2.41	2.90	2.94	2.88	2.30	2.37	2.24	2.31
Persons per family .....	2.88	2.89	3.22	3.25	3.24	2.87	3.13	2.80	3.09
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>321</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>319</b>	<b>421</b>	<b>570</b>	<b>876</b>	<b>548</b>	<b>812</b>	<b>511</b>
In households .....	321	118	319	421	515	808	548	744	511
Householder .....	221	81	209	304	364	564	425	513	397
Nonfamily householder .....	90	39	69	143	153	268	260	238	243
Living alone .....	88	38	69	135	149	261	257	231	240
Spouse .....	96	28	87	87	123	209	101	198	94
Other relatives .....	3	7	21	24	24	29	20	27	18
Nonrelatives .....	1	2	2	6	4	6	2	6	2
Institutionalized persons .....	—	3	—	—	55	68	—	68	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>									
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>539</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>1 133</b>	<b>2 148</b>	<b>1 526</b>	<b>1 319</b>	<b>731</b>	<b>1 105</b>	<b>631</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	216	74	589	1 305	818	526	362	421	303
Number of own children under 18 years .....	379	137	1 116	2 381	1 496	908	696	723	570
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>446</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>1 046</b>	<b>1 798</b>	<b>1 358</b>	<b>1 125</b>	<b>545</b>	<b>939</b>	<b>470</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	161	52	549	1 061	725	428	270	338	228
Number of own children under 18 years .....	293	102	1 053	1 982	1 329	752	528	592	437
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>74</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>282</b>	<b>135</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>123</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	44	15	30	201	74	77	71	65	58
Number of own children under 18 years .....	63	27	46	331	136	127	129	110	103
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>									
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>703</b>	<b>696</b>	<b>1 449</b>	<b>2 624</b>	<b>1 968</b>	<b>1 776</b>	<b>1 107</b>	<b>1 484</b>	<b>964</b>
Never married .....	150	474	248	504	375	382	319	321	286
Now married, except separated .....	453	175	1 075	1 844	1 387	1 167	582	974	501
Separated .....	16	3	11	52	26	32	28	30	23
Widowed .....	16	8	18	29	27	52	41	45	37
Divorced .....	68	36	97	195	153	143	137	114	117
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>768</b>	<b>331</b>	<b>1 443</b>	<b>2 829</b>	<b>2 102</b>	<b>2 040</b>	<b>1 349</b>	<b>1 724</b>	<b>1 201</b>
Never married .....	93	94	169	405	292	281	257	223	240
Now married, except separated .....	459	162	1 069	1 851	1 384	1 167	589	976	503
Separated .....	19	1	13	54	37	37	42	34	36
Widowed .....	105	40	105	210	234	375	283	340	272
Divorced .....	92	24	87	309	155	180	178	151	150

Table 2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County							
	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5.02	Tract 8	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10	Tract 11 (pt.)
<b>AGE</b>								
All persons.....	2 070	4 682	5 220	3 347	6 046	2 074	1 668	1 303
Under 5 years.....	123	248	280	242	565	143	114	89
5 to 9 years.....	131	236	245	201	579	158	104	98
10 to 14 years.....	104	300	208	153	490	139	89	72
15 to 19 years.....	77	254	280	211	410	151	76	71
20 to 24 years.....	153	238	497	291	424	124	94	82
25 to 34 years.....	353	557	1 053	655	1 235	351	248	206
35 to 44 years.....	226	654	686	452	878	260	193	176
45 to 54 years.....	167	565	528	347	520	238	141	122
55 to 64 years.....	212	553	503	334	399	189	171	105
65 to 74 years.....	195	537	522	275	302	204	194	129
75 to 84 years.....	234	408	315	158	171	89	158	114
85 years and over.....	95	132	103	28	73	28	86	39
3 and 4 years.....	47	108	103	101	226	64	49	32
16 years and over.....	1 696	3 846	4 448	2 704	4 323	1 610	1 344	1 029
18 years and over.....	1 671	3 739	4 364	2 631	4 155	1 548	1 319	1 002
21 years and over.....	1 611	3 585	4 139	2 480	3 911	1 454	1 266	954
60 years and over.....	628	1 370	1 206	617	727	425	538	344
62 years and over.....	591	1 244	1 106	561	656	384	493	323
Median.....	38.5	42.7	35.5	33.6	29.6	34.0	40.2	36.5
<b>Female</b>								
Under 5 years.....	1 113	2 579	2 735	1 771	3 166	1 067	914	687
5 to 9 years.....	60	120	135	113	283	71	54	46
10 to 14 years.....	65	112	126	112	301	77	60	53
15 to 19 years.....	38	154	103	84	246	77	37	38
20 to 24 years.....	40	128	148	129	203	66	44	40
25 to 34 years.....	80	121	262	140	211	58	49	38
35 to 44 years.....	153	291	484	339	641	179	107	104
45 to 54 years.....	110	341	331	218	450	127	97	69
55 to 64 years.....	93	306	272	188	269	122	72	59
65 to 74 years.....	123	291	272	171	211	101	100	60
75 to 84 years.....	106	318	304	157	177	114	114	82
85 years and over.....	171	291	213	105	121	59	112	72
3 and 4 years.....	74	106	85	15	53	16	68	26
16 years and over.....	23	51	49	48	118	34	19	16
18 years and over.....	944	2 172	2 346	1 436	2 289	835	753	541
21 years and over.....	933	2 118	2 307	1 397	2 209	805	738	524
60 years and over.....	892	2 037	2 182	1 305	2 087	762	712	500
62 years and over.....	407	867	754	361	449	247	357	218
Median.....	391	802	691	332	408	219	325	204
Median age.....	46.3	45.9	38.1	33.7	30.2	35.5	46.2	37.4
<b>Male</b>								
Median age.....	957	2 103	2 485	1 576	2 880	1 007	754	616
Median age.....	33.4	39.5	33.6	33.5	28.9	32.8	35.3	35.8
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>								
All persons.....	2 070	4 682	5 220	3 347	6 046	2 074	1 668	1 303
In households.....	1 945	4 491	5 047	3 345	5 948	2 050	1 523	1 279
Householder.....	941	2 019	2 553	1 529	2 155	811	676	561
Family householder.....	510	1 313	1 354	994	1 667	577	404	334
Nonfamily householder.....	431	706	1 199	535	488	234	272	227
Living alone.....	386	648	1 048	470	407	205	238	209
Spouse.....	402	1 145	1 130	821	1 317	474	344	271
Child.....	448	1 124	1 028	827	2 062	607	405	341
Other relatives.....	68	115	119	69	198	94	43	54
Nonrelatives.....	86	88	217	99	216	64	55	52
Institutionalized persons.....	114	191	173	—	86	—	145	—
Other persons in group quarters.....	11	—	—	2	12	24	—	24
Persons per household.....	2.07	2.23	1.98	2.19	2.77	2.52	2.25	2.31
Persons per family.....	2.80	2.82	2.68	2.73	3.16	3.02	2.95	3.04
Persons 65 years and over.....	524	1 077	940	461	546	321	438	282
In households.....	426	895	789	461	463	320	304	281
Householder.....	331	638	543	311	304	221	223	207
Nonfamily householder.....	213	331	258	140	126	94	122	115
Living alone.....	210	326	251	138	122	90	112	112
Spouse.....	80	214	208	131	115	85	69	64
Other relatives.....	13	38	30	17	38	10	6	9
Nonrelatives.....	2	5	8	2	6	4	6	1
Institutionalized persons.....	98	182	151	—	83	—	134	—
Other persons in group quarters.....	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>								
Families.....	510	1 313	1 354	994	1 667	577	404	334
With own children under 18 years.....	201	508	492	427	995	263	185	152
Number of own children under 18 years.....	364	891	792	679	1 769	475	318	270
Married-couple families.....	399	1 144	1 133	821	1 317	469	341	271
With own children under 18 years.....	142	407	382	326	743	210	152	120
Number of own children under 18 years.....	270	747	638	548	1 378	387	279	221
Female householder, no husband present.....	83	135	167	134	272	80	45	43
With own children under 18 years.....	42	80	85	83	202	41	23	21
Number of own children under 18 years.....	69	114	126	108	314	63	26	32
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>								
Males 15 years and over.....	762	1 705	2 116	1 289	2 076	792	598	494
Never married.....	139	314	552	256	446	175	106	114
Now married, except separated.....	427	1 180	1 181	829	1 361	489	364	279
Separated.....	25	19	43	20	38	24	16	20
Widowed.....	54	54	50	30	32	18	37	14
Divorced.....	117	138	290	154	199	86	75	67
Females 15 years and over.....	950	2 193	2 371	1 462	2 336	842	763	550
Never married.....	81	264	433	203	308	95	81	72
Now married, except separated.....	424	1 191	1 185	840	1 360	496	368	284
Separated.....	32	33	34	30	62	20	11	12
Widowed.....	289	478	380	173	279	113	210	119
Divorced.....	124	227	339	216	327	118	93	63



Table 2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County—Con.				Remainder of Gregg County			
	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 105
<b>AGE</b>								
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>1 013</b>	<b>2 252</b>	<b>1 775</b>	<b>1 156</b>	<b>2 755</b>	<b>5 887</b>	<b>5 385</b>	<b>2 103</b>
Under 5 years .....	81	180	130	53	216	414	380	114
5 to 9 years .....	77	130	106	45	244	464	483	127
10 to 14 years .....	60	123	117	32	249	465	494	120
15 to 19 years .....	44	109	94	292	173	436	433	111
20 to 24 years .....	64	128	118	310	109	340	266	93
25 to 34 years .....	163	381	270	105	430	822	821	297
35 to 44 years .....	111	279	246	64	497	817	934	300
45 to 54 years .....	91	172	175	63	317	599	581	290
55 to 64 years .....	78	256	208	71	286	497	433	311
65 to 74 years .....	110	256	194	70	147	487	340	225
75 to 84 years .....	107	192	99	45	74	408	170	100
85 years and over .....	27	46	18	6	13	138	50	15
3 and 4 years .....	34	65	49	18	87	158	148	55
16 years and over .....	784	1 797	1 413	1 017	2 008	4 458	3 939	1 707
18 years and over .....	766	1 763	1 371	1 002	1 947	4 276	3 771	1 672
21 years and over .....	737	1 688	1 299	624	1 850	4 014	3 538	1 611
60 years and over .....	277	640	411	155	371	1 295	783	506
62 years and over .....	266	586	376	147	311	1 194	696	440
Median .....	36.6	37.4	36.6	21.5	34.1	35.0	33.2	41.1
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>541</b>	<b>1 156</b>	<b>907</b>	<b>392</b>	<b>1 339</b>	<b>3 135</b>	<b>2 748</b>	<b>1 043</b>
Under 5 years .....	31	78	58	21	99	196	199	50
5 to 9 years .....	41	62	49	23	113	229	245	56
10 to 14 years .....	28	56	57	17	109	220	222	51
15 to 19 years .....	24	56	42	51	77	214	223	55
20 to 24 years .....	28	67	60	66	49	172	130	48
25 to 34 years .....	82	182	134	43	226	439	435	147
35 to 44 years .....	51	123	123	32	247	419	472	154
45 to 54 years .....	47	81	94	31	165	299	291	142
55 to 64 years .....	46	147	114	37	134	260	204	161
65 to 74 years .....	67	141	113	38	70	307	169	109
75 to 84 years .....	78	125	51	29	44	280	116	57
85 years and over .....	18	38	12	4	6	100	42	13
3 and 4 years .....	14	27	21	7	42	74	86	29
16 years and over .....	435	951	739	326	1 005	2 448	2 038	874
18 years and over .....	425	937	720	317	977	2 366	1 950	856
21 years and over .....	410	892	688	262	929	2 223	1 829	819
60 years and over .....	183	384	233	87	182	820	446	269
62 years and over .....	176	352	216	84	155	768	398	233
Median .....	41.9	41.2	38.6	28.8	34.9	37.3	33.5	42.4
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>472</b>	<b>1 096</b>	<b>868</b>	<b>764</b>	<b>1 416</b>	<b>2 752</b>	<b>2 637</b>	<b>1 060</b>
Median age .....	32.2	34.9	34.9	20.8	33.4	32.6	32.8	39.4
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>								
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>1 013</b>	<b>2 252</b>	<b>1 775</b>	<b>1 156</b>	<b>2 755</b>	<b>5 887</b>	<b>5 385</b>	<b>2 103</b>
In households .....	1 013	2 216	1 773	1 156	2 745	5 742	5 329	2 097
Householder .....	418	972	746	268	962	2 260	1 848	874
Family householder .....	258	595	519	187	808	1 592	1 511	682
Nonfamily householder .....	160	377	227	81	154	668	337	192
Living alone .....	139	333	200	72	136	613	303	175
Spouse .....	209	504	432	156	750	1 282	1 338	620
Child .....	279	542	491	166	914	1 813	1 828	498
Other relatives .....	61	87	53	29	80	239	221	70
Nonrelatives .....	46	111	51	26	39	148	94	35
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	4	—	136	56	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	36	2	507	10	9	—	6
Persons per household .....	2.41	2.23	2.38	2.41	2.87	2.54	2.88	2.39
Persons per family .....	3.10	2.84	2.89	2.89	3.18	3.09	3.24	2.73
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>244</b>	<b>494</b>	<b>311</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>234</b>	<b>1 033</b>	<b>560</b>	<b>340</b>
In households .....	244	494	311	118	234	910	505	340
Householder .....	182	366	213	81	150	665	357	217
Nonfamily householder .....	106	190	89	39	45	378	150	64
Living alone .....	98	180	87	38	45	370	146	62
Spouse .....	44	112	94	28	67	205	121	99
Other relatives .....	10	13	3	7	16	35	23	23
Nonrelatives .....	8	3	1	2	1	5	4	1
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	3	—	123	55	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>								
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>258</b>	<b>595</b>	<b>519</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>808</b>	<b>1 592</b>	<b>1 511</b>	<b>682</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	107	213	211	74	390	809	811	228
Number of own children under 18 years .....	223	416	371	137	755	1 446	1 485	397
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>206</b>	<b>493</b>	<b>429</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>756</b>	<b>1 276</b>	<b>1 344</b>	<b>618</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	89	176	157	52	371	610	718	195
Number of own children under 18 years .....	180	349	285	102	727	1 113	1 318	342
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>38</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>234</b>	<b>135</b>	<b>43</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	14	25	43	15	14	152	74	21
Number of own children under 18 years .....	38	48	63	27	18	271	136	37
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>								
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>354</b>	<b>859</b>	<b>679</b>	<b>695</b>	<b>1 028</b>	<b>2 054</b>	<b>1 946</b>	<b>856</b>
Never married .....	68	186	146	473	171	406	372	118
Now married, except separated .....	215	528	435	175	773	1 324	1 372	641
Separated .....	14	17	15	3	8	44	26	8
Widowed .....	12	34	16	8	11	73	27	15
Divorced .....	45	94	67	36	65	207	149	74
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>441</b>	<b>960</b>	<b>743</b>	<b>331</b>	<b>1 018</b>	<b>2 490</b>	<b>2 082</b>	<b>886</b>
Never married .....	52	104	92	94	117	304	290	81
Now married, except separated .....	219	528	439	162	768	1 329	1 370	632
Separated .....	6	21	18	11	8	62	37	6
Widowed .....	115	199	103	40	67	517	231	97
Divorced .....	49	108	91	24	58	278	154	70

Table 2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Harrison County						
	Tract 201.01	Tract 203	Tract 204.01	Tract 204.02	Tract 205	Tract 206.97	Tract 206.98
<b>AGE</b>							
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>4 815</b>	<b>5 977</b>	<b>1 699</b>	<b>1 543</b>	<b>5 642</b>	<b>7 260</b>	<b>5 694</b>
Under 5 years .....	307	388	96	80	318	566	428
5 to 9 years .....	395	465	90	79	396	694	472
10 to 14 years .....	383	453	83	59	380	675	466
15 to 19 years .....	369	392	255	82	342	543	418
20 to 24 years .....	243	340	285	93	305	340	315
25 to 34 years .....	726	889	215	174	761	1 247	957
35 to 44 years .....	766	953	170	143	748	1 307	896
45 to 54 years .....	629	557	118	109	605	761	695
55 to 64 years .....	503	577	140	145	670	569	508
65 to 74 years .....	335	525	121	203	656	348	339
75 to 84 years .....	131	340	94	219	366	161	157
85 years and over .....	28	98	32	157	95	49	43
3 and 4 years .....	116	168	42	33	122	234	172
16 years and over .....	3 648	4 589	1 413	1 313	4 470	5 194	4 228
18 years and over .....	3 492	4 422	1 364	1 280	4 332	4 960	4 046
21 years and over .....	3 297	4 211	1 067	1 223	4 130	4 720	3 831
60 years and over .....	738	1 218	311	658	1 472	798	773
62 years and over .....	629	1 118	286	626	1 329	691	677
Median .....	34.8	35.6	26.4	49.6	39.1	32.0	32.8
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>2 424</b>	<b>3 110</b>	<b>910</b>	<b>899</b>	<b>2 982</b>	<b>3 686</b>	<b>2 849</b>
Under 5 years .....	143	184	49	45	151	289	197
5 to 9 years .....	199	211	45	46	185	339	225
10 to 14 years .....	183	218	35	31	188	332	224
15 to 19 years .....	169	194	145	45	156	262	192
20 to 24 years .....	131	176	154	34	133	169	167
25 to 34 years .....	379	449	97	85	404	650	474
35 to 44 years .....	412	462	88	68	385	668	459
45 to 54 years .....	295	293	65	57	321	375	337
55 to 64 years .....	250	308	74	77	373	277	263
65 to 74 years .....	171	298	79	131	387	192	184
75 to 84 years .....	71	235	59	156	235	93	96
85 years and over .....	21	82	20	124	64	40	31
3 and 4 years .....	52	74	22	20	62	123	84
16 years and over .....	1 861	2 460	772	772	2 417	2 664	2 155
18 years and over .....	1 793	2 367	746	752	2 353	2 548	2 073
21 years and over .....	1 693	2 269	571	725	2 265	2 437	1 970
60 years and over .....	387	749	194	453	888	447	434
62 years and over .....	329	694	179	439	800	388	382
Median .....	35.2	37.3	26.9	60.5	41.8	32.3	33.7
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>2 391</b>	<b>2 867</b>	<b>789</b>	<b>644</b>	<b>2 660</b>	<b>3 574</b>	<b>2 845</b>
Median age .....	34.3	33.7	25.7	40.4	36.1	31.7	32.0
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>							
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>4 815</b>	<b>5 977</b>	<b>1 699</b>	<b>1 543</b>	<b>5 642</b>	<b>7 260</b>	<b>5 694</b>
In households .....	4 815	5 945	1 371	1 210	5 635	7 254	5 687
Householder .....	1 753	2 367	557	545	2 343	2 509	2 069
Family householder .....	1 433	1 678	386	328	1 656	2 104	1 656
Nonfamily householder .....	320	689	171	217	687	405	413
Living alone .....	290	627	152	207	640	363	357
Spouse .....	1 277	1 417	312	269	1 406	1 856	1 446
Child .....	1 542	1 812	370	294	1 538	2 549	1 844
Other relatives .....	151	216	86	67	215	236	192
Nonrelatives .....	92	133	46	35	133	104	136
Institutionalized persons .....	—	15	6	333	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	17	322	—	7	6	7
Persons per household .....	2.74	2.52	2.48	2.22	2.41	2.89	2.74
Persons per family .....	3.07	3.06	3.01	2.92	2.92	3.20	3.09
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>494</b>	<b>963</b>	<b>247</b>	<b>579</b>	<b>1 117</b>	<b>558</b>	<b>539</b>
In households .....	494	948	247	323	1 116	558	538
Householder .....	332	688	174	242	793	382	364
Nonfamily householder .....	131	350	92	146	385	173	141
Living alone .....	128	343	90	144	376	168	138
Spouse .....	129	211	49	72	263	138	146
Other relatives .....	31	39	23	8	50	35	22
Nonrelatives .....	2	10	1	1	10	3	6
Institutionalized persons .....	—	14	—	256	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	1	—	—	1	—	1
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>							
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>1 433</b>	<b>1 678</b>	<b>386</b>	<b>328</b>	<b>1 656</b>	<b>2 104</b>	<b>1 656</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	693	799	171	132	682	1 178	856
Number of own children under 18 years .....	1 238	1 441	280	233	1 198	2 146	1 520
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>1 274</b>	<b>1 420</b>	<b>304</b>	<b>269</b>	<b>1 408</b>	<b>1 858</b>	<b>1 441</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	600	674	125	101	559	1 030	727
Number of own children under 18 years .....	1 093	1 250	218	183	1 009	1 900	1 315
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>121</b>	<b>205</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>193</b>	<b>185</b>	<b>171</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	73	103	33	28	95	118	104
Number of own children under 18 years .....	114	153	42	45	144	196	171
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>							
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>1 831</b>	<b>2 174</b>	<b>649</b>	<b>548</b>	<b>2 090</b>	<b>2 599</b>	<b>2 125</b>
Never married .....	332	423	243	143	396	483	421
Now married, except separated .....	1 304	1 477	325	315	1 462	1 896	1 478
Separated .....	29	33	6	6	32	35	30
Widowed .....	30	48	17	38	55	36	28
Divorced .....	136	193	58	46	145	149	168
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>1 899</b>	<b>2 497</b>	<b>781</b>	<b>777</b>	<b>2 458</b>	<b>2 726</b>	<b>2 203</b>
Never married .....	245	329	259	84	298	343	267
Now married, except separated .....	1 302	1 467	336	305	1 460	1 896	1 482
Separated .....	41	38	17	15	30	40	51
Widowed .....	178	433	107	319	440	244	209
Divorced .....	133	230	62	54	230	203	194



Table 2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Marshall city, Harrison County				Remainder of Harrison County				
	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204.01 (pt.)	Tract 204.02 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 201.01 (pt.)	Tract 201.02	Tract 202.98	Tract 206.97 (pt.)	Tract 206.98 (pt.)
<b>AGE</b>									
All persons	5 665	1 119	1 301	4 646	4 338	3 698	4 059	5 838	5 570
Under 5 years	372	48	64	262	292	233	299	471	423
5 to 9 years	434	50	59	321	372	295	355	586	466
10 to 14 years	426	50	39	272	338	257	378	559	461
15 to 19 years	380	217	62	269	343	274	291	417	413
20 to 24 years	312	232	76	242	226	155	222	273	306
25 to 34 years	844	113	137	619	683	550	663	1 074	938
35 to 44 years	911	90	115	585	678	539	598	1 034	883
45 to 54 years	531	58	78	500	549	514	478	588	674
55 to 64 years	532	85	119	578	434	413	368	432	497
65 to 74 years	501	82	190	581	291	303	254	251	322
75 to 84 years	325	71	206	331	106	133	130	120	148
85 years and over	97	23	156	86	26	32	23	33	39
3 and 4 years	163	23	25	100	109	108	135	200	171
16 years and over	4 355	961	1 130	3 730	3 259	2 845	2 973	4 112	4 120
18 years and over	4 193	930	1 107	3 620	3 119	2 731	2 857	3 934	3 940
21 years and over	3 987	662	1 062	3 459	2 934	2 603	2 675	3 760	3 728
60 years and over	1 155	218	620	1 303	632	684	585	577	736
62 years and over	1 067	205	594	1 181	539	605	513	505	645
Median	35.6	23.2	56.8	40.6	33.8	36.3	32.5	31.3	32.7
<b>Female</b>									
Under 5 years	2 956	617	772	2 508	2 179	1 845	2 012	2 970	2 788
5 to 9 years	175	25	37	125	137	129	140	243	194
10 to 14 years	199	23	33	149	188	131	176	297	223
15 to 19 years	205	21	20	148	156	125	179	278	223
20 to 24 years	187	126	33	128	158	136	140	195	191
25 to 34 years	162	123	26	111	123	92	106	137	162
35 to 44 years	426	58	67	336	356	268	336	566	468
45 to 54 years	444	44	56	299	363	272	300	521	451
55 to 64 years	279	32	42	267	258	241	229	283	324
65 to 74 years	287	46	60	329	213	203	184	208	258
75 to 84 years	286	58	128	343	150	156	132	141	174
85 years and over	224	45	146	216	56	70	77	71	92
3 and 4 years	82	16	124	57	21	22	13	30	28
16 years and over	70	13	17	51	49	60	56	106	83
18 years and over	2 341	541	678	2 053	1 663	1 418	1 494	2 100	2 100
21 years and over	2 252	525	664	2 001	1 601	1 362	1 442	2 020	2 019
60 years and over	2 157	367	645	1 927	1 505	1 306	1 355	1 938	1 916
62 years and over	716	142	431	792	332	346	306	327	415
Median	667	135	422	717	285	309	278	288	363
Male	37.4	24.2	65.9	43.6	34.2	36.2	33.0	31.5	33.5
Median age	2 709	502	529	2 138	2 159	1 853	2 047	2 868	2 782
	33.7	22.6	43.2	37.5	33.5	36.4	32.1	31.1	31.9
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>									
All persons	5 665	1 119	1 301	4 646	4 338	3 698	4 059	5 838	5 570
In households	5 633	791	968	4 639	4 338	3 695	4 047	5 832	5 563
Householder	2 253	328	463	1 982	1 565	1 436	1 429	1 981	2 012
Family householder	1 585	215	263	1 372	1 280	1 105	1 172	1 668	1 615
Nonfamily householder	668	113	200	610	285	331	257	313	397
Living alone	610	98	193	573	258	309	240	280	342
Spouse	1 337	162	214	1 171	1 132	972	1 056	1 488	1 412
Child	1 718	202	216	1 208	1 414	1 078	1 366	2 089	1 814
Other relatives	204	66	48	178	140	143	146	187	190
Nonrelatives	121	33	27	100	87	66	50	87	135
Institutionalized persons	15	6	333	7	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	17	322	—	7	—	3	12	6	7
Persons per household	2.51	2.45	2.09	2.34	2.77	2.58	2.83	2.94	2.75
Persons per family	3.06	3.04	2.82	2.87	3.10	3.00	3.19	3.26	3.10
Persons 65 years and over	923	176	552	998	423	468	407	404	509
In households	908	176	296	997	423	468	407	404	508
Householder	658	123	221	722	288	326	284	281	345
Nonfamily householder	340	65	138	365	116	152	117	136	134
Living alone	333	64	136	358	113	148	117	132	132
Spouse	201	35	68	225	106	116	106	95	136
Other relatives	39	18	6	45	27	23	16	26	22
Nonrelatives	10	—	1	5	2	3	1	2	5
Institutionalized persons	14	—	256	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>									
Families	1 585	215	263	1 372	1 280	1 105	1 172	1 668	1 615
With own children under 18 years	758	88	102	539	635	496	603	965	845
Number of own children under 18 years	1 366	146	173	929	1 138	864	1 115	1 777	1 504
Married-couple families	1 340	159	214	1 172	1 132	979	1 058	1 489	1 407
With own children under 18 years	637	57	75	446	546	437	535	853	718
Number of own children under 18 years	1 179	104	129	792	998	778	1 006	1 588	1 303
Female householder, no husband present	194	45	41	156	112	87	79	130	164
With own children under 18 years	99	23	24	71	69	39	53	85	102
Number of own children under 18 years	149	28	39	104	109	57	84	145	167
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>									
Males 15 years and over	2 056	423	457	1 705	1 638	1 453	1 510	2 070	2 072
Never married	406	202	122	303	302	256	255	378	409
Now married, except separated	1 394	173	254	1 211	1 157	1 019	1 094	1 518	1 444
Separated	31	4	5	30	29	20	25	30	27
Widowed	45	10	37	50	23	41	28	22	27
Divorced	180	34	39	111	127	117	108	122	165
Females 15 years and over	2 377	548	682	2 086	1 698	1 460	1 517	2 152	2 148
Never married	319	231	67	250	224	196	176	259	264
Now married, except separated	1 383	180	246	1 213	1 150	1 005	1 086	1 516	1 448
Separated	37	11	15	25	41	19	27	33	49
Widowed	415	79	303	394	160	141	136	195	202
Divorced	223	47	51	204	123	99	92	149	185

**Table 3. General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview-- Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County			Harrison County		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County			
		Total	Kilgore city (pt.)	Longview city (pt.)	Total	Marshall city	Tract 2	Tract 4	Tract 9	Tract 11
AGE										
All persons	35 975	19 937	1 374	13 908	16 038	9 864	490	406	480	1 330
Under 5 years	3 038	1 785	115	1 321	1 253	818	51	34	62	119
5 to 9 years	3 434	1 937	131	1 402	1 497	953	45	30	62	132
10 to 14 years	3 507	1 908	124	1 307	1 599	949	59	24	54	146
15 to 19 years	3 437	1 892	157	1 324	1 545	957	35	36	47	155
20 to 24 years	2 575	1 380	130	1 020	1 195	867	49	45	34	111
25 to 34 years	5 543	3 313	201	2 450	2 230	1 402	115	133	88	193
35 to 44 years	4 488	2 574	143	1 753	1 914	1 191	79	50	57	155
45 to 54 years	2 759	1 485	85	997	1 274	728	18	7	33	91
55 to 64 years	2 552	1 407	96	915	1 145	601	16	10	16	80
65 to 74 years	2 403	1 180	106	743	1 223	709	9	18	15	77
75 to 84 years	1 639	812	61	510	827	470	6	9	10	56
85 years and over	600	264	25	166	336	219	8	10	2	15
3 and 4 years	1 215	710	45	526	505	329	18	15	26	47
16 years and over	25 325	13 927	978	9 606	11 398	6 967	328	310	292	896
18 years and over	23 946	13 166	933	9 082	10 780	6 610	315	295	279	837
21 years and over	21 921	12 086	798	8 338	9 835	5 964	293	277	245	758
60 years and over	5 931	2 963	237	1 881	2 968	1 715	27	44	37	193
62 years and over	5 448	2 708	221	1 711	2 740	1 587	25	43	32	176
Median	28.7	28.3	26.6	27.4	29.2	27.6	26.0	27.6	21.4	25.1
Female	19 445	10 777	794	7 496	8 668	5 437	245	220	253	739
Under 5 years	1 502	872	66	636	630	413	20	17	28	62
5 to 9 years	1 705	968	65	700	737	477	21	15	27	80
10 to 14 years	1 748	943	63	641	805	478	28	11	29	69
15 to 19 years	1 768	979	90	685	789	504	18	17	25	77
20 to 24 years	1 454	771	74	565	683	505	25	26	20	61
25 to 34 years	3 003	1 820	118	1 332	1 183	769	65	70	51	106
35 to 44 years	2 454	1 431	80	1 002	1 023	649	39	31	32	90
45 to 54 years	1 507	804	51	549	703	406	11	4	15	54
55 to 64 years	1 421	761	54	496	660	354	4	1	8	51
65 to 74 years	1 449	722	71	460	727	432	4	14	10	45
75 to 84 years	1 031	518	46	310	513	300	3	7	6	33
85 years and over	403	188	16	120	215	150	7	7	2	11
3 and 4 years	622	367	26	269	255	176	6	10	13	25
16 years and over	14 137	7 799	588	5 379	6 338	3 975	173	172	164	506
18 years and over	13 456	7 416	558	5 115	6 040	3 803	166	167	157	484
21 years and over	12 350	6 823	488	4 702	5 527	3 427	154	156	136	440
60 years and over	3 592	1 806	157	1 138	1 786	1 069	16	29	23	117
62 years and over	3 342	1 674	149	1 048	1 668	1 006	15	29	20	106
Median	30.1	29.7	27.9	28.9	30.8	29.3	27.7	28.3	23.8	27.0
Male	16 530	9 160	580	6 412	7 370	4 427	245	186	227	591
Median age	26.9	26.5	23.4	25.5	27.3	25.8	24.5	26.6	19.8	22.6
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP										
All persons	35 975	19 937	1 374	13 908	16 038	9 864	490	406	480	1 330
In households	34 908	19 555	1 280	13 657	15 353	9 184	472	368	474	1 322
Householder	12 412	6 983	457	4 900	5 429	3 274	177	181	151	460
Family householder	8 673	4 867	304	3 403	3 806	2 271	118	89	119	319
Nonfamily householder	3 739	2 116	153	1 497	1 623	1 003	59	92	32	141
Living alone	3 406	1 879	135	1 308	1 527	927	45	80	28	129
Spouse	4 558	2 575	120	1 738	1 983	1 084	64	53	48	128
Child	13 482	7 545	511	5 327	5 937	3 615	183	104	229	557
Other relatives	3 421	1 792	141	1 193	1 629	961	25	12	23	142
Nonrelatives	1 035	660	51	499	375	250	23	18	23	35
Institutionalized persons	508	257	13	214	251	251	18	38	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	559	125	81	37	434	429	—	—	6	8
Persons per household	2.81	2.80	2.81	2.78	2.83	2.80	2.69	2.02	3.10	2.87
Persons per family	3.48	3.45	3.55	3.43	3.51	3.49	3.34	2.91	3.49	3.60
Persons 65 years and over	4 642	2 256	192	1 419	2 386	1 398	23	37	27	148
In households	4 310	2 096	180	1 298	2 214	1 226	10	7	27	148
Householder	3 218	1 567	136	967	1 651	924	7	7	18	119
Nonfamily householder	1 616	816	73	508	800	479	4	7	6	59
Living alone	1 556	780	71	480	776	463	4	7	6	57
Spouse	713	333	24	208	380	196	1	—	5	19
Other relatives	317	160	13	100	157	92	2	—	4	9
Nonrelatives	62	36	7	23	26	14	—	—	—	1
Institutionalized persons	331	159	12	121	172	172	13	30	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN										
Families	8 673	4 867	304	3 403	3 806	2 271	118	89	119	319
With own children under 18 years	4 769	2 791	168	2 030	1 978	1 243	90	57	82	197
Number of own children under 18 years	9 775	5 541	359	3 994	4 234	2 645	158	97	187	392
Married-couple families	4 594	2 602	124	1 756	1 992	1 088	67	53	50	131
With own children under 18 years	2 387	1 396	72	1 949	2 161	1 114	47	26	29	70
Number of own children under 18 years	4 956	2 787	150	1 887	2 169	1 214	79	45	67	153
Female householder, no husband present	3 511	1 967	152	1 466	1 544	1 036	46	34	61	166
With own children under 18 years	2 166	1 266	81	1 005	900	642	40	30	48	117
Number of own children under 18 years	4 453	2 529	181	1 969	1 924	1 363	76	50	106	218
MARITAL STATUS										
Males 15 years and over	11 506	6 313	404	4 359	5 193	3 075	159	141	133	405
Never married	4 216	2 252	182	1 584	1 964	1 241	51	52	53	181
Now married, except separated	4 971	2 778	143	1 878	2 193	1 214	67	58	55	146
Separated	597	338	21	233	259	170	10	4	9	22
Widowed	613	302	27	205	311	174	8	6	2	15
Divorced	1 109	643	31	459	466	276	23	21	14	41
Females 15 years and over	14 490	7 994	600	5 519	6 496	4 069	176	177	169	528
Never married	4 356	2 370	227	1 650	1 986	1 358	48	63	64	183
Now married, except separated	4 949	2 789	137	1 879	2 160	1 194	70	57	51	148
Separated	932	542	48	399	390	264	12	9	11	41
Widowed	2 534	1 275	123	805	1 259	778	17	19	17	81
Divorced	1 719	1 018	65	786	701	475	29	29	26	75



Table 3. General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County—Con.					Kilgore city (pt.), Gregg County	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County		
	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 104	Tract 106	Tract 107	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 3	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5.02
<b>AGE</b>									
All persons	1 875	3 928	939	438	1 095	971	443	406	435
Under 5 years	194	291	57	42	93	78	48	34	45
5 to 9 years	176	374	71	34	115	103	40	30	51
10 to 14 years	152	397	107	40	91	82	46	24	34
15 to 19 years	131	405	89	34	127	121	34	36	37
20 to 24 years	134	232	50	24	115	107	26	45	48
25 to 34 years	339	493	109	85	149	128	98	133	127
35 to 44 years	209	529	127	46	108	96	71	50	64
45 to 54 years	136	386	86	30	64	55	30	7	20
55 to 64 years	147	332	107	31	86	70	22	10	9
65 to 74 years	140	250	69	39	82	73	16	18	—
75 to 84 years	90	183	46	23	49	43	4	9	—
85 years and over	27	56	21	10	16	15	8	10	—
3 and 4 years	75	115	25	19	32	28	24	15	16
16 years and over	1 328	2 787	689	311	780	693	301	310	302
18 years and over	1 271	2 613	646	298	745	662	290	295	286
21 years and over	1 188	2 403	601	284	621	543	272	277	260
60 years and over	340	638	192	87	188	163	39	44	5
62 years and over	305	597	171	82	173	152	35	43	5
Median	29.0	30.6	33.8	30.1	25.6	24.2	28.9	27.6	25.1
Female	1 000	2 165	503	261	619	551	232	220	223
Under 5 years	91	151	30	20	52	47	21	17	23
5 to 9 years	78	193	35	22	53	46	17	15	24
10 to 14 years	68	206	52	22	43	39	26	11	14
15 to 19 years	69	212	51	21	71	67	16	17	21
20 to 24 years	77	120	24	16	66	59	15	26	28
25 to 34 years	190	280	60	45	88	78	51	70	61
35 to 44 years	113	310	68	26	59	53	38	31	37
45 to 54 years	73	217	41	19	38	34	18	4	12
55 to 64 years	85	170	57	19	48	37	15	1	3
65 to 74 years	87	146	42	26	52	49	6	14	—
75 to 84 years	48	120	33	19	38	32	3	7	—
85 years and over	21	40	10	6	11	10	6	7	—
3 and 4 years	38	64	14	10	19	17	14	10	8
16 years and over	753	1 572	377	190	466	414	163	172	162
18 years and over	719	1 488	352	181	444	395	156	167	151
21 years and over	673	1 372	328	173	377	333	150	156	135
60 years and over	204	376	116	60	122	107	24	29	1
62 years and over	185	358	105	57	116	102	22	29	1
Median	30.6	32.3	34.9	30.6	27.3	27.0	30.1	28.3	25.1
Male	875	1 763	436	177	476	420	211	186	212
Median age	27.3	28.5	32.8	28.9	21.5	21.0	27.3	26.6	25.1
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>									
All persons	1 875	3 928	939	438	1 095	971	443	406	435
In households	1 870	3 847	939	425	1 014	890	436	368	435
Householder	752	1 282	333	156	371	321	158	181	176
Family householder	470	976	233	99	240	213	109	89	108
Nonfamily householder	282	306	100	57	131	108	49	92	68
Living alone	245	287	95	49	119	98	40	80	53
Spouse	199	580	141	45	86	80	68	53	67
Child	668	1 504	317	155	419	364	165	104	155
Other relatives	167	387	132	53	99	91	21	12	12
Nonrelatives	84	94	16	16	39	34	24	18	25
Institutionalized persons	—	71	—	13	—	—	7	38	—
Other persons in group quarters	5	10	—	—	81	81	—	—	—
Persons per household	2.49	3.00	2.81	2.74	2.73	2.78	2.72	2.02	2.48
Persons per family	3.21	3.53	3.52	3.58	3.52	3.52	3.29	2.91	3.19
Persons 65 years and over	257	489	136	72	147	131	28	37	—
In households	257	426	136	60	147	131	22	7	—
Householder	200	304	100	49	111	96	15	7	—
Nonfamily householder	120	152	51	25	65	55	8	7	—
Living alone	109	149	49	23	65	55	8	7	—
Spouse	37	76	20	4	22	22	3	—	—
Other relatives	14	40	14	5	9	8	3	—	—
Nonrelatives	6	6	2	5	5	5	1	—	—
Institutionalized persons	—	63	—	12	—	—	6	30	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>									
Families	470	976	233	99	240	213	109	89	108
With own children under 18 years	265	522	103	51	133	119	70	57	82
Number of own children under 18 years	488	1 049	213	106	296	259	136	97	140
Married-couple families	199	581	140	47	88	82	69	53	71
With own children under 18 years	92	290	68	26	49	46	41	26	48
Number of own children under 18 years	177	594	144	45	112	104	83	45	80
Female householder, no husband present	247	338	71	45	129	110	37	34	33
With own children under 18 years	162	216	27	23	69	60	28	30	32
Number of own children under 18 years	292	428	57	58	153	130	49	50	57
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>									
Males 15 years and over	590	1 251	318	125	325	289	141	141	143
Never married	214	406	105	42	161	143	45	52	50
Now married, except separated	215	614	146	51	104	97	69	58	74
Separated	44	48	18	10	14	12	5	4	6
Widowed	33	77	15	7	22	19	4	6	—
Divorced	84	106	34	15	24	18	18	21	13
Females 15 years and over	763	1 615	386	197	471	419	168	177	162
Never married	205	445	102	57	187	169	40	63	56
Now married, except separated	212	617	148	53	101	92	68	57	71
Separated	74	99	22	18	34	30	4	9	9
Widowed	143	272	78	49	96	80	15	19	5
Divorced	129	182	36	20	53	48	41	29	21

**Table 3. General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County—Con.						
	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10	Tract 11 (pt.)	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)
<b>AGE</b>							
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>477</b>	<b>403</b>	<b>1 330</b>	<b>1 986</b>	<b>1 256</b>	<b>1 853</b>	<b>3 803</b>
Under 5 years .....	62	36	119	176	165	193	278
5 to 9 years .....	62	22	132	220	152	175	367
10 to 14 years .....	54	26	146	184	134	148	386
15 to 19 years .....	47	30	155	205	124	130	398
20 to 24 years .....	34	27	111	127	96	133	226
25 to 34 years .....	87	59	193	288	232	335	474
35 to 44 years .....	57	46	155	222	168	209	519
45 to 54 years .....	33	31	91	151	71	130	369
55 to 64 years .....	15	37	80	172	52	146	324
65 to 74 years .....	14	46	77	126	35	140	237
75 to 84 years .....	10	32	56	94	23	88	170
85 years and over .....	2	11	15	21	4	26	55
3 and 4 years .....	26	10	47	77	70	75	110
16 years and over .....	289	314	896	1 366	777	1 313	2 693
18 years and over .....	276	300	837	1 281	733	1 256	2 524
21 years and over .....	242	282	758	1 175	661	1 174	2 318
60 years and over .....	35	111	193	330	90	337	606
62 years and over .....	30	103	176	287	82	302	565
Median .....	21.3	35.3	25.1	27.7	22.9	29.0	30.5
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>252</b>	<b>225</b>	<b>739</b>	<b>1 056</b>	<b>692</b>	<b>986</b>	<b>2 101</b>
Under 5 years .....	28	21	62	89	68	90	144
5 to 9 years .....	27	12	80	98	75	77	189
10 to 14 years .....	29	15	69	86	69	65	204
15 to 19 years .....	25	12	77	103	70	68	208
20 to 24 years .....	20	14	61	73	61	76	117
25 to 34 years .....	51	25	106	146	138	189	269
35 to 44 years .....	32	27	90	133	102	113	306
45 to 54 years .....	15	13	54	82	38	70	208
55 to 64 years .....	7	23	51	101	28	84	166
65 to 74 years .....	10	33	45	82	24	87	139
75 to 84 years .....	6	22	33	51	15	47	112
85 years and over .....	2	8	11	12	4	20	39
3 and 4 years .....	13	5	25	39	34	38	60
16 years and over .....	163	175	506	764	467	745	1 521
18 years and over .....	156	170	484	723	443	711	1 440
21 years and over .....	135	159	440	665	393	666	1 326
60 years and over .....	22	76	117	198	58	202	359
62 years and over .....	19	70	106	173	55	183	342
Median .....	23.5	38.3	27.0	30.6	25.3	30.7	32.2
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>225</b>	<b>178</b>	<b>591</b>	<b>930</b>	<b>564</b>	<b>867</b>	<b>1 702</b>
Median age .....	19.6	32.0	22.6	25.1	19.1	27.1	28.3
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>							
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>477</b>	<b>403</b>	<b>1 330</b>	<b>1 986</b>	<b>1 256</b>	<b>1 853</b>	<b>3 803</b>
In households .....	471	388	1 322	1 986	1 248	1 848	3 722
Householder .....	150	165	460	685	409	744	1 228
Family householder .....	118	95	319	481	311	465	947
Nonfamily householder .....	32	70	141	204	98	279	281
Living alone .....	28	61	129	179	81	242	265
Spouse .....	47	39	128	234	133	197	570
Child .....	228	122	557	758	563	660	1 465
Other relatives .....	23	40	142	229	103	164	374
Nonrelatives .....	23	22	35	80	40	83	85
Institutionalized persons .....	—	15	—	—	—	—	71
Other persons in group quarters .....	6	—	8	—	8	5	10
Persons per household .....	3.10	2.33	2.87	2.90	3.05	2.49	3.03
Persons per family .....	3.49	3.11	3.60	3.54	3.57	3.21	3.54
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>26</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>241</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>254</b>	<b>462</b>
In households .....	26	81	148	241	62	254	399
Householder .....	17	67	119	172	47	198	280
Nonfamily householder .....	6	36	59	83	27	119	135
Living alone .....	6	33	57	77	25	108	132
Spouse .....	5	10	19	44	7	36	74
Other relatives .....	4	3	9	19	6	14	39
Nonrelatives .....	—	1	1	6	2	6	6
Institutionalized persons .....	—	8	—	—	—	—	63
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>							
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>118</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>319</b>	<b>481</b>	<b>311</b>	<b>465</b>	<b>947</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	82	40	197	253	216	264	510
Number of own children under 18 years .....	187	83	392	544	442	484	1 023
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>49</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>236</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>571</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	29	15	70	117	87	92	287
Number of own children under 18 years .....	67	31	153	246	186	177	584
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>61</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>215</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>245</b>	<b>324</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	48	23	117	123	120	161	209
Number of own children under 18 years .....	106	49	218	279	239	288	414
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>							
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>131</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>405</b>	<b>623</b>	<b>325</b>	<b>583</b>	<b>1 208</b>
Never married .....	52	59	181	222	129	212	391
Now married, except separated .....	54	46	146	256	142	213	604
Separated .....	9	9	22	43	12	43	42
Widowed .....	2	10	15	37	10	33	71
Divorced .....	14	18	41	65	32	82	100
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>168</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>528</b>	<b>783</b>	<b>480</b>	<b>754</b>	<b>1 564</b>
Never married .....	64	33	183	226	172	204	433
Now married, except separated .....	50	46	148	259	151	208	606
Separated .....	11	15	41	51	51	74	95
Widowed .....	17	55	81	129	48	141	256
Divorced .....	26	28	75	118	58	127	174



**Table 3. General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Gregg County			Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Harrison County				
	Tract 102	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 105	Tract 201.01	Tract 203	Tract 204.01	Tract 204.02	Tract 205
<b>AGE</b>								
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>1 013</b>	<b>914</b>	<b>1 763</b>	<b>2 203</b>	<b>1 296</b>	<b>2 375</b>	<b>4 502</b>	<b>2 167</b>
Under 5 years.....	100	56	108	151	113	230	345	162
5 to 9 years.....	99	71	156	197	148	255	401	189
10 to 14 years.....	93	104	184	250	147	239	393	215
15 to 19 years.....	90	82	161	193	104	225	449	221
20 to 24 years.....	64	49	74	121	85	175	489	140
25 to 34 years.....	124	106	256	283	195	365	590	316
35 to 44 years.....	138	122	282	257	176	279	521	269
45 to 54 years.....	76	83	166	207	82	170	334	184
55 to 64 years.....	71	107	143	174	85	140	285	153
65 to 74 years.....	86	68	115	207	73	168	336	170
75 to 84 years.....	54	45	89	120	58	94	240	104
85 years and over .....	18	21	29	43	30	35	119	44
3 and 4 years .....	46	25	44	60	45	97	133	68
16 years and over .....	699	669	1 280	1 576	868	1 599	3 289	1 560
18 years and over .....	657	630	1 207	1 478	823	1 509	3 137	1 469
21 years and over .....	618	588	1 131	1 385	772	1 387	2 772	1 347
60 years and over .....	194	190	300	453	206	374	835	402
62 years and over .....	182	169	277	426	188	351	774	364
Median .....	29.8	34.0	33.0	32.0	27.8	26.7	27.7	29.8
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>574</b>	<b>487</b>	<b>930</b>	<b>1 183</b>	<b>680</b>	<b>1 264</b>	<b>2 551</b>	<b>1 164</b>
Under 5 years.....	56	29	49	83	59	113	188	66
5 to 9 years.....	48	35	78	100	67	121	213	93
10 to 14 years.....	53	49	91	131	68	101	213	110
15 to 19 years.....	40	46	82	98	41	130	243	111
20 to 24 years.....	39	24	44	63	58	104	279	77
25 to 34 years.....	79	58	144	139	106	204	317	170
35 to 44 years.....	72	64	145	134	98	141	288	150
45 to 54 years.....	42	41	83	114	41	94	191	101
55 to 64 years.....	34	57	78	98	44	86	170	84
65 to 74 years.....	59	42	57	118	40	96	207	105
75 to 84 years.....	38	32	55	77	37	54	154	72
85 years and over .....	14	10	24	28	21	20	88	25
3 and 4 years .....	29	14	16	34	23	48	81	29
16 years and over .....	407	366	691	850	477	897	1 898	875
18 years and over .....	389	345	659	801	460	850	1 825	830
21 years and over .....	370	321	616	757	438	772	1 605	767
60 years and over .....	128	115	174	269	122	219	529	249
62 years and over .....	123	104	161	258	114	207	500	229
Median .....	31.5	35.4	33.5	33.6	29.5	27.9	29.1	31.9
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>439</b>	<b>427</b>	<b>833</b>	<b>1 020</b>	<b>616</b>	<b>1 111</b>	<b>1 951</b>	<b>1 003</b>
Median age .....	26.2	32.7	32.7	30.7	25.8	25.0	26.2	27.4
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>								
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>1 013</b>	<b>914</b>	<b>1 763</b>	<b>2 203</b>	<b>1 296</b>	<b>2 375</b>	<b>4 502</b>	<b>2 167</b>
In households .....	976	914	1 763	2 203	1 234	2 315	3 950	2 161
Householder .....	350	326	604	762	425	773	1 439	809
Family householder .....	246	227	452	547	309	545	993	541
Nonfamily householder .....	104	99	152	215	116	228	446	268
Living alone .....	98	94	142	209	109	210	415	247
Spouse .....	95	137	347	315	159	247	474	276
Child .....	376	305	657	821	529	940	1 491	816
Other relatives .....	117	131	125	261	88	288	445	197
Nonrelatives .....	38	15	30	44	33	67	101	63
Institutionalized persons .....	30	—	—	—	58	3	190	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	7	—	—	—	4	57	362	6
Persons per household .....	2.81	2.79	2.93	2.89	2.88	3.00	2.75	2.66
Persons per family .....	3.42	3.51	3.51	3.55	3.49	3.72	3.43	3.37
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>158</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>233</b>	<b>370</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>297</b>	<b>695</b>	<b>318</b>
In households .....	131	134	233	370	120	297	564	318
Householder .....	99	98	170	275	89	223	426	240
Nonfamily householder .....	56	50	73	119	43	123	208	128
Living alone .....	55	48	70	118	43	119	203	121
Spouse .....	21	20	45	65	17	41	99	52
Other relatives .....	8	14	17	26	13	27	34	22
Nonrelatives .....	3	2	1	4	1	6	5	4
Institutionalized persons .....	26	—	—	—	41	—	131	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>								
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>246</b>	<b>227</b>	<b>452</b>	<b>547</b>	<b>309</b>	<b>545</b>	<b>993</b>	<b>541</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	136	98	239	257	190	298	506	301
Number of own children under 18 years .....	271	204	459	560	426	677	1 072	576
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>96</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>349</b>	<b>316</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>252</b>	<b>475</b>	<b>277</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	40	64	193	147	96	128	225	144
Number of own children under 18 years .....	83	136	368	325	232	292	483	282
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>126</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>185</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>252</b>	<b>460</b>	<b>225</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	85	26	36	93	86	155	269	146
Number of own children under 18 years .....	169	56	76	209	179	359	574	278
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>								
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>304</b>	<b>309</b>	<b>603</b>	<b>736</b>	<b>402</b>	<b>722</b>	<b>1 426</b>	<b>706</b>
Never married .....	117	102	148	250	145	280	608	262
Now married, except separated .....	111	141	354	339	174	280	542	299
Separated .....	29	18	20	29	19	44	73	40
Widowed .....	16	14	27	39	28	47	77	38
Divorced .....	31	34	54	79	36	71	126	67
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>417</b>	<b>374</b>	<b>712</b>	<b>869</b>	<b>486</b>	<b>929</b>	<b>1 937</b>	<b>895</b>
Never married .....	148	95	159	220	141	305	700	245
Now married, except separated .....	109	144	362	336	171	264	538	299
Separated .....	36	22	18	41	32	81	97	62
Widowed .....	83	77	117	179	95	165	381	177
Divorced .....	41	36	56	93	47	114	221	112

**Table 3. General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Harrison County—Con.		Marshall city, Harrison County				Remainder of Harrison County			
	Tract 206.97	Tract 206.98	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204.01 (pt.)	Tract 204.02 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 201.01 (pt.)	Tract 201.02	Tract 202.98	Tract 206.98 (pt.)
<b>AGE</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>436</b>	<b>843</b>	<b>1 236</b>	<b>2 122</b>	<b>4 462</b>	<b>2 005</b>	<b>2 164</b>	<b>1 282</b>	<b>934</b>	<b>841</b>
Under 5 years .....	35	48	110	207	344	154	148	110	59	47
5 to 9 years .....	41	64	144	228	396	180	192	111	91	64
10 to 14 years .....	48	84	139	209	390	207	246	130	93	84
15 to 19 years .....	53	78	100	206	448	199	189	139	83	78
20 to 24 years .....	30	43	84	162	486	132	118	63	49	43
25 to 34 years .....	62	107	192	319	585	298	275	202	110	106
35 to 44 years .....	43	112	167	254	515	252	254	143	114	112
45 to 54 years .....	36	77	72	149	328	174	202	104	80	77
55 to 64 years .....	39	83	77	116	278	130	174	90	96	83
65 to 74 years .....	23	76	70	151	334	152	205	98	72	76
75 to 84 years .....	21	51	53	88	239	89	119	71	68	51
85 years and over .....	5	20	28	33	119	38	42	21	19	20
3 and 4 years .....	11	19	44	85	133	65	58	46	26	19
16 years and over .....	302	631	824	1 431	3 258	1 427	1 549	901	672	630
18 years and over .....	284	594	781	1 350	3 107	1 348	1 454	846	640	593
21 years and over .....	251	554	731	1 235	2 742	1 234	1 363	771	596	553
60 years and over .....	68	192	192	339	827	353	449	224	214	192
62 years and over .....	60	169	175	320	767	321	422	215	193	169
Median .....	27.3	34.8	27.3	26.4	27.6	29.4	32.2	29.2	33.5	34.8
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>215</b>	<b>436</b>	<b>652</b>	<b>1 144</b>	<b>2 528</b>	<b>1 091</b>	<b>1 161</b>	<b>690</b>	<b>485</b>	<b>436</b>
Under 5 years .....	16	24	56	103	188	63	80	52	29	24
5 to 9 years .....	16	32	65	108	211	91	98	59	36	32
10 to 14 years .....	20	41	67	91	210	108	129	70	51	41
15 to 19 years .....	18	38	40	120	242	100	96	65	45	38
20 to 24 years .....	15	19	57	97	276	73	61	40	28	19
25 to 34 years .....	32	51	105	181	315	164	135	109	55	51
35 to 44 years .....	23	61	94	130	284	139	132	71	57	61
45 to 54 years .....	24	43	36	82	189	97	112	58	37	43
55 to 64 years .....	20	51	41	73	166	74	98	45	62	51
65 to 74 years .....	16	40	38	90	206	97	117	68	37	40
75 to 84 years .....	13	25	33	51	153	62	76	43	38	25
85 years and over .....	2	11	20	18	88	23	27	10	10	11
3 and 4 years .....	5	9	22	43	81	28	32	15	11	9
16 years and over .....	159	332	455	813	1 880	812	835	492	358	332
18 years and over .....	154	308	439	769	1 808	773	787	471	341	308
21 years and over .....	143	295	417	696	1 588	713	744	431	319	295
60 years and over .....	41	104	114	204	524	224	266	138	115	104
62 years and over .....	36	90	106	194	496	207	255	133	101	90
Median .....	32.3	37.1	29.1	27.7	29.1	31.4	33.8	29.9	34.8	37.1
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>221</b>	<b>407</b>	<b>584</b>	<b>978</b>	<b>1 934</b>	<b>914</b>	<b>1 003</b>	<b>592</b>	<b>449</b>	<b>405</b>
Median age .....	20.6	32.3	25.0	24.7	26.1	26.8	30.8	28.2	32.3	32.4
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>436</b>	<b>843</b>	<b>1 236</b>	<b>2 122</b>	<b>4 462</b>	<b>2 005</b>	<b>2 164</b>	<b>1 282</b>	<b>934</b>	<b>841</b>
In households .....	436	843	1 174	2 062	3 910	1 999	2 164	1 282	929	841
Householder .....	134	315	404	693	1 422	744	751	439	333	314
Family householder .....	110	212	293	487	983	500	539	321	228	211
Nonfamily householder .....	24	103	111	206	439	244	212	118	105	103
Living alone .....	23	100	104	189	408	223	206	114	100	100
Spouse .....	66	135	148	211	469	250	309	170	141	135
Child .....	184	283	509	841	1 480	770	806	525	348	282
Other relatives .....	44	85	80	260	441	173	254	130	91	85
Nonrelatives .....	8	25	33	57	98	62	44	18	16	25
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	58	3	190	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	4	57	362	6	—	—	5	—
Persons per household .....	3.25	2.68	2.89	2.98	2.75	2.68	2.88	2.91	2.80	2.68
Persons per family .....	3.66	3.38	3.49	3.70	3.44	3.37	3.54	3.56	3.57	3.38
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>49</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>272</b>	<b>692</b>	<b>279</b>	<b>366</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>147</b>
In households .....	49	147	110	272	561	279	366	190	159	147
Householder .....	33	111	82	204	424	212	273	137	117	111
Nonfamily householder .....	9	55	41	114	206	117	118	59	56	55
Living alone .....	9	53	41	110	201	110	117	56	54	53
Spouse .....	11	26	15	38	99	44	65	38	31	26
Other relatives .....	5	6	12	25	34	19	24	15	9	6
Nonrelatives .....	—	4	1	5	4	4	4	—	2	4
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	41	—	131	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>										
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>110</b>	<b>212</b>	<b>293</b>	<b>487</b>	<b>983</b>	<b>500</b>	<b>539</b>	<b>321</b>	<b>228</b>	<b>211</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	62	95	185	267	502	284	252	169	100	94
Number of own children under 18 years .....	131	183	413	608	1 065	548	549	370	239	182
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>66</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>470</b>	<b>251</b>	<b>310</b>	<b>169</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>135</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	34	65	91	106	225	132	143	87	65	64
Number of own children under 18 years .....	73	125	219	242	483	261	316	194	163	124
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>37</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>237</b>	<b>457</b>	<b>215</b>	<b>183</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>65</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	24	27	86	147	266	142	92	71	29	27
Number of own children under 18 years .....	51	54	179	342	568	272	207	154	66	54
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>										
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>149</b>	<b>308</b>	<b>379</b>	<b>636</b>	<b>1 413</b>	<b>635</b>	<b>724</b>	<b>422</b>	<b>322</b>	<b>307</b>
Never married .....	62	98	139	255	605	238	246	161	98	98
Now married, except separated .....	71	146	162	238	537	271	333	191	151	145
Separated .....	5	12	18	44	72	35	28	21	16	12
Widowed .....	5	23	27	36	76	35	39	24	30	23
Divorced .....	6	29	33	63	123	56	78	25	27	29
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>163</b>	<b>339</b>	<b>464</b>	<b>842</b>	<b>1 919</b>	<b>829</b>	<b>854</b>	<b>509</b>	<b>369</b>	<b>339</b>
Never married .....	41	76	140	287	697	229	215	157	101	76
Now married, except separated .....	71	144	159	225	531	273	330	187	150	144
Separated .....	4	19	31	75	97	61	41	31	23	19
Widowed .....	30	68	88	151	378	158	176	98	66	68
Divorced .....	17	32	46	104	216	108	92	36	29	32



Table 4. General Characteristics of American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview--Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County
<b>AGE</b>		
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>670</b>	<b>478</b>
Under 5 years.....	51	35
5 to 9 years.....	45	25
10 to 14 years.....	57	40
15 to 19 years.....	48	37
20 to 24 years.....	55	44
25 to 34 years.....	123	90
35 to 44 years.....	111	72
45 to 54 years.....	62	43
55 to 64 years.....	55	42
65 to 74 years.....	37	27
75 to 84 years.....	20	17
85 years and over .....	6	6
3 and 4 years .....	19	11
16 years and over .....	508	372
18 years and over .....	493	360
21 years and over .....	459	333
60 years and over .....	87	70
62 years and over .....	75	60
Median .....	32.4	32.3
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>350</b>	<b>246</b>
Under 5 years.....	23	16
5 to 9 years.....	28	15
10 to 14 years.....	26	17
15 to 19 years.....	18	12
20 to 24 years.....	30	23
25 to 34 years.....	54	43
35 to 44 years.....	64	40
45 to 54 years.....	34	21
55 to 64 years.....	28	21
65 to 74 years.....	24	20
75 to 84 years.....	16	13
85 years and over .....	5	5
3 and 4 years .....	7	5
16 years and over .....	269	195
18 years and over .....	262	190
21 years and over .....	248	180
60 years and over .....	57	47
62 years and over .....	50	41
Median .....	34.4	34.5
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>320</b>	<b>232</b>
Median age .....	29.4	29.2
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>		
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>670</b>	<b>478</b>
In households .....	664	473
Householder .....	241	177
Family householder .....	169	121
Nonfamily householder .....	72	56
Living alone .....	60	44
Spouse .....	150	101
Child .....	212	142
Other relatives .....	44	38
Nonrelatives .....	17	15
Institutionalized persons .....	3	3
Other persons in group quarters .....	3	2
Persons per household .....	2.67	2.55
Persons per family .....	3.18	3.01
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>63</b>	<b>50</b>
In households .....	60	47
Householder .....	33	24
Nonfamily householder .....	13	11
Living alone .....	12	10
Spouse .....	18	15
Other relatives .....	9	8
Nonrelatives .....	—	—
Institutionalized persons .....	3	3
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>		
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>169</b>	<b>121</b>
With own children under 18 years.....	83	54
Number of own children under 18 years .....	157	104
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>122</b>	<b>83</b>
With own children under 18 years.....	60	36
Number of own children under 18 years .....	110	70
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>32</b>	<b>25</b>
With own children under 18 years.....	18	15
Number of own children under 18 years .....	37	27
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>		
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>244</b>	<b>180</b>
Never married .....	78	63
Now married, except separated .....	123	85
Separated .....	11	10
Widowed .....	3	2
Divorced .....	29	20
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>273</b>	<b>198</b>
Never married .....	31	24
Now married, except separated .....	166	113
Separated .....	11	8
Widowed .....	30	27
Divorced .....	35	26

Table 5. General Characteristics of Asian or Pacific Islander Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Langview—Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County	
		Total	Langview city (pt.)
AGE			
All persons .....	635	491	408
Under 5 years .....	41	34	27
5 to 9 years .....	79	66	60
10 to 14 years .....	58	40	36
15 to 19 years .....	62	45	34
20 to 24 years .....	43	34	29
25 to 34 years .....	115	96	83
35 to 44 years .....	128	102	81
45 to 54 years .....	54	36	28
55 to 64 years .....	34	23	19
65 to 74 years .....	15	11	9
75 to 84 years .....	3	2	—
85 years and over .....	3	2	2
3 and 4 years .....	22	19	15
16 years and over .....	446	344	279
18 years and over .....	424	329	268
21 years and over .....	380	296	242
60 years and over .....	34	23	17
62 years and over .....	28	21	16
Median .....	28.9	28.2	27.6
Female .....	344	257	213
Under 5 years .....	22	19	15
5 to 9 years .....	39	30	28
10 to 14 years .....	33	22	20
15 to 19 years .....	30	23	19
20 to 24 years .....	15	10	8
25 to 34 years .....	66	53	45
35 to 44 years .....	76	58	45
45 to 54 years .....	26	17	14
55 to 64 years .....	23	15	12
65 to 74 years .....	10	7	5
75 to 84 years .....	1	1	—
85 years and over .....	3	2	2
3 and 4 years .....	10	10	8
16 years and over .....	245	184	148
18 years and over .....	232	174	139
21 years and over .....	215	161	130
60 years and over .....	21	14	10
62 years and over .....	19	14	10
Median .....	31.7	30.5	29.5
Male .....	291	234	195
Median age .....	25.3	25.4	25.4
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP			
All persons .....	635	491	408
In households .....	621	479	397
Householder .....	155	118	101
Family householder .....	128	101	87
Nonfamily householder .....	27	17	14
Living alone .....	17	9	8
Spouse .....	152	112	92
Child .....	230	179	152
Other relatives .....	62	52	37
Nonrelatives .....	22	18	15
Institutionalized persons .....	1	1	1
Other persons in group quarters .....	13	11	10
Persons per household .....	3.54	3.68	3.59
Persons per family .....	3.89	3.94	3.86
Persons 65 years and over .....	21	15	11
In households .....	20	14	10
Householder .....	7	3	3
Nonfamily householder .....	3	—	—
Living alone .....	2	—	—
Spouse .....	2	2	1
Other relatives .....	11	9	6
Nonrelatives .....	—	—	—
Institutionalized persons .....	1	1	1
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN			
Families .....	128	101	87
With own children under 18 years .....	92	73	63
Number of own children under 18 years .....	187	148	129
Married-couple families .....	105	82	72
With own children under 18 years .....	77	61	53
Number of own children under 18 years .....	171	135	117
Female householder, no husband present .....	15	12	11
With own children under 18 years .....	10	8	7
Number of own children under 18 years .....	9	8	8
MARITAL STATUS			
Males 15 years and over .....	207	165	135
Never married .....	77	64	51
Now married, except separated .....	117	89	77
Separated .....	3	2	2
Widowed .....	3	3	1
Divorced .....	7	7	4
Females 15 years and over .....	250	186	150
Never married .....	44	35	30
Now married, except separated .....	168	124	98
Separated .....	5	2	2
Widowed .....	18	15	11
Divorced .....	15	10	9



**Table 6. General Characteristics of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview--Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County		Harrison County		Longview city (pt.), Gregg County
		Total	Longview city (pt.)	Total	Marshall city	Tract 13
AGE						
All persons	5 053	3 775	2 862	1 278	660	409
Under 5 years	737	557	435	180	98	71
5 to 9 years	645	478	361	167	87	47
10 to 14 years	456	344	251	112	59	35
15 to 19 years	382	260	198	122	65	18
20 to 24 years	573	446	359	127	70	49
25 to 34 years	1 128	865	642	263	142	100
35 to 44 years	592	432	322	160	81	42
45 to 54 years	241	180	129	61	23	20
55 to 64 years	131	93	69	38	7	9
65 to 74 years	93	69	53	24	13	9
75 to 84 years	53	38	31	15	12	7
85 years and over	22	13	12	9	3	2
3 and 4 years	278	202	156	76	39	28
16 years and over	3 154	2 358	1 786	796	403	254
18 years and over	3 025	2 273	1 723	752	384	249
21 years and over	2 708	2 040	1 542	668	335	230
60 years and over	232	165	131	67	29	20
62 years and over	201	141	115	60	29	19
Median	22.7	22.8	22.7	22.3	21.4	23.0
Female	2 180	1 633	1 249	547	264	155
Under 5 years	373	275	219	98	55	36
5 to 9 years	322	247	184	75	33	22
10 to 14 years	219	168	124	51	28	15
15 to 19 years	166	111	84	55	31	6
20 to 24 years	206	159	129	47	18	15
25 to 34 years	411	323	242	88	43	29
35 to 44 years	222	164	127	58	27	11
45 to 54 years	111	81	56	30	9	7
55 to 64 years	57	36	29	21	2	4
65 to 74 years	45	34	26	11	8	5
75 to 84 years	36	26	20	10	8	5
85 years and over	12	9	9	3	2	—
3 and 4 years	134	91	71	43	23	17
16 years and over	1 233	922	705	311	140	80
18 years and over	1 180	892	681	288	130	79
21 years and over	1 050	794	610	256	112	73
60 years and over	123	88	70	35	18	11
62 years and over	107	77	62	30	18	10
Median	20.2	20.4	20.5	19.5	17.6	19.5
Male	2 873	2 142	1 613	731	396	254
Median age	24.0	24.1	23.8	23.8	23.1	25.1
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP						
All persons	5 053	3 775	2 862	1 278	660	409
In households	4 982	3 733	2 834	1 249	631	409
Householder	1 320	1 019	772	301	137	109
Family householder	1 029	789	598	240	109	85
Nonfamily householder	291	230	174	61	28	24
Living alone	199	155	115	44	19	11
Spouse	750	567	429	183	79	50
Child	2 004	1 483	1 121	521	277	145
Other relatives	504	372	289	132	66	52
Nonrelatives	404	292	223	112	72	53
Institutionalized persons	13	10	10	3	3	—
Other persons in group quarters	58	32	18	26	26	—
Persons per household	3.61	3.55	3.58	3.80	4.17	3.93
Persons per family	3.96	3.93	3.95	4.08	4.39	4.07
Persons 65 years and over	168	120	96	48	28	18
In households	160	113	89	47	27	18
Householder	102	69	54	33	19	9
Nonfamily householder	51	35	27	16	11	1
Living alone	48	32	24	16	11	1
Spouse	21	17	12	4	3	4
Other relatives	30	23	20	7	3	5
Nonrelatives	7	4	3	3	2	—
Institutionalized persons	7	7	7	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	1	—	—	1	1	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN						
Families	1 029	789	598	240	109	85
With own children under 18 years	712	551	425	161	77	67
Number of own children under 18 years	1 803	1 346	1 023	457	250	136
Married-couple families	799	609	451	190	86	62
With own children under 18 years	590	451	341	139	66	52
Number of own children under 18 years	1 466	1 092	817	374	197	99
Female householder, no husband present	106	85	71	21	10	11
With own children under 18 years	74	62	51	12	5	8
Number of own children under 18 years	256	193	152	63	41	24
MARITAL STATUS						
Males 15 years and over	1 949	1 453	1 093	496	268	174
Never married	669	486	375	183	113	50
Now married, except separated	1 072	800	595	272	139	102
Separated	70	58	44	12	5	9
Widowed	21	11	8	10	2	1
Divarced	117	98	71	19	9	12
Females 15 years and over	1 266	943	722	323	148	82
Never married	243	170	128	73	37	9
Now married, except separated	803	602	460	201	91	57
Separated	47	36	27	11	5	2
Widowed	94	70	55	24	13	5
Divarced	79	65	52	14	2	9

**Table 7. General Characteristics of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview—Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County		Harrison County		Langview city (pt.), Gregg County
		Total	Longview city (pt.)	Total	Marshall city	Tract 13
AGE						
All persons	120 265	80 358	51 241	39 907	13 034	2 148
Under 5 years	8 263	5 610	3 625	2 653	741	159
5 to 9 years	9 115	5 932	3 595	3 183	869	116
10 to 14 years	8 675	5 595	3 316	3 080	812	113
15 to 19 years	8 503	5 590	3 438	2 913	934	107
20 to 24 years	7 460	5 199	3 550	2 261	862	120
25 to 34 years	18 928	12 827	8 497	6 101	1 727	358
35 to 44 years	17 944	11 882	7 451	6 062	1 770	271
45 to 54 years	13 116	8 678	5 502	4 438	1 239	164
55 to 64 years	11 425	7 554	4 830	3 871	1 379	253
65 to 74 years	9 394	6 325	4 101	3 069	1 388	252
75 to 84 years	5 679	3 956	2 549	1 723	951	189
85 years and over	1 763	1 210	787	553	362	46
3 and 4 years	3 398	2 292	1 477	1 106	309	56
16 years and over	92 540	62 163	40 080	30 377	10 453	1 739
18 years and over	89 359	60 147	38 831	29 212	10 120	1 706
21 years and over	83 978	56 465	36 516	27 513	9 441	1 633
60 years and over	22 483	15 283	9 844	7 200	3 382	632
62 years and over	20 227	13 785	8 900	6 442	3 117	578
Median	34.6	34.6	34.5	34.6	38.0	38.5
Female	62 238	41 750	26 694	20 488	7 024	1 113
Under 5 years	4 025	2 723	1 784	1 302	362	70
5 to 9 years	4 478	2 950	1 811	1 528	409	53
10 to 14 years	4 220	2 729	1 634	1 491	413	51
15 to 19 years	4 126	2 713	1 636	1 413	474	55
20 to 24 years	3 676	2 531	1 717	1 145	425	66
25 to 34 years	9 640	6 536	4 287	3 104	896	173
35 to 44 years	9 087	5 993	3 763	3 094	886	121
45 to 54 years	6 649	4 456	2 841	2 193	653	79
55 to 64 years	5 983	3 989	2 594	1 994	757	146
65 to 74 years	5 301	3 579	2 320	1 722	830	138
75 to 84 years	3 732	2 646	1 715	1 086	641	123
85 years and over	1 321	905	592	416	278	38
3 and 4 years	1 682	1 137	732	545	152	22
16 years and aver	48 709	32 841	21 158	15 868	5 760	931
18 years and aver	47 168	31 866	20 553	15 302	5 587	917
21 years and aver	44 533	30 065	19 480	14 468	5 241	872
60 years and aver	13 355	9 173	5 930	4 182	2 124	379
62 years and over	12 127	8 347	5 405	3 780	1 973	347
Median	35.9	36.0	36.2	35.7	40.7	42.3
Male	58 027	38 608	24 547	19 419	6 010	1 035
Median age	33.2	33.1	33.0	33.5	35.4	35.7
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP						
All persons	120 265	80 358	51 241	39 907	13 034	2 148
In households	117 691	78 502	49 889	39 189	12 344	2 112
Householder	46 651	31 752	20 725	14 899	5 174	948
Family householder	33 884	22 449	14 263	11 435	3 562	578
Nonfamily householder	12 767	9 303	6 462	3 464	1 612	370
Living alone	11 434	8 271	5 708	3 163	1 493	328
Spouse	29 017	19 089	12 061	9 928	3 004	492
Child	35 429	23 237	14 355	12 192	3 398	503
Other relatives	3 773	2 361	1 338	1 412	502	76
Nonrelatives	2 821	2 063	1 410	758	266	93
Institutionalized persons	1 363	1 011	747	352	352	—
Other persons in group quarters	1 211	845	605	366	338	36
Persons per household	2.53	2.48	2.41	2.64	2.40	2.20
Persons per family	3.02	3.00	2.96	3.07	2.96	2.83
Persons 65 years and over	16 836	11 491	7 437	5 345	2 701	487
In households	15 671	10 598	6 790	5 073	2 430	487
Householder	11 054	7 487	4 785	3 567	1 755	361
Nonfamily householder	5 316	3 638	2 330	1 678	915	189
Living alone	5 175	3 532	2 255	1 643	898	179
Spouse	3 794	2 568	1 656	1 226	549	110
Other relatives	704	460	288	244	111	13
Nonrelatives	119	83	61	36	15	3
Institutionalized persons	1 161	891	645	270	270	—
Other persons in group quarters	4	2	2	2	1	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN						
Families	33 884	22 449	14 263	11 435	3 562	578
With own children under 18 years	16 213	10 649	6 688	5 564	1 531	202
Number af own children under 18 years	28 676	18 812	11 650	9 864	2 650	378
Married-couple families	29 008	19 066	12 050	9 942	3 004	482
With awn children under 18 years	13 432	8 683	5 379	4 749	1 258	168
Number af awn children under 18 years	24 358	15 746	9 681	8 612	2 250	321
Female householder, na husband present	3 752	2 610	1 723	1 142	443	68
With awn children under 18 years	2 197	1 557	1 052	640	219	23
Number af own children under 18 years	3 436	2 456	1 593	980	312	41
MARITAL STATUS						
Males 15 years and over	44 697	29 873	19 240	14 824	4 772	821
Never married	9 251	6 351	4 271	2 900	1 041	175
Now married, except seporated	29 949	19 670	12 425	10 279	3 144	506
Separated	713	500	321	213	70	16
Widowed	1 009	691	446	318	148	33
Divarced	3 775	2 661	1 777	1 114	369	91
Females 15 years and over	49 515	33 348	21 465	16 167	5 840	939
Never married	6 671	4 508	2 944	2 163	874	103
Now morried, except separated	29 924	19 675	12 433	10 249	3 144	515
Separated	882	607	390	275	87	21
Widowed	7 115	4 922	3 152	2 193	1 201	196
Divorced	4 923	3 636	2 546	1 287	534	104



Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Gregg County		Harrison County		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County									
	Longview-Marshall, TX MSA		Longview city (pt.)	Marshall city	Tract 2	Tract 4	Tract 9	Tract 11	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 101			
	Total	Kilgore city (pt.)												
<b>RACE</b>														
All persons	162 431	104 948	8 258	68 655	57 483	1 656	23 682	4 339	5 716	2 757	2 768	3 842	5 178	4 395
White	122 270	81 883	6 640	52 338	40 387	1 546	13 208	3 663	5 235	2 111	1 303	1 833	1 157	3 927
Black	35 975	19 937	1 374	13 908	16 038	81	9 864	490	406	480	1 330	1 875	3 928	399
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	670	478	28	299	192	9	64	17	14	7	1	23	26	29
American Indian	658	470	27	293	188	9	64	16	14	7	1	23	26	29
Eskimo	9	5	1	4	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Aleut	3	3	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Asian or Pacific Islander	635	491	12	408	144	7	90	22	21	26	10	4	26	12
Asian	605	475	12	397	130	7	77	22	20	25	10	4	24	11
Chinese	106	92	1	85	14	1	11	6	6	1	2	4	4	2
Filipino	71	51	2	37	20	6	10	1	3	1	1	1	1	2
Japanese	42	21	1	15	7	2	7	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
Asian Indian	129	102	1	89	27	25	25	12	4	17	6	1	3	1
Korean	69	58	1	42	11	5	5	1	2	6	1	1	2	1
Vietnamese	120	106	3	92	14	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	12	1
Cambodian	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Hmong	6	6	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Laotian	23	11	1	11	12	1	11	1	1	1	1	1	2	1
Thai	36	25	1	24	11	1	7	1	3	1	1	1	2	1
Other Asian	30	16	1	11	14	1	13	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Pacific Islander	21	11	1	6	10	1	9	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Hawaiian	3	3	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Samoan	5	1	1	1	4	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Guamanian	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Other Pacific Islander	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Other race	2 881	2 159	204	1 702	722	13	456	147	40	133	124	107	41	28
<b>HISPANIC ORIGIN</b>														
All persons	162 431	104 948	8 258	68 655	57 483	1 656	23 682	4 339	5 716	2 757	2 768	3 842	5 178	4 395
Hispanic origin (of any race)	5 053	3 775	339	2 862	1 278	34	660	260	105	200	205	139	84	74
Mexican	4 356	3 282	295	2 493	1 074	30	583	234	81	193	192	141	57	68
Puerto Rican	52	37	5	26	15	1	174	1	3	1	2	1	1	1
Cuban	44	32	1	31	12	1	6	2	2	1	1	1	1	1
Other Hispanic	601	424	38	312	177	4	59	23	21	6	11	17	19	6
Not of Hispanic origin	157 378	101 173	7 919	65 793	56 205	1 622	23 022	4 079	5 611	2 557	2 563	3 683	5 094	4 321
<b>RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN</b>														
All persons	162 431	104 948	8 258	68 655	57 483	1 656	23 682	4 339	5 716	2 757	2 768	3 842	5 178	4 395
White	122 270	81 883	6 640	52 338	40 387	1 546	13 208	3 663	5 235	2 111	1 303	1 833	1 157	3 927
Hispanic origin	2 005	1 325	132	1 097	480	20	174	111	60	67	65	48	24	40
Not of Hispanic origin	120 265	80 358	6 508	51 241	39 907	1 526	13 034	3 552	5 175	2 044	1 238	1 785	1 133	3 887
Black	35 975	19 937	1 374	13 908	16 038	81	9 864	490	406	480	1 330	1 875	3 928	399
Hispanic origin	180	102	4	77	78	1	25	3	5	1	19	5	19	6
Not of Hispanic origin	35 795	19 835	1 370	13 831	15 960	81	9 839	487	401	480	1 311	1 870	3 909	393
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	670	478	28	299	192	9	64	17	14	7	1	23	26	29
Hispanic origin	30	23	1	15	7	1	4	1	1	1	1	4	4	1
Not of Hispanic origin	640	455	28	284	185	9	60	16	14	7	10	19	26	29
Asian or Pacific Islander	635	491	12	408	144	7	90	22	21	26	10	4	26	12
Hispanic origin	20	11	1	8	9	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Not of Hispanic origin	615	480	12	400	135	6	83	22	21	25	10	4	25	12
Other race	2 881	2 159	204	1 702	722	13	456	147	40	133	124	107	41	28
Hispanic origin	2 818	2 114	203	1 665	704	13	450	145	40	132	121	102	40	28
Not of Hispanic origin	63	45	1	37	18	1	6	2	1	1	3	5	1	1

Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Gregg County—Con.							Kilgore city (pt.), Gregg County				Longview city (pt.), Gregg County		
	Tract 103	Tract 104	Tract 106	Tract 107	Tract 108.98	Tract 109.98	Tract 114.98	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 106 (pt.)	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 114.98 (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3
<b>RACE</b>														
All persons	8 160	6 465	5 130	4 477	—	50	—	78	4 287	3 893	—	349	2 600	5 252
White	7 638	5 438	4 642	3 130	—	41	—	25	3 868	2 719	—	224	2 070	4 682
Black	285	939	438	1 095	—	5	—	—	378	971	—	119	374	443
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	45	38	13	23	—	1	—	—	7	21	—	—	11	14
American Indian	42	38	13	22	—	1	—	—	7	20	—	—	10	14
Eskimo	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Aleut	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander	20	20	7	7	—	3	—	—	7	5	—	—	11	26
Asian	17	20	7	7	—	3	—	—	7	5	—	—	11	24
Chinese	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Filipino	5	3	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	4
Japanese	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian Indian	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Korean	1	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	4
Vietnamese	2	10	1	2	—	—	—	—	1	2	—	—	—	9
Cambodian	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hmong	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Laotian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thai	1	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—
Other Asian	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pacific Islander	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hawaiian	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Samoan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guamanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Pacific Islander	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other race	172	30	30	222	—	—	—	—	27	177	—	6	134	87
<b>HISPANIC ORIGIN</b>														
All persons	8 160	6 465	5 130	4 477	—	50	—	78	4 287	3 893	—	349	2 600	5 252
Hispanic origin (of any race)	299	126	94	346	—	—	—	1	79	259	—	12	238	525
Mexican	272	101	77	297	—	—	—	1	74	220	—	3	220	128
Puerto Rican	5	5	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—
Cuban	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Hispanic	22	20	7	43	—	—	—	—	5	33	—	8	15	12
Not of Hispanic origin	7 861	6 339	5 046	4 131	—	50	—	77	4 208	3 634	—	337	2 362	5 111
<b>RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN</b>														
All persons	8 160	6 465	5 130	4 477	—	50	—	78	4 287	3 893	—	349	2 600	5 252
White	7 638	5 438	4 642	3 130	—	41	—	25	3 868	2 719	—	224	2 070	4 682
Hispanic origin	126	91	53	114	—	—	—	1	51	80	—	5	103	59
Not of Hispanic origin	7 512	5 347	4 589	3 016	—	41	—	52	3 817	2 639	—	219	1 967	4 623
Black	285	939	438	1 095	—	5	—	25	378	971	—	119	374	443
Hispanic origin	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	284	939	437	1 084	—	5	—	25	377	968	—	118	371	443
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	45	38	13	23	—	1	—	—	7	21	—	—	11	14
Hispanic origin	1	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	44	33	13	22	—	3	—	—	7	5	—	—	11	26
Asian or Pacific Islander	20	20	7	7	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hispanic origin	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	17	20	7	7	—	3	—	—	—	5	—	—	11	26
Other race	172	30	30	222	—	—	—	—	27	177	—	6	134	87
Hispanic origin	168	30	30	220	—	—	—	—	27	176	—	6	132	82
Not of Hispanic origin	4	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	2	5



Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area		Langview city (pt.), Gregg County—Can.													
		Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5.01	Tract 5.02	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10	Tract 11 (pt.)	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)
RACE															
All persons		5 701	4 221	3 856	5 929	5 159	6 683	2 717	2 281	2 768	3 076	3 878	3 761	5 052	1 195
White		5 220	4 000	3 347	5 568	4 905	6 046	2 074	1 668	1 303	1 013	2 252	1 775	1 156	1 172
Black		406	108	435	269	171	292	477	403	1 330	1 986	1 256	1 853	3 803	10
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut		14	19	19	20	20	73	7	5	1	10	16	22	26	6
American Indian		14	18	19	20	19	73	7	5	1	10	16	22	26	6
Eskimo		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Aleut		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Asian or Pacific Islander		21	84	37	29	28	19	26	10	10	2	61	4	26	7
Asian		20	84	37	28	28	17	25	9	10	2	61	4	24	6
Chinese		6	32	9	2	9	6	-	-	2	-	9	-	4	-
Filipino		3	10	1	-	7	5	-	2	-	-	5	-	1	-
Japanese		1	4	2	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Asian Indian		4	29	3	12	6	1	17	-	6	1	1	1	3	-
Korean		-	6	14	5	5	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	2	-
Vietnamese		2	1	3	1	-	3	6	6	1	1	44	2	12	-
Cambodian		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Hmong		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Laotian		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Thai		1	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Other Asian		3	1	5	5	-	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	2	1
Pacific Islander		1	-	-	1	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hawaiian		1	-	-	1	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Samoan		1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Guamanian		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Pacific Islander		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other race		40	10	18	43	35	253	133	195	124	65	293	107	41	-
HISPANIC ORIGIN															
All persons		5 701	4 221	3 856	5 929	5 159	6 683	2 717	2 281	2 768	3 076	3 878	3 761	5 052	1 195
Hispanic origin (of any race)		105	41	69	118	77	396	200	227	205	155	227	205	84	20
Mexican		81	34	60	68	52	318	193	220	192	148	372	135	57	20
Puerto Rican		3	-	3	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	-
Cuban		-	4	1	8	-	5	-	-	-	-	3	-	7	-
Other Hispanic		21	3	5	41	24	72	6	6	11	6	31	17	19	-
Not of Hispanic origin		5 596	4 180	3 787	5 811	5 082	6 287	2 517	2 054	2 563	2 921	3 469	3 608	4 968	1 175
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN															
All persons		5 701	4 221	3 856	5 929	5 159	6 683	2 717	2 281	2 768	3 076	3 878	3 761	5 052	1 195
White		5 220	4 000	3 347	5 568	4 905	6 046	2 074	1 668	1 303	1 013	2 252	1 775	1 156	1 172
Hispanic origin		60	30	51	72	44	141	67	35	65	82	104	42	24	20
Not of Hispanic origin		5 160	3 970	3 296	5 496	4 861	5 905	2 007	1 633	1 238	931	2 148	1 733	1 132	1 152
Black		406	108	435	269	171	292	477	403	1 330	1 986	1 256	1 853	3 803	10
Hispanic origin		5	1	-	4	1	2	-	1	19	9	6	5	19	-
Not of Hispanic origin		401	107	435	265	170	290	477	402	1 311	1 977	1 250	1 848	3 784	10
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut		14	19	19	20	20	73	7	5	1	10	16	22	26	6
Hispanic origin		-	-	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	4	4	-	-
Not of Hispanic origin		14	19	16	20	20	71	7	5	1	9	12	18	26	6
Asian or Pacific Islander		21	84	37	29	28	19	26	10	10	2	61	4	26	7
Hispanic origin		-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	5	-	1	-
Not of Hispanic origin		21	84	37	29	28	19	25	10	10	1	56	4	25	7
Other race		40	10	18	43	35	253	133	195	124	65	293	107	41	-
Hispanic origin		32	10	15	42	32	251	132	191	121	62	290	102	40	-
Not of Hispanic origin		-	-	3	1	3	2	1	4	3	3	3	5	1	-

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

LONGVIEW-MARSHALL, TX MSA 29



Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area		Remainder of Gregg County—Con.									
RACE	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 105	Tract 106 (pt.)	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 108.98 (pt.)	Tract 109.98 (pt.)	Tract 110.98	Tract 111.98	Tract 112.98	Tract 113.98	Tract 114.98 (pt.)
All persons-----	6 387	3 913	843	584	-	-	-	29	51	-	-
White-----	5 385	2 103	774	411	-	-	-	26	44	-	-
Black-----	914	1 763	60	124	-	-	-	2	7	-	-
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut-----	38	5	6	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
American Indian-----	38	5	6	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Aleut-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Asian or Pacific Islander-----	20	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Asian-----	20	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chinese-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Filipino-----	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Japanese-----	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Asian Indian-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Korean-----	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vietnamese-----	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cambodian-----	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hmong-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Laotian-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Thai-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Asian-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pacific Islander-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hawaiian-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Samoan-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Guamanian-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Pacific Islander-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other race-----	30	39	3	45	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
HISPANIC ORIGIN											
All persons-----	6 387	3 913	843	584	-	-	-	29	51	-	-
Hispanic origin (of any race)-----	125	58	5	87	-	-	-	1	6	-	-
Mexican-----	100	54	3	77	-	-	-	-	6	-	-
Puerto Rican-----	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cuban-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Hispanic-----	20	3	2	10	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Not of Hispanic origin-----	6 262	3 855	838	497	-	-	-	28	45	-	-
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN											
All persons-----	6 387	3 913	843	584	-	-	-	29	51	-	-
White-----	5 385	2 103	774	411	-	-	-	26	44	-	-
Hispanic origin-----	90	15	2	34	-	-	-	-	6	-	-
Not of Hispanic origin-----	5 295	2 088	772	377	-	-	-	26	38	-	-
Black-----	914	1 763	60	124	-	-	-	2	7	-	-
Hispanic origin-----	-	4	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not of Hispanic origin-----	914	1 759	60	116	-	-	-	2	7	-	-
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut-----	38	5	6	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hispanic origin-----	5	-	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not of Hispanic origin-----	33	5	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Asian or Pacific Islander-----	20	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hispanic origin-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not of Hispanic origin-----	20	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other race-----	30	39	3	45	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Hispanic origin-----	30	39	3	45	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Not of Hispanic origin-----	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Gregg County—Con.		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Harrison County					Longview city (pt.), Harrison County		Marshall city, Harrison County	
	Tract 115.98	Tract 116.98	Tract 201.01	Tract 203	Tract 204.01	Tract 204.02	Tract 205	Tract 206.97	Tract 206.98	Tract 201.01 (pt.)	Tract 203 (pt.)
<b>RACE</b>											
All persons .....	7 120	7 500	4 239	6 168	7 970	7 768	6 646	1 517	139	522	7 119
White .....	4 815	5 977	1 699	1 543	5 642	7 260	5 694	1 422	124	477	5 665
Black .....	2 203	1 296	2 375	4 502	2 167	436	843	79	2	39	1 236
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut .....	39	28	14	6	25	20	29	4	5	4	27
American Indian .....	37	28	14	5	25	20	28	4	5	4	27
Eskimo .....	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Aleut .....	10	35	—	17	34	12	13	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander .....	9	26	6	14	34	3	13	3	4	1	35
Asian .....	1	4	5	4	3	2	4	—	—	—	26
Chinese .....	—	3	1	1	6	4	5	2	4	—	4
Filipino .....	5	1	1	—	16	2	2	—	—	1	3
Japanese .....	1	1	—	8	2	1	—	—	—	—	1
Asian Indian .....	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4
Korean .....	1	—	1	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—
Vietnamese .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cambodian .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hmong .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Laotian .....	—	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thai .....	—	3	2	1	1	1	—	1	—	—	11
Other Asian .....	—	9	1	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
Pacific Islander .....	1	5	1	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	9
Hawaiian .....	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
Samoan .....	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guamanian .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4
Other Pacific Islander .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other race .....	53	164	145	100	102	40	67	9	4	1	156
<b>HISPANIC ORIGIN</b>											
All persons .....	7 120	7 500	4 239	6 168	7 970	7 768	6 646	1 517	139	522	7 119
Hispanic origin (of any race) .....	93	231	191	149	178	135	150	30	4	4	214
Mexican .....	76	194	172	144	150	96	131	26	4	1	177
Puerto Rican .....	—	10	4	—	4	3	—	—	—	—	10
Cuban .....	—	3	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	3
Other Hispanic .....	17	24	14	5	24	36	18	4	—	3	24
Not of Hispanic origin .....	7 027	7 269	4 048	6 019	7 792	7 633	6 496	1 487	135	518	6 905
<b>RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN</b>											
All persons .....	7 120	7 500	4 239	6 168	7 970	7 768	6 646	1 517	139	522	7 119
White .....	4 815	5 977	1 699	1 543	5 642	7 260	5 694	1 422	124	477	5 665
Hispanic origin .....	25	62	38	35	73	92	76	20	—	3	32
Not of Hispanic origin .....	4 790	5 915	1 661	1 508	5 569	7 168	5 618	1 402	124	474	5 633
Black .....	2 203	1 296	2 375	4 502	2 167	436	843	79	2	39	1 236
Hispanic origin .....	18	7	10	8	2	—	10	—	2	—	7
Not of Hispanic origin .....	2 185	1 289	2 365	4 494	2 165	436	833	79	2	39	1 229
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut .....	39	28	14	6	25	20	29	4	5	4	27
Hispanic origin .....	—	1	—	—	3	3	—	—	—	—	1
Not of Hispanic origin .....	39	27	14	6	22	17	29	4	4	4	26
Asian or Pacific Islander .....	10	35	6	17	34	12	13	3	5	4	35
Hispanic origin .....	—	1	—	6	—	1	—	—	—	—	1
Not of Hispanic origin .....	10	34	—	11	34	11	13	2	4	1	34
Other race .....	53	164	145	100	102	40	67	9	4	1	156
Hispanic origin .....	50	160	143	100	100	39	64	9	4	1	153
Not of Hispanic origin .....	3	4	2	—	2	1	3	—	—	—	3



Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Marshall city, Harrison County—Con.		Remainder of Harrison County									
	Tract 204.01 (pt.)	Tract 204.02 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 201.01 (pt.)	Tract 201.02	Tract 202.98	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204.01 (pt.)	Tract 204.02 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 206.97 (pt.)	Tract 206.98 (pt.)
<b>RACE</b>												
All persons	3 377	5 876	6 788	6 598	5 035	5 037	381	862	292	1 182	6 251	6 507
White	1 119	1 301	4 646	4 338	3 698	4 059	312	580	242	996	5 838	5 570
Black	2 122	4 462	2 005	2 164	1 282	934	60	253	40	162	357	841
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	11	4	18	35	11	20	1	3	2	7	16	24
American Indian	11	4	18	33	11	20	1	3	1	7	16	23
Aleut	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Asian or Pacific Islander	4	17	33	9	16	1	—	—	—	—	9	9
Asian	3	14	33	8	16	1	—	2	—	1	9	9
Chinese	—	4	3	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	1
Filipino	—	1	6	4	—	—	—	1	—	—	2	2
Japanese	—	—	6	4	4	1	—	1	—	—	—	—
Asian Indian	—	8	16	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Korean	—	—	1	1	3	—	—	—	—	1	1	6
Vietnamese	1	—	—	1	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cambodian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hmong	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Laotian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thai	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Asian	2	1	1	1	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pacific Islander	1	3	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hawaiian	1	3	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Samoan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guamanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Pacific Islander	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other race	121	92	86	52	28	23	8	24	8	16	31	63
<b>HISPANIC ORIGIN</b>												
All persons	3 377	5 876	6 788	6 598	5 035	5 037	381	862	292	1 182	6 251	6 507
Hispanic origin (of any race)	162	135	145	89	90	61	17	29	14	33	105	146
Mexican	147	130	128	75	69	42	17	25	14	22	70	127
Puerto Rican	2	—	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	—	—
Cuban	1	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	3	1
Other Hispanic	12	5	15	14	20	19	—	9	—	9	32	18
Not of Hispanic origin	3 215	5 741	6 643	6 509	4 945	4 976	364	833	278	1 149	6 146	6 361
<b>RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN</b>												
All persons	3 377	5 876	6 788	6 598	5 035	5 037	381	862	292	1 182	6 251	6 507
White	1 119	1 301	4 646	4 338	3 698	4 059	312	580	242	998	5 838	5 570
Hispanic origin	35	29	55	22	47	32	10	3	6	18	72	76
Not of Hispanic origin	1 084	1 272	4 591	4 316	3 651	4 027	302	577	236	978	5 766	5 494
Black	2 122	4 462	2 005	2 164	1 282	934	60	253	40	162	357	841
Hispanic origin	8	8	2	18	16	7	—	2	—	—	—	10
Not of Hispanic origin	2 114	4 454	2 003	2 146	1 266	927	60	251	40	162	357	831
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	11	4	18	35	11	20	1	3	2	7	16	24
Hispanic origin	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	11	4	15	35	11	20	1	3	2	7	13	24
Asian or Pacific Islander	4	17	33	9	16	1	—	2	—	1	9	9
Hispanic origin	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	4	11	33	9	16	—	—	2	—	1	9	9
Other race	121	92	86	52	28	23	8	24	8	16	31	63
Hispanic origin	119	92	85	52	27	21	7	24	8	15	30	60
Not of Hispanic origin	2	—	1	3	1	2	1	—	—	1	1	3

**Table 9. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview— Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County			Harrison County			Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County		
		Total	Kilgore city (pt.)	Longview city (pt.)	Total	Longview city (pt.)	Marshall city	Tract 2	Tract 4	Tract 9
<b>All housing units</b> .....	<b>68 170</b>	<b>44 689</b>	<b>3 779</b>	<b>29 620</b>	<b>23 481</b>	<b>673</b>	<b>9 683</b>	<b>1 894</b>	<b>2 993</b>	<b>1 196</b>
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>										
Occupied housing units .....	60 732	40 027	3 326	26 589	20 705	617	8 622	1 746	2 771	1 020
Owner-occupied housing units .....	40 882	25 292	2 008	15 364	15 590	447	5 637	1 096	1 110	664
Percent of occupied housing units .....	67.3	63.2	60.4	57.8	75.3	72.4	65.4	62.8	40.1	65.1
White .....	33 113	21 150	1 717	12 876	11 963	437	3 787	1 019	1 090	608
Black .....	7 280	3 789	265	2 251	3 491	6	1 798	54	15	44
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut .....	133	92	4	52	41	—	9	1	1	2
Asian or Pacific Islander .....	95	70	—	58	25	1	16	4	—	3
Other race .....	261	191	22	127	70	3	27	18	4	7
Hispanic origin (of any race) .....	536	366	31	242	170	5	58	33	9	12
White, not of Hispanic origin .....	32 864	20 983	1 708	12 764	11 881	435	3 762	1 004	1 085	602
Renter-occupied housing units .....	19 850	14 735	1 318	11 225	5 115	170	2 985	650	1 661	356
White .....	14 043	10 998	1 072	8 141	3 045	148	1 427	493	1 468	220
Black .....	5 132	3 194	192	2 649	1 938	19	1 476	123	166	107
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut .....	108	85	10	54	23	2	12	4	7	1
Asian or Pacific Islander .....	60	48	4	43	12	1	10	4	8	1
Other race .....	507	410	40	338	97	—	60	26	12	27
Hispanic origin (of any race) .....	784	653	61	530	131	3	79	46	36	35
White, not of Hispanic origin .....	13 787	10 769	1 051	7 961	3 018	145	1 412	474	1 445	213
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>										
<b>Vacant housing units</b> .....	<b>7 438</b>	<b>4 662</b>	<b>453</b>	<b>3 031</b>	<b>2 776</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>1 061</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>222</b>	<b>176</b>
For sale only .....	1 013	713	93	423	300	9	155	19	22	33
For rent .....	2 532	2 005	180	1 556	527	30	304	75	145	96
Rented or sold, not occupied .....	453	296	62	181	157	—	86	11	16	4
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use .....	763	196	11	69	567	4	10	13	13	2
For migrant workers .....	8	3	—	2	5	—	—	1	—	—
Other vacant .....	2 669	1 449	107	800	1 220	13	506	29	26	41
Boarded up .....	151	121	6	91	30	—	18	—	—	2
<b>ROOMS</b>										
1 room .....	476	301	31	210	175	5	51	43	35	8
2 rooms .....	1 942	1 352	98	1 047	590	12	231	81	222	20
3 rooms .....	6 382	4 646	445	3 488	1 736	43	814	284	446	92
4 rooms .....	14 478	9 586	907	6 311	4 892	109	1 802	404	674	368
5 rooms .....	18 227	11 352	936	7 126	6 875	202	2 691	443	706	370
6 rooms .....	14 310	9 193	709	5 979	5 117	176	2 217	357	526	239
7 rooms .....	6 894	4 552	335	2 995	2 342	83	1 076	159	243	65
8 or more rooms .....	5 461	3 707	318	2 464	1 754	43	801	123	141	34
Median, all housing units .....	5.1	5.1	4.9	5.0	5.1	5.3	5.2	4.8	4.7	4.8
Median, all housing units .....	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.3	4.9	4.7	4.9
Median, occupied housing units .....	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.3	4.9	4.7	4.9
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	5.6	5.7	5.6	5.9	5.4	5.8	5.7	5.5	5.9	5.2
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.4	4.3	4.4	3.6	3.8	4.5
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>										
1, detached .....	46 704	29 842	2 721	18 879	16 862	492	7 820	1 151	1 202	828
1, attached .....	1 087	913	29	752	174	10	66	23	71	9
2 .....	3 124	2 606	188	2 012	518	17	350	77	51	19
3 or 4 .....	1 971	1 547	177	1 181	424	7	366	42	108	17
5 to 9 .....	2 671	2 190	72	2 036	481	33	395	32	560	—
10 to 19 .....	2 141	1 762	164	1 520	379	27	279	150	534	14
20 to 49 .....	866	780	30	750	86	23	63	42	59	—
50 or more .....	1 390	1 390	225	1 165	—	—	—	117	284	139
Mobile home or trailer .....	7 553	3 240	129	1 082	4 313	64	237	235	106	165
Other .....	663	419	44	243	244	—	107	25	18	5
<b>Occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>60 732</b>	<b>40 027</b>	<b>3 326</b>	<b>26 589</b>	<b>20 705</b>	<b>617</b>	<b>8 622</b>	<b>1 746</b>	<b>2 771</b>	<b>1 020</b>
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>										
1 person .....	15 111	10 359	1 093	7 171	4 752	101	2 449	523	1 142	239
2 persons .....	19 104	12 745	1 034	8 577	6 359	223	2 576	587	973	326
3 persons .....	10 823	7 010	523	4 555	3 813	130	1 433	262	347	167
4 persons .....	9 390	6 058	420	3 868	3 332	109	1 169	235	208	173
5 persons .....	4 034	2 497	160	1 559	1 537	45	585	88	72	77
6 or more persons .....	2 270	1 358	96	859	912	9	410	51	29	38
Median, occupied housing units .....	2.30	2.26	2.05	2.21	2.38	2.43	2.22	2.10	1.75	2.33
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	2.33	2.32	2.08	2.30	2.35	2.42	2.16	2.23	2.14	2.17
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	2.20	2.10	1.98	2.04	2.52	2.48	2.39	1.72	1.50—	2.90
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>										
1.00 or less .....	58 043	38 363	3 200	25 462	19 680	603	8 186	1 674	2 732	957
1.01 to 1.50 .....	1 950	1 203	88	804	747	10	302	47	20	46
1.51 or more .....	739	461	38	323	278	4	134	25	19	17
Median .....	.49	.49	.45	.48	.51	.49	.48	.49	.42	.54
<b>VALUE</b>										
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>31 066</b>	<b>20 959</b>	<b>1 767</b>	<b>13 534</b>	<b>10 107</b>	<b>388</b>	<b>4 982</b>	<b>855</b>	<b>966</b>	<b>502</b>
Less than \$20,000 .....	3 586	2 063	380	1 013	1 523	8	868	40	12	49
\$20,000 to \$39,999 .....	6 710	4 066	436	2 678	2 644	29	1 589	159	106	207
\$40,000 to \$59,999 .....	8 103	5 468	315	3 703	2 635	162	1 214	166	331	201
\$60,000 to \$79,999 .....	6 760	4 939	277	3 124	1 821	146	668	305	278	34
\$80,000 to \$99,999 .....	2 900	2 104	164	1 378	796	29	318	106	141	4
\$100,000 to \$149,999 .....	2 018	1 518	136	1 053	500	11	224	54	77	4
\$150,000 to \$199,999 .....	560	439	33	330	121	3	58	13	18	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999 .....	198	170	10	123	28	—	19	10	1	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999 .....	104	85	9	58	19	—	9	—	2	—
\$300,000 or more .....	127	107	7	74	20	—	15	2	—	3
Median (dollars) .....	52 500	55 300	43 400	56 100	46 000	59 300	40 400	64 200	62 400	39 600
Mean (dollars) .....	59 600	63 100	55 300	65 200	52 400	60 700	49 100	66 100	68 100	42 300
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>										
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>19 300</b>	<b>14 512</b>	<b>1 308</b>	<b>11 095</b>	<b>4 788</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>2 902</b>	<b>643</b>	<b>1 649</b>	<b>349</b>
Median contract rent (dollars) .....	261	268	259	273	233	271	229	263	295	225
Mean contract rent (dollars) .....	271	283	263	292	232	264	227	405	315	248
With meals included in rent .....	165	151	3	145	—	14	9	121	1	1
Median contract rent (dollars) .....	803	849	600	864	312	213	385	963	387	263
No meals included in rent .....	17 721	13 564	1 199	10 517	4 157	158	2 646	493	1 618	326
No cash rent .....	1 414	797	106	433	617	7	247	29	30	22



Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Gregg County—Con.							
	Tract 11	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 101	Tract 103	Tract 104	Tract 106	Tract 107
All housing units.....	1 295	1 861	1 755	1 626	2 983	2 443	2 354	1 993
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>								
Occupied housing units.....	1 057	1 561	1 572	1 502	2 767	2 226	2 162	1 664
Owner-occupied housing units.....	515	815	1 096	1 266	1 781	1 885	1 363	1 003
Percent of occupied housing units.....	48.7	52.2	69.7	84.3	64.4	84.7	63.0	60.3
White.....	338	479	176	1 142	1 709	1 584	1 256	754
Black.....	169	332	905	116	40	281	99	216
American Indian, Eskima, or Aleut.....	—	1	6	5	11	10	2	4
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	1	—	4	1	3	3	—	1
Other race.....	7	3	5	2	18	7	6	28
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	16	5	10	9	29	23	9	40
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	330	476	175	1 135	1 699	1 569	1 253	743
Renter-occupied housing units.....	542	746	476	236	986	341	799	661
White.....	223	292	93	214	886	287	726	462
Black.....	291	420	377	14	61	52	57	155
American Indian, Eskima, or Aleut.....	—	7	1	2	10	1	7	5
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	3	1	—	1	2	—	1	3
Other race.....	25	26	5	5	27	1	8	36
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	39	39	7	11	38	5	20	47
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	212	280	92	209	873	283	714	452
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>								
Vacant housing units.....	238	300	183	124	216	217	192	329
For sale only.....	26	22	18	22	28	40	30	72
For rent.....	82	174	36	24	125	39	70	133
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	28	5	8	14	6	14	12	58
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	3	4	2	9	6	14	7	4
For migrant workers.....	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	99	94	119	55	51	110	73	62
Boarded up.....	18	15	10	—	—	9	1	4
<b>ROOMS</b>								
1 room.....	12	24	6	3	4	15	25	12
2 rooms.....	60	73	30	12	71	36	53	56
3 rooms.....	208	322	99	77	147	118	209	276
4 rooms.....	284	448	336	238	764	519	465	595
5 rooms.....	278	450	596	467	761	755	538	579
6 rooms.....	239	371	445	402	648	576	513	305
7 rooms.....	105	114	142	209	341	252	271	106
8 or more rooms.....	109	59	101	218	247	172	280	64
Median, all housing units.....	4.8	4.6	5.2	5.5	5.2	5.2	5.3	4.6
Mean, all housing units.....	5.0	4.7	5.3	5.8	5.3	5.3	5.4	4.7
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	4.9	4.8	5.3	5.6	5.2	5.3	5.4	4.7
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.8	5.5	5.5	5.8	5.9	5.4	6.0	5.0
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	4.1	4.0	4.7	4.7	4.2	4.6	4.1	4.2
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>								
1, detached.....	868	1 244	1 405	1 274	1 876	1 679	1 620	1 467
1, attached.....	39	17	26	13	126	17	15	19
2.....	144	56	30	8	430	4	76	132
3 or 4.....	46	178	50	25	127	13	88	91
5 to 9.....	35	108	80	8	31	3	61	20
10 to 19.....	80	60	28	17	35	2	104	63
20 to 49.....	58	157	22	—	—	—	30	—
50 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	225	—
Mobile home or trailer.....	6	21	78	274	346	690	116	174
Other.....	19	20	36	7	12	35	19	27
Occupied housing units.....	1 057	1 561	1 572	1 502	2 767	2 226	2 162	1 664
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>								
1 person.....	345	458	363	231	397	409	655	575
2 persons.....	279	498	413	487	789	645	749	412
3 persons.....	162	272	306	276	613	436	346	267
4 persons.....	135	178	236	304	627	439	266	234
5 persons.....	74	108	126	135	251	200	105	93
6 or more persons.....	62	47	128	69	90	97	41	83
Median, occupied housing units.....	2.16	2.15	2.53	2.62	2.82	2.64	2.07	2.12
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.17	2.07	2.49	2.67	2.87	2.64	2.17	2.03
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	2.15	2.27	2.64	2.37	2.76	2.63	1.84	2.34
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>								
1.00 or less.....	980	1 472	1 446	1 445	2 639	2 132	2 107	1 559
1.01 to 1.50.....	55	60	95	44	102	77	41	75
1.51 or more.....	22	29	31	13	26	17	14	30
Mean.....	.51	.51	.54	.50	.55	.53	.43	.52
<b>VALUE</b>								
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	468	733	972	880	1 484	1 114	1 173	810
Less than \$20,000.....	82	149	104	41	59	137	74	377
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	150	247	390	84	142	205	202	272
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	89	271	308	225	442	322	272	114
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	70	52	125	268	590	310	273	24
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	34	6	35	112	178	91	159	12
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	25	6	5	101	59	39	134	8
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	12	2	2	18	8	6	33	1
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	1	—	1	15	4	3	12	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	4	—	1	3	1	1	7	2
\$300,000 or more.....	1	—	1	13	1	—	7	—
Median (dollars).....	40 300	37 700	39 700	66 100	62 800	53 300	62 500	22 300
Mean (dollars).....	52 800	37 900	43 200	78 000	63 600	53 700	71 700	27 700
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>								
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	533	731	472	216	971	314	795	652
Median contract rent (dollars).....	187	257	211	266	265	237	291	204
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	207	237	204	316	275	272	303	208
With meals included in rent.....	3	1	1	—	3	—	1	2
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	96	287	113	—	350	—	437	682
No meals included in rent.....	504	672	433	186	938	257	743	578
No cash rent.....	26	58	38	30	30	57	51	72

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990**—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County—Can.		Kilgore city (pt.), Gregg County				Longview city (pt.), Gregg County			
	Tract 109.98	Tract 114.98	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 106 (pt.)	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 114.9B (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3	Tract 4 (pt.)
All housing units.....	19	—	32	2 001	1 746	—	226	1 253	2 349	2 986
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>										
Occupied housing units.....	15	—	30	1 840	1 456	—	188	1 133	2 213	2 766
Owner-occupied housing units.....	12	—	25	1 122	861	—	28	532	1 286	1 107
Percent of occupied housing units.....	80.0	—	83.3	61.0	59.1	—	14.9	47.0	58.1	40.0
White.....	11	—	18	1 040	659	—	15	495	1 236	1 087
Black.....	1	—	7	77	181	—	13	20	41	15
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	—	—	—	1	3	—	—	—	3	1
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—
Other race.....	—	—	—	4	18	—	—	16	3	4
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	—	—	—	7	24	—	—	28	9	9
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	11	—	18	1 037	653	—	15	483	1 230	1 082
Renter-occupied housing units.....	3	—	5	718	595	—	160	601	927	1 659
White.....	2	—	5	652	415	—	141	446	783	1 466
Black.....	—	—	—	52	140	—	17	122	117	166
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	1	—	—	5	5	—	—	4	3	7
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	—	—	—	1	3	—	—	4	2	8
Other race.....	—	—	—	8	32	—	2	25	22	12
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	—	—	—	20	41	—	4	44	31	36
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	2	—	5	640	406	—	139	428	774	1 443
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>										
Vacant housing units.....	4	—	2	161	290	—	38	120	136	220
For sale only.....	2	—	—	27	66	—	1	13	25	22
For rent.....	1	—	—	67	113	—	15	66	76	145
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	—	—	—	10	52	—	1	3	9	16
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	1	—	1	6	4	—	—	12	1	12
For migrant workers.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
Other vacant.....	—	—	1	51	55	—	21	25	25	25
Boarded up.....	—	—	1	1	4	—	1	—	1	—
<b>ROOMS</b>										
1 room.....	—	—	—	23	8	—	1	43	9	35
2 rooms.....	—	—	—	50	48	—	24	77	52	222
3 rooms.....	1	—	1	195	249	—	139	260	335	446
4 rooms.....	—	—	7	383	517	—	24	364	356	673
5 rooms.....	10	—	12	421	503	—	9	278	392	704
6 rooms.....	4	—	5	435	269	—	15	145	498	523
7 rooms.....	2	—	4	238	93	—	4	48	335	243
8 or more rooms.....	2	—	3	256	59	—	10	38	372	140
Median, all housing units.....	5.3	—	5.2	5.3	4.6	—	3.1	4.2	5.6	4.7
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.6	—	5.5	5.4	4.7	—	3.6	4.3	5.6	4.7
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	5.3	—	5.1	5.4	4.7	—	3.1	4.2	5.6	4.7
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.3	—	5.3	6.1	5.0	—	5.3	5.0	6.5	5.9
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	6.0	—	4.1	4.1	4.2	—	3.0	3.6	4.0	3.8
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>										
1, detached.....	15	—	28	1 383	1 310	—	53	561	1 427	1 195
1, attached.....	—	—	—	14	15	—	5	20	33	71
2.....	—	—	—	57	131	—	9	74	40	51
3 or 4.....	—	—	1	85	91	—	17	42	231	108
5 to 9.....	—	—	—	52	20	—	—	32	345	560
10 to 19.....	—	—	—	101	63	—	19	150	123	534
20 to 49.....	—	—	—	30	—	—	23	42	45	59
50 or more.....	—	—	—	225	—	—	95	117	95	284
Mobile home or trailer.....	4	—	2	37	90	—	1	195	2	106
Other.....	—	—	1	17	26	—	4	20	8	18
Occupied housing units.....	15	—	30	1 840	1 456	—	188	1 133	2 213	2 766
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>										
1 person.....	—	—	9	570	514	—	152	444	695	1 141
2 persons.....	5	—	8	661	365	—	25	359	808	972
3 persons.....	4	—	5	285	233	—	6	149	303	346
4 persons.....	4	—	5	210	205	—	2	107	263	207
5 persons.....	1	—	1	86	73	—	2	44	104	71
6 or more persons.....	1	—	2	28	66	—	1	30	40	29
Median, occupied housing units.....	3.13	—	2.25	2.03	2.09	—	1.50-	1.84	2.01	1.75
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.83	—	2.31	2.13	1.99	—	1.50-	1.98	2.20	2.14
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	3.75	—	1.50-	1.81	2.30	—	1.50-	1.64	1.57	1.50-
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>										
1.00 or less.....	14	—	28	1 794	1 378	—	186	1 070	2 178	2 727
1.01 to 1.50.....	1	—	2	33	53	—	2	40	25	20
1.51 or more.....	—	—	—	13	25	—	—	23	10	19
Mean.....	.60	—	.48	.41	.51	—	.37	.50	.40	.42
<b>VALUE</b>										
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	10	—	17	1 023	727	—	21	354	1 173	963
Less than \$20,000.....	—	—	3	67	310	—	7	39	20	12
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	—	—	3	168	265	—	5	141	55	106
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	1	—	6	201	108	—	6	101	179	329
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	7	—	4	251	22	—	1	43	385	278
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	2	—	1	151	12	—	1	8	256	140
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	—	—	—	129	7	—	1	5	175	77
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	—	—	—	32	1	—	—	8	48	18
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	7	23	1
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	—	—	—	7	2	—	—	—	10	2
\$300,000 or more.....	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	2	22	—
Median (dollars).....	70 000	—	55 600	65 200	24 600	—	36 300	39 700	77 000	62 400
Mean (dollars).....	71 500	—	47 100	74 200	28 900	—	39 000	51 100	92 900	68 100
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>										
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	3	—	5	716	587	—	159	595	922	1 647
Median contract rent (dollars).....	413	—	163	289	207	—	167	261	288	295
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	421	—	171	303	211	—	175	406	308	315
With meals included in rent.....	—	—	—	1	2	—	1	121	1	1
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	—	—	—	437	682	—	163	963	413	387
No meals included in rent.....	3	—	3	681	515	—	154	458	894	1 616
No cash rent.....	—	—	2	34	70	—	4	16	27	30



Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County—Con.									
	Tract 5.01	Tract 5.02	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10	Tract 11 (pt.)	Tract 12	Tract 13
<b>All housing units</b> .....	<b>1 634</b>	<b>1 970</b>	<b>2 466</b>	<b>2 091</b>	<b>2 447</b>	<b>1 175</b>	<b>1 031</b>	<b>1 295</b>	<b>1 323</b>	<b>1 908</b>
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>										
Occupied housing units.....	1 551	1 732	2 314	1 970	2 328	1 002	893	1 057	1 121	1 489
Owner-occupied housing units.....	1 217	890	1 486	1 347	1 263	651	520	515	706	826
Percent of occupied housing units.....	78.5	51.4	64.2	68.4	54.3	65.0	58.2	48.7	63.0	55.5
White.....	1 185	847	1 448	1 319	1 203	596	416	338	299	654
Black.....	11	36	20	16	27	43	93	169	400	130
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	3	3	4	7	12	2	—	—	2	4
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	17	2	5	4	4	3	1	1	—	12
Other race.....	1	2	9	1	17	7	10	7	5	26
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	6	5	22	5	30	12	11	16	17	36
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	1 180	843	1 435	1 315	1 190	590	415	330	287	645
Renter-occupied housing units.....	334	842	828	623	1 065	351	373	542	415	663
White.....	302	682	713	563	952	215	260	223	119	318
Black.....	26	140	100	50	59	107	72	291	285	279
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	4	2	4	2	9	1	—	—	1	4
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	1	9	3	2	1	1	—	3	—	5
Other race.....	1	9	8	6	44	27	41	25	10	57
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	5	20	16	14	66	35	46	39	25	73
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	298	672	705	555	931	208	255	212	106	303
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>										
Vacant housing units.....	<b>83</b>	<b>238</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>138</b>	<b>238</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>419</b>
For sale only.....	28	21	28	26	37	32	13	26	29	62
For rent.....	45	151	109	48	42	96	79	82	69	222
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	5	4	4	13	4	4	13	28	42	10
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	1	4	2	4	4	2	2	3	5	3
For migrant workers.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	4	58	9	30	32	39	31	99	57	122
Boarded up.....	—	—	—	11	1	2	2	18	8	22
<b>ROOMS</b>										
1 room.....	5	11	18	—	5	8	7	12	7	18
2 rooms.....	77	76	62	14	73	20	46	60	33	57
3 rooms.....	61	384	311	85	212	92	129	208	83	221
4 rooms.....	89	404	368	350	628	364	236	284	361	530
5 rooms.....	196	439	453	491	807	362	328	278	441	462
6 rooms.....	258	396	552	665	438	235	187	239	267	344
7 rooms.....	336	165	419	308	191	62	61	105	86	171
8 or more rooms.....	612	95	283	178	93	32	37	109	45	105
Median, all housing units.....	6.9	4.8	5.5	5.7	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.8
Mean, all housing units.....	6.8	4.8	5.5	5.6	4.9	4.9	4.8	5.0	5.0	4.9
Median, occupied housing units.....	7.0	4.9	5.6	5.7	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	5.0	5.0
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	7.4	5.8	6.3	6.0	5.3	5.1	5.3	5.8	5.2	5.5
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	4.4	3.8	3.8	4.4	4.3	4.5	4.2	4.1	4.6	4.1
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>										
1, detached.....	1 280	979	1 629	1 533	1 397	810	833	868	1 173	1 358
1, attached.....	39	99	45	65	106	9	21	39	21	33
2.....	80	136	29	231	478	19	60	144	82	187
3 or 4.....	30	84	79	76	65	17	16	46	8	28
5 to 9.....	64	397	103	68	78	—	5	35	1	133
10 to 19.....	79	182	113	55	25	14	18	80	3	21
20 to 49.....	53	84	72	40	—	—	4	58	—	91
50 or more.....	—	—	375	—	—	139	60	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer.....	—	1	12	13	281	162	11	6	5	38
Other.....	9	8	9	10	17	5	3	19	30	19
<b>Occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>1 551</b>	<b>1 732</b>	<b>2 314</b>	<b>1 970</b>	<b>2 328</b>	<b>1 002</b>	<b>893</b>	<b>1 057</b>	<b>1 121</b>	<b>1 489</b>
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>										
1 person.....	245	531	530	360	426	236	304	345	318	422
2 persons.....	575	642	759	743	665	316	268	279	305	468
3 persons.....	275	292	438	372	527	164	133	162	175	251
4 persons.....	318	189	422	338	448	171	107	135	151	180
5 persons.....	106	63	133	113	173	77	53	74	82	77
6 or more persons.....	32	15	32	44	89	38	28	62	90	91
Median, occupied housing units.....	2.42	2.02	2.33	2.34	2.64	2.34	2.03	2.16	2.30	2.19
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.60	2.13	2.64	2.32	2.48	2.17	1.96	2.17	2.06	2.05
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	1.89	1.87	1.80	2.39	2.81	2.94	2.18	2.15	2.92	2.45
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>										
1.00 or less.....	1 537	1 693	2 269	1 937	2 181	939	847	980	1 019	1 371
1.01 to 1.50.....	10	28	33	29	105	46	27	55	77	77
1.51 or more.....	4	11	12	4	42	17	19	22	25	41
Mean.....	.39	.45	.46	.46	.57	.54	.48	.51	.54	.51
<b>VALUE</b>										
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	<b>1 137</b>	<b>821</b>	<b>1 390</b>	<b>1 254</b>	<b>998</b>	<b>497</b>	<b>487</b>	<b>468</b>	<b>645</b>	<b>744</b>
Less than \$20,000.....	1	6	10	13	62	49	92	82	215	143
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	8	67	26	110	250	205	211	150	317	308
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	48	393	230	416	434	201	142	89	81	186
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	176	240	587	496	183	33	27	70	24	66
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	236	78	246	154	51	3	4	34	3	17
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	347	34	242	57	17	3	8	25	3	9
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	181	1	27	6	1	—	2	12	2	12
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	68	2	12	1	—	—	—	1	—	2
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	36	—	3	1	—	—	—	4	—	1
\$300,000 or more.....	36	—	7	—	—	3	1	1	—	—
Median (dollars).....	113 200	57 000	73 900	63 400	47 900	39 600	35 400	40 300	26 000	35 000
Mean (dollars).....	132 500	61 300	83 100	65 200	49 500	42 100	38 200	52 800	28 600	40 700
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>										
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	<b>333</b>	<b>839</b>	<b>823</b>	<b>615</b>	<b>1 054</b>	<b>344</b>	<b>369</b>	<b>533</b>	<b>403</b>	<b>649</b>
Median contract rent (dollars).....	318	286	299	315	308	224	233	187	221	252
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	378	305	339	311	308	248	242	207	221	248
With meals included in rent.....	1	2	—	1	2	1	2	3	1	4
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	413	400	—	487	1 063	263	200	96	90	560
No meals included in rent.....	322	816	813	586	1 023	322	339	504	371	603
No cash rent.....	10	21	10	28	29	21	28	26	31	42

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990**—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County—Can.						Remainder of Gregg County			
	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 108.98 (pt.)	Tract 109.98 (pt.)	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 11 (pt.)
<b>All housing units</b> .....	<b>1 824</b>	<b>1 680</b>	<b>451</b>	<b>1 493</b>	—	<b>18</b>	<b>641</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>21</b>	—
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>										
Occupied housing units .....	1 528	1 517	401	1 371	—	15	613	5	18	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	792	1 063	304	819	—	12	564	3	13	—
Percent of occupied housing units .....	51.8	70.1	75.8	59.7	—	80.0	92.0	60.0	72.2	—
* White .....	463	176	300	788	—	11	524	3	12	—
Black .....	325	872	2	17	—	1	34	—	1	—
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut .....	1	6	1	3	—	—	1	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander .....	—	4	1	—	—	—	3	—	—	—
Other race .....	3	5	—	11	—	—	2	—	—	—
Hispanic origin (of any race) .....	4	10	3	19	—	—	5	—	—	—
White, not of Hispanic origin .....	461	175	297	780	—	11	521	3	12	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	736	454	97	552	—	3	49	2	5	—
White .....	283	92	94	487	—	2	47	2	5	—
Black .....	419	356	2	41	—	—	1	—	—	—
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut .....	7	1	—	4	—	1	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander .....	1	—	1	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other race .....	26	5	—	18	—	—	1	—	—	—
Hispanic origin (of any race) .....	39	7	2	28	—	—	2	—	—	—
White, not of Hispanic origin .....	271	91	92	476	—	2	46	2	5	—
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>										
Vacant housing units .....	<b>296</b>	<b>163</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>122</b>	—	<b>3</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	—
For sale only .....	19	18	9	12	—	2	6	—	1	—
For rent .....	174	36	16	84	—	1	9	—	—	—
Rented or sold, not occupied .....	5	8	9	3	—	—	8	—	—	—
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use .....	4	2	4	4	—	—	1	1	—	—
For migrant workers .....	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant .....	93	99	12	19	—	—	4	1	2	—
Boarded up .....	15	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>ROOMS</b>										
1 room .....	24	4	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
2 rooms .....	72	26	2	54	—	—	4	—	—	—
3 rooms .....	317	93	44	67	—	1	24	—	—	—
4 rooms .....	442	313	72	453	—	—	40	1	4	—
5 rooms .....	442	576	138	320	—	10	165	2	8	—
6 rooms .....	362	432	118	301	—	4	212	3	4	—
7 rooms .....	109	136	47	167	—	2	111	—	3	—
8 or more rooms .....	56	100	28	130	—	1	85	1	2	—
Median, all housing units .....	4.6	5.2	5.3	5.0	—	5.3	5.9	5.7	5.3	—
Mean, all housing units .....	4.7	5.3	5.4	5.2	—	5.5	6.0	5.7	5.6	—
Median, occupied housing units .....	4.8	5.3	5.3	5.2	—	5.3	6.0	5.8	5.5	—
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	5.5	5.6	5.6	6.0	—	5.3	6.0	6.3	6.0	—
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	4.0	4.7	4.4	4.1	—	6.0	5.1	5.0	4.8	—
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>										
1, detached .....	1 215	1 348	344	862	—	14	590	7	18	—
1, attached .....	17	26	2	101	—	—	3	—	—	—
2 .....	56	30	7	299	—	—	3	—	—	—
3 or 4 .....	178	45	15	96	—	—	—	—	—	—
5 to 9 .....	108	80	6	21	—	—	—	—	—	—
10 to 19 .....	59	28	15	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 49 .....	157	22	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer .....	16	66	61	102	—	4	40	—	3	—
Other .....	18	35	1	10	—	—	5	—	—	—
<b>Occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>1 528</b>	<b>1 517</b>	<b>401</b>	<b>1 371</b>	—	<b>15</b>	<b>613</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>18</b>	—
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>										
1 person .....	451	340	63	168	—	—	79	1	3	—
2 persons .....	485	396	116	391	—	5	228	1	10	—
3 persons .....	265	303	74	316	—	4	113	1	3	—
4 persons .....	174	231	93	328	—	4	128	1	2	—
5 persons .....	107	121	37	121	—	1	44	1	—	—
6 or more persons .....	46	126	18	47	—	1	21	—	—	—
Median, occupied housing units .....	2.15	2.57	2.79	2.90	—	3.13	2.50	3.00	2.10	—
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	2.07	2.53	2.95	3.01	—	2.83	2.49	3.00	2.29	—
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	2.27	2.68	2.35	2.78	—	3.75	2.65	3.00	1.67	—
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>										
1.00 or less .....	1 441	1 396	383	1 294	—	14	604	5	18	—
1.01 to 1.50 .....	59	93	16	61	—	1	7	—	—	—
1.51 or more .....	28	28	2	16	—	—	2	—	—	—
Mean .....	.51	.55	.55	.57	—	.60	.47	.50	.39	—
<b>VALUE</b>										
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	<b>717</b>	<b>949</b>	<b>228</b>	<b>678</b>	—	<b>10</b>	<b>501</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>5</b>	—
Less than \$20,000 .....	146	92	11	13	—	—	1	—	—	—
\$20,000 to \$39,999 .....	241	384	36	58	—	—	18	—	2	—
\$40,000 to \$59,999 .....	266	307	94	200	—	1	65	2	—	—
\$60,000 to \$79,999 .....	52	121	43	292	—	7	262	—	1	—
\$80,000 to \$99,999 .....	6	35	21	83	—	2	98	1	1	—
\$100,000 to \$149,999 .....	5	5	18	22	—	—	49	—	1	—
\$150,000 to \$199,999 .....	1	2	2	7	—	—	5	—	—	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999 .....	—	1	3	2	—	—	3	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$300,000 or more .....	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	37 700	39 900	55 600	64 500	—	70 000	71 500	58 800	72 500	—
Mean (dollars) .....	37 800	43 600	61 800	65 700	—	71 500	76 600	66 700	64 000	—
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>										
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	<b>723</b>	<b>450</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>546</b>	—	<b>3</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>5</b>	—
Median contract rent (dollars) .....	258	213	254	265	—	413	394	363	325	—
Mean contract rent (dollars) .....	238	206	272	278	—	421	391	363	284	—
With meals included in rent .....	1	1	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mean contract rent (dollars) .....	287	113	—	163	—	—	—	—	—	—
No meals included in rent .....	665	413	79	536	—	3	35	2	4	—
No cash rent .....	57	36	9	8	—	—	13	—	1	—



Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Gregg County—Con.									
	Troct 14 (pt.)	Troct 15 (pt.)	Troct 101 (pt.)	Troct 102	Troct 103 (pt.)	Troct 104 (pt.)	Troct 105	Troct 106 (pt.)	Troct 107 (pt.)	Troct 108.98 (pt.)
<b>All housing units</b> -----	<b>37</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>1 175</b>	<b>3 072</b>	<b>1 490</b>	<b>2 411</b>	<b>1 730</b>	<b>353</b>	<b>247</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>										
Occupied housing units-----	33	55	1 101	2 641	1 396	2 196	1 494	322	208	-
Owner-occupied housing units-----	23	33	962	1 742	962	1 860	1 350	241	142	-
Percent of occupied housing units-----	69.7	60.0	87.4	66.0	68.9	84.7	90.4	74.8	68.3	-
White-----	16	-	842	1 549	921	1 566	790	216	95	-
Black-----	7	33	114	179	23	274	550	22	35	-
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut-----	-	-	4	8	8	10	3	1	1	-
Asian or Pacific Islander-----	-	-	-	2	3	3	-	-	1	-
Other race-----	-	-	2	4	7	7	7	2	10	-
Hispanic origin (of any race)-----	1	-	6	15	10	23	13	2	16	-
White, not of Hispanic origin-----	15	-	838	1 539	919	1 551	785	216	90	-
Renter-occupied housing units-----	10	22	139	899	434	336	144	81	66	-
White-----	9	1	120	711	399	282	84	74	47	-
Black-----	1	21	12	171	20	52	54	5	15	-
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut-----	-	-	2	9	6	1	-	2	-	-
Asian or Pacific Islander-----	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other race-----	-	-	5	7	9	1	5	-	4	-
Hispanic origin (of any race)-----	-	-	9	24	10	5	5	-	6	-
White, not of Hispanic origin-----	9	1	117	695	397	278	84	74	46	-
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>										
Vacant housing units-----	<b>4</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>431</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>215</b>	<b>236</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>-</b>
For sale only-----	3	-	13	90	16	40	19	3	6	-
For rent-----	-	-	8	117	41	39	32	3	20	-
Rented or sold, not occupied-----	-	-	5	8	3	14	7	2	6	-
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use-----	-	-	5	21	2	13	71	1	-	-
For migrant workers-----	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other vacant-----	1	20	43	194	32	109	107	22	7	-
Boarded up-----	-	-	-	13	-	8	3	-	-	-
<b>ROOMS</b>										
1 room-----	-	2	1	25	3	15	8	2	4	-
2 rooms-----	1	4	10	101	17	36	22	3	8	-
3 rooms-----	5	6	33	314	80	117	92	14	27	-
4 rooms-----	6	23	166	799	311	512	342	82	78	-
5 rooms-----	8	20	329	844	441	743	529	117	76	-
6 rooms-----	9	13	284	562	347	571	382	78	36	-
7 rooms-----	5	6	162	269	174	248	191	33	13	-
8 or more rooms-----	3	1	190	158	117	169	164	24	5	-
Median, all housing units-----	5.3	4.6	5.7	4.9	5.3	5.2	5.3	5.1	4.6	-
Median, all housing units-----	5.3	4.7	5.9	5.0	5.4	5.3	5.4	5.3	4.6	-
Median, occupied housing units-----	5.3	4.7	5.7	5.0	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.2	4.6	-
Median, owner-occupied housing units-----	5.4	4.5	5.9	5.4	5.8	5.4	5.4	5.3	4.7	-
Median, renter-occupied housing units-----	5.0	5.3	4.9	4.2	4.3	4.6	4.8	4.4	4.4	-
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>										
1, detached-----	29	57	930	2 184	1 014	1 651	1 340	237	157	-
1, attached-----	-	-	11	57	25	17	14	1	4	-
2-----	-	-	1	234	131	4	13	19	1	-
3 or 4-----	-	5	10	127	31	12	1	3	-	-
5 to 9-----	-	-	2	57	10	3	1	9	-	-
10 to 19-----	1	-	2	37	33	2	-	3	-	-
20 to 49-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50 or more-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mobile home or trailer-----	5	12	213	335	244	688	323	79	84	-
Other-----	2	1	6	41	2	34	38	2	1	-
<b>Occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>33</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>1 101</b>	<b>2 641</b>	<b>1 396</b>	<b>2 196</b>	<b>1 494</b>	<b>322</b>	<b>208</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>										
1 person-----	7	23	168	716	229	400	320	85	61	-
2 persons-----	13	17	371	767	398	637	543	88	47	-
3 persons-----	7	3	202	510	297	431	263	61	34	-
4 persons-----	4	5	211	373	299	434	224	56	29	-
5 persons-----	1	5	98	172	130	199	88	19	20	-
6 or more persons-----	1	2	51	103	43	95	56	13	17	-
Median, occupied housing units-----	2.23	1.76	2.56	2.29	2.74	2.64	2.29	2.36	2.41	-
Median, owner-occupied housing units-----	2.19	1.55	2.58	2.24	2.74	2.64	2.29	2.48	2.30	-
Median, renter-occupied housing units-----	2.30	2.07	2.38	2.42	2.73	2.64	2.23	2.06	2.83	-
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>										
1.00 or less-----	31	50	1 062	2 521	1 345	2 104	1 438	313	181	-
1.01 to 1.50-----	1	2	28	86	41	75	40	8	22	-
1.51 or more-----	1	3	11	34	10	17	16	1	5	-
Median-----	.47	.48	.48	.51	.53	.54	.47	.50	.60	-
<b>VALUE</b>										
Specified owner-occupied housing units-----	<b>16</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>652</b>	<b>1 359</b>	<b>806</b>	<b>1 097</b>	<b>944</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>-</b>
Less than \$20,000-----	3	12	30	281	46	134	87	7	67	-
\$20,000 to \$39,999-----	6	6	48	377	84	202	164	34	7	-
\$40,000 to \$59,999-----	5	1	131	335	242	316	273	71	6	-
\$60,000 to \$79,999-----	-	4	225	218	298	306	197	22	2	-
\$80,000 to \$99,999-----	-	-	91	84	95	90	92	8	-	-
\$100,000 to \$149,999-----	1	-	83	47	37	39	61	5	1	-
\$150,000 to \$199,999-----	1	-	16	14	1	6	32	1	-	-
\$200,000 to \$249,999-----	-	-	12	1	2	3	14	2	-	-
\$250,000 to \$299,999-----	-	-	3	-	1	1	13	-	-	-
\$300,000 or more-----	-	-	13	2	-	-	11	-	-	-
Median (dollars)-----	35 000	18 800	69 900	41 100	61 500	53 300	54 900	50 400	10 000-	-
Median (dollars)-----	44 300	26 500	83 600	46 300	61 800	53 800	69 400	54 900	17 900	-
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>										
Specified renter-occupied housing units-----	<b>8</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>878</b>	<b>425</b>	<b>309</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>-</b>
Median contract rent (dollars)-----	163	163	307	205	264	238	259	331	190	-
Median contract rent (dollars)-----	163	168	349	212	272	273	264	312	181	-
With meals included in rent-----	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-
Median contract rent (dollars)-----	-	-	-	188	725	-	-	-	-	-
No meals included in rent-----	7	20	107	794	402	254	96	62	63	-
No cash rent-----	1	2	21	82	22	55	40	17	2	-

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990**—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Gregg County—Can.							
	Tract 109.98 (pt.)	Tract 110.98	Tract 111.98	Tract 112.98	Tract 113.98	Tract 114.98 (pt.)	Tract 115.98	Tract 116.98
<b>All housing units</b> .....	1	-	10	20	-	-	-	-
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>								
Occupied housing units .....	-	-	10	20	-	-	-	-
Owner-occupied housing units .....	-	-	9	16	-	-	-	-
Percent of occupied housing units .....	-	-	90.0	80.0	-	-	-	-
White .....	-	-	8	15	-	-	-	-
Black .....	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Asian or Pacific Islander .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other race .....	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Hispanic origin (of any race) .....	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
White, not of Hispanic origin .....	-	-	8	14	-	-	-	-
Renter-occupied housing units .....	-	-	1	4	-	-	-	-
White .....	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-
Black .....	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Asian or Pacific Islander .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other race .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hispanic origin (of any race) .....	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
White, not of Hispanic origin .....	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>								
Vacant housing units .....	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
For sole only .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
For rent .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rented or sold, not occupied .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use .....	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
For migrant workers .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other vacant .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Boarded up .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>ROOMS</b>								
1 room .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2 rooms .....	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
3 rooms .....	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
4 rooms .....	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-
5 rooms .....	-	-	2	6	-	-	-	-
6 rooms .....	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	-
7 rooms .....	-	-	2	5	-	-	-	-
8 or more rooms .....	1	-	4	1	-	-	-	-
Median, all housing units .....	8.0	-	7.0	5.3	-	-	-	-
Mean, all housing units .....	8.0	-	6.9	5.5	-	-	-	-
Median, occupied housing units .....	-	-	7.0	5.3	-	-	-	-
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	-	-	7.3	5.5	-	-	-	-
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	-	-	3.0	4.5	-	-	-	-
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>								
1, detached .....	1	-	10	17	-	-	-	-
1, attached .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2 .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3 or 4 .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 to 9 .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 to 19 .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 to 49 .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50 or more .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mobile home or trailer .....	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-
Other .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Occupied housing units .....	-	-	10	20	-	-	-	-
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>								
1 person .....	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-
2 persons .....	-	-	4	10	-	-	-	-
3 persons .....	-	-	3	4	-	-	-	-
4 persons .....	-	-	3	1	-	-	-	-
5 persons .....	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
6 or more persons .....	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Median, occupied housing units .....	-	-	2.83	2.20	-	-	-	-
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	-	-	3.00	2.36	-	-	-	-
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	-	-	2.00	1.83	-	-	-	-
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>								
1.00 or less .....	-	-	10	19	-	-	-	-
1.01 to 1.50 .....	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
1.51 or more .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mean .....	-	-	.42	.47	-	-	-	-
<b>VALUE</b>								
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	-	-	7	12	-	-	-	-
Less than \$20,000 .....	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
\$20,000 to \$39,999 .....	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-
\$40,000 to \$59,999 .....	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-
\$60,000 to \$79,999 .....	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	-
\$80,000 to \$99,999 .....	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
\$100,000 to \$149,999 .....	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-
\$150,000 to \$199,999 .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$200,000 to \$249,999 .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$250,000 to \$299,999 .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$300,000 or more .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars) .....	-	-	128 100	40 000	-	-	-	-
Mean (dollars) .....	-	-	117 900	46 000	-	-	-	-
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>								
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	-
Median contract rent (dollars) .....	-	-	-	387	-	-	-	-
Mean contract rent (dollars) .....	-	-	-	394	-	-	-	-
With meals included in rent .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mean contract rent (dollars) .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No meals included in rent .....	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
No cash rent .....	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-



Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Harrison County						
	Troct 201.01	Troct 203	Troct 204.01	Troct 204.02	Troct 205	Troct 206.97	Troct 206.98
All housing units.....	2 936	3 110	1 588	2 329	3 522	2 901	2 620
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>							
Occupied housing units.....	2 545	2 842	1 366	2 010	3 191	2 665	2 424
Owner-occupied housing units.....	2 168	1 963	839	1 212	2 247	2 158	1 990
Percent of occupied housing units.....	85.2	69.1	61.4	60.3	70.4	81.0	82.1
White.....	1 539	1 726	402	376	1 759	2 058	1 702
Black.....	609	216	423	826	474	88	260
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	8	4	4	1	2	2	10
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	2	8	1	1	7	2	3
Other race.....	10	9	9	8	5	8	15
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	20	21	14	14	22	20	29
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	1 534	1 717	397	372	1 744	2 046	1 688
Renter-occupied housing units.....	377	879	527	798	944	507	434
White.....	214	641	155	169	584	451	367
Black.....	153	209	350	613	335	46	55
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	3	6	2	1	4	4	2
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	1	2	1	5	2	1	—
Other race.....	6	21	19	10	19	5	10
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	7	28	24	14	26	11	13
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	214	635	152	165	578	446	364
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>							
Vacant housing units.....	391	268	222	319	331	236	196
For sale only.....	26	40	28	43	55	28	14
For rent.....	34	56	62	123	82	80	22
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	33	46	4	10	31	7	11
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	126	4	4	—	7	38	20
For migrant workers.....	—	—	—	—	—	1	2
Other vacant.....	172	122	124	143	156	82	127
Boarded up.....	2	1	9	7	3	—	5
<b>ROOMS</b>							
1 room.....	18	15	16	7	18	19	18
2 rooms.....	68	74	61	45	63	57	59
3 rooms.....	195	247	153	185	299	159	158
4 rooms.....	596	577	334	549	575	556	556
5 rooms.....	862	834	450	663	1 011	836	858
6 rooms.....	619	726	338	510	839	698	566
7 rooms.....	308	372	120	226	407	343	234
8 or more rooms.....	270	265	116	144	310	233	171
Median, all housing units.....	5.2	5.3	5.0	5.1	5.3	5.3	5.1
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.3	5.4	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.4	5.2
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	5.3	5.3	5.1	5.1	5.4	5.4	5.1
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.4	5.7	5.4	5.5	5.7	5.6	5.3
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	4.6	4.2	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.5
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>							
1, detached.....	2 018	2 468	1 119	1 894	2 898	2 039	1 578
1, attached.....	25	20	15	13	24	26	26
2.....	4	131	56	50	134	102	29
3 or 4.....	3	68	58	119	123	14	21
5 to 9.....	5	93	126	87	89	34	2
10 to 19.....	18	118	41	76	44	46	2
20 to 49.....	—	63	—	—	—	23	—
50 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer.....	821	119	155	55	180	594	941
Other.....	42	30	18	35	30	23	21
Occupied housing units.....	2 545	2 842	1 366	2 010	3 191	2 665	2 424
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>							
1 person.....	504	743	367	626	889	390	467
2 persons.....	788	852	351	533	1 065	813	764
3 persons.....	497	510	244	326	506	574	498
4 persons.....	446	443	182	250	423	562	441
5 persons.....	191	193	115	136	205	230	188
6 or more persons.....	119	101	107	139	103	96	66
Median, occupied housing units.....	2.48	2.30	2.40	2.21	2.16	2.73	2.48
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.47	2.29	2.24	2.06	2.14	2.72	2.42
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	2.54	2.32	2.75	2.54	2.26	2.73	2.89
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>							
1.00 or less.....	2 424	2 729	1 241	1 881	3 069	2 566	2 328
1.01 to 1.50.....	86	71	88	97	90	81	69
1.51 or more.....	35	42	37	32	32	18	27
Median.....	.51	.48	.55	.50	.46	.53	.52
<b>VALUE</b>							
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	1 059	1 686	615	1 052	1 899	1 428	983
Less than \$20,000.....	175	234	212	234	249	62	75
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	231	450	236	445	560	158	207
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	225	405	96	238	552	480	288
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	186	312	42	95	262	417	260
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	123	164	14	25	107	186	99
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	81	89	14	13	102	102	43
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	23	20	—	1	41	16	8
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	5	5	—	1	13	4	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	6	3	—	—	3	2	3
\$300,000 or more.....	4	4	1	—	10	1	—
Median (dollars).....	50 300	46 900	26 800	32 800	44 400	60 500	53 100
Mean (dollars).....	59 100	54 200	33 100	36 600	54 300	64 800	56 800
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>							
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	307	849	506	779	907	469	400
Median contract rent (dollars).....	211	287	171	186	242	265	260
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	215	283	175	185	238	273	268
With meals included in rent.....	1	2	—	3	4	2	—
Median contract rent (dollars).....	90	82	—	142	719	225	—
No meals included in rent.....	217	787	446	715	809	426	330
No cash rent.....	89	60	60	61	94	41	70

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Langview city (pt.), Harrison County		Marshall city, Harrison County				
	Tract 206.97 (pt.)	Tract 206.98 (pt.)	Tract 201.01 (pt.)	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204.01 (pt.)	Tract 204.02 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)
All housing units.....	603	70	216	2 947	1 240	2 222	3 058
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>							
Occupied housing units.....	557	60	202	2 704	1 049	1 908	2 759
Owner-occupied housing units.....	403	44	174	1 854	573	1 134	1 902
Percent of occupied housing units.....	72.3	73.3	86.1	68.6	54.6	59.4	68.9
White.....	396	41	163	1 636	204	311	1 473
Black.....	5	1	8	198	359	816	417
American Indian, Eskima, or Aleut.....	—	—	2	3	2	—	2
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	—	1	—	8	—	1	7
Other race.....	2	1	1	9	8	6	3
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	4	1	2	21	10	12	13
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	394	41	162	1 627	201	307	1 465
Renter-occupied housing units.....	154	16	28	850	476	774	857
White.....	132	16	25	617	124	152	509
Black.....	19	—	3	206	334	606	327
American Indian, Eskima, or Aleut.....	2	—	—	6	2	1	3
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	1	—	—	2	1	5	2
Other race.....	—	—	—	19	15	10	16
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	3	—	—	24	20	14	21
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	129	16	25	613	121	148	505
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>							
Vacant housing units.....	46	10	14	243	191	314	299
For sale only.....	9	—	3	39	20	42	51
For rent.....	28	2	1	52	54	122	75
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	—	—	1	43	4	8	30
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	4	—	—	4	2	—	4
For migrant workers.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	5	8	9	105	111	142	139
Boarded up.....	—	—	—	1	8	7	2
<b>ROOMS</b>							
1 room.....	2	3	—	14	15	7	15
2 rooms.....	11	1	1	73	54	45	58
3 rooms.....	37	6	8	239	126	177	264
4 rooms.....	100	9	12	535	259	523	473
5 rooms.....	184	18	43	787	355	633	873
6 rooms.....	157	19	47	681	248	492	749
7 rooms.....	75	8	45	364	96	211	360
8 or more rooms.....	37	6	60	254	87	134	266
Median, all housing units.....	5.3	5.4	6.4	5.3	5.0	5.1	5.3
Mean, all housing units.....	5.4	5.3	6.6	5.4	5.0	5.2	5.4
Median, occupied housing units.....	5.4	5.4	6.5	5.3	5.0	5.1	5.4
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.8	5.8	6.8	5.8	5.4	5.5	5.7
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	4.3	4.3	5.1	4.2	4.4	4.4	4.4
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>							
1, detached.....	437	55	203	2 343	880	1 813	2 581
1, attached.....	10	—	—	19	12	11	24
2.....	17	—	—	131	55	50	114
3 or 4.....	7	—	—	68	58	118	122
5 to 9.....	33	—	—	93	126	87	89
10 to 19.....	27	—	—	118	41	76	44
20 to 49.....	23	—	—	63	—	—	—
50 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer.....	49	15	12	84	52	32	57
Other.....	—	—	1	28	16	35	27
Occupied housing units.....	557	60	202	2 704	1 049	1 908	2 759
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>							
1 person.....	86	15	35	720	291	605	798
2 persons.....	198	25	82	800	258	508	928
3 persons.....	120	10	41	487	177	302	426
4 persons.....	102	7	25	422	139	229	354
5 persons.....	43	2	15	178	96	129	167
6 or more persons.....	8	1	4	97	88	135	86
Median, occupied housing units.....	2.47	2.10	2.30	2.29	2.41	2.19	2.13
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.47	2.07	2.29	2.29	2.20	2.03	2.10
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	2.50	2.25	2.50	2.29	2.74	2.51	2.23
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>							
1.00 or less.....	546	57	202	2 597	945	1 786	2 656
1.01 to 1.50.....	8	2	—	67	72	92	71
1.51 or more.....	3	1	—	40	32	30	32
Mean.....	.50	.44	.39	.48	.56	.50	.45
<b>VALUE</b>							
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	352	36	143	1 619	485	1 018	1 717
Less than \$20,000.....	8	—	6	215	189	228	230
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	26	3	14	431	192	436	516
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	144	18	16	386	61	230	521
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	134	12	25	309	30	85	219
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	27	2	42	159	3	25	89
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	10	1	26	89	9	13	87
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	3	—	6	18	—	—	34
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	—	—	4	5	—	1	9
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	—	—	3	3	—	—	3
\$300,000 or more.....	—	—	1	4	1	—	9
Median (dollars).....	59 700	55 000	84 200	47 700	24 500	32 600	43 800
Mean (dollars).....	60 800	59 400	91 500	54 800	30 500	36 200	53 100
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>							
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	150	16	25	828	459	758	832
Median contract rent (dollars).....	275	206	300	288	167	183	240
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	266	244	352	285	172	183	237
With meals included in rent.....	1	—	—	2	—	3	4
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	213	—	—	82	—	142	719
No meals included in rent.....	143	15	18	767	415	697	749
No cash rent.....	6	1	7	59	44	58	79



Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Harrison County								
	Troct 201.01 (pt.)	Troct 201.02	Troct 202.98	Troct 203 (pt.)	Troct 204.01 (pt.)	Troct 204.02 (pt.)	Troct 205 (pt.)	Troct 206.97 (pt.)	Troct 206.98 (pt.)
All housing units.....	2 720	2 442	2 033	163	348	107	464	2 298	2 550
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units.....	2 343	1 888	1 774	138	317	102	432	2 108	2 364
Percent of occupied housing units.....	85.1	79.4	85.3	79.0	83.9	76.5	79.9	83.3	82.3
White.....	1 376	1 165	1 236	90	198	65	286	1 662	1 661
Black.....	601	327	268	18	64	10	57	83	259
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	6	4	6	1	2	1	—	2	10
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	2	1	—	—	1	—	—	2	2
Other race.....	9	3	3	—	1	2	2	6	14
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	18	15	15	—	4	2	9	16	28
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	1 372	1 156	1 227	90	196	65	279	1 652	1 647
Renter-occupied housing units.....	349	388	261	29	51	24	87	353	418
White.....	189	271	193	24	31	17	75	319	351
Black.....	150	112	65	3	16	7	8	27	55
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	3	—	1	—	—	—	1	2	2
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other race.....	6	5	2	2	4	—	3	5	10
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	7	5	3	4	4	—	5	8	13
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	189	271	193	22	31	17	73	317	348
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>									
Vacant housing units.....	377	554	259	25	31	5	32	190	186
For sale only.....	23	41	25	1	8	1	4	19	14
For rent.....	33	50	18	4	8	1	7	52	20
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	32	9	6	3	—	2	1	7	11
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	126	312	56	—	2	—	3	34	20
For migrant workers.....	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	1	2
Other vacant.....	163	142	152	17	13	1	17	77	119
Boarded up.....	2	2	1	—	1	—	1	—	5
<b>ROOMS</b>									
1 room.....	18	35	29	1	1	—	3	17	15
2 rooms.....	67	111	52	1	7	—	5	46	58
3 rooms.....	187	230	110	8	27	8	35	122	152
4 rooms.....	584	661	488	42	75	26	102	456	547
5 rooms.....	819	700	661	47	95	30	138	652	840
6 rooms.....	572	414	407	45	90	18	90	541	547
7 rooms.....	263	163	169	8	24	15	47	268	226
8 or more rooms.....	210	128	117	11	29	10	44	196	165
Median, all housing units.....	5.1	4.8	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.3	5.1
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.2	4.9	5.1	5.2	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.4	5.2
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	5.2	5.0	5.1	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.3	5.1
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.3	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.5	5.3
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	4.6	4.4	4.6	4.4	4.7	4.7	4.5	4.4	4.5
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>									
1, detached.....	1 815	1 499	1 349	125	239	81	317	1 602	1 523
1, attached.....	25	18	7	1	3	2	—	16	26
2.....	4	11	1	—	1	—	20	85	29
3 or 4.....	3	18	—	—	—	1	1	7	21
5 to 9.....	5	43	2	—	—	—	—	1	2
10 to 19.....	18	33	1	—	—	—	—	19	2
20 to 49.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer.....	809	790	658	35	103	23	123	545	926
Other.....	41	30	15	2	2	—	3	23	21
Occupied housing units.....	2 343	1 888	1 774	138	317	102	432	2 108	2 364
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>									
1 person.....	469	424	342	23	76	21	91	304	452
2 persons.....	706	625	568	52	93	25	137	615	739
3 persons.....	456	339	319	23	67	24	80	454	488
4 persons.....	421	287	298	21	43	21	69	460	434
5 persons.....	176	126	153	15	19	7	38	187	186
6 or more persons.....	115	87	94	4	19	4	17	88	65
Median, occupied housing units.....	2.50	2.33	2.46	2.38	2.39	2.71	2.41	2.80	2.49
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.49	2.31	2.42	2.27	2.33	2.50	2.38	2.79	2.43
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	2.54	2.45	2.83	3.63	2.77	3.50	2.60	2.82	2.91
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>									
1.00 or less.....	2 222	1 769	1 673	132	296	95	413	2 020	2 271
1.01 to 1.50.....	86	87	78	4	16	5	19	73	67
1.51 or more.....	35	32	23	2	5	2	—	15	26
Mean.....	.53	.52	.54	.52	.51	.52	.51	.54	.52
<b>VALUE</b>									
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	916	780	605	67	130	34	182	1 076	947
Less than \$20,000.....	169	151	131	19	23	6	19	54	75
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	217	194	163	19	44	9	44	132	204
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	209	186	165	19	35	8	31	336	270
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	161	152	95	3	12	10	43	283	248
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	81	44	34	5	11	—	18	159	97
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	55	43	13	—	5	—	15	92	42
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	17	9	3	2	—	1	7	13	8
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	1	—	—	—	—	—	4	4	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	3	1	1	—	—	—	—	2	3
\$300,000 or more.....	3	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—
Median (dollars).....	46 600	44 500	40 800	37 200	38 300	45 000	57 900	61 000	52 900
Mean (dollars).....	54 000	48 900	44 200	40 100	43 000	47 100	65 700	66 100	56 700
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>									
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	282	365	206	21	47	21	75	319	384
Median contract rent (dollars).....	206	209	204	208	231	268	260	261	262
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	203	203	203	210	210	254	249	277	269
With meals included in rent.....	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	1	—
Median contract rent (dollars).....	90	50	313	—	—	—	—	237	—
No meals included in rent.....	199	294	133	20	31	18	60	283	315
No cash rent.....	82	70	72	1	16	3	15	35	69

Table 10. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Gregg County				Harrison County		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County						
	Longview-Morsholl, TX MSA		Longview city (pt.)		Total	Marshall city	Tract 2	Tract 4	Tract 9	Tract 11	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 101
	Total	Kilgore city (pt.)											
Occupied housing units -----	47 156	32 148	2 789	21 017	15 008	5 214	1 512	2 558	828	561	771	269	1 356
TENURE													
Owner-occupied housing units -----	33 113	21 150	1 717	12 876	11 963	3 787	1 019	1 090	608	338	479	176	1 142
Percent of occupied housing units -----	70.2	65.8	61.6	61.3	79.7	72.6	67.4	42.6	73.4	60.2	62.1	65.4	84.2
Renter-occupied housing units -----	14 043	10 998	1 072	8 141	3 045	1 427	493	1 468	220	223	292	93	214
Percent of occupied housing units -----	29.8	34.2	38.4	38.7	20.3	27.4	32.6	57.4	26.6	39.8	37.9	34.6	15.8
ROOMS													
1 room -----	241	171	23	115	70	17	31	23	5	3	3	1	2
2 rooms -----	1 127	833	59	648	294	86	58	183	12	18	26	7	8
3 rooms -----	3 571	2 766	274	2 071	805	292	190	366	59	68	93	11	53
4 rooms -----	8 685	5 956	593	3 793	2 729	772	279	536	196	82	114	61	179
5 rooms -----	12 793	8 189	670	4 999	4 604	1 479	382	596	268	120	201	101	398
6 rooms -----	10 760	7 249	591	4 693	3 511	1 300	319	490	206	112	231	61	335
7 rooms -----	5 465	3 806	296	2 540	1 659	701	144	230	52	71	88	16	185
8 or more rooms -----	4 514	3 178	283	2 158	1 336	567	109	134	30	87	35	11	196
Median, occupied housing units -----	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.5	5.0	4.8	5.0	5.4	5.2	5.0	5.6
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.9	5.5	5.8	5.6	6.0	5.2	6.0	5.7	5.2	5.8
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.5	4.4	3.6	3.9	4.7	4.1	4.0	4.6	4.8
UNITS IN STRUCTURE													
1, detached -----	32 798	22 135	2 023	13 942	10 663	4 365	996	1 130	666	421	568	183	1 076
1, attached -----	788	689	19	573	99	30	17	66	5	15	2	3	9
2 -----	2 046	1 715	114	1 346	331	192	43	49	14	41	15	3	7
3 or 4 -----	1 142	967	109	738	175	138	17	90	2	14	45	28	15
5 to 9 -----	1 513	1 317	63	1 204	196	148	21	439	9	8	39	2	4
10 to 19 -----	1 331	1 165	121	988	166	115	67	377	9	49	21	2	13
20 to 49 -----	513	448	28	420	65	50	21	52	3	5	60	5	—
50 or more -----	973	793	183	790	—	—	111	245	3	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer -----	5 743	2 513	100	886	3 230	148	201	94	127	1	12	46	226
Other -----	309	226	29	130	83	28	18	16	2	7	9	4	6
PERSONS IN UNIT													
1 person -----	11 525	8 340	940	5 762	3 185	1 506	463	1 049	208	209	204	73	198
2 persons -----	15 876	10 878	924	7 242	4 998	1 750	535	914	284	158	298	101	447
3 persons -----	8 392	5 528	425	3 487	2 864	868	218	313	138	77	120	254	27
4 persons -----	7 352	4 814	324	3 010	2 538	702	187	190	125	71	89	27	282
5 persons -----	2 855	1 846	120	1 083	1 009	272	69	69	55	30	45	11	127
6 or more persons -----	1 156	742	56	433	414	116	40	23	18	16	15	10	48
Median, occupied housing units -----	2.26	2.21	1.99	2.16	2.36	2.13	2.05	1.75	2.23	1.95	2.11	2.11	2.63
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	2.32	2.30	2.06	2.27	2.36	2.14	2.19	2.13	2.13	2.01	2.11	2.04	2.67
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	2.06	1.98	1.84	1.89	2.40	2.10	1.55	1.50	2.63	1.80	2.10	2.24	2.39
PERSONS PER ROOM													
1.00 or less -----	45 845	31 324	2 721	20 522	14 521	5 099	1 475	2 526	798	542	748	258	1 313
1.01 to 1.50 -----	1 018	639	51	381	379	86	26	19	25	13	18	9	35
1.51 or more -----	293	185	17	114	108	29	11	13	5	6	5	2	8
Mean -----	.47	.46	.43	.45	.49	.43	.46	.41	.50	.41	.46	.47	.49
VALUE													
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	25 003	17 521	1 520	11 300	7 482	3 348	787	950	460	305	435	135	790
Less than \$20,000 -----	1 732	1 110	238	476	622	328	32	12	44	24	22	10	28
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	4 726	3 003	376	1 870	1 723	962	140	101	192	76	151	80	71
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	6 846	4 479	287	2 907	2 167	923	159	323	185	67	210	40	200
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	6 154	4 540	266	2 907	2 167	923	159	323	185	67	210	40	200
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	2 714	1 984	160	1 317	1 000	552	100	277	30	31	44	4	105
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	1 889	1 438	134	1 006	451	205	53	139	4	24	2	—	95
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	532	420	33	320	112	53	11	18	3	12	2	—	18
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	191	164	10	120	27	18	—	1	—	1	—	—	15
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	100	82	9	56	18	13	—	2	—	4	—	—	2
\$300,000 or more -----	119	101	7	70	18	13	2	—	2	1	—	—	13
Median (dollars) -----	57 300	59 900	50 000	61 000	52 200	47 300	64 300	62 700	39 500	53 000	43 900	34 300	67 300
Mean (dollars) -----	64 900	67 600	60 300	70 200	58 700	56 700	67 000	68 300	41 300	65 400	44 300	36 200	80 400
CONTRACT RENT													
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	13 667	10 831	1 063	8 046	2 836	1 386	487	1 456	214	218	285	93	196
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	277	281	269	288	264	277	275	298	256	247	273	285	269
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	297	304	279	315	269	281	454	319	259	259	268	257	323
With meals included in rent -----	145	139	3	133	6	3	121	1	—	—	—	—	—
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	881	903	600	922	367	479	963	387	—	—	—	—	—
No meals included in rent -----	12 574	10 117	985	7 606	2 457	1 248	340	1 427	196	203	260	84	173
No cash rent -----	948	575	75	307	373	135	26	28	18	15	25	9	23



Table 10. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990 — Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County—Con.				Kilgore city (pt.), Gregg County		Longview city (pt.), Gregg County						
	Tract 103	Tract 104	Tract 106	Tract 107	Tract 106 (pt.)	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5.02	Tract 8	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10
Occupied housing units -----	2 595	1 871	1 982	1 216	1 692	1 074	941	2 019	2 553	1 529	2 155	811	676
TENURE													
Owner-occupied housing units -----	1 709	1 584	1 256	754	1 040	659	495	1 236	1 087	847	1 203	596	416
Percent of occupied housing units -----	65.9	84.7	63.4	62.0	61.5	61.4	52.6	61.2	42.6	55.4	55.8	73.5	61.5
Renter-occupied housing units -----	886	287	726	462	652	415	446	783	1 466	682	952	215	260
Percent of occupied housing units -----	34.1	15.3	36.6	38.0	38.5	38.6	47.4	38.8	57.4	44.6	44.2	26.5	38.5
ROOMS													
1 room -----	2	11	21	6	19	4	31	6	23	7	4	5	4
2 rooms -----	49	27	37	28	34	25	56	45	183	48	54	12	20
3 rooms -----	99	74	166	135	153	120	174	252	366	215	172	59	58
4 rooms -----	609	363	352	336	293	294	247	265	536	277	527	193	134
5 rooms -----	667	600	449	359	360	311	236	324	594	378	725	282	234
6 rooms -----	608	462	451	225	383	204	124	457	488	362	409	203	151
7 rooms -----	319	202	249	79	222	71	41	323	230	153	181	47	47
8 or more rooms -----	242	132	257	48	238	45	32	347	133	89	83	28	28
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.3	5.3	5.4	4.8	5.4	4.8	4.8	5.1	4.8	5.1	4.9	5.0	5.0
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.9	5.4	6.0	5.0	6.2	5.1	5.0	6.5	5.1	5.8	5.3	5.1	5.3
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	4.2	4.7	4.1	4.2	4.1	4.2	3.5	3.9	3.9	3.9	4.3	4.7	4.4
UNITS IN STRUCTURE													
1, detached -----	1 730	1 275	1 393	887	1 194	808	463	1 308	1 125	890	1 260	652	563
1, attached -----	91	11	9	13	8	11	14	31	66	94	98	5	13
2 -----	365	4	60	73	42	72	40	28	49	113	409	14	34
3 or 4 -----	91	10	63	49	60	49	17	62	90	162	55	2	13
5 to 9 -----	21	3	51	13	50	13	21	255	439	186	53	9	5
10 to 19 -----	28	2	86	37	84	37	67	102	377	112	19	9	3
20 to 49 -----	—	—	28	—	28	—	21	35	52	61	—	3	3
50 or more -----	—	—	183	—	183	—	111	91	245	—	—	3	31
Mobile home or trailer -----	260	541	92	130	28	70	172	—	94	1	246	124	2
Other -----	9	25	17	14	15	14	15	7	16	6	15	2	2
PERSONS IN UNIT													
1 person -----	367	311	597	445	526	406	386	648	1 048	470	407	205	238
2 persons -----	746	559	709	322	629	288	315	755	913	587	637	274	214
3 persons -----	576	379	319	185	261	160	113	273	312	254	483	136	99
4 persons -----	597	390	236	156	185	136	77	231	189	160	407	123	84
5 persons -----	235	169	88	64	70	50	29	86	68	48	153	55	28
6 or more persons -----	74	63	33	44	21	34	21	26	23	10	68	18	13
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	2.82	2.67	2.06	2.01	2.01	1.95	1.77	1.98	1.75	2.00	2.57	2.23	1.97
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	2.86	2.67	2.16	1.98	2.11	1.93	1.95	2.19	2.13	2.10	2.45	2.13	1.96
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	2.76	2.71	1.81	2.07	1.77	2.01	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.84	2.73	2.69	1.99
PERSONS PER ROOM													
1.00 or less -----	2 496	1 807	1 942	1 168	1 661	1 038	910	2 005	2 521	1 508	2 049	781	661
1.01 to 1.50 -----	84	53	31	38	23	27	21	12	19	15	77	25	12
1.51 or more -----	15	11	9	10	8	9	10	2	13	6	29	3	3
Mean -----	.54	.53	.42	.49	.40	.47	.47	.39	.41	.43	.55	.50	.45
VALUE													
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	1 438	930	1 091	602	953	555	320	1 126	947	780	951	455	396
Less than \$20,000 -----	51	62	36	242	31	205	31	5	12	6	55	12	53
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	141	168	183	228	150	223	123	50	101	66	236	66	53
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	426	282	259	92	194	88	96	174	321	369	415	190	178
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	573	290	267	119	247	18	41	376	277	226	177	185	126
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	176	82	156	11	148	11	8	252	138	77	50	29	26
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	58	36	131	7	127	7	5	168	77	33	17	3	4
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	8	6	33	1	32	1	7	47	18	1	1	2	6
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	4	3	12	2	10	2	7	23	1	2	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	—	—	7	—	7	—	—	9	2	—	—	—	—
\$300,000 or more -----	—	—	7	—	7	—	2	22	—	—	—	2	—
Median (dollars) -----	62 900	56 600	64 500	25 700	67 300	26 900	41 200	77 600	62 800	56 900	48 200	39 500	37 300
Mean (dollars) -----	63 600	57 500	74 700	30 000	77 500	31 100	52 900	94 200	68 300	61 400	50 000	41 000	40 800
CONTRACT RENT													
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	872	272	722	454	650	408	441	778	1 454	679	942	209	256
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	267	248	295	219	293	224	272	292	297	292	316	256	256
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	280	284	309	224	308	228	459	312	319	312	314	258	268
With meals included in rent -----	3	—	1	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	—	1
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	350	—	437	682	437	682	963	413	387	513	1 063	—	213
No meals included in rent -----	842	227	680	406	621	682	305	751	1 425	658	912	192	235
No cash rent -----	27	45	41	46	28	45	15	26	28	20	28	17	20

Table 10. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990** —Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County—Con.					Remainder of Gregg County				Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Harrison County			
	Tract 11 (pt.)	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 105	Tract 201.01	Tract 203	Tract 204.01	Tract 204.02
<b>Occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>561</b>	<b>418</b>	<b>972</b>	<b>746</b>	<b>268</b>	<b>962</b>	<b>2 260</b>	<b>1 848</b>	<b>874</b>	<b>1 753</b>	<b>2 367</b>	<b>557</b>	<b>545</b>
<b>TENURE</b>													
Owner-occupied housing units -----	338	299	654	463	176	842	1 549	1 566	790	1 539	1 726	402	376
Percent of occupied housing units -----	60.2	71.5	67.3	62.1	65.7	87.5	68.5	84.7	90.4	87.8	72.9	72.2	69.0
Renter-occupied housing units -----	223	119	318	283	92	120	711	282	84	214	155	155	169
Percent of occupied housing units -----	39.8	28.5	32.7	37.9	34.3	12.5	31.5	15.3	9.6	12.2	27.1	27.8	31.0
<b>ROOMS</b>													
1 room -----	3	5	17	3	1	7	10	11	6	7	10	3	1
2 rooms -----	18	16	85	25	6	24	59	27	12	31	40	22	4
3 rooms -----	88	115	193	91	11	118	178	73	41	86	139	38	31
4 rooms -----	82	133	222	109	61	275	659	357	174	302	383	109	126
5 rooms -----	120	97	222	227	101	227	659	591	293	538	641	162	177
6 rooms -----	112	32	117	63	16	140	234	199	186	206	588	127	121
7 rooms -----	71	20	74	33	11	171	134	132	86	199	235	35	47
8 or more rooms -----	87	5.0	5.2	5.2	5.0	5.8	5.1	5.3	7.6	5.3	5.5	6.1	38
Median, occupied housing units -----	5.4	5.2	5.6	5.7	5.2	5.9	5.4	5.4	5.2	5.5	5.2	5.2	5.1
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	6.2	5.2	5.6	5.7	5.2	5.9	5.4	5.4	5.2	5.4	5.8	5.4	5.4
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	4.1	4.6	4.2	4.0	4.7	4.9	4.2	4.7	4.9	4.7	4.3	4.5	4.3
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>													
1, detached -----	421	392	798	549	182	766	1 676	1 254	673	1 140	1 932	385	439
1, attached -----	15	6	16	2	3	9	44	11	5	15	14	7	2
2 -----	41	12	58	15	3	1	101	4	4	3	79	22	25
3 or 4 -----	14	4	15	45	28	6	74	10	—	1	27	12	31
5 to 9 -----	8	—	8	39	—	2	35	3	—	—	78	28	5
10 to 19 -----	49	—	5	21	2	2	24	2	—	8	79	5	9
20 to 49 -----	5	—	26	60	—	—	—	—	—	—	50	—	—
50 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer -----	1	1	33	8	46	171	281	539	188	575	96	94	33
Other -----	7	3	13	7	4	5	25	25	4	11	12	4	1
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>													
1 person -----	209	139	333	200	72	136	613	303	175	290	627	152	207
2 persons -----	198	137	355	286	101	333	676	552	403	602	741	185	161
3 persons -----	77	51	142	115	47	181	433	375	142	364	428	104	89
4 persons -----	71	48	86	86	27	190	321	387	104	333	370	67	55
5 persons -----	30	22	26	45	11	91	147	169	38	115	144	28	17
6 or more persons -----	16	21	37	14	10	31	70	62	12	49	57	21	16
Median, occupied housing units -----	1.95	2.01	1.93	2.10	2.11	2.57	2.26	2.68	2.15	2.47	2.25	2.18	1.91
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	2.01	1.85	1.90	2.11	2.04	2.58	2.23	2.68	2.14	2.47	2.29	2.11	1.84
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	1.80	2.72	2.04	2.09	2.26	2.43	2.38	2.72	2.29	2.55	2.13	2.40	2.10
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>													
1.00 or less -----	542	396	944	725	257	937	2 183	1 785	852	1 705	2 317	529	527
1.01 to 1.50 -----	13	18	20	17	9	19	58	52	16	39	37	23	16
1.51 or more -----	6	4	8	4	2	6	19	11	6	9	13	5	2
Mean -----	.41	.47	.43	.46	.47	.47	.49	.53	.44	.49	.45	.46	.42
<b>VALUE</b>													
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>305</b>	<b>279</b>	<b>586</b>	<b>424</b>	<b>135</b>	<b>566</b>	<b>1 206</b>	<b>918</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>710</b>	<b>1 483</b>	<b>259</b>	<b>306</b>
Less than \$20,000 -----	24	69	107	20	10	17	216	60	19	52	163	74	31
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	76	155	235	146	80	35	325	165	82	125	378	93	140
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	67	39	150	208	40	107	315	277	163	156	366	49	95
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	65	13	53	44	4	202	209	289	114	156	298	26	33
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	31	2	17	4	—	84	81	81	64	112	158	11	4
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	24	1	9	1	—	78	47	36	43	72	88	6	2
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	12	1	2	—	1	16	11	6	27	22	20	—	1
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	1	—	—	—	—	12	1	3	11	5	20	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	4	—	1	—	—	2	1	1	13	6	3	—	—
\$300,000 or more -----	1	—	—	—	—	13	1	—	10	4	4	—	—
Median (dollars) -----	53 000	27 400	35 800	44 000	34 300	72 100	43 500	56 700	61 300	63 100	50 200	29 600	37 400
Mean (dollars) -----	65 400	30 500	42 500	44 200	36 200	87 900	48 000	57 600	81 300	71 100	57 100	36 700	40 300
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>													
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>218</b>	<b>115</b>	<b>312</b>	<b>278</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>694</b>	<b>267</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>615</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>162</b>
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	247	251	258	274	286	338	217	250	307	251	229	251	258
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	259	242	262	270	259	362	229	286	324	260	300	215	240
With meds included in rent -----	—	—	3	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	1	—	—
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	—	—	675	—	—	—	188	—	—	—	50	—	—
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	203	106	278	254	83	97	625	224	55	130	565	120	147
No meds included in rent -----	15	9	31	24	9	14	67	43	22	47	49	28	15



Table 10. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990 —Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Harrison County—Con.			Marshall city, Harrison County			Remainder of Harrison County				
	Tract 205	Tract 206.97	Tract 206.98	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204.01 (pt.)	Tract 204.02 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 201.01 (pt.)	Tract 202.98	Tract 206.97 (pt.)	Tract 206.98 (pt.)
Occupied housing units -----	2 343	2 509	2 069	2 253	328	463	1 982	1 565	1 436	1 429	2 012
TENURE											
Owner-occupied housing units -----	1 759	2 058	1 702	1 636	204	311	1 473	1 376	1 165	1 236	1 661
Percent of occupied housing units -----	75.1	82.0	82.3	72.6	62.2	67.2	74.3	87.9	81.1	86.5	83.9
Renter-occupied housing units -----	584	451	367	617	124	152	509	189	271	193	351
Percent of occupied housing units -----	24.9	18.0	17.7	27.4	37.8	32.8	25.7	12.1	18.9	13.5	16.1
ROOMS											
1 room -----	6	13	8	10	2	1	4	7	11	11	5
2 rooms -----	30	40	45	39	15	4	27	30	50	32	44
3 rooms -----	123	113	109	136	25	25	101	81	103	63	83
4 rooms -----	311	438	430	357	56	108	242	293	300	365	423
5 rooms -----	703	746	697	604	99	151	591	504	471	579	681
6 rooms -----	603	636	448	554	67	108	531	344	289	315	490
7 rooms -----	316	313	182	327	20	36	276	164	111	118	176
8 or more rooms -----	251	210	150	226	44	30	210	142	101	91	145
Median, occupied housing units -----	5.5	5.4	5.1	5.5	5.2	5.1	5.5	5.2	5.0	5.1	5.1
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.8	5.6	5.3	5.8	5.5	5.4	5.8	5.3	5.2	5.3	5.3
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	4.6	4.4	4.5	4.3	4.5	4.2	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.5
UNITS IN STRUCTURE											
1, detached -----	1 968	1 824	1 215	1 844	241	378	1 725	963	849	911	1 169
1, attached -----	11	23	20	13	5	1	11	15	5	2	15
2 -----	82	81	29	79	22	25	66	3	9	1	20
3 or 4 -----	69	12	12	27	12	31	68	1	11	1	29
5 to 9 -----	37	22	37	78	28	5	37	1	25	1	12
10 to 19 -----	22	24	1	79	5	9	22	8	17	1	1
20 to 49 -----	1	15	1	50	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
50 or more -----	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Mobile home or trailer -----	139	496	762	71	13	13	40	564	510	505	771
Other -----	15	12	10	12	2	1	13	11	10	8	10
PERSONS IN UNIT											
1 person -----	640	363	357	610	98	193	573	258	309	240	342
2 persons -----	843	781	688	698	107	140	724	521	521	476	588
3 persons -----	374	542	441	405	54	68	302	325	255	267	430
4 persons -----	305	534	382	353	37	39	249	309	229	263	377
5 persons -----	136	206	157	132	19	11	102	107	77	129	170
6 or more persons -----	45	83	44	55	13	12	32	45	45	54	155
Median, occupied housing units -----	2.13	2.70	2.48	2.24	2.12	1.77	2.08	2.51	2.29	2.50	2.50
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	2.13	2.71	2.43	2.28	2.01	1.71	2.08	2.51	2.28	2.46	2.44
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	2.14	2.68	2.88	2.09	2.32	1.96	2.07	2.54	2.33	2.90	2.90
PERSONS PER ROOM											
1.00 or less -----	2 293	2 420	1 997	2 207	310	452	1 942	1 517	1 372	1 361	1 943
1.01 to 1.50 -----	36	74	54	34	15	11	26	39	47	53	52
1.51 or more -----	14	15	18	12	3	1	14	9	17	15	17
Mean -----	.42	.53	.52	.45	.45	.40	.41	.51	.50	.54	.52
VALUE											
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	1 473	1 364	838	1 431	175	278	1 329	575	595	454	804
Less than \$20,000 -----	94	47	33	150	58	27	88	47	56	72	33
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	414	141	169	364	67	135	384	113	139	124	166
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	231	460	263	350	27	87	446	143	170	134	246
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	102	185	89	295	17	23	194	133	138	85	225
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	98	98	39	154	5	4	84	70	43	26	87
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	35	15	7	88	16	2	84	46	39	9	38
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	13	4	2	18	1	1	29	16	9	3	7
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	3	2	1	5	1	1	9	3	1	1	2
\$250,000 or more -----	9	1	1	4	1	1	8	3	1	1	1
Median (dollars) -----	48 600	61 300	54 700	50 900	27 500	36 700	47 800	57 800	51 300	43 500	62 100
Mean (dollars) -----	60 000	65 800	58 900	57 700	33 800	39 100	58 500	65 600	55 700	47 300	67 500
CONTRACT RENT											
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	561	418	342	599	121	147	497	155	257	156	326
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	270	263	266	300	231	254	270	244	225	215	268
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	276	274	277	302	218	237	278	244	231	224	278
With meals included in rent -----	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	694	225	59	50	104	133	694	115	313	313	237
No meals included in rent -----	498	380	295	550	104	133	446	115	212	110	280
No cash rent -----	61	36	47	48	17	14	49	40	45	45	46

Table 11. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Gregg County		Harrison County		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County					
	Total	Kilgore city (pt.)	Longview city (pt.)	Total	Marshall city	Tract 2	Tract 4	Tract 9	Tract 11	Tract 14
Longview-Marshall, TX MSA										
Occupied housing units -----	12 412	4 900	4 529	5 429	3 274	177	181	151	460	752
TENURE										
Owner-occupied housing units -----	7 280	2 251	3 491	3 491	1 798	54	15	44	169	332
Percent of occupied housing units -----	58.7	45.9	64.3	64.3	54.9	30.5	8.3	29.1	36.7	44.1
Renter-occupied housing units -----	5 132	2 649	1 938	1 938	1 476	123	166	107	291	420
Percent of occupied housing units -----	41.3	54.1	35.7	35.7	45.1	69.5	91.7	70.9	63.3	55.9
ROOMS										
1 room -----	101	55	35	35	26	2	9	3	5	19
2 rooms -----	389	180	163	163	106	7	20	2	29	31
3 rooms -----	1 337	610	537	537	362	46	39	13	69	115
4 rooms -----	2 872	1 264	1 149	1 149	687	56	60	52	122	219
5 rooms -----	3 423	1 341	1 500	1 500	889	32	29	49	107	180
6 rooms -----	2 544	1 191	1 191	1 191	719	17	15	19	92	122
7 rooms -----	1 077	327	547	547	307	10	5	10	25	43
8 or more rooms -----	669	203	307	307	178	7	4	3	11	23
Median, occupied housing units -----	4.9	4.8	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.1	3.9	4.6	4.5	4.5
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.6	6.1	5.4	5.3	5.3
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	4.2	4.1	4.4	4.4	4.4	3.7	3.8	4.4	4.1	4.0
UNITS IN STRUCTURE										
1, detached -----	8 843	3 123	4 121	4 121	2 537	54	18	61	292	497
1, attached -----	164	85	55	55	29	3	2	—	15	10
2 -----	484	294	97	97	90	15	—	2	37	17
3 or 4 -----	295	171	171	171	136	23	13	14	14	69
5 to 9 -----	605	384	210	210	181	8	47	—	25	44
10 to 19 -----	483	291	166	166	134	50	55	3	18	36
20 to 49 -----	211	194	16	16	10	19	4	—	51	62
50 or more -----	170	157	—	—	—	—	36	61	—	—
Mobile home or trailer -----	717	47	458	458	62	1	4	9	—	8
Other -----	269	88	135	135	73	4	2	1	8	9
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person -----	3 406	1 308	1 527	1 527	927	45	80	28	129	245
2 persons -----	3 025	1 218	1 321	1 321	810	43	53	37	114	192
3 persons -----	2 193	928	902	902	538	33	26	23	79	146
4 persons -----	1 815	733	736	736	439	41	14	40	56	82
5 persons -----	1 030	381	497	497	303	10	3	13	39	60
6 or more persons -----	943	332	446	446	257	5	5	10	43	27
Median, occupied housing units -----	2.43	2.44	2.40	2.40	2.38	2.52	1.70	2.96	2.39	2.18
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	2.37	2.44	2.29	2.29	2.20	3.30	2.92	2.63	2.59	1.98
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	2.52	2.44	2.67	2.67	2.67	2.27	1.58	3.13	2.30	2.39
PERSONS PER ROOM										
1.00 or less -----	11 349	4 471	4 960	4 960	2 999	162	176	136	413	695
1.01 to 1.50 -----	755	311	330	330	194	11	—	9	34	36
1.51 or more -----	308	118	139	139	81	4	5	6	13	21
Mean -----	.56	.58	.55	.55	.56	.61	.52	.67	.62	.54
VALUE										
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	5 715	2 047	2 545	2 545	1 591	48	13	33	157	295
Less than \$20,000 -----	1 774	502	884	884	526	2	—	3	56	127
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	1 882	749	895	895	611	10	3	3	71	94
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	1 182	506	447	447	284	5	7	13	21	60
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	564	196	197	197	113	22	1	4	5	8
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	167	106	61	61	30	6	2	—	3	2
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	107	53	48	48	19	1	—	1	1	4
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	23	5	9	9	5	2	—	—	—	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	5	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	4	2	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$300,000 or more -----	7	3	2	2	2	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) -----	31 100	34 100	27 900	27 900	28 000	68 400	51 900	42 500	26 800	23 800
Mean (dollars) -----	37 000	38 500	34 100	34 100	33 400	65 700	55 200	60 000	29 300	28 600
CONTRACT RENT										
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	4 974	2 617	1 828	1 828	1 435	122	166	106	287	413
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	209	234	166	166	171	252	283	214	158	227
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	203	228	173	173	176	260	289	227	167	213
With meals included in rent -----	17	9	8	8	6	—	—	—	3	1
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	227	188	271	271	338	—	—	—	96	287
No meals included in rent -----	4 513	2 487	1 585	1 585	1 319	121	165	102	274	379
No cash rent -----	444	121	235	235	110	1	1	4	10	33



Table 11. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990 — Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County—Con.				Kilgare city (pt.), Gregg County				Longview city (pt.), Gregg County			
	Tract 15	Tract 104	Tract 106	Tract 107	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 3	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5.02	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10	Tract 11 (pt.)	
<b>Occupied housing units</b> -----	1 282	333	156	371	321	158	181	176	150	165	460	
<b>TENURE</b>												
Owner-occupied housing units -----	905	281	99	216	181	41	15	36	43	93	169	
Percent of occupied housing units -----	70.6	84.4	63.5	58.2	56.4	25.9	8.3	20.5	28.7	56.4	36.7	
Renter-occupied housing units -----	377	52	57	155	140	117	166	79.5	107	72	291	
Percent of occupied housing units -----	29.4	15.6	36.5	41.8	43.6	74.1	91.7	79.5	71.3	43.6	63.3	
<b>ROOMS</b>												
1 room -----	4	—	1	2	1	2	9	2	3	—	5	
2 rooms -----	15	8	5	11	9	3	20	11	2	5	29	
3 rooms -----	65	19	15	48	40	28	39	50	13	19	69	
4 rooms -----	197	77	42	115	100	55	60	50	52	42	122	
5 rooms -----	430	87	39	117	107	33	29	34	49	53	107	
6 rooms -----	364	76	40	48	39	20	15	15	18	28	92	
7 rooms -----	121	36	7	17	13	5	5	7	10	11	25	
8 or more rooms -----	86	30	13	13	12	12	4	3	3	7	11	
Median, occupied housing units -----	5.3	5.2	4.9	4.6	4.6	4.3	3.9	3.9	4.6	4.8	4.5	
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.6	5.4	5.4	4.9	4.9	4.1	6.1	5.5	5.4	5.0	5.3	
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	4.7	4.3	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.1	3.8	3.6	4.4	4.5	4.1	
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>												
1, detached -----	1 074	259	112	294	251	48	18	45	60	141	292	
1, attached -----	16	5	3	4	2	—	2	1	—	3	15	
2 -----	18	—	—	28	28	7	—	14	2	6	37	
3 or 4 -----	19	1	11	6	6	37	13	8	14	1	14	
5 to 9 -----	76	—	—	1	1	38	47	56	—	—	25	
10 to 19 -----	26	—	4	14	14	14	55	33	3	4	18	
20 to 49 -----	5	—	1	—	—	9	4	18	—	1	51	
50 or more -----	—	—	13	—	—	3	36	—	61	—	—	
Mobile home or trailer -----	17	61	10	15	10	1	4	—	9	8	—	
Other -----	31	7	1	9	9	1	2	1	1	1	8	
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>												
1 person -----	287	95	49	119	98	40	80	53	28	61	129	
2 persons -----	310	83	35	78	69	46	53	48	37	45	114	
3 persons -----	253	53	21	63	56	24	26	33	22	24	79	
4 persons -----	206	46	28	61	54	27	14	26	40	17	56	
5 persons -----	111	28	15	20	17	12	3	12	13	39	39	
6 or more persons -----	115	8	8	30	27	9	5	4	10	4	43	
Median, occupied housing units -----	2.67	2.36	2.33	2.35	2.41	2.35	1.70	2.23	2.95	1.98	2.39	
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	2.63	2.40	2.30	2.06	2.10	2.57	2.92	3.67	2.57	1.89	2.59	
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	2.79	2.06	2.38	2.85	2.89	2.30	1.58	1.98	3.13	2.30	2.30	
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>												
1.00 or less -----	1 171	311	143	335	293	146	176	164	135	158	413	
1.01 to 1.50 -----	84	18	10	24	18	8	—	10	9	4	34	
1.51 or more -----	27	4	3	12	10	4	5	2	6	3	13	
Mean -----	.55	.53	.55	.59	.59	.60	.52	.60	.67	.48	.62	
<b>VALUE</b>												
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> -----												
Less than \$20,000 -----	827	172	77	180	154	40	13	34	33	82	157	
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	94	69	38	116	96	14	—	—	3	36	56	
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	306	36	19	33	33	5	3	—	11	29	71	
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	264	37	13	22	20	4	7	21	13	14	21	
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	121	19	3	5	4	5	1	12	4	1	5	
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	33	8	2	1	1	4	2	—	1	—	3	
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	5	3	2	1	—	6	—	—	—	2	—	
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
\$300,000 or more -----	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Median (dollars) -----	40 700	26 600	20 400	12 800	13 900	45 000	51 900	57 500	42 500	22 100	26 800	
Mean (dollars) -----	44 200	34 500	29 100	21 700	21 600	60 600	55 200	57 100	60 000	27 000	29 300	
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>												
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> -----												
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	373	41	57	155	140	117	166	140	106	72	287	
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	195	161	247	145	140	277	283	262	214	161	158	
With meals included in rent -----	191	178	244	154	154	302	289	268	227	170	167	
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	
No meals included in rent -----	113	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	96	
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	343	29	48	132	118	117	165	287	102	64	274	
No cash rent -----	29	12	9	23	22	—	1	1	4	8	10	

Table 11. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990** —Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County—Con.				Remainder of Gregg County			Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Harrison County			
	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 102	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 105	Tract 201.01	Tract 203	Tract 204.01	Tract 204.02
<b>Occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>685</b>	<b>409</b>	<b>744</b>	<b>1 228</b>	<b>350</b>	<b>326</b>	<b>604</b>	<b>762</b>	<b>425</b>	<b>773</b>	<b>1 439</b>
<b>TENURE</b>											
Owner-occupied housing units -----	400	130	325	872	179	274	550	609	216	423	826
Percent of occupied housing units -----	58.4	31.8	43.7	71.0	51.1	84.0	91.1	79.9	50.8	54.7	57.4
Renter-occupied housing units -----	285	279	419	356	171	52	54	153	209	350	613
Percent of occupied housing units -----	41.6	68.2	56.3	29.0	48.9	16.0	8.9	20.1	49.2	45.3	42.6
<b>ROOMS</b>											
1 room -----	3	6	19	2	6	—	—	2	4	9	5
2 rooms -----	19	18	31	13	13	8	2	17	22	29	34
3 rooms -----	44	52	112	62	37	19	33	61	60	79	120
4 rooms -----	169	128	219	181	91	76	89	149	111	150	302
5 rooms -----	233	92	179	415	95	84	173	225	102	177	396
6 rooms -----	147	64	118	354	49	76	149	169	82	177	331
7 rooms -----	48	33	43	116	25	35	83	86	26	72	160
8 or more rooms -----	22	16	23	85	14	28	75	53	18	39	91
Median, occupied housing units -----	5.0	4.5	4.5	5.4	4.6	5.2	5.5	5.2	4.7	5.0	5.2
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.2	5.4	5.2	5.6	5.3	5.4	5.6	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.6
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	4.6	4.2	4.0	4.7	3.9	4.3	4.8	4.6	4.0	4.5	4.5
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>											
1, detached -----	590	263	491	1 034	221	254	496	576	284	554	1 199
1, attached -----	11	12	10	16	4	5	5	7	5	7	9
2 -----	51	50	17	18	60	—	2	—	39	14	15
3 or 4 -----	4	6	69	16	34	—	1	2	26	31	66
5 to 9 -----	1	47	44	76	8	—	1	5	9	78	51
10 to 19 -----	3	16	35	26	4	—	—	9	28	36	49
20 to 49 -----	—	12	62	5	—	—	—	—	10	—	—
50 or more -----	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer -----	23	1	7	7	14	61	79	134	7	41	17
Other -----	—	2	9	30	5	6	20	29	17	12	33
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>											
1 person -----	179	81	242	265	98	94	142	209	109	210	415
2 persons -----	165	96	191	293	85	82	136	180	107	157	371
3 persons -----	122	87	144	250	69	52	117	128	73	135	232
4 persons -----	100	74	81	201	46	44	118	109	60	109	189
5 persons -----	57	36	59	106	21	27	48	73	46	84	118
6 or more persons -----	62	35	27	113	31	27	43	63	30	78	114
Median, occupied housing units -----	2.49	2.82	2.18	2.72	2.41	2.34	2.71	2.46	2.47	2.64	2.64
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	2.24	2.96	1.98	2.68	2.34	2.38	2.75	2.44	2.19	2.44	2.15
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	2.95	2.75	2.38	2.83	2.49	2.06	2.06	2.52	2.82	2.88	2.64
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>											
1.00 or less -----	617	364	687	1 122	309	305	572	694	377	688	1 337
1.01 to 1.50 -----	52	32	36	82	26	17	23	45	29	58	75
1.51 or more -----	16	13	21	24	15	4	9	23	19	27	27
Mean -----	.58	.65	.54	.56	.60	.52	.51	.55	.61	.59	.53
<b>VALUE</b>											
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	360	123	290	804	142	167	393	342	186	348	740
Less than \$20,000 -----	144	23	126	82	64	68	68	123	68	132	201
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	159	56	93	300	46	36	82	103	64	142	301
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	41	34	57	263	16	36	107	68	36	47	143
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	11	10	8	117	9	16	82	27	13	15	62
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	—	—	2	33	3	8	27	11	4	3	21
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	3	—	4	5	—	3	18	9	1	8	11
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	—	—	—	1	3	—	5	1	—	—	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	—	—	—	1	—	—	3	—	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$300,000 or more -----	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) -----	24 700	34 600	23 700	41 000	23 200	26 100	49 300	28 000	28 200	24 900	30 800
Mean (dollars) -----	27 100	35 600	28 500	44 700	32 300	34 000	53 100	34 200	31 900	30 700	35 100
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>											
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	277	272	412	352	169	41	53	122	205	336	602
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	214	251	228	197	131	161	154	122	246	138	169
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	213	239	213	193	142	178	176	142	233	157	169
With meals included in rent -----	1	1	1	1	—	—	—	1	1	—	3
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	90	213	287	113	—	—	—	90	113	—	142
No meals included in rent -----	254	260	378	324	156	29	35	79	194	304	554
No cash rent -----	22	11	33	27	13	12	18	42	10	32	45



Table 11. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990 — Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Harrison County—Con.			Marshall city, Harrison County			Remainder of Harrison County			
	Tract 205	Tract 206.97	Tract 206.98	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204.01 (pt.)	Tract 204.02 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 201.02	Tract 202.98	Tract 206.98 (pt.)
Occupied housing units -----	809	134	315	404	693	1 422	744	751	333	314
TENURE										
Owner-occupied housing units -----	474	88	260	198	359	816	417	601	268	259
Percent of occupied housing units -----	58.6	65.7	82.5	49.0	51.8	57.4	56.0	80.0	80.5	82.5
Renter-occupied housing units -----	335	46	55	206	334	606	327	150	65	55
Percent of occupied housing units -----	41.4	34.3	17.5	51.0	48.2	42.6	44.0	20.0	19.5	17.5
ROOMS										
1 room -----	8	—	1	4	9	5	8	2	1	1
2 rooms -----	21	6	3	22	29	34	21	17	6	3
3 rooms -----	116	12	26	57	75	119	109	59	22	26
4 rooms -----	161	32	53	107	136	299	145	149	73	53
5 rooms -----	209	29	100	99	200	393	193	221	115	99
6 rooms -----	181	25	82	77	149	327	164	167	62	82
7 rooms -----	70	16	36	22	65	156	63	85	38	36
8 or more rooms -----	43	14	14	16	30	89	41	51	16	14
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.0	5.1	5.2	4.6	5.0	5.1	5.0	5.2	5.1	5.2
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.4	5.7	5.3	5.2	5.4	5.6	5.4	5.3	5.1	5.3
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	4.1	4.2	4.4	4.0	4.5	4.5	4.1	4.6	4.7	4.4
UNITS IN STRUCTURE										
1, detached -----	643	87	232	266	488	1 184	589	566	268	231
2, detached -----	10	—	4	5	6	8	10	7	4	4
3 or 4 -----	22	7	—	39	14	15	22	—	—	—
5 or 6 -----	36	1	4	26	31	65	36	2	—	4
7 or 8 -----	43	8	2	9	78	51	43	5	1	2
9 or 10 -----	21	6	1	28	36	49	21	9	—	1
10 to 49 -----	—	6	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—
50 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer -----	21	16	66	6	28	17	11	134	101	66
Other -----	13	3	6	15	12	33	12	28	55	6
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person -----	247	23	100	104	189	408	223	206	114	100
2 persons -----	213	30	70	98	146	368	197	179	101	70
3 persons -----	125	27	54	73	118	229	118	128	83	45
4 persons -----	109	22	49	58	97	186	97	108	54	35
5 persons -----	66	20	23	43	74	117	63	67	45	22
6 or more persons -----	49	12	19	28	69	114	46	63	42	39
Median, occupied housing units -----	2.24	3.02	2.32	2.50	2.60	2.32	2.26	2.45	2.55	2.31
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	2.16	2.93	2.29	2.21	2.35	2.16	2.17	2.43	2.49	2.28
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	2.39	3.12	2.64	2.83	2.88	2.64	2.41	2.54	2.78	2.64
PERSONS PER ROOM										
1.00 or less -----	753	125	296	358	617	1 320	693	683	304	295
1.01 to 1.50 -----	44	7	13	28	52	75	39	45	21	13
1.51 or more -----	12	2	6	18	24	27	12	23	8	6
Mean -----	.54	.62	.50	.62	.60	.53	.54	.55	.54	.50
VALUE										
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	414	56	132	172	303	734	376	336	148	131
Less than \$20,000 -----	152	14	40	62	125	199	139	122	59	40
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	143	15	36	60	124	297	129	102	37	36
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	74	17	19	33	34	143	71	65	13	18
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	30	5	23	13	13	62	24	26	10	23
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	4	1	8	3	2	21	4	11	8	8
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	4	3	4	1	4	11	3	9	4	4
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	6	1	1	—	—	—	5	1	—	1
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$300,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) -----	26 400	38 800	35 800	28 500	23 400	30 800	26 400	27 800	28 300	35 600
Mean (dollars) -----	34 500	43 500	44 300	32 100	28 900	35 200	34 100	34 200	35 000	44 200
CONTRACT RENT										
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	321	42	48	202	320	596	314	119	48	48
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	163	282	156	248	132	168	165	118	90	156
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	171	261	167	235	154	168	172	139	98	167
With meals included in rent -----	2	—	—	1	—	3	2	1	—	—
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	744	—	—	113	—	142	744	90	—	—
No meals included in rent -----	286	38	28	191	293	550	282	76	23	28
No cash rent -----	33	4	20	10	27	43	30	42	25	20

Table 12. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview--Marshall, TX MSA		Gregg County
	241	177	
Occupied housing units -----			
TENURE			
Owner-occupied housing units -----	133	92	
Percent of occupied housing units -----	55.2	52.0	
Renter-occupied housing units -----	108	85	
Percent of occupied housing units -----	44.8	48.0	
ROOMS			
1 room -----	2	1	
2 rooms -----	6	3	
3 rooms -----	24	20	
4 rooms -----	67	50	
5 rooms -----	65	52	
6 rooms -----	35	25	
7 rooms -----	23	13	
8 or more rooms -----	19	13	
Median, occupied housing units -----	4.8	4.8	
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.3	5.3	
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	4.2	4.2	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE			
1, detached -----	144	106	
1, attached -----	3	3	
2 -----	22	18	
3 or 4 -----	8	6	
5 to 9 -----	11	10	
10 to 19 -----	11	9	
20 to 49 -----	4	4	
50 or more -----	4	4	
Mobile home or trailer -----	31	16	
Other -----	3	1	
PERSONS IN UNIT			
1 person -----	60	44	
2 persons -----	69	54	
3 persons -----	52	43	
4 persons -----	28	20	
5 persons -----	20	10	
6 or more persons -----	12	6	
Median, occupied housing units -----	2.38	2.32	
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	2.38	2.38	
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	2.38	2.24	
PERSONS PER ROOM			
1.00 or less -----	232	171	
1.01 to 1.50 -----	7	5	
1.51 or more -----	2	1	
Mean -----	.55	.54	
VALUE			
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	92	73	
Less than \$20,000 -----	13	9	
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	23	19	
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	31	25	
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	14	9	
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	7	7	
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	3	3	
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	1	1	
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	1	1	
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	1	1	
\$300,000 or more -----	1	1	
Median (dollars) -----	47 500	47 200	
Mean (dollars) -----	49 800	50 900	
CONTRACT RENT			
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	104	83	
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	254	253	
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	255	247	
With meals included in rent -----	101	81	
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	3	2	
No meals included in rent -----			
No cash rent -----			



Table 13. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview-Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County	
		Total	Longview city (pt.)
<b>Occupied housing units</b> -----	155	118	101
<b>TENURE</b>			
Owner-occupied housing units-----	95	70	58
Percent of occupied housing units-----	61.3	59.3	57.4
Renter-occupied housing units-----	60	48	43
Percent of occupied housing units-----	38.7	40.7	42.6
<b>ROOMS</b>			
1 room-----	7	5	5
2 rooms-----	17	16	14
3 rooms-----	24	17	15
4 rooms-----	31	25	22
5 rooms-----	27	18	15
6 rooms-----	25	18	14
7 rooms-----	11	9	7
8 or more rooms-----	13	10	9
Median, occupied housing units-----	4.5	4.3	4.3
Median, owner-occupied housing units-----	5.4	5.6	5.5
Median, renter-occupied housing units-----	3.7	3.6	3.5
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>			
1, detached-----	92	66	57
1, attached-----	2	1	1
2-----	10	9	8
3 or 4-----	8	5	5
5 to 9-----	9	7	7
10 to 19-----	13	11	9
20 to 49-----	3	3	3
50 or more-----	4	4	3
Mobile home or trailer-----	12	10	6
Other-----	2	2	2
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>			
1 person-----	17	9	8
2 persons-----	27	21	19
3 persons-----	30	23	21
4 persons-----	48	37	30
5 persons-----	17	15	13
6 or more persons-----	16	13	10
Median, occupied housing units-----	3.57	3.66	3.58
Median, owner-occupied housing units-----	3.91	4.04	4.00
Median, renter-occupied housing units-----	2.65	2.68	2.65
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>			
1.00 or less-----	119	89	77
1.01 to 1.50-----	20	15	11
1.51 or more-----	16	14	13
Mean-----	.87	.89	.87
<b>VALUE</b>			
Specified owner-occupied housing units-----	71	51	44
Less than \$20,000-----	4	4	4
\$20,000 to \$39,999-----	14	9	8
\$40,000 to \$59,999-----	10	5	3
\$60,000 to \$79,999-----	15	10	7
\$80,000 to \$99,999-----	7	3	2
\$100,000 to \$149,999-----	15	14	14
\$150,000 to \$199,999-----	3	3	3
\$200,000 to \$249,999-----	2	2	2
\$250,000 to \$299,999-----	1	1	1
\$300,000 or more-----	1	1	1
Median (dollars)-----	67 500	72 500	80 000
Mean (dollars)-----	82 600	91 300	95 900
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>			
Specified renter-occupied housing units-----	60	48	43
Median contract rent (dollars)-----	276	276	277
Mean contract rent (dollars)-----	323	330	337
With meals included in rent-----			
Median contract rent (dollars)-----	263	263	263
Mean contract rent (dollars)-----	3	44	40
No meals included in rent-----			
Median contract rent (dollars)-----	3	3	2
Mean contract rent (dollars)-----			

Table 14. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview-Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County		Harrison County		Longview city (pt.), Gregg County	
		Total	Longview city (pt.)	Total	Marshall city	Tract 13	
<b>Occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>1 320</b>	<b>1 019</b>	<b>772</b>	<b>301</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>109</b>	
<b>TENURE</b>							
Owner-occupied housing units -----	536	366	242	170	58	36	
Percent of occupied housing units -----	40.6	35.9	31.3	56.5	42.3	33.0	
Renter-occupied housing units -----	784	653	530	131	79	73	
Percent of occupied housing units -----	59.4	64.1	68.7	43.5	57.7	67.0	
<b>ROOMS</b>							
1 room -----	26	17	15	9	2	2	
2 rooms -----	123	101	78	22	13	11	
3 rooms -----	228	193	150	35	17	24	
4 rooms -----	411	333	262	78	41	37	
5 rooms -----	273	199	149	74	26	15	
6 rooms -----	167	111	78	56	28	15	
7 rooms -----	50	38	24	12	5	4	
8 or more rooms -----	42	27	16	15	5	1	
Median, occupied housing units -----	4.2	4.1	4.0	4.6	4.4	4.0	
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.0	4.9	5.0	5.2	5.4	4.9	
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.9	4.0	3.7	
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>							
1, detached -----	707	534	389	173	92	62	
1, attached -----	27	23	22	4	1	2	
2 -----	135	114	101	21	15	19	
3 or 4 -----	68	62	58	6	6	8	
5 to 9 -----	52	45	42	7	7	8	
10 to 19 -----	55	47	40	8	8	9	
20 to 49 -----	37	35	35	2	1	1	
50 or more -----	19	19	14	78	5	1	
Mobile home or trailer -----	203	125	62	2	2	1	
Other -----	17	15	9				
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>							
1 person -----	199	155	115	44	19	11	
2 persons -----	228	177	136	51	18	13	
3 persons -----	267	215	154	52	27	27	
4 persons -----	259	193	144	66	29	23	
5 persons -----	174	141	117	33	8	15	
6 or more persons -----	193	138	106	55	36	20	
Median, occupied housing units -----	3.37	3.33	3.38	3.55	3.66	3.65	
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	3.62	3.67	3.75	3.52	3.71	3.41	
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	3.22	3.14	3.21	3.60	3.60	3.71	
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>							
1.00 or less -----	956	730	543	226	93	64	
1.01 to 1.50 -----	210	167	132	43	21	24	
1.51 or more -----	154	122	97	32	23	21	
Mean -----	.88	.87	.89	.90	1.02	.91	
<b>VALUE</b>							
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>379</b>	<b>281</b>	<b>198</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>32</b>	
Less than \$20,000 -----	94	70	43	24	16	11	
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	127	96	76	31	17	14	
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	75	50	34	25	12	3	
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	47	37	28	10	6	3	
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	19	15	9	4	1	1	
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	12	8	4	4	1	1	
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	3	3	3	4	1	1	
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	1	1	1	1	1	1	
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	1	1	1	1	1	1	
\$300,000 or more -----	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Median (dollars) -----	34 800	33 500	33 500	37 500	35 000	23 600	
Mean (dollars) -----	42 300	42 900	42 200	40 600	34 800	30 000	
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>							
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>766</b>	<b>642</b>	<b>523</b>	<b>124</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>71</b>	
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	233	234	230	231	238	222	
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	240	241	244	235	240	230	
With meals included in rent -----	4	3	3	1	1	1	
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	294	312	312	237	240	230	
No meals included in rent -----	731	620	510	111	74	71	
No cash rent -----	31	19	10	12	4	1	



Table 15. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview-Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County		Harrison County		Longview city (pt.), Gregg County	
		Total	Longview city (pt.)	Total	Marshall city	Total	Tract 13
<b>Occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>46 651</b>	<b>31 752</b>	<b>20 725</b>	<b>14 899</b>	<b>5 174</b>		<b>948</b>
<b>TENURE</b>							
Owner-occupied housing units -----	32 864	20 983	12 764	11 881	3 762		645
Percent of occupied housing units -----	70.4	66.1	61.6	79.7	72.7		68.0
Renter-occupied housing units -----	13 787	10 769	7 961	3 018	1 412		303
Percent of occupied housing units -----	29.6	33.9	38.4	20.3	27.3		32.0
<b>ROOMS</b>							
1 room -----	233	166	111	67	16		5
2 rooms -----	1 085	796	623	289	82		14
3 rooms -----	3 511	2 711	2 026	800	291		82
4 rooms -----	8 554	5 848	3 712	2 706	766		188
5 rooms -----	12 648	8 100	4 935	4 568	1 466		253
6 rooms -----	10 680	7 192	4 651	3 488	1 289		218
7 rooms -----	5 450	3 779	2 521	1 651	698		114
8 or more rooms -----	4 490	3 160	2 146	1 330	566		74
Median, occupied housing units -----	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.5		5.2
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.7	5.8	6.0	5.8	5.8		5.6
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.5	4.4		4.2
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>							
1, detached -----	32 518	21 918	13 785	10 600	4 337		783
1, attached -----	780	681	566	99	30		16
2 -----	2 015	1 686	1 322	329	191		55
3 or 4 -----	1 114	939	712	175	138		10
5 to 9 -----	1 492	1 302	1 190	190	142		8
10 to 19 -----	1 302	1 138	964	164	113		5
20 to 49 -----	504	441	413	63	49		26
50 or more -----	969	969	786	3 196	146		32
Mobile home or trailer -----	5 657	2 461	863	83	28		13
Other -----	300	217	124				
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>							
1 person -----	11 434	8 271	5 708	3 163	1 493		328
2 persons -----	15 764	10 793	7 179	4 971	1 742		352
3 persons -----	8 293	5 445	3 431	2 848	863		129
4 persons -----	7 250	4 735	2 953	2 515	694		80
5 persons -----	2 796	1 801	1 046	995	270		26
6 or more persons -----	1 114	707	408	407	112		33
Median, occupied housing units -----	2.25	2.20	2.15	2.15	2.13		1.91
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	2.31	2.29	2.27	2.26	2.14		1.89
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	2.05	1.96	1.88	2.40	2.09		2.01
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>							
1.00 or less -----	45 418	30 996	20 277	14 422	5 063		925
1.01 to 1.50 -----	969	597	352	372	82		19
1.51 or more -----	264	159	96	105	29		4
Mean -----	.47	.46	.45	.48	.42		.42
<b>VALUE</b>							
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>24 828</b>	<b>17 391</b>	<b>11 207</b>	<b>7 437</b>	<b>3 325</b>		<b>577</b>
Less than \$20,000 -----	1 711	1 093	466	618	325		105
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	4 668	2 936	1 836	1 710	956		232
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	6 808	4 654	3 142	2 154	915		148
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	6 121	4 516	2 887	1 605	547		52
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	2 700	1 973	1 310	777	284		16
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	1 882	1 434	1 003	448	205		9
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	550	418	318	112	53		12
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	190	163	119	27	18		2
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	100	82	56	18	9		1
\$300,000 or more -----	118	100	70	18	13		1
Median (dollars) -----	57 400	60 000	61 000	52 300	47 300		35 800
Mean (dollars) -----	65 000	67 700	70 300	58 700	56 800		42 600
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>							
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>13 416</b>	<b>10 607</b>	<b>7 870</b>	<b>2 809</b>	<b>1 371</b>		<b>298</b>
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	278	282	289	277	264		261
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	298	305	316	269	264		264
With meals included in rent -----	144	139	143	5	3		3
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	885	903	922	393	479		675
No meals included in rent -----	12 336	9 902	7 435	2 434	1 235		264
No cash rent -----	936	566	302	370	133		31

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Gregg County			Harrison County		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County							
	Longview-Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County		Total	Longview city (pt.)	Marshall city	Tract 2	Tract 4	Tract 9	Tract 11	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 101
		Total	Kilgore city (pt.)										
<b>ANCESTRY</b>													
All persons	162 431	104 948	8 255	68 655	57 483	23 682	4 348	5 701	2 758	2 772	3 838	5 138	4 431
Single ancestry	137 796	89 478	7 172	58 816	48 318	20 774	3 752	4 766	2 423	2 357	3 246	4 674	3 758
Multiple ancestry	98 891	63 357	5 282	42 133	35 334	16 715	2 508	3 137	1 711	1 969	2 719	4 349	2 507
Multiple ancestry	38 905	26 121	1 890	16 683	12 784	4 059	1 244	1 629	712	388	527	325	1 251
Ancestry unclassified or not reported	24 635	15 470	1 083	9 839	9 165	2 908	596	935	335	415	592	464	673
<b>SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS</b>													
Total ancestries reported	324 862	209 896	16 510	137 310	114 966	47 364	8 696	11 402	5 516	5 544	7 676	10 276	8 862
Arab	217	112	7	87	105	93	18	25	—	—	—	—	6
Austrian	128	98	—	52	30	6	—	8	16	—	—	—	—
Belgian	27	6	—	21	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canadian	123	74	—	58	29	50	—	—	—	—	—	—	16
Czech	531	375	33	230	156	29	—	19	—	—	—	—	12
Danish	362	211	—	190	151	47	—	—	—	—	—	—	17
Dutch	3 676	2 610	177	1 662	1 066	250	35	170	110	40	69	48	56
English	21 881	15 064	1 264	10 073	6 817	2 516	775	900	211	297	394	151	936
Finnish	34	26	—	26	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
French (except Basque)	6 185	4 020	399	2 535	2 165	648	164	263	144	71	90	35	288
French Canadian	484	365	19	257	119	5	34	29	30	6	—	6	—
German	24 863	16 653	823	11 044	8 214	2 669	787	1 044	353	211	346	264	728
Greek	117	56	33	23	61	42	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hungarian	165	112	24	88	53	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—
Irish	30 500	20 345	1 547	12 726	10 155	3 321	896	1 379	712	188	364	183	970
Italian	1 991	1 250	100	815	741	287	100	183	47	16	35	41	46
Lithuanian	22	15	—	15	7	—	26	9	6	16	—	9	15
Norwegian	652	492	14	284	160	66	26	40	6	—	—	17	—
Polish	863	607	34	442	256	115	40	40	6	—	—	18	6
Portuguese	204	87	9	28	117	39	—	10	—	—	11	—	—
Romanian	6	6	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Russian	153	79	—	63	74	30	—	7	9	—	—	17	13
Scotch-Irish	5 281	3 691	318	2 516	1 590	679	114	244	90	172	104	43	120
Scottish	2 898	1 918	234	1 379	980	311	54	197	65	22	26	56	60
Slovak	236	165	—	165	23	7	24	—	—	—	—	9	21
Subsaharan African	113	45	—	45	10	10	9	—	—	5	—	—	—
Swedish	1 352	1 126	42	824	226	58	63	81	20	41	35	15	38
Swiss	208	149	—	110	59	21	6	7	—	17	—	15	26
Ukrainian	35	29	—	5	6	6	15	—	—	—	—	—	—
United States or American	16 658	11 312	1 154	6 523	5 346	1 825	438	548	253	177	283	151	630
Welsh	737	486	66	348	251	146	19	49	—	7	—	17	39
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)	278	271	19	201	7	—	8	7	16	—	—	11	5
Yugoslavian	7	7	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other ancestries	201 374	126 286	10 029	83 207	75 088	33 851	4 961	6 085	3 411	4 232	5 872	9 103	4 697
<b>PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS</b>													
Dominican (Dominican Republic)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American	41	41	—	41	—	—	—	21	—	—	—	8	—
Costa Rican	10	10	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—
Guatemalan	6	6	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Honduran	11	11	—	11	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	—	—
Nicaraguan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Panamanian	6	6	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Salvadoran	8	8	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—
Central American, origin not specified	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South American	62	53	—	47	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	6
Argentinean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chilean	7	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Colombian	8	6	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ecuadorian	14	14	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	6
Peruvian	33	33	—	33	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Venezuelan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other South American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—



Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County—Con.							Kilgore city (pt.), Gregg County			Longview city (pt.), Gregg County			
	Tract 103	Tract 104	Tract 106	Tract 107	Tract 108.98	Tract 109.98	Tract 114.98	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 106 (pt.)	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 114.98 (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3
ANCESTRY														
All persons-----	8 159	6 487	5 129	4 406	-	-	-	93	4 269	3 893	-	356	2 593	5 252
Ancestry specified-----	6 568	5 580	4 288	3 946	-	-	-	93	3 606	3 473	-	236	2 219	4 422
Single ancestry-----	4 168	3 834	3 013	2 992	-	-	-	93	2 509	2 680	-	193	1 686	2 957
Multiple ancestry-----	2 400	1 746	1 275	954	-	-	-	-	1 097	793	-	43	533	1 465
Ancestry unclassified or not reported-----	1 591	907	841	460	-	-	-	-	663	420	-	120	374	830
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS														
Total ancestries reported-----	16 318	12 974	10 258	8 812	-	-	-	186	8 538	7 786	-	712	5 186	10 504
Arab-----	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24
Austrian-----	55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Belgian-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Canadian-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Czech-----	39	5	33	-	-	-	-	-	33	-	-	6	-	69
Danish-----	12	10	10	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-
Dutch-----	188	287	177	37	-	-	-	-	140	37	-	3	25	175
English-----	1 206	571	953	411	-	-	-	-	881	383	-	35	383	1 012
Finnish-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
French (except Basque)-----	385	265	220	223	-	-	-	-	217	182	-	12	47	295
French Canadian-----	29	20	8	11	-	-	-	-	8	11	-	-	3	-
German-----	1 455	990	710	403	-	-	-	8	524	291	-	18	233	1 016
Greek-----	-	-	33	-	-	-	-	-	33	-	-	-	-	8
Hungarian-----	9	-	24	-	-	-	-	-	24	-	-	6	-	25
Irish-----	1 964	1 536	919	849	-	-	-	48	727	772	-	20	537	1 016
Italian-----	21	27	55	70	-	-	-	-	48	52	-	4	21	37
Lithuanian-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Norwegian-----	105	69	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	14	-	-	-	54
Lithuanian-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Polish-----	44	6	36	-	-	-	-	-	34	-	-	-	-	49
Portuguese-----	51	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-
Romanian-----	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-
Russian-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
Scotch-Irish-----	131	222	292	91	-	-	-	-	255	63	-	48	51	309
Scottish-----	105	62	200	43	-	-	-	-	191	43	-	-	20	212
Slovak-----	32	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-
Subsaharan African-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-
Swedish-----	39	88	22	28	-	-	-	-	14	28	-	-	14	68
Swiss-----	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26
Ukrainian-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United States or American-----	1 200	1 096	607	635	-	-	-	8	528	618	-	19	351	415
Welsh-----	13	9	39	27	-	-	-	-	39	27	-	-	12	59
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)-----	20	16	11	9	-	-	-	8	11	-	-	-	8	-
Yugoslavian-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other ancestries-----	9 088	7 602	5 801	5 886	-	-	-	114	4 714	5 201	-	541	3 391	5 551
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS														
Dominican (Dominican Republic)-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Central American-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Costo Rican-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Guatemalan-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Honduran-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nicaraguan-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Panamanian-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Salvadoran-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Central American, origin not specified-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
South American-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Argentinean-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chilean-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Colombian-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ecuadorian-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Peruvian-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Venezuelan-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other South American-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Longview city (pt.), Gregg County—Con.															
Census Tract or Block Numbering Area		Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5.01	Tract 5.02	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10	Tract 11 (pt.)	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)
ANCESTRY															
All persons-----		5 701	4 221	3 856	5 929	5 159	6 683	2 682	2 316	2 772	3 072	3 886	3 753	5 052	1 283
Ancestry specified-----		4 766	3 824	3 356	5 151	4 452	5 431	2 379	2 026	2 357	2 665	3 286	3 198	4 619	1 119
Single ancestry-----		3 137	2 307	2 190	3 414	2 762	3 497	1 691	1 505	1 969	2 322	2 586	2 685	4 294	777
Multiple ancestry-----		1 629	1 517	1 666	1 737	1 690	1 934	688	521	388	343	700	513	325	342
Ancestry unclassified or not reported-----		935	397	500	778	707	1 252	303	290	415	407	600	555	433	164
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS															
Total ancestries reported-----		11 402	8 442	7 712	11 858	10 318	13 366	5 364	4 632	5 544	6 144	7 772	7 506	10 104	2 566
Arab-----		25	13	7	-	-	-	-	11	-	-	7	-	-	-
Austrian-----		8	6	10	-	-	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Belgian-----		-	-	-	36	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Canadian-----		-	-	-	57	-	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Czech-----		19	22	17	57	-	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Danish-----		-	15	28	-	15	-	-	7	40	-	8	-	48	17
Dutch-----		170	129	67	165	172	287	110	56	6	20	63	69	56	27
English-----		900	1 136	619	1 134	1 044	857	187	166	297	178	689	368	151	330
Finnish-----		-	-	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
French (except Basque)-----		263	203	178	194	338	230	144	49	71	23	35	80	35	118
French Canadian-----		29	13	44	13	10	80	30	5	6	-	-	-	6	-
German-----		1 044	901	978	1 473	1 048	1 231	321	327	211	171	445	346	264	189
Greek-----		-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-
Hungarian-----		8	-	14	-	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Irish-----		1 379	847	866	1 255	1 428	1 531	700	533	188	331	446	356	183	255
Italian-----		183	120	53	35	84	56	47	27	16	27	-	35	41	18
Lithuanian-----		-	6	-	17	-	31	6	-	16	-	-	-	17	9
Norwegian-----		9	71	8	8	-	106	6	-	-	-	39	-	15	-
Polish-----		40	81	79	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	-
Portuguese-----		10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rumanian-----		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Russian-----		7	11	-	-	-	11	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scottish-Irish-----		244	223	143	406	274	169	90	35	172	8	93	104	43	13
Scottish-----		197	261	54	119	108	83	65	16	22	18	35	26	56	3
Slovak-----		-	28	16	39	-	-	-	24	-	-	10	-	9	-
Subsaharan African-----		-	-	-	-	-	31	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-
Swedish-----		81	145	94	73	71	104	20	8	41	-	23	35	15	7
Swiss-----		7	19	-	-	-	12	-	14	17	-	-	-	15	-
Ukrainian-----		-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United States or American-----		548	402	248	694	648	851	253	270	177	232	343	283	151	168
Welsh-----		49	30	61	8	23	16	16	29	7	-	14	-	17	10
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)-----		7	-	27	8	-	76	-	8	-	12	13	-	5	-
Yugoslavian-----		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other ancestries-----		6 085	3 548	3 967	5 988	4 976	7 404	3 327	2 975	4 232	5 087	5 483	5 746	8 931	1 332
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS															
Dominican (Dominican Republic)-----		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Central American-----		21	6	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-
Costa Rican-----		10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Guatemalan-----		-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Honduran-----		11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nicaraguan-----		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Panamanian-----		-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Salvadoran-----		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-
Central American, origin not specified-----		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-
South American-----		-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	-	-	-
Argentinean-----		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chilean-----		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Colombian-----		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ecuadorian-----		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Peruvian-----		-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-
Venezuelan-----		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	-	-	-
Other South American-----		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County—Con.				Remainder of Gregg County								
	Tract 108.98 (pt.)		Tract 109.98 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 11 (pt.)	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102	Tract 103 (pt.)
ANCESTRY	All persons				1 755		76		85	86	3 148	7 009	4 070
	Ancestry specified				1 533		44		48	55	2 639	5 612	3 258
	Single ancestry				822		20		34	55	1 730	3 721	2 007
	Multiple ancestry				711		24		14		909	1 891	1 251
	Ancestry unclassified or not reported				222		32		37	31	509	1 397	812
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS	Total ancestries reported				3 510		152		170	172	6 296	14 018	8 140
	Arab				18								37
	Austrian												
	Belgian												
	Canadian												
	Czech												28
	Danish												5
	Dutch				10							84	126
	English				392		24					1 012	619
	Finnish												
	French (except Basque)				117								165
	French Canadian												
	German				31			32					12
	Greek				554								1 280
	Hungarian												
	Irish				359			12		8		715	1 630
	Italian				79							28	126
	Lithuanian												
	Norwegian				26								23
	Polish				40							18	46
	Portuguese				7							6	
	Romanian												
Russian													
Scotch-Irish				63							13		
Scottish				84							107	273	
Slovak				34							64	21	
Subsaharan African				17							21	3	
Swedish				49									
Swiss				6							31	48	
Ukrainian				15							26		
United States or American				87								9	
Welsh				7							462	771	
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)											29	13	
Yugoslavian												18	
Other ancestries				1 570			84		126	172	3 365	8 210	
	4 643												4 445
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS	Dominican (Dominican Republic)												
	Central American												
	Costa Rican												
	Guatemalan												
	Honduran												
	Nicaraguan												
	Panamanian												
	Salvadoran												
	Central American, origin not specified												
	South American												
	Argentinean												
	Chilean												
	Colombian												
	Ecuadorian												
	Peruvian												
	Venezuelan												
	Other South American												

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Remainder of Gregg County—Can.											
Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 105	Tract 106 (pt.)	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 108.98 (pt.)	Tract 109.98 (pt.)	Tract 110.98	Tract 111.98	Tract 112.98	Tract 113.98	Tract 114.98 (pt.)
ANCESTRY											
All persons-----	6 394	3 970	860	513	-	-	-	20	52	-	-
Ancestry specified-----	5 487	3 587	682	473	-	-	-	20	52	-	-
Single ancestry-----	3 741	2 961	504	312	-	-	-	20	15	-	-
Multiple ancestry-----	1 746	626	178	161	-	-	-	-	37	-	-
Ancestry unclassified or not reported-----	907	383	178	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS											
Total ancestries reported-----	12 788	7 940	1 720	1 026	-	-	-	40	104	-	-
Arab-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Austrian-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Belgian-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Canadian-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Czech-----	5	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Danish-----	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dutch-----	287	128	37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
English-----	571	353	72	28	-	-	-	-	24	-	-
Finnish-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
French (except Basque)-----	265	63	3	41	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
French Canadian-----	20	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
German-----	982	422	186	112	-	-	-	-	52	-	-
Greek-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hungarian-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Irish-----	1 488	476	192	77	-	-	-	-	6	-	-
Italian-----	27	40	7	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lithuanian-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Norwegian-----	69	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Polish-----	6	9	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Portuguese-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Romanian-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Russian-----	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scotch-Irish-----	222	87	37	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scottish-----	62	58	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Slovak-----	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subsaharan African-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Swedish-----	88	22	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Swiss-----	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ukrainian-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United States or American-----	1 088	401	79	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Welsh-----	9	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)-----	8	6	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Yugoslavian-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other ancestries-----	7 488	5 756	1 087	685	-	-	-	40	22	-	-
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS											
Dominican (Dominican Republic)-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Central American-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Costa Rican-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Guatemalan-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Honduran-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nicaraguan-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Panamanian-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Salvadoran-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Central American, origin not specified-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
South American-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Argentinian-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chilean-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Colombian-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ecuadorian-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Peruvian-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Venezuelan-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other South American-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Gregg County—Con.		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Harrison County							Longview city (pt.), Harrison County		Marshall city, Harrison County	
	Tract 115.98	Tract 116.98	Tract 201.01	Tract 203	Tract 204.01	Tract 204.02	Tract 205	Tract 206.97	Tract 206.98	Tract 206.97 (pt.)	Tract 206.98 (pt.)	Tract 201.01 (pt.)	Tract 203 (pt.)
<b>ANCESTRY</b>													
All persons.....			7 066	7 485	4 280	6 112	8 014	7 790	6 624	1 544	117	468	7 173
Ancestry specified.....			6 109	6 577	3 569	5 569	6 711	6 573	5 098	1 277	71	447	6 357
Single ancestry.....			4 281	4 763	3 189	5 156	4 746	4 249	3 395	901	53	255	4 646
Multiple ancestry.....			1 828	1 814	380	413	1 965	2 324	1 703	376	18	192	1 711
Ancestry unclassified or not reported.....			937	908	711	543	1 303	1 217	1 526	267	46	21	816
<b>SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS</b>													
Total ancestries reported.....			14 132	14 970	8 560	12 224	16 028	15 580	13 248	3 088	234	936	14 346
Arab.....				10	31		52		8				10
Austrian.....								5					6
Belgian.....			2	6			22	16					
Canadian.....				41		7	9	72	11				41
Czech.....				34	5		8	2	36				34
Danish.....			42	130	70	43	191	187	134	32			100
Dutch.....			133	70	233	197	991	1 155	848	198		137	1 157
English.....			941	1 182									
Finnish.....				272	66	57	338	447	307	68	39	20	272
French (except Basque).....			182										
French Canadian.....			24		5				18				
German.....			1 185	1 291	254	206	1 216	1 660	1 187	384	9	138	1 256
Greek.....				25			17	11	8	11			25
Hungarian.....								9	22				
Irish.....			1 538	1 524	338	339	1 572	1 676	1 273	248		150	1 464
Italian.....			65	121	15	45	133	153	56	17		8	121
Lithuanian.....								6		6			
Lithuanian.....				70			18	52	18	35			48
Norwegian.....				8			85	76	13				8
Polish.....			34	39			8	36					39
Portuguese.....													
Romanian.....													
Russian.....				30				22	22	17			30
Scottish-Irish.....			187	274	69	55	304	264	211	68		25	252
Scottish.....			91	153	21	24	139	184	123	29		17	119
Slovak.....						7							
Subsaharan African.....					49	10							
Swedish.....			13	45	11	31	7	16	71				40
Swiss.....					21			6	25	6			
Ukrainian.....					6								
United States or American.....			641	605	276	368	635	1 014	630	164	23	99	590
Welsh.....			42	70		6	60	15	26			10	70
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups).....								3	4				
Yugoslavian.....													
Other ancestries.....			8 939	8 931	7 079	10 800	10 061	8 269	8 135	1 769	163	316	8 555
<b>PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS</b>													
Dominican (Dominican Republic).....													
Central American.....													
Costa Rican.....													
Guatemalan.....													
Honduran.....													
Nicaraguan.....													
Panamanian.....													
Salvadoran.....													
Central American, origin not specified.....													
South American.....													
Argentinian.....													
Chilean.....													
Colombian.....													
Ecuadorian.....													
Peruvian.....													
Venezuelan.....													
Other South American.....													

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Marshall city, Harrison County—Con.				Remainder of Harrison County								
	Tract 204.01 (pt.)	Tract 204.02 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)		Tract 201.01 (pt.)	Tract 201.02	Tract 202.98	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204.01 (pt.)	Tract 204.02 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 206.97 (pt.)	Tract 206.98 (pt.)
ANCESTRY	3 377	5 876	6 788		6 598	5 035	5 077	312	903	236	1 226	6 246	6 507
	2 871	5 358	5 741		5 662	4 158	3 954	220	698	211	970	5 296	5 027
	2 610	5 028	4 176		4 026	3 059	2 696	117	579	128	570	3 348	3 342
	261	330	1 565		1 636	1 099	1 258	103	119	83	400	1 948	1 685
	506	518	1 047		936	877	1 123	92	205	25	256	950	1 480
	6 754	11 752	13 576		13 196	10 070	10 154	624	1 806	472	2 452	12 492	13 014
	31		52			4							8
	Total ancestries reported												
Arab			9				21						
Austrian					2	3	8					5	
Belgian		7	22										1
Canadian			9			2						11	11
Czech			8		42	17	21					72	
Danish	5						7						36
Dutch	21	43	86		133	67	111	30	49		105	155	134
English	166	184	872		804	613	657	25	67	13	119	957	848
Finnish						8							
French (except Basque)	26	57	273		162	221	275		40		65	379	268
French Canadian													
German	5				24	56	16						18
German	156	136	983		1 047	546	669	35	98	70	233	1 276	1 178
Greek			17										8
Hungarian						22							
Irish	253	294	1 160		1 388	905	990	60	85	45	412	1 428	22
Italian	9	19	130		57	52	81		6	26	23	136	1 273
Lithuanian						1							56
Norwegian			18			2		22					
Polish		22	85		8	41	3					17	18
Portuguese					34						8	36	
Romanian													
Russian													
Scottish-Irish	62	55	285		162	153	73	22				5	22
Scottish	21	15	139		74	107	138	34	7		19	196	211
Slovak		7				16				9		155	123
Subsaharan African		10					9		49				
Swedish	11		7		13	19	13	5		31		16	71
Swiss	21					7							25
Ukrainian	6												
United States or American	211	350	575		542	643	534	15	65	18		850	607
Welsh		6	60		32	24	8				60	15	26
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)												3	4
Yugoslavian													
Other ancestries	5 739	10 547	8 694		8 623	6 394	6 480	376	1 340	253	1 367	6 500	7 972
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS													
Dominican (Dominican Republic)													
Central American													
Costa Rican													
Guatemalan													
Handuran													
Nicaraguan													
Panamanian													
Salvadoran													
Central American, origin not specified													
South American						7	2						
Argentinean													
Chilean						7							
Colombian							2						
Ecuadorian													
Peruvian													
Venezuelan													
Other South American													



Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview--Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County			Harrison County			Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Gregg County		
		Total	Kilgore city (pt.)	Longview city (pt.)	Total	Longview city (pt.)	Marshall city	Tract 2	Tract 4	Tract 9
PLACE OF BIRTH										
All persons	162 431	104 948	8 255	68 655	57 483	1 661	23 682	4 348	5 701	2 758
Native	159 487	102 761	7 995	66 961	56 726	1 661	23 293	4 189	5 594	2 671
Foreign born	2 944	2 187	260	1 694	757	-	389	159	107	87
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH										
Linguistically isolated households	490	410	37	347	80	-	41	42	8	21
Persons 5 years and over	150 374	96 934	7 699	63 213	53 440	1 529	22 065	4 028	5 385	2 525
In linguistically isolated households	1 330	1 054	102	875	276	-	182	82	8	61
Speak a language other than English	6 189	4 614	460	3 513	1 575	25	843	291	276	198
Do not speak English "very well"	2 599	1 842	247	1 410	757	12	379	149	71	87
Speak Spanish	4 627	3 461	432	2 646	1 166	25	574	274	147	177
Do not speak English "very well"	2 122	1 508	247	1 136	614	12	313	149	34	81
Linguistically isolated	1 142	895	102	725	247	-	182	82	-	61
Speak on Asian or Pacific Island language	287	219	-	219	68	-	48	-	10	6
Do not speak English "very well"	173	131	-	131	42	-	22	-	-	6
Linguistically isolated	55	51	-	51	4	-	-	-	-	-
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	43 957	27 844	2 350	17 941	16 113	457	6 861	1 055	1 069	690
Preprimary school	3 072	2 056	137	1 430	1 016	44	439	121	60	23
Public school	1 807	1 196	56	802	611	27	259	60	41	12
Elementary or high school	31 389	19 289	1 260	12 348	12 100	331	4 736	726	579	553
Public school	29 939	18 191	1 201	11 541	11 748	318	4 551	646	537	500
College	9 496	6 499	953	4 163	2 997	82	1 686	208	430	114
Public college	7 182	5 085	904	2 944	2 097	82	1 023	160	352	99
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT										
Persons 25 years and over	101 767	65 986	5 265	43 098	35 781	1 034	14 665	2 884	4 007	1 720
Less than 9th grade	9 619	5 501	718	3 375	4 118	57	1 845	306	98	196
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	16 970	10 484	869	6 372	6 486	153	2 804	521	450	460
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	29 811	17 869	1 136	11 738	11 942	287	4 513	689	1 092	507
Some college, no degree	22 558	15 550	1 143	10 374	7 008	295	2 586	623	1 091	348
Associate degree	6 624	4 934	374	3 055	1 690	81	578	227	380	110
Bachelor's degree	10 736	7 774	606	5 572	2 962	120	1 407	367	674	69
Graduate or professional degree	5 449	3 874	419	2 612	1 575	41	932	151	222	30
Percent high school graduate or higher	73.9	75.8	69.9	77.4	70.4	79.7	68.3	71.3	86.3	61.9
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	15.9	17.7	19.5	19.0	12.7	15.6	15.9	18.0	22.4	5.8
FERTILITY										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	418	436	194	466	388	396	344	607	387	358
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 613	1 532	1 584	1 474	1 771	1 273	1 630	1 328	761	1 952
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	2 155	2 151	2 330	2 109	2 161	1 386	2 194	2 291	1 883	2 241
RESIDENCE IN 1985										
Persons 5 years and over	150 374	96 934	7 699	63 213	53 440	1 529	22 065	4 028	5 385	2 525
Same house	79 884	48 550	4 006	29 529	31 334	887	12 066	2 115	1 995	1 089
Different house in United States	69 589	47 633	3 619	33 082	21 956	642	9 901	1 879	3 349	1 407
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	26 309	18 514	213	16 215	7 795	334	4 990	849	1 206	938
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	14 675	8 996	1 529	3 305	5 679	90	1 112	196	452	111
Different MSA/PMSA	17 468	11 992	1 006	8 468	5 476	166	2 398	503	959	179
Nat in an MSA/PMSA	11 137	8 131	871	5 094	3 006	52	1 401	331	732	179
Abroad	901	751	74	602	150	-	98	34	41	29
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE										
Urban population	112 191	86 848	8 255	68 655	25 343	1 661	23 682	3 554	5 701	2 682
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	76 594	59 245	5 418	46 868	17 349	1 247	16 102	2 010	3 111	1 876
Rural population	50 240	18 100	-	-	32 140	-	-	794	-	76
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	20 848	9 002	-	-	11 846	-	-	569	-	12
On farms	1 377	276	-	-	1 101	-	-	-	-	-
JOURNEY TO WORK										
Workers 16 years and over	68 395	46 027	3 583	30 547	22 368	667	8 845	1 852	3 164	1 134
Car, truck, or van	64 172	43 459	3 301	28 891	20 713	648	8 062	1 762	3 097	1 058
Drive alone	55 401	38 371	2 884	25 510	17 030	561	6 487	1 513	2 882	884
Carpooled	8 771	5 088	417	3 381	3 683	87	1 575	249	215	174
Public transportation (including taxicab)	188	131	18	86	57	-	21	-	-	9
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	86	50	-	31	36	-	-	-	-	9
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	15	10	-	10	5	-	5	-	-	-
Walked	1 797	1 111	141	770	686	9	355	32	31	36
Other means	870	546	54	392	324	10	202	37	11	-
Worked at home	1 368	780	69	408	588	-	205	21	25	31
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.08	1.07	1.07	1.07	1.11	1.08	1.12	1.08	1.04	1.10
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	18.2	17.1	14.4	16.5	20.5	17.0	17.4	17.9	15.4	16.7
Departure time for work:										
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	4 401	2 998	217	1 935	1 403	19	423	152	138	65
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	13 674	8 934	628	5 641	4 740	135	1 559	460	605	250
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	23 873	16 174	1 186	10 776	7 699	320	2 935	666	1 219	302
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	9 244	6 436	414	4 569	2 808	56	1 337	309	593	161
All other times	15 835	10 705	1 069	7 218	5 130	137	2 386	244	584	325
Worked in MSA of residence	60 627	41 512	3 160	28 041	19 115	608	8 011	1 667	2 944	1 046
Longview city (pt.)	34 652	30 456	695	24 161	4 196	388	590	1 298	2 558	906
Kilgore city (pt.)	4 664	4 520	1 992	906	144	14	30	50	115	38
Gladewater city (pt.)	1 019	1 002	-	208	17	-	-	13	-	16
White Oak city	793	776	-	311	17	-	-	18	13	-
Remainder of Gregg County	3 259	3 055	415	1 239	204	18	5	85	134	76
Longview city (pt.)	808	438	18	309	370	47	44	52	33	6
Marshall city	9 185	193	8	143	8 992	19	6 048	21	26	-
Remainder of Harrison County	6 247	1 072	23	764	5 175	116	1 294	130	65	4
Worked outside MSA of residence	7 768	4 515	423	2 506	3 253	59	834	185	220	88
Tyler city	797	704	49	249	93	4	15	55	11	5
Remainder of Tyler, TX MSA	287	281	47	123	6	-	-	-	14	13
Shreveport city, LA	846	65	-	50	781	-	117	6	-	9
Remainder of Shreveport, LA MSA	600	8	-	8	592	-	95	-	-	-
Henderson city	258	228	47	148	30	-	9	-	-	-
Kilgore city (pt.)	192	192	62	47	-	-	-	5	-	17
Remainder of Rusk County	751	638	106	252	113	31	20	23	22	-
Lane Star city	133	95	-	76	38	-	8	4	26	-
Remainder of Morris County	198	156	7	137	42	-	-	6	20	-
Gladewater city (pt.)	110	102	-	50	8	-	-	-	-	-
Remainder of Upshur County	487	364	-	177	123	14	-	-	43	12
Marian County	286	56	-	50	230	-	78	17	-	-
Worked elsewhere	2 823	1 626	105	1 139	1 197	5	492	69	84	32

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County—Con.								
	Tract 11	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 101	Tract 103	Tract 104	Tract 106	Tract 107	Tract 108.98
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>									
All persons	2 772	3 838	5 138	4 431	8 159	6 487	5 129	4 406	—
Native	2 636	3 740	4 995	4 385	8 028	6 466	5 057	4 194	—
Foreign born	136	98	143	46	131	21	72	212	—
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>									
Linguistically isolated households	33	13	25	6	37	—	8	29	—
Persons 5 years and over	2 512	3 527	4 804	4 063	7 428	6 033	4 856	4 086	—
In linguistically isolated households	52	31	70	6	84	—	24	78	—
Speak a language other than English	221	197	351	106	294	110	176	296	—
Do not speak English "very well"	97	79	119	21	122	23	72	179	—
Speak Spanish	179	162	267	66	185	27	176	268	—
Do not speak English "very well"	86	79	90	14	94	—	72	179	—
Linguistically isolated	52	31	57	6	37	—	24	78	—
Speak on Asian or Pacific Island language	20	—	34	—	—	—	—	—	—
Do not speak English "very well"	6	—	29	—	—	—	—	—	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	13	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	790	886	1 990	1 168	2 390	1 916	1 336	1 409	—
Preprimary school	60	15	90	52	173	133	111	38	—
Public school	39	15	73	19	135	117	49	18	—
Elementary or high school	630	665	1 162	949	1 785	1 353	744	801	—
Public school	558	638	1 141	897	1 691	1 319	698	784	—
College	100	206	738	167	432	430	481	570	—
Public college	100	156	154	157	336	421	449	537	—
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>									
Persons 25 years and over	1 584	2 439	2 668	2 770	4 758	3 987	3 483	2 551	—
Less than 9th grade	243	347	368	147	181	379	226	549	—
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	241	521	592	442	496	765	481	612	—
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	373	720	774	726	1 793	1 137	687	601	—
Some college, no degree	315	585	456	686	1 201	880	821	508	—
Associate degree	70	155	161	228	498	399	308	124	—
Bachelor's degree	224	93	176	414	412	274	572	103	—
Graduate or professional degree	118	18	141	127	177	153	388	54	—
Percent high school graduate or higher	69.4	64.4	64.0	78.7	85.8	71.3	79.7	54.5	—
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	21.6	4.6	11.9	19.5	12.4	10.7	27.6	6.2	—
<b>FERTILITY</b>									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	1 105	598	328	423	410	595	175	213	—
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 571	1 443	1 712	1 556	1 663	1 860	1 266	1 922	—
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	2 222	2 150	2 358	1 915	2 339	2 320	1 931	2 929	—
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>									
Persons 5 years and over	2 512	3 527	4 804	4 063	7 428	6 033	4 856	4 086	—
Some house	1 243	1 813	2 591	2 266	3 358	3 611	2 658	2 052	—
Different house in United States	1 237	1 660	2 089	1 785	4 019	2 381	2 198	1 960	—
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	855	955	1 114	715	1 254	211	213	66	—
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	124	175	121	357	1 073	1 022	908	857	—
Different MSA/PMSA	239	339	560	481	772	698	661	416	—
Not in on MSA/PMSA	19	191	294	232	920	450	416	621	—
Abroad	32	54	124	12	51	41	—	74	—
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>									
Urban population	2 772	3 753	5 052	1 291	7 665	93	4 269	3 893	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	1 619	2 379	3 547	819	5 076	69	2 645	2 704	—
Rural population	—	85	86	3 140	494	6 394	860	513	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	41	79	1 433	354	2 957	593	376	—
On farms	—	—	—	51	36	27	7	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>									
Workers 16 years and over	906	1 627	2 014	1 907	3 656	2 840	2 408	1 755	—
Car, truck, or van	775	1 498	1 718	1 791	3 533	2 692	2 269	1 574	—
Drove alone	684	1 229	1 460	1 589	3 188	2 386	2 130	1 255	—
Carpooled	91	269	258	202	345	306	139	319	—
Public transportation (including taxicab)	17	10	—	13	19	—	18	—	—
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	17	—	—	5	19	—	—	—	—
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	57	73	214	31	28	28	42	110	—
Other means	42	26	25	11	39	23	—	54	—
Worked at home	15	20	57	61	37	97	79	17	—
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.06	1.10	1.09	1.06	1.06	1.06	1.03	1.12	—
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	14.9	16.2	16.0	22.0	19.2	18.9	14.4	15.1	—
<b>Departure time for work:</b>									
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	90	270	70	90	323	261	81	183	—
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	69	217	437	376	807	664	371	386	—
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	294	403	466	830	1 194	972	1 005	391	—
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	185	289	188	269	392	299	320	156	—
All other times	253	428	796	281	903	547	552	622	—
Worked in MSA of residence	862	1 447	1 886	1 743	3 185	2 435	2 113	1 536	—
Longview city (pt.)	781	1 286	1 616	1 356	2 353	747	521	338	—
Kilgore city (pt.)	21	30	34	61	121	969	1 254	996	—
Gladewater city (pt.)	—	44	—	17	122	25	6	—	—
White Oak city	—	12	12	37	318	10	9	—	—
Remainder of Gregg County	28	54	118	205	150	618	270	194	—
Longview city (pt.)	10	—	36	13	23	26	30	—	—
Marshall city	5	—	5	7	—	—	—	8	—
Remainder of Harrison County	17	21	65	47	98	40	23	—	—
Worked outside MSA of residence	44	180	128	164	471	405	295	219	—
Tyler city	16	13	21	25	96	138	27	30	—
Remainder of Tyler, TX MSA	—	6	—	—	44	35	36	11	—
Shreveport city, LA	—	13	—	6	—	7	2	—	—
Remainder of Shreveport, LA MSA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Henderson city	6	—	—	16	—	10	26	27	—
Kilgore city (pt.)	—	—	7	—	29	20	67	7	—
Remainder of Rusk County	—	30	17	15	25	85	75	61	—
Lone Star city	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Morris County	—	—	15	10	17	—	7	—	—
Gladewater city (pt.)	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	13	—
Remainder of Upshur County	—	26	5	37	42	11	—	—	—
Marion County	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worked elsewhere	22	86	53	44	218	99	55	70	—



Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Gregg County—Con.		Kilgore city (pt.), Gregg County				Longview city (pt.), Gregg County			
	Tract 109.98	Tract 114.98	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 106 (pt.)	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 114.98 (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3	Tract 4 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>										
All persons	—	—	93	4 269	3 893	—	356	2 593	5 252	5 701
Native	—	—	93	4 213	3 689	—	356	2 469	5 157	5 594
Foreign born	—	—	—	56	204	—	—	124	95	107
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>										
Linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	8	29	—	—	36	18	8
Persons 5 years and over	—	—	83	4 024	3 592	—	349	2 429	4 936	5 385
In linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	24	78	—	—	53	53	8
Speak a language other than English	—	—	9	155	296	—	—	257	168	276
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	—	68	179	—	—	115	53	71
Speak Spanish	—	—	9	155	268	—	—	240	104	147
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	—	68	179	—	—	115	53	34
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	24	78	—	—	53	53	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	—	—	14	1 122	1 214	—	23	482	1 019	1 069
Preprimary school	—	—	—	105	32	—	—	38	80	60
Public school	—	—	—	44	12	—	—	28	30	41
Elementary or high school	—	—	14	619	627	—	—	354	735	579
Public school	—	—	14	577	610	—	—	325	652	537
College	—	—	—	398	555	—	23	90	204	430
Public college	—	—	—	373	531	—	18	72	165	352
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>										
Persons 25 years and over	—	—	52	2 943	2 270	—	289	1 770	3 784	4 007
Less than 9th grade	—	—	5	203	510	—	54	272	224	98
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	—	—	—	359	510	—	111	449	339	450
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	—	—	24	601	511	—	70	464	917	1 092
Some college, no degree	—	—	16	660	467	—	35	295	999	1 091
Associate degree	—	—	7	252	115	—	13	94	271	380
Bachelor's degree	—	—	—	503	103	—	—	139	680	674
Graduate or professional degree	—	—	—	365	54	—	6	57	354	222
Percent high school graduate or higher	—	—	90.4	80.9	55.1	—	42.9	59.3	85.1	86.3
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	—	—	—	29.5	6.9	—	2.1	11.1	27.3	22.4
<b>FERTILITY</b>										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	—	—	—	194	197	—	1 077	691	293	387
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	—	—	1 933	1 345	1 827	—	—	1 178	1 440	761
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	—	—	—	1 829	2 938	—	6 000	2 408	2 234	1 883
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>										
Persons 5 years and over	—	—	83	4 024	3 592	—	349	2 429	4 936	5 385
Some house	—	—	36	2 151	1 819	—	148	979	2 475	1 995
Different house in United States	—	—	47	1 873	1 699	—	201	1 416	2 434	3 349
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	—	—	8	154	51	—	81	576	1 303	1 206
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	—	—	30	760	739	—	29	169	183	452
Different MSA/PMSA	—	—	9	613	384	—	62	392	620	959
Not in on MSA/PMSA	—	—	—	346	525	—	29	279	328	732
Abroad	—	—	—	—	74	—	—	34	27	41
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>										
Urban population	—	—	93	4 269	3 893	—	356	2 593	5 252	5 701
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	69	2 645	2 704	—	66	1 318	3 593	3 111
Rural population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
On farms	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>										
Workers 16 years and over	—	—	34	1 934	1 615	—	66	1 044	2 466	3 164
Car, truck, or van	—	—	34	1 824	1 443	—	38	991	2 354	3 097
Drove alone	—	—	16	1 712	1 156	—	23	839	2 111	2 882
Carpooled	—	—	18	112	287	—	15	152	243	215
Public transportation (including taxicab)	—	—	—	18	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	—	—	—	31	110	—	25	13	49	31
Other means	—	—	—	—	54	—	3	32	17	11
Worked at home	—	—	—	61	8	—	—	8	46	25
Persons per car, truck, or van	—	—	1.36	1.03	1.11	—	1.25	1.09	1.06	1.04
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	—	—	11.2	14.2	14.8	—	13.2	17.9	14.6	15.4
<b>Departure time for work:</b>										
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	—	—	—	73	144	—	—	68	145	138
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	—	—	—	252	376	—	13	295	367	605
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	—	—	—	818	368	—	9	360	1 006	1 219
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	—	—	—	265	149	—	10	182	415	593
All other times	—	—	34	465	570	—	34	131	487	584
Worked in MSA of residence	—	—	34	1 692	1 434	—	66	919	2 314	2 944
Longview city (pt.)	—	—	8	406	281	—	66	738	2 038	2 558
Kilgore city (pt.)	—	—	26	1 006	960	—	—	27	75	115
Glodewater city (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	—	—
White Oak city	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	7	14	13
Remainder of Gregg County	—	—	—	230	185	—	—	28	51	134
Longview city (pt.)	—	—	—	18	—	—	—	15	73	33
Marshall city	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	6	42	26
Remainder of Harrison County	—	—	—	23	—	—	—	85	21	65
Worked outside MSA of residence	—	—	—	242	181	—	—	125	152	220
Tyler city	—	—	—	19	30	—	—	34	14	11
Remainder of Tyler, TX MSA	—	—	—	36	11	—	—	—	—	14
Shreveport city, LA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	6	—
Remainder of Shreveport, LA MSA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Henderson city	—	—	—	26	21	—	—	—	—	—
Kilgore city (pt.)	—	—	—	55	7	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Rusk County	—	—	—	45	61	—	—	12	32	22
Lane Stor city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	26
Remainder of Marris County	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	20
Glodewater city (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Upshur County	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	43
Marian County	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	17	—	—
Worked elsewhere	—	—	—	54	51	—	—	52	94	84

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County—Con.									
	Tract 5.01	Tract 5.02	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10	Tract 11 (pt.)	Tract 12	Tract 13
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>										
All persons	4 221	3 856	5 929	5 159	6 683	2 682	2 316	2 772	3 072	3 886
Native	4 147	3 848	5 844	5 130	6 476	2 595	2 196	2 636	3 009	3 652
Foreign born	74	8	85	29	207	87	120	136	63	234
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>										
Linguistically isolated households	5	16	—	6	48	21	25	33	4	64
Persons 5 years and over	3 959	3 547	5 515	4 782	6 002	2 449	2 141	2 512	2 825	3 402
In linguistically isolated households	10	16	—	20	112	61	91	52	9	245
Speak a language other than English	165	209	83	125	372	198	205	221	138	361
Do not speak English "very well"	46	44	27	28	167	87	118	97	49	228
Speak Spanish	49	139	43	71	309	177	200	179	118	305
Do not speak English "very well"	10	15	10	14	142	81	118	86	35	191
Linguistically isolated	5	8	—	—	101	61	91	52	—	207
Speak on Asian or Pacific Island language	50	—	20	20	—	6	—	20	11	48
Do not speak English "very well"	24	—	10	14	—	6	—	6	5	37
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	20	—	—	—	—	—	18
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1 236	1 041	1 629	1 389	1 827	690	473	790	856	977
Preprimary school	150	102	221	169	121	23	40	60	32	120
Public school	44	55	89	92	80	12	21	39	24	71
Elementary or high school	789	630	1 094	874	1 409	553	360	630	685	679
Public school	704	559	1 021	834	1 392	500	321	558	668	597
College	297	309	314	346	297	114	73	100	139	178
Public college	233	252	278	305	221	99	57	100	128	122
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>										
Persons 25 years and over	2 750	2 517	3 754	3 390	3 880	1 644	1 568	1 584	1 849	2 316
Less than 9th grade	13	99	107	148	274	177	242	243	343	259
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	156	322	239	362	646	454	424	241	470	359
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	413	663	947	796	1 217	500	414	373	455	789
Some college, no degree	698	686	1 031	961	1 002	342	244	315	319	563
Associate degree	187	209	294	231	294	98	81	70	97	109
Bachelor's degree	830	384	806	582	307	43	103	224	117	155
Graduate or professional degree	453	154	330	310	140	30	60	118	48	82
Percent high school graduate or higher	93.9	83.3	90.8	85.0	76.3	61.6	57.5	69.4	56.0	73.3
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	46.7	21.4	30.3	26.3	11.5	4.4	10.4	21.6	8.9	10.2
<b>FERTILITY</b>										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	208	403	145	164	578	358	800	1 105	523	910
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 520	1 147	1 298	1 373	1 788	1 952	1 455	1 571	1 715	1 878
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	1 827	1 922	1 614	2 218	1 974	2 241	2 160	2 222	2 656	2 383
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>										
Persons 5 years and over	3 959	3 547	5 515	4 782	6 002	2 449	2 141	2 512	2 825	3 402
Some house	2 066	1 372	2 618	2 493	2 307	1 032	1 249	1 243	1 555	1 564
Different house in United States	1 882	2 132	2 855	2 282	3 676	1 388	880	1 237	1 259	1 773
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	847	996	1 086	1 002	1 751	932	538	855	697	1 059
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	63	305	201	274	407	98	60	124	269	142
Different MSA/PMSA	633	485	936	664	1 098	179	187	239	160	413
Not in an MSA/PMSA	339	346	632	342	420	179	95	19	133	159
Abroad	11	43	42	7	19	29	12	32	11	65
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>										
Urban population	4 221	3 856	5 929	5 159	6 683	2 682	2 316	2 772	3 072	3 886
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	3 395	2 494	4 562	4 142	4 655	1 876	1 832	1 619	2 156	2 683
Rural population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
On farms	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>										
Workers 16 years and over	1 997	2 036	3 173	2 450	2 894	1 115	964	906	1 032	1 388
Car, truck, or van	1 919	1 951	3 074	2 370	2 792	1 051	870	775	948	1 277
Drove alone	1 722	1 712	2 854	2 080	2 542	877	773	684	736	997
Carpooled	197	239	220	290	250	174	97	91	212	280
Public transportation (including taxicab)	5	24	10	—	—	9	—	17	—	6
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	17	—	—
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	8	23	28	42	13	24	68	57	24	72
Other means	22	16	15	11	53	—	21	42	54	19
Worked at home	43	22	46	27	36	31	5	15	6	14
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.06	1.07	1.04	1.07	1.05	1.10	1.06	1.06	1.14	1.14
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	14.5	16.2	17.4	16.6	17.7	16.9	14.9	14.9	17.2	15.7
<b>Departure time for work:</b>										
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	38	126	191	106	227	65	62	90	52	64
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	217	415	481	492	616	243	217	69	195	254
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	925	740	1 391	1 038	893	302	336	294	248	451
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	419	244	476	287	401	161	120	185	161	159
All other times	355	489	588	500	721	313	224	253	370	446
Worked in MSA of residence	1 844	1 893	2 844	2 302	2 590	1 027	935	862	923	1 282
Longview city (pt.)	1 610	1 585	2 511	1 969	2 090	899	802	781	824	1 186
Kilgare city (pt.)	69	116	28	71	136	38	45	21	41	7
Gladewater city (pt.)	6	8	9	13	12	16	7	—	5	—
White Oak city	22	42	17	21	55	—	15	—	21	—
Remainder of Gregg County	63	79	113	121	168	64	42	28	16	51
Longview city (pt.)	24	—	21	11	55	6	—	10	—	8
Marshall city	—	7	26	16	—	—	—	5	—	5
Remainder of Harrison County	50	56	119	80	74	4	24	17	11	25
Worked outside MSA of residence	153	143	329	148	304	88	29	44	109	106
Tyler city	13	8	36	27	24	5	—	16	—	—
Remainder of Tyler, TX MSA	—	17	37	19	—	13	—	—	—	—
Shreveport city, LA	—	7	—	—	—	9	9	—	—	—
Remainder of Shreveport, LA MSA	6	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Henderson city	6	—	49	—	19	—	—	6	14	50
Kilgare city (pt.)	6	—	17	—	—	17	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Rusk County	21	32	18	20	26	—	—	—	—	6
Lone Star city	—	20	19	—	—	—	—	—	—	7
Remainder of Morris County	25	—	25	16	15	—	—	—	—	—
Gladewater city (pt.)	—	25	—	5	10	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Upshur County	—	19	32	—	21	12	—	—	—	—
Marian County	6	—	15	—	—	—	—	—	12	—
Worked elsewhere	70	15	79	61	189	32	20	22	83	43



Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County—Con.						Remainder of Gregg County			
	Troct 14 (pt.)	Troct 15 (pt.)	Troct 101 (pt.)	Troct 103 (pt.)	Troct 108.98 (pt.)	Troct 109.98 (pt.)	Troct 2 (pt.)	Troct 4 (pt.)	Troct 9 (pt.)	Troct 11 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>										
All persons .....	3 753	5 052	1 283	4 089	—	—	1 755	—	76	—
Native .....	3 655	4 909	1 283	4 005	—	—	1 720	—	76	—
Foreign born .....	98	143	—	84	—	—	35	—	—	—
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>										
Linguistically isolated households .....	13	25	6	19	—	—	6	—	—	—
Persons 5 years and over .....	3 442	4 720	1 196	3 622	—	—	1 599	—	76	—
In linguistically isolated households .....	31	70	6	38	—	—	29	—	—	—
Speak a language other than English .....	197	351	15	172	—	—	34	—	—	—
Do not speak English "very well" .....	79	119	6	76	—	—	34	—	—	—
Speak Spanish .....	162	267	6	130	—	—	34	—	—	—
Do not speak English "very well" .....	79	90	6	57	—	—	34	—	—	—
Linguistically isolated .....	31	57	6	—	—	—	29	—	—	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language .....	—	34	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Do not speak English "very well" .....	—	29	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Linguistically isolated .....	—	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school .....	871	1 971	403	1 195	—	—	573	—	—	—
Preprimary school .....	15	90	7	102	—	—	83	—	—	—
Public school .....	15	73	—	88	—	—	32	—	—	—
Elementary or high school .....	650	1 143	348	836	—	—	372	—	—	—
Public school .....	623	1 122	348	780	—	—	321	—	—	—
College .....	206	738	48	257	—	—	118	—	—	—
Public college .....	156	154	48	184	—	—	88	—	—	—
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>										
Persons 25 years and over .....	2 369	2 611	723	2 293	—	—	1 114	—	76	—
Less than 9th grade .....	340	339	43	100	—	—	34	—	19	—
9th to 12th grade, no diploma .....	489	582	99	180	—	—	72	—	6	—
High school graduate (includes equivalency) .....	714	770	205	939	—	—	225	—	7	—
Some college, no degree .....	560	449	217	567	—	—	328	—	6	—
Associate degree .....	155	161	55	256	—	—	133	—	12	—
Bachelor's degree .....	93	169	96	170	—	—	228	—	26	—
Graduate or professional degree .....	18	141	8	81	—	—	94	—	—	—
Percent high school graduate or higher .....	65.0	64.7	80.4	87.8	—	—	90.5	—	67.1	—
Percent bachelor's degree or higher .....	4.7	11.9	14.4	10.9	—	—	28.9	—	34.2	—
<b>FERTILITY</b>										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years .....	598	333	158	576	—	—	207	—	—	—
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years .....	1 472	1 721	1 638	1 715	—	—	1 488	—	—	—
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years .....	2 150	2 318	2 104	2 414	—	—	2 096	—	—	—
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>										
Persons 5 years and over .....	3 442	4 720	1 196	3 622	—	—	1 599	—	76	—
Some house .....	1 755	2 542	588	1 548	—	—	1 136	—	57	—
Different house in United States .....	1 633	2 054	608	2 023	—	—	463	—	19	—
Central city of this MSA/PMSA .....	947	1 084	283	972	—	—	273	—	6	—
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA .....	175	121	67	166	—	—	27	—	13	—
Different MSA/PMSA .....	326	555	168	392	—	—	111	—	—	—
Not in on MSA/PMSA .....	185	294	90	493	—	—	52	—	—	—
Abroad .....	54	124	—	51	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>										
Urban population .....	3 753	5 052	1 283	4 089	—	—	961	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre .....	2 379	3 547	811	2 629	—	—	692	—	—	—
Rural population .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	794	—	76	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	569	—	12	—
On farms .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>										
Workers 16 years and over .....	1 579	2 001	500	1 772	—	—	808	—	19	—
Car, truck, or van .....	1 455	1 712	478	1 739	—	—	771	—	7	—
Drove alone .....	1 195	1 457	430	1 596	—	—	674	—	7	—
Carpooled .....	260	255	48	143	—	—	97	—	—	—
Public transportation (including taxicab) .....	10	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car .....	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked .....	68	214	11	—	—	—	19	—	12	—
Other means .....	26	25	—	25	—	—	5	—	—	—
Worked at home .....	20	50	6	8	—	—	13	—	—	—
Persons per car, truck, or van .....	1.10	1.09	1.05	1.05	—	—	1.07	—	1.00	—
Mean travel time to work (minutes) .....	16.3	16.0	22.3	20.1	—	—	18.0	—	4.9	—
<b>Departure time for work:</b>										
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m. .....	270	70	39	184	—	—	84	—	—	—
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m. .....	204	437	75	446	—	—	165	—	7	—
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m. .....	389	463	197	515	—	—	306	—	—	—
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m. .....	277	185	102	192	—	—	127	—	—	—
All other times .....	419	796	81	427	—	—	113	—	12	—
Worked in MSA of residence .....	1 405	1 873	468	1 550	—	—	748	—	19	—
Longview city (pt.) .....	1 244	1 613	375	1 272	—	—	560	—	7	—
Kilgore city (pt.) .....	30	34	24	29	—	—	23	—	—	—
Glodewater city (pt.) .....	44	—	11	64	—	—	—	—	—	—
White Oak city .....	12	12	13	47	—	—	11	—	—	—
Remainder of Gregg County .....	54	108	45	74	—	—	57	—	12	—
Longview city (pt.) .....	—	36	—	17	—	—	37	—	—	—
Marshall city .....	—	5	—	—	—	—	15	—	—	—
Remainder of Harrison County .....	21	65	—	47	—	—	45	—	—	—
Worked outside MSA of residence .....	174	128	32	222	—	—	60	—	—	—
Tyler city .....	13	21	—	27	—	—	21	—	—	—
Remainder of Tyler, TX MSA .....	6	—	—	17	—	—	—	—	—	—
Shreveport city, LA .....	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Shreveport, LA MSA .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Henderson city .....	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kilgore city (pt.) .....	—	7	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—
Remainder of Rusk County .....	30	17	9	7	—	—	11	—	—	—
Lone Star city .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Morris County .....	—	15	4	17	—	—	6	—	—	—
Glodewater city (pt.) .....	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Upshur County .....	26	5	—	13	—	—	—	—	—	—
Morion County .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worked elsewhere .....	86	53	15	141	—	—	17	—	—	—

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Gregg County—Con.									
	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 105	Tract 106 (pt.)	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 108.98 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>										
All persons	85	86	3 148	7 009	4 070	6 394	3 970	860	513	—
Native	85	86	3 102	6 961	4 023	6 373	3 958	844	505	—
Foreign born	—	—	46	48	47	21	12	16	8	—
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>										
Linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	2	18	—	—	—	—	—
Persons 5 years and over	85	84	2 867	6 444	3 806	5 950	3 713	832	494	—
In linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	2	46	—	—	—	—	—
Speak a language other than English	—	—	91	183	122	101	80	21	—	—
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	15	43	46	23	20	4	—	—
Speak Spanish	—	—	60	139	55	18	56	21	—	—
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	8	30	37	—	12	4	—	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	2	37	—	—	—	—	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	15	19	765	1 655	1 195	1 902	1 012	214	195	—
Preprimary school	—	—	45	99	71	133	46	6	6	—
Public school	—	—	19	90	47	117	22	5	6	—
Elementary or high school	15	19	601	1 317	949	1 339	762	125	174	—
Public school	15	19	549	1 305	911	1 305	721	121	174	—
College	—	—	119	239	175	430	204	83	15	—
Public college	—	—	109	219	152	421	166	76	6	—
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>										
Persons 25 years and over	70	57	2 047	4 318	2 465	3 935	2 656	540	281	—
Less than 9th grade	7	29	104	484	81	374	214	23	39	—
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	32	10	343	904	316	765	557	122	102	—
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	6	4	521	1 302	854	1 113	762	86	90	—
Some college, no degree	25	7	469	855	634	864	618	161	41	—
Associate degree	—	—	173	366	242	392	122	56	9	—
Bachelor's degree	—	7	318	198	242	274	234	69	—	—
Graduate or professional degree	—	—	119	209	96	153	149	23	—	—
Percent high school graduate or higher	44.3	31.6	78.2	67.9	83.9	71.1	71.0	73.1	49.8	—
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	—	12.3	21.3	9.4	13.7	10.9	14.4	17.0	—	—
<b>FERTILITY</b>										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	—	—	537	626	167	606	236	132	500	—
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	—	1 000	1 500	1 812	1 609	1 857	1 565	833	2 431	—
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	—	7 000	1 852	2 181	2 249	2 320	2 279	2 280	2 826	—
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>										
Persons 5 years and over	85	84	2 867	6 444	3 806	5 950	3 713	832	494	—
Same house	58	49	1 678	3 417	1 810	3 575	2 460	507	233	—
Different house in United States	27	35	1 177	3 005	1 996	2 334	1 253	325	261	—
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	8	30	432	334	282	203	424	59	15	—
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	—	—	290	1 407	907	992	260	148	118	—
Different MSA/PMSA	13	5	313	589	380	689	321	48	32	—
Not in an MSA/PMSA	6	—	142	675	427	450	248	70	96	—
Abroad	—	—	12	22	—	41	—	—	—	—
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>										
Urban population	—	—	8	5 393	3 576	—	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	8	3 812	2 447	—	—	—	—	—
Rural population	85	86	3 140	1 616	494	6 394	3 970	860	513	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	41	79	1 433	784	354	2 957	1 759	593	376	—
On farms	—	—	51	50	36	27	105	7	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>										
Workers 16 years and over	48	13	1 407	2 618	1 884	2 806	1 653	474	140	—
Car, truck, or van	43	6	1 313	2 484	1 794	2 658	1 588	445	131	—
Drove alone	34	3	1 159	2 115	1 592	2 370	1 498	418	99	—
Carpooled	9	3	154	369	202	288	90	27	32	—
Public transportation (including taxicab)	—	—	8	—	19	—	—	—	—	—
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	—	—	—	—	19	—	—	—	—	—
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	5	—	20	74	28	28	3	11	—	—
Other means	—	—	11	28	14	23	19	—	—	—
Worked at home	—	7	55	32	29	97	43	18	9	—
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.12	1.33	1.07	1.09	1.07	1.06	1.03	1.03	1.14	—
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	14.7	9.0	22.0	21.5	18.5	19.0	19.9	15.1	19.4	—
<b>Departure time for work:</b>										
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	—	—	51	186	139	261	78	8	39	—
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	13	—	301	577	361	664	448	119	10	—
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	14	3	633	837	679	972	550	187	23	—
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	12	3	167	385	200	299	188	55	7	—
All other times	9	—	200	601	476	513	346	87	52	—
Worked in MSA of residence	42	13	1 275	2 204	1 635	2 401	1 424	421	102	—
Longview city (pt.)	42	3	981	1 026	1 081	739	989	115	57	—
Kilgore city (pt.)	—	—	37	96	92	943	147	248	36	—
Gladewater city (pt.)	—	—	6	667	58	25	5	6	—	—
White Oak city	—	—	24	140	271	10	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Gregg County	—	10	160	211	76	618	208	40	9	—
Longview city (pt.)	—	—	13	2	6	26	15	12	—	—
Marshall city	—	—	7	18	—	—	2	—	—	—
Remainder of Harrison County	—	—	47	44	51	40	58	—	—	—
Worked outside MSA of residence	6	—	132	414	249	405	229	53	38	—
Tyler city	—	—	25	129	69	138	16	8	—	—
Remainder of Tyler, TX MSA	—	—	—	49	27	35	—	—	—	—
Shreveport city, LA	—	—	6	—	—	7	—	2	—	—
Remainder of Shreveport, LA MSA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Henderson city	—	—	12	2	—	10	3	—	6	—
Kilgore city (pt.)	—	—	—	—	29	20	17	12	—	—
Remainder of Rusk County	—	—	6	12	18	85	118	30	—	—
Lane Star city	—	—	11	—	—	—	8	—	—	—
Remainder of Morris County	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Gladewater city (pt.)	—	—	—	39	—	—	—	—	13	—
Remainder of Upshur County	—	—	37	101	29	11	9	—	—	—
Marian County	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worked elsewhere	—	—	29	82	77	99	58	1	19	—



Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Gregg County—Con.							
	Tract 109.98 (pt.)	Tract 110.98	Tract 111.98	Tract 112.98	Tract 113.98	Tract 114.98 (pt.)	Tract 115.98	Tract 116.98
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>								
<b>All persons</b> .....	—	—	20	52	—	—	—	—
Native .....	—	—	20	52	—	—	—	—
Foreign born .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>								
Linguistically isolated households .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Persons 5 years and over</b> .....	—	—	20	52	—	—	—	—
In linguistically isolated households .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speak a language other than English .....	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—
Do not speak English "very well" .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speak Spanish .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Do not speak English "very well" .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Linguistically isolated .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Do not speak English "very well" .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Linguistically isolated .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>								
<b>Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school</b> .....	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
Preprimary school .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Public school .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Elementary or high school .....	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
Public school .....	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
College .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Public college .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>								
<b>Persons 25 years and over</b> .....	—	—	20	44	—	—	—	—
Less than 9th grade .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
9th to 12th grade, no diploma .....	—	—	—	14	—	—	—	—
High school graduate (includes equivalency) .....	—	—	10	15	—	—	—	—
Some college, no degree .....	—	—	10	15	—	—	—	—
Associate degree .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bachelor's degree .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Graduate or professional degree .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Percent high school graduate or higher .....	—	—	100.0	68.2	—	—	—	—
Percent bachelor's degree or higher .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FERTILITY</b>								
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years .....	—	—	—	2 000	—	—	—	—
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years .....	—	—	1 000	—	—	—	—	—
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>								
<b>Persons 5 years and over</b> .....	—	—	20	52	—	—	—	—
Same house .....	—	—	—	35	—	—	—	—
Different house in United States .....	—	—	20	17	—	—	—	—
Central city of this MSA/PMSA .....	—	—	20	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Different MSA/PMSA .....	—	—	—	17	—	—	—	—
Not in an MSA/PMSA .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Abroad .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>								
Urban population .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Rural population .....	—	—	20	52	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre .....	—	—	20	25	—	—	—	—
On farms .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>								
<b>Workers 16 years and over</b> .....	—	—	10	17	—	—	—	—
Car, truck, or van .....	—	—	10	17	—	—	—	—
Drove alone .....	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
Carpooled .....	—	—	10	9	—	—	—	—
Public transportation (including taxicab) .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other means .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worked at home .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons per car, truck, or van .....	—	—	3.00	1.36	—	—	—	—
Mean travel time to work (minutes) .....	—	—	25.0	15.0	—	—	—	—
<b>Departure time for work:</b>								
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m. ....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m. ....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m. ....	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m. ....	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—
All other times .....	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—
Worked in MSA of residence .....	—	—	10	17	—	—	—	—
Longview city (pt.) .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kilgore city (pt.) .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Gladewater city (pt.) .....	—	—	10	17	—	—	—	—
White Oak city .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Gregg County .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Longview city (pt.) .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Marshall city .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Harrison County .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worked outside MSA of residence .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tyler city .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Tyler, TX MSA .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Shreveport city, LA .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Shreveport, LA MSA .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Henderson city .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kilgore city (pt.) .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Rusk County .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lane Star city .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Morris County .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Gladewater city (pt.) .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Upshur County .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Marian County .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worked elsewhere .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Harrison County						
	Tract 201.01	Tract 203	Tract 204.01	Tract 204.02	Tract 205	Tract 206.97	Tract 206.98
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>							
All persons	7 066	7 485	4 280	6 112	8 014	7 790	6 624
Native	6 999	7 347	4 122	6 022	7 868	7 767	6 557
Foreign born	67	138	158	90	146	23	67
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>							
Linguistically isolated households	8	7	14	18	9	—	—
Persons 5 years and over	6 613	6 962	3 985	5 666	7 494	7 182	6 149
In linguistically isolated households	17	37	80	93	9	—	—
Speak a language other than English	107	202	219	271	303	134	143
Do not speak English "very well"	56	104	158	150	111	40	63
Speak Spanish	93	129	195	240	155	92	131
Do not speak English "very well"	48	73	147	143	87	21	56
Linguistically isolated	17	37	80	93	9	—	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	—	48	—	—	—	9	—
Do not speak English "very well"	—	22	—	—	—	9	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>							
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1 928	2 071	1 611	1 829	1 962	2 264	1 796
Preprimary school	70	151	96	123	130	188	105
Public school	47	31	79	105	74	129	22
Elementary or high school	1 628	1 511	974	1 223	1 505	1 805	1 355
Public school	1 611	1 460	909	1 215	1 419	1 718	1 332
College	230	409	541	483	327	271	336
Public college	168	249	115	475	216	241	300
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>							
Persons 25 years and over	4 428	4 753	2 249	3 643	5 398	4 708	4 241
Less than 9th grade	524	488	420	625	624	262	395
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	642	758	639	830	879	724	693
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	1 668	1 298	641	1 196	1 832	1 550	1 525
Some college, no degree	924	1 075	259	495	953	1 040	1 026
Associate degree	172	287	46	82	198	387	276
Bachelor's degree	378	536	129	213	576	467	231
Graduate or professional degree	120	311	115	202	336	278	95
Percent high school graduate or higher	73.7	73.8	52.9	60.1	72.2	79.1	74.3
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	11.2	17.8	10.8	11.4	16.9	15.8	7.7
<b>FERTILITY</b>							
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	269	256	254	307	533	481	599
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	2 079	1 414	2 070	1 701	1 610	1 734	1 792
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	2 062	2 115	2 601	2 242	2 236	1 918	2 032
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>							
Persons 5 years and over	6 613	6 962	3 985	5 666	7 494	7 182	6 149
Same house	3 893	3 716	1 978	3 339	4 293	4 139	3 691
Different house in United States	2 699	3 235	1 959	2 288	3 193	3 037	2 441
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	525	1 314	1 088	1 349	1 702	914	542
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	1 152	451	194	221	483	1 026	927
Different MSA/PMSA	710	1 007	436	508	554	563	602
Not in on MSA/PMSA	312	463	241	210	454	534	370
Abroad	21	11	48	39	8	6	17
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>							
Urban population	468	7 173	3 377	5 876	6 788	1 544	117
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	165	5 091	2 016	3 728	5 102	1 143	104
Rural population	6 598	312	903	236	1 226	6 246	6 507
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	1 891	167	328	92	354	2 381	2 637
On farms	332	—	53	—	40	222	214
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>							
Workers 16 years and over	2 612	3 063	1 477	1 706	3 470	3 365	2 735
Car, truck, or van	2 407	2 899	1 192	1 594	3 169	3 157	2 585
Drove alone	2 062	2 494	874	1 231	2 589	2 682	2 238
Carpooled	345	405	318	363	580	475	347
Public transportation (including taxicab)	20	—	12	—	9	6	—
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	20	—	—	—	—	6	—
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	5	—	—	—	—
Walked	53	55	184	64	126	101	34
Other means	27	44	69	12	77	17	38
Worked at home	105	65	20	36	89	84	78
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.08	1.09	1.17	1.16	1.11	1.09	1.08
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	23.2	17.4	15.5	18.7	18.8	20.9	21.0
<b>Departure time for work:</b>							
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	215	139	89	124	115	286	135
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	625	521	256	337	652	643	698
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	780	1 129	391	394	1 304	1 397	1 005
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	328	510	174	224	529	351	257
All other times	559	699	547	591	781	604	562
Worked in MSA of residence	2 016	2 736	1 389	1 561	3 095	3 129	2 423
Longview city (pt.)	86	227	79	148	205	1 763	1 199
Kilgore city (pt.)	12	27	—	6	7	52	31
Glodewater city (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
White Oak city	—	—	—	—	—	14	3
Remainder of Gregg County	12	—	10	—	—	109	40
Longview city (pt.)	9	20	8	24	—	200	92
Marshall city	1 158	1 941	1 050	1 119	2 427	1 111	371
Remainder of Harrison County	739	521	242	264	456	880	681
Worked outside MSA of residence	596	327	88	145	375	236	312
Tyler city	3	12	—	—	10	27	41
Remainder of Tyler, TX MSA	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
Shreveport city, LA	221	74	7	10	32	14	19
Remainder of Shreveport, LA MSA	140	28	—	—	67	7	11
Henderson city	6	—	—	—	24	—	—
Kilgore city (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Rusk County	19	7	—	—	13	51	23
Lone Star city	—	—	—	8	—	—	17
Remainder of Morris County	—	—	—	—	—	11	—
Glodewater city (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	8	—
Remainder of Upshur County	—	—	—	—	—	23	4
Morian County	18	40	8	16	36	5	—
Worked elsewhere	189	166	73	111	193	90	191



Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Harrison County		Marshall city, Harrison County				
	Tract 206.97 (pt.)	Tract 206.9B (pt.)	Tract 201.01 (pt.)	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204.01 (pt.)	Tract 204.02 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>							
All persons	1 544	117	468	7 173	3 377	5 876	6 788
Native	1 544	117	468	7 072	3 254	5 801	6 698
Foreign born	—	—	—	101	123	75	90
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>							
Linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	—	14	18	9
Persons 5 years and over	1 412	117	468	6 650	3 145	5 452	6 350
In linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	—	80	93	9
Speak a language other than English	25	—	—	165	179	252	247
Do not speak English "very well"	12	—	—	67	123	134	55
Speak Spanish	25	—	—	92	155	221	106
Do not speak English "very well"	12	—	—	36	112	127	38
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	80	93	9
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	—	—	—	48	—	—	—
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	—	22	—	—	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>							
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	447	10	123	1 973	1 329	1 787	1 649
Preprimary school	44	—	11	145	76	116	91
Public school	27	—	11	31	59	98	60
Elementary or high school	321	10	102	1 426	738	1 188	1 282
Public school	308	10	95	1 375	705	1 180	1 196
College	82	—	10	402	515	483	276
Public college	82	—	10	242	97	475	199
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>							
Persons 25 years and over	935	99	347	4 561	1 710	3 485	4 562
Less than 9th grade	21	36	7	469	319	586	464
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	138	15	20	686	500	792	806
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	268	19	91	1 254	460	1 141	1 567
Some college, no degree	276	19	99	1 048	197	475	767
Associate degree	81	—	26	272	46	82	152
Bachelor's degree	110	10	86	528	103	207	483
Graduate or professional degree	41	—	18	304	85	202	323
Percent high school graduate or higher	83.0	48.5	92.2	74.7	52.1	60.5	72.2
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	16.1	10.1	30.0	18.2	11.0	11.7	17.7
<b>FERTILITY</b>							
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	396	—	—	256	275	310	593
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 273	—	474	1 365	2 176	1 685	1 674
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	1 343	2 000	1 556	2 119	2 566	2 247	2 180
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>							
Persons 5 years and over	1 412	117	468	6 650	3 145	5 452	6 350
Same house	843	44	290	3 481	1 524	3 196	3 575
Different house in United States	569	73	178	3 158	1 573	2 217	2 775
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	261	73	17	1 300	881	1 284	1 508
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	90	—	27	451	80	221	333
Different MSA/PMSA	166	—	42	970	397	502	487
Not in on MSA/PMSA	52	—	92	437	215	210	447
Abroad	—	—	—	11	48	39	—
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>							
Urban population	1 544	117	468	7 173	3 377	5 876	6 788
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	1 143	104	165	5 091	2 016	3 728	5 102
Rural population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
On farms	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>							
Workers 16 years and over	640	27	252	2 966	1 060	1 638	2 929
Car, truck, or van	621	27	235	2 802	822	1 526	2 677
Drove alone	534	27	235	2 397	533	1 163	2 159
Carpooled	87	—	—	405	289	363	518
Public transportation (including taxicab)	—	—	—	—	12	—	9
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	5	—	—
Walked	9	—	—	55	137	64	99
Other means	10	—	—	44	69	12	77
Worked at home	—	—	17	65	20	36	67
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.08	1.00	1.00	1.09	1.23	1.17	1.12
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	16.9	18.9	15.0	17.2	14.3	18.8	18.3
<b>Departure time for work:</b>							
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	19	—	—	124	76	117	106
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	135	—	29	503	177	332	518
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	310	10	96	1 106	274	378	1 081
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	56	—	57	501	111	202	466
All other times	120	17	53	667	402	573	691
Worked in MSA of residence	581	27	233	2 646	1 003	1 496	2 633
Longview city (pt.)	361	27	—	218	64	142	166
Kilgore city (pt.)	14	—	—	24	—	6	—
Gladewater city (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
White Oak city	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Gregg County	18	—	—	—	5	—	—
Longview city (pt.)	47	—	—	20	—	24	—
Marshall city	19	—	195	1 892	791	1 074	2 096
Remainder of Harrison County	116	—	38	492	143	250	371
Worked outside MSA of residence	59	—	19	320	57	142	296
Tyler city	4	—	—	5	—	—	10
Remainder of Tyler, TX MSA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Shreveport city, LA	—	—	19	74	—	10	14
Remainder of Shreveport, LA MSA	—	—	—	28	—	—	67
Henderson city	—	—	—	—	—	—	9
Kilgore city (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Rusk County	31	—	—	7	—	—	13
Lane Star city	—	—	—	—	—	8	—
Remainder of Morris County	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Gladewater city (pt.)	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Upshur County	14	—	—	—	—	—	—
Marian County	—	—	—	40	—	16	22
Worked elsewhere	5	—	—	166	57	108	161

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Harrison County								
	Tract 201.01 (pt.)	Tract 201.02	Tract 202.98	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204.01 (pt.)	Tract 204.02 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 206.97 (pt.)	Tract 206.98 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>									
<b>All persons</b>	<b>6 598</b>	<b>5 035</b>	<b>5 077</b>	<b>312</b>	<b>903</b>	<b>236</b>	<b>1 226</b>	<b>6 246</b>	<b>6 507</b>
Native	6 531	4 999	5 045	275	868	221	1 170	6 223	6 440
Foreign born	67	36	32	37	35	15	56	23	67
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>									
Linguistically isolated households	8	22	2	7	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Persons 5 years and over</b>	<b>6 145</b>	<b>4 685</b>	<b>4 704</b>	<b>312</b>	<b>840</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>1 144</b>	<b>5 770</b>	<b>6 032</b>
In linguistically isolated households	17	29	11	37	—	—	—	—	—
Speak a language other than English	107	139	57	37	40	19	56	109	143
Do not speak English "very well"	56	38	37	37	35	16	56	28	63
Speak Spanish	93	81	50	37	40	19	49	67	131
Do not speak English "very well"	48	9	30	37	35	16	49	9	56
Linguistically isolated	17	—	11	37	—	—	—	—	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	—	4	7	—	—	—	—	9	—
Do not speak English "very well"	—	4	7	—	—	—	—	9	—
Linguistically isolated	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>									
<b>Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school</b>	<b>1 805</b>	<b>1 226</b>	<b>1 426</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>282</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>313</b>	<b>1 817</b>	<b>1 786</b>
Preprimary school	59	79	74	6	20	7	39	144	105
Public school	36	71	53	—	20	7	14	102	22
Elementary or high school	1 526	985	1 114	85	236	35	223	1 484	1 345
Public school	1 516	981	1 103	85	204	35	223	1 410	1 322
College	220	162	238	7	26	—	51	189	336
Public college	158	140	193	7	18	—	17	159	300
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>									
<b>Persons 25 years and over</b>	<b>4 081</b>	<b>3 309</b>	<b>3 052</b>	<b>192</b>	<b>539</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>836</b>	<b>3 773</b>	<b>4 142</b>
Less than 9th grade	517	426	354	19	101	39	160	241	359
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	622	656	665	72	139	38	73	586	678
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	1 577	1 217	1 015	44	181	55	265	1 282	1 506
Some college, no degree	825	600	636	27	62	20	186	764	1 007
Associate degree	146	100	142	15	—	—	46	306	276
Bachelor's degree	292	251	181	8	26	6	93	357	221
Graduate or professional degree	102	59	59	7	30	—	13	237	95
Percent high school graduate or higher	72.1	67.3	66.6	52.6	55.5	51.3	72.1	78.1	75.0
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	9.7	9.4	7.9	7.8	10.4	3.8	12.7	15.7	7.6
<b>FERTILITY</b>									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	291	505	384	—	151	—	211	507	599
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	2 140	1 794	2 049	2 500	1 650	2 000	1 284	1 840	1 792
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	2 126	2 373	2 296	2 000	2 671	2 000	2 564	2 077	2 032
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>									
<b>Persons 5 years and over</b>	<b>6 145</b>	<b>4 685</b>	<b>4 704</b>	<b>312</b>	<b>840</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>1 144</b>	<b>5 770</b>	<b>6 032</b>
Same house	3 603	2 923	3 362	235	454	143	718	3 296	3 647
Different house in United States	2 521	1 762	1 342	77	386	71	418	2 468	2 368
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	508	37	324	14	207	65	194	653	469
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	1 125	661	564	—	114	—	150	936	927
Different MSA/PMSA	668	807	289	37	39	6	67	397	602
Not in on MSA/PMSA	220	257	165	26	26	—	7	482	370
Abroad	21	—	—	—	—	—	8	6	17
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>									
Urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Rural population	6 598	5 035	5 077	312	903	236	1 226	6 246	6 507
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	1 891	2 583	1 413	167	328	92	354	2 381	2 637
On farms	332	82	158	—	53	—	40	222	214
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>									
<b>Workers 16 years and over</b>	<b>2 360</b>	<b>1 858</b>	<b>2 082</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>417</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>541</b>	<b>2 725</b>	<b>2 708</b>
Car, truck, or van	2 172	1 732	1 978	97	370	68	492	2 536	2 558
Drive alone	1 827	1 351	1 509	97	341	68	430	2 148	2 211
Carpooled	345	381	469	—	29	—	62	388	347
Public transportation (including taxicab)	20	—	10	—	—	—	—	6	—
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	20	—	10	—	—	—	—	6	—
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	53	52	17	—	47	—	27	92	34
Other means	27	9	31	—	—	—	—	7	38
Worked at home	88	65	46	—	—	—	22	84	78
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.09	1.13	1.15	1.00	1.05	1.00	1.08	1.09	1.08
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	24.0	23.0	25.9	24.7	18.4	17.8	21.4	21.9	21.0
<b>Departure time for work:</b>									
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	215	122	178	15	13	7	9	267	135
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	596	445	563	18	79	5	134	508	698
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	684	547	752	23	117	16	223	1 087	995
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	271	228	207	9	63	22	63	295	257
All other times	506	451	336	32	145	18	90	484	545
Worked in MSA of residence	1 783	1 067	1 699	90	386	65	462	2 548	2 396
Longview city (pt.)	86	28	461	9	15	6	39	1 402	1 172
Kilgore city (pt.)	12	—	9	3	—	—	7	38	31
Gladewater city (pt.)	—	—	11	—	—	—	—	—	6
White Oak city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	3
Remainder of Gregg County	12	12	21	—	5	—	—	91	40
Longview city (pt.)	9	10	7	—	8	—	—	153	92
Marshall city	963	195	620	49	259	45	331	92	371
Remainder of Harrison County	701	822	570	29	99	14	85	764	681
Worked outside MSA of residence	577	791	383	7	31	3	79	177	312
Tyler city	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	23	41
Remainder of Tyler, TX MSA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
Shreveport city, LA	202	365	39	—	7	—	18	14	19
Remainder of Shreveport, LA MSA	140	321	18	—	—	—	—	7	11
Henderson city	6	—	—	—	—	—	15	—	—
Kilgore city (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Rusk County	19	—	—	—	—	—	—	20	23
Lone Star city	—	—	13	—	—	—	—	—	17
Remainder of Morris County	—	—	31	—	—	—	—	11	—
Gladewater city (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—
Remainder of Upshur County	—	—	96	—	—	—	—	9	4
Marion County	18	20	87	—	8	—	14	5	—
Worked elsewhere	189	85	99	—	16	3	32	85	191



**Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990**

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview— Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County			Harrison County			Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Gregg County		
		Total	Kilgore city (pt.)	Longview city (pt.)	Total	Longview city (pt.)	Marshall city	Tract 2	Tract 4	Tract 9
LABOR FORCE STATUS										
Persons 16 years and over	122 086	79 333	6 611	52 006	42 753	1 204	17 893	3 279	4 856	2 040
In labor force	75 452	50 424	3 947	33 457	25 028	760	9 919	2 007	3 379	1 278
Percent of persons 16 years and over	61.8	63.6	59.7	64.3	58.5	63.1	55.4	61.2	69.6	62.6
Civilian labor force	75 297	50 371	3 947	33 425	24 926	756	9 866	2 007	3 379	1 278
Employed	69 695	46 855	3 660	31 014	22 840	697	9 030	1 895	3 203	1 134
Unemployed	5 602	3 516	287	2 411	2 086	59	836	112	176	144
Percent of civilian labor force	7.4	7.0	7.3	7.2	8.4	7.8	8.5	5.6	5.2	11.3
Not in labor force	46 634	28 909	2 664	18 549	17 725	444	7 974	1 272	1 477	762
Institutionalized persons	1 840	1 271	84	965	569	—	569	143	207	—
Enrolled in school	7 457	4 369	565	2 842	3 088	82	1 563	95	158	80
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	17 197	10 837	1 174	6 942	6 360	168	3 125	510	633	401
Females 16 years and over	64 633	42 018	3 623	27 450	22 615	649	9 920	1 742	2 563	1 038
In labor force	33 402	22 410	1 819	14 865	10 992	369	4 696	826	1 505	565
Percent of females 16 years and over	51.7	53.3	50.2	54.2	48.6	56.9	47.3	47.4	58.7	54.4
Civilian labor force	33 384	22 410	1 819	14 865	10 974	369	4 685	826	1 505	565
Employed	30 387	20 467	1 669	13 462	9 920	315	4 284	786	1 392	501
Unemployed	2 997	1 943	150	1 403	1 054	54	401	113	140	64
Percent of civilian labor force	9.0	8.7	8.2	9.4	9.6	14.6	8.6	4.8	7.5	11.3
With own children under 6 years	10 381	6 844	437	4 726	3 537	120	1 296	305	388	156
In labor force	5 838	3 858	250	2 652	1 980	85	791	191	218	112
With own children 6 to 17 years only	12 080	7 731	529	4 865	4 349	146	1 644	266	203	207
In labor force	8 710	5 680	409	3 635	3 030	107	1 242	200	161	169
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	14 162	9 221	666	6 254	4 941	163	2 001	360	397	263
All parents present in household in labor force	7 486	4 795	384	3 199	2 691	114	1 088	219	190	177
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	28 956	17 882	1 064	11 478	11 074	335	4 387	726	525	488
All parents present in household in labor force	18 786	11 976	719	7 708	6 810	233	2 916	475	335	391
Persons 16 to 19 years	10 062	6 411	644	4 061	3 651	94	1 587	165	286	164
Not enrolled in school	2 068	1 349	109	803	719	10	373	59	95	48
Unemployed or not in labor force	957	621	48	373	336	10	153	30	14	27
Not high school graduate	1 043	716	34	464	327	10	175	40	55	31
Employed	425	291	12	171	134	—	96	10	41	4
Unemployed	156	98	—	91	58	—	32	—	—	19
Not in labor force	462	327	22	202	135	10	47	30	14	8
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES										
Employed persons 16 years and over	69 695	46 855	3 660	31 014	22 840	697	9 030	1 895	3 203	1 134
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	6 736	4 790	337	3 325	1 946	39	867	148	444	65
Professional specialty occupations	8 262	5 790	509	3 916	2 472	88	1 267	266	408	33
Technicians and related support occupations	2 300	1 686	93	1 103	614	60	228	80	127	43
Sales occupations	9 154	6 423	591	4 319	2 731	91	1 114	328	508	88
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	9 448	6 289	369	4 279	3 159	112	1 232	206	526	140
Private household occupations	604	438	18	311	166	—	57	12	—	8
Protective service occupations	942	621	29	388	321	6	125	17	72	34
Service occupations, except protective and household	8 435	5 807	435	4 034	2 628	76	1 213	247	343	210
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	1 059	548	86	298	511	9	132	15	21	30
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	10 036	6 303	480	3 904	3 733	142	1 089	218	337	193
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	6 112	3 931	296	2 494	2 181	40	936	165	176	146
Transportation and material moving occupations	3 692	2 392	189	1 452	1 300	23	383	81	183	86
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	2 915	1 837	228	1 191	1 078	11	387	112	58	58
Construction	4 472	2 681	155	1 802	1 791	44	582	119	202	96
Manufacturing	14 413	9 503	561	6 207	4 910	218	1 763	438	553	241
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	4 808	3 010	251	1 915	1 798	17	580	95	179	82
Wholesale and retail trade	16 469	11 423	1 035	7 707	5 046	155	1 964	519	882	316
Finance, insurance, and real estate	3 298	2 342	142	1 699	956	23	520	60	177	35
Business and repair services	2 701	1 834	152	1 321	867	24	319	41	86	41
Professional and related services	14 974	10 124	821	6 890	4 850	146	2 376	446	722	158
CLASS OF WORKER										
Employed persons 16 years and over	69 695	46 855	3 660	31 014	22 840	697	9 030	1 895	3 203	1 134
Private wage and salary workers	56 438	38 501	3 017	25 713	17 937	536	7 103	1 556	2 769	958
Government workers	7 502	4 676	293	3 124	2 826	85	1 180	211	227	116
Local government workers	3 712	2 502	120	1 707	1 210	46	474	155	127	59
Self-employed workers	5 439	3 485	335	2 110	1 954	76	728	122	187	60
WORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	80 784	53 728	4 129	35 586	27 056	845	10 673	2 185	3 564	1 339
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	63 234	42 021	3 141	28 017	21 213	677	8 012	1 754	2 916	1 028
50 to 52 weeks	43 552	29 427	2 129	19 699	14 125	498	5 219	1 307	2 119	645
40 to 49 weeks	6 959	4 487	301	3 025	2 472	68	1 034	152	327	134
27 to 39 weeks	4 427	3 032	200	1 980	1 395	39	593	102	187	92
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	8 139	5 561	434	3 579	2 578	63	1 026	174	343	141
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	99 911	65 180	5 067	42 836	34 731	1 024	13 564	2 551	3 870	1 585
With a mobility or self-care limitation	4 635	2 790	345	1 648	1 845	28	849	119	50	110
With a mobility limitation	2 516	1 570	216	865	946	10	328	66	28	54
In labor force	513	318	33	215	195	—	77	—	—	23
With a self-care limitation	3 196	1 909	225	1 181	1 287	18	672	92	38	64
With a work disability	9 251	5 624	540	3 353	3 627	78	1 477	195	228	205
In labor force	3 329	2 143	196	1 403	1 186	12	524	72	116	92
Prevented from working	5 095	2 964	294	1 644	2 131	54	826	97	112	107
No work disability	90 660	59 556	4 527	39 483	31 104	946	12 087	2 356	3 642	1 380
In labor force	69 171	46 306	3 473	30 836	22 865	736	8 847	1 860	3 117	1 132
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	20 180	12 829	1 460	8 173	7 351	176	3 707	585	779	455
With a mobility or self-care limitation	4 473	2 652	388	1 576	1 821	15	931	139	75	111
With a mobility limitation	3 588	2 208	315	1 337	1 380	8	717	126	68	98
With a self-care limitation	2 820	1 633	211	959	1 187	15	656	83	43	82
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989										
No workers	5 889	3 643	368	2 367	2 246	50	1 046	112	187	140
Mean family income (dollars)	17 940	20 317	31 525	19 909	14 083	27 356	12 676	17 608	30 773	19 216
1 worker	14 240	9 159	689	6 073	5 081	210	1 845	355	437	239
Mean family income (dollars)	31 376	33 161	34 538	33 522	28 157	28 825	30 005	35 676	35 963	17 042
2 or more workers	24 179	15 777	1 036	10 150	8 402	270	3 130	624	855	401
Mean family income (dollars)	42 193	43 979	44 652	44 689	38 838	46 858	37 738	52 482	40 888	30 033

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County—Con.								
	Tract 11	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 101	Tract 103	Tract 104	Tract 106	Tract 107	Tract 108.98
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
Persons 16 years and over	1 921	2 956	3 873	3 156	5 732	4 758	4 163	3 438	—
In labor force	1 068	1 765	2 269	2 108	4 006	3 078	2 540	2 040	—
Percent of persons 16 years and over	55.6	59.7	58.6	66.8	69.9	64.7	61.0	59.3	—
Civilian labor force	1 068	1 753	2 269	2 108	4 006	3 065	2 540	2 040	—
Employed	935	1 626	2 060	1 968	3 731	2 884	2 429	1 803	—
Unemployed	133	127	209	140	275	181	111	237	—
Percent of civilian labor force	12.5	7.2	9.2	6.6	6.9	5.9	4.4	11.6	—
Not in labor force	853	1 191	1 604	1 048	1 726	1 680	1 623	1 398	—
Institutionalized persons	—	—	69	—	—	55	84	—	—
Enrolled in school	113	161	534	132	264	214	295	345	—
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	372	469	479	280	379	560	686	595	—
Females 16 years and over	1 067	1 524	1 917	1 657	2 918	2 488	2 283	1 898	—
In labor force	488	733	1 064	943	1 610	1 333	1 127	1 002	—
Percent of females 16 years and over	45.7	48.1	55.5	56.9	55.2	53.6	49.4	52.8	—
Civilian labor force	488	733	1 064	943	1 610	1 333	1 127	1 002	—
Employed	413	668	949	845	1 455	1 250	1 081	864	—
Unemployed	75	65	115	98	155	83	46	138	—
Percent of civilian labor force	15.4	8.9	10.8	10.4	9.6	6.2	4.1	13.8	—
With own children under 6 years	203	216	286	289	691	395	193	282	—
In labor force	70	125	208	178	297	248	101	165	—
With own children 6 to 17 years only	196	279	387	394	698	576	317	322	—
In labor force	171	142	294	293	452	395	223	260	—
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	322	293	374	417	842	515	356	365	—
All parents present in household in labor force	121	161	235	244	346	287	184	223	—
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	541	597	992	909	1 728	1 272	666	644	—
All parents present in household in labor force	373	279	720	549	1 061	887	458	457	—
Persons 16 to 19 years	133	228	654	223	449	434	304	474	—
Not enrolled in school	40	69	27	49	73	112	46	102	—
Unemployed or not in labor force	32	49	12	10	30	53	5	57	—
Not high school graduate	29	56	12	29	43	71	5	44	—
Employed	8	13	6	19	22	32	3	22	—
Unemployed	—	12	—	—	—	7	—	—	—
Not in labor force	21	31	6	10	21	32	2	22	—
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over	935	1 626	2 060	1 968	3 731	2 884	2 429	1 803	—
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	116	105	97	242	340	241	324	58	—
Professional specialty occupations	148	89	244	274	338	252	453	143	—
Technicians and related support occupations	20	59	110	97	171	156	52	65	—
Sales occupations	102	155	68	256	462	308	371	264	—
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	79	246	284	264	501	399	343	90	—
Private household occupations	44	35	43	11	20	15	—	27	—
Protective service occupations	—	43	15	32	43	88	31	—	—
Service occupations, except protective and household	120	320	455	168	409	282	187	352	—
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	17	11	22	48	26	18	21	86	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	84	189	238	300	780	395	325	233	—
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	116	139	242	118	405	309	137	208	—
Transportation and material moving occupations	34	146	111	114	136	273	88	159	—
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	55	89	131	44	100	148	97	118	—
Construction	104	136	52	150	239	152	69	102	—
Manufacturing	182	266	491	465	942	630	368	302	—
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	16	127	134	131	252	233	155	123	—
Wholesale and retail trade	197	461	365	385	929	635	643	505	—
Finance, insurance, and real estate	61	65	51	126	103	88	118	41	—
Business and repair services	30	52	96	61	172	74	103	62	—
Professional and related services	247	336	691	397	659	516	638	329	—
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over	935	1 626	2 060	1 968	3 731	2 884	2 429	1 803	—
Private wage and salary workers	773	1 357	1 724	1 541	3 181	2 375	1 939	1 507	—
Government workers	80	230	284	204	319	260	240	137	—
Local government workers	45	120	170	140	164	94	88	73	—
Self-employed workers	74	39	52	217	231	210	235	147	—
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	1 148	1 766	2 600	2 202	4 256	3 255	2 716	2 135	—
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	883	1 388	1 779	1 757	3 450	2 464	2 130	1 546	—
50 to 52 weeks	648	895	957	1 377	2 509	1 654	1 609	847	—
40 to 49 weeks	67	154	182	134	321	299	179	193	—
27 to 39 weeks	37	128	150	86	266	233	153	97	—
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	116	189	412	256	372	334	288	248	—
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	1 473	2 379	3 244	2 773	5 318	4 033	3 174	2 749	—
With a mobility or self-care limitation	103	96	218	110	112	237	154	232	—
With a mobility limitation	37	46	137	58	32	129	65	167	—
In labor force	4	—	32	6	—	22	—	33	—
With a self-care limitation	72	86	138	67	89	172	121	138	—
With a work disability	158	189	308	294	348	432	224	423	—
In labor force	50	82	91	88	176	143	85	157	—
Prevented from working	82	98	190	163	121	259	131	216	—
No work disability	1 315	2 190	2 936	2 479	4 970	3 601	2 950	2 326	—
In labor force	942	1 585	2 102	1 923	3 795	2 833	2 244	1 789	—
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	448	565	560	383	414	657	905	689	—
With a mobility or self-care limitation	108	169	151	70	45	154	198	196	—
With a mobility limitation	94	151	139	35	36	126	177	144	—
With a self-care limitation	54	117	91	63	27	99	99	117	—
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>									
No workers	131	203	197	116	199	201	236	150	—
Mean family income (dollars)	18 684	9 440	9 968	16 155	16 524	18 172	35 288	23 803	—
1 worker	289	459	307	424	760	544	483	309	—
Mean family income (dollars)	41 733	17 039	15 971	45 439	29 856	26 605	40 467	22 436	—
2 or more workers	323	375	668	708	1 358	1 075	732	534	—
Mean family income (dollars)	40 072	38 501	33 302	50 263	41 390	38 605	52 253	31 063	—



Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County—Con.		Kilgore city (pt.), Gregg County				Longview city (pt.), Gregg County			
	Tract 109.98	Tract 114.98	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 106 (pt.)	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 114.98 (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3	Tract 4 (pt.)
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>										
Persons 16 years and over	—	—	69	3 430	3 112	—	342	2 065	4 213	4 856
In labor force	—	—	42	2 048	1 857	—	76	1 138	2 557	3 379
Percent of persons 16 years and over	—	—	60.9	59.7	59.7	—	22.2	55.1	60.7	69.6
Civilian labor force	—	—	42	2 048	1 857	—	76	1 138	2 557	3 379
Employed	—	—	42	1 955	1 663	—	72	1 060	2 477	3 203
Unemployed	—	—	—	93	194	—	4	78	80	176
Percent of civilian labor force	—	—	—	4.5	10.4	—	5.3	6.9	3.1	5.2
Not in labor force	—	—	27	1 382	1 255	—	266	927	1 656	1 477
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	84	—	—	89	143	196	207
Enrolled in school	—	—	—	226	339	—	12	51	127	158
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	—	—	5	619	550	—	143	385	752	633
Females 16 years and over	—	—	36	1 865	1 722	—	193	1 126	2 359	2 563
In labor force	—	—	16	893	910	—	45	441	1 112	1 505
Percent of females 16 years and over	—	—	44.4	47.9	52.8	—	23.3	39.2	47.1	58.7
Civilian labor force	—	—	16	893	910	—	45	441	1 112	1 505
Employed	—	—	16	860	793	—	45	419	1 065	1 392
Unemployed	—	—	—	33	117	—	—	22	47	113
Percent of civilian labor force	—	—	—	3.7	12.9	—	—	5.0	4.2	7.5
With own children under 6 years	—	—	7	170	260	—	12	144	295	388
In labor force	—	—	—	85	165	—	—	76	162	218
With own children 6 to 17 years only	—	—	—	250	279	—	—	143	337	203
In labor force	—	—	—	182	227	—	—	95	259	161
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	—	—	10	321	335	—	7	169	363	397
All parents present in household in labor force	—	—	—	161	223	—	—	80	191	190
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	—	—	14	552	498	—	7	368	724	525
All parents present in household in labor force	—	—	—	382	337	—	—	228	502	335
Persons 16 to 19 years	—	—	—	201	443	—	17	100	214	286
Not enrolled in school	—	—	—	26	83	—	17	50	58	95
Unemployed or not in labor force	—	—	—	—	48	—	17	30	14	14
Not high school graduate	—	—	—	—	34	—	11	40	8	55
Employed	—	—	—	—	12	—	—	10	—	41
Unemployed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—
Not in labor force	—	—	—	—	22	—	11	30	—	14
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over	—	—	42	1 955	1 663	—	72	1 060	2 477	3 203
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	—	—	—	279	58	—	10	60	340	444
Professional specialty occupations	—	—	—	366	143	—	14	86	451	408
Technicians and related support occupations	—	—	—	38	55	—	—	36	87	127
Sales occupations	—	—	—	336	255	—	8	191	329	508
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	—	—	—	291	78	—	3	81	417	526
Private household occupations	—	—	—	29	18	—	—	12	32	—
Protective service occupations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	15	72
Service occupations, except protective and household	—	—	—	130	305	—	34	169	255	343
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	—	—	—	—	86	—	—	9	34	21
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	—	—	—	258	222	—	—	141	224	337
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	—	—	8	89	199	—	3	120	138	176
Transportation and material moving occupations	—	—	9	48	132	—	—	45	103	183
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	—	—	25	91	112	—	—	97	52	58
Construction	—	—	8	45	102	—	—	102	67	202
Manufacturing	—	—	—	286	275	—	9	261	384	553
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	—	—	18	116	117	—	—	62	155	179
Wholesale and retail trade	—	—	16	565	454	—	9	300	597	882
Finance, insurance, and real estate	—	—	—	101	41	—	—	26	191	177
Business and repair services	—	—	—	96	56	—	21	7	122	86
Professional and related services	—	—	—	520	301	—	26	190	629	722
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over	—	—	42	1 955	1 663	—	72	1 060	2 477	3 203
Private wage and salary workers	—	—	34	1 610	1 373	—	29	899	1 985	2 769
Government workers	—	—	8	148	137	—	17	130	238	227
Local government workers	—	—	8	39	73	—	17	91	155	127
Self-employed workers	—	—	—	188	147	—	23	31	254	187
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	—	—	42	2 142	1 945	—	171	1 269	2 741	3 564
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	—	—	34	1 696	1 411	—	104	1 012	2 169	2 916
50 to 52 weeks	—	—	34	1 331	764	—	53	729	1 660	2 119
40 to 49 weeks	—	—	—	108	193	—	16	75	189	327
27 to 39 weeks	—	—	—	109	91	—	6	57	117	187
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	—	—	—	201	233	—	35	97	281	343
<b>DISABILITY</b>										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	—	—	56	2 543	2 468	—	97	1 491	3 084	3 870
With a mobility or self-care limitation	—	—	7	130	208	—	6	89	53	50
With a mobility limitation	—	—	7	59	150	—	—	56	36	28
In labor force	—	—	—	—	33	—	—	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	—	—	—	100	125	—	6	62	26	38
With a work disability	—	—	7	197	336	—	25	159	211	228
In labor force	—	—	—	69	127	—	10	61	98	116
Prevented from working	—	—	7	120	167	—	15	77	85	112
No work disability	—	—	49	2 346	2 132	—	72	1 332	2 873	3 642
In labor force	—	—	34	1 803	1 636	—	53	1 031	2 278	3 117
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	—	—	13	803	644	—	156	431	933	779
With a mobility or self-care limitation	—	—	5	187	196	—	32	131	125	75
With a mobility limitation	—	—	5	166	144	—	25	118	91	68
With a self-care limitation	—	—	5	89	117	—	20	83	90	43
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>										
No workers	—	—	7	220	141	—	6	89	200	187
Mean family income (dollars)	—	—	21 600	36 553	24 171	—	14 122	14 623	36 053	30 773
1 worker	—	—	17	421	251	—	—	203	434	437
Mean family income (dollars)	—	—	27 273	43 397	20 169	—	—	25 742	69 410	35 963
2 or more workers	—	—	—	543	493	—	22	306	805	855
Mean family income (dollars)	—	—	—	55 477	32 729	—	17 191	41 856	54 551	40 888

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County—Con.									
	Tract 5.01	Tract 5.02	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10	Tract 11 (pt.)	Tract 12	Tract 13
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>										
Persons 16 years and over .....	3 169	3 024	4 574	3 942	4 704	1 964	1 824	1 921	2 255	2 763
In labor force .....	2 090	2 128	3 387	2 612	3 230	1 253	1 041	1 068	1 269	1 669
Percent of persons 16 years and over .....	66.0	70.4	74.0	66.3	68.7	63.8	57.1	55.6	56.3	60.4
Civilian labor force .....	2 084	2 114	3 387	2 612	3 230	1 253	1 041	1 068	1 269	1 669
Employed .....	2 016	2 048	3 255	2 488	2 984	1 115	971	935	1 050	1 419
Unemployed .....	68	66	132	124	246	138	70	133	219	250
Percent of civilian labor force .....	3.3	3.1	3.9	4.7	7.6	11.0	6.7	12.5	17.3	15.0
Not in labor force .....	1 079	896	1 187	1 330	1 474	711	783	853	986	1 094
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	92	—	169	—	—	—
Enrolled in school .....	223	93	275	235	241	80	35	113	167	144
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school .....	308	430	323	528	416	363	273	372	367	538
Females 16 years and over .....	1 628	1 606	2 323	2 140	2 460	994	1 001	1 067	1 229	1 499
In labor force .....	885	1 015	1 489	1 179	1 413	565	437	488	660	778
Percent of females 16 years and over .....	54.4	63.2	64.1	55.1	57.4	56.8	43.7	45.7	53.7	51.9
Civilian labor force .....	885	1 015	1 489	1 179	1 413	565	437	488	660	778
Employed .....	830	975	1 432	1 102	1 238	501	398	413	544	606
Unemployed .....	55	40	57	77	175	64	39	75	116	172
Percent of civilian labor force .....	6.2	3.9	3.8	6.5	12.4	11.3	8.9	15.4	17.6	22.1
With own children under 6 years .....	256	268	419	276	511	156	162	203	245	356
In labor force .....	117	173	223	143	327	112	89	70	132	245
With own children 6 to 17 years only .....	403	222	501	411	569	207	123	196	164	253
In labor force .....	300	181	377	324	433	169	84	171	119	195
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies .....	323	329	524	480	737	263	200	322	318	533
All parents present in household in labor force .....	115	185	275	211	476	177	100	121	154	268
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies .....	820	525	1 028	885	1 363	488	267	541	563	617
All parents present in household in labor force .....	533	407	720	584	971	391	161	373	359	412
Persons 16 to 19 years .....	226	162	384	299	356	164	97	133	227	213
Not enrolled in school .....	23	10	14	24	127	48	31	40	47	68
Unemployed or not in labor force .....	12	—	7	—	59	27	10	32	25	52
Not high school graduate .....	11	10	—	—	75	31	19	29	30	49
Employed .....	5	10	—	—	26	4	9	8	14	10
Unemployed .....	6	—	—	—	20	19	—	—	—	26
Not in labor force .....	—	—	—	—	29	8	10	21	16	13
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	2 016	2 048	3 255	2 488	2 984	1 115	971	935	1 050	1 419
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	360	240	471	253	237	65	96	116	58	143
Professional specialty occupations .....	551	255	556	408	195	33	72	148	77	120
Technicians and related support occupations .....	50	68	123	44	98	43	24	20	10	59
Sales occupations .....	407	345	578	449	472	88	113	102	112	105
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	285	294	579	356	462	140	52	79	69	156
Private household occupations .....	5	—	15	—	23	8	14	44	49	35
Protective service occupations .....	—	22	55	47	32	34	11	—	—	7
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	89	283	156	255	439	203	171	120	277	227
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	22	18	16	8	19	30	41	17	20	6
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	134	286	247	436	446	181	124	84	119	233
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	64	166	223	104	274	146	91	116	109	162
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	40	37	147	67	146	86	63	34	93	39
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	9	34	89	61	141	58	99	55	57	127
Construction .....	34	94	109	186	225	96	60	104	88	92
Manufacturing .....	409	330	792	449	587	241	188	182	180	316
Transportation, communications, and other utilities .....	76	131	136	190	222	82	81	16	47	73
Wholesale and retail trade .....	408	550	758	707	849	297	216	197	281	319
Finance, insurance, and real estate .....	213	127	267	94	177	35	22	61	14	71
Business and repair services .....	53	70	111	116	137	41	76	30	51	112
Professional and related services .....	566	494	747	553	434	158	200	247	208	285
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	2 016	2 048	3 255	2 488	2 984	1 115	971	935	1 050	1 419
Private wage and salary workers .....	1 546	1 713	2 706	1 989	2 447	951	765	773	906	1 200
Government workers .....	203	245	343	273	264	116	86	80	98	124
Local government workers .....	126	117	166	129	109	59	64	45	70	75
Self-employed workers .....	252	90	189	226	273	48	120	74	42	95
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989 .....	2 190	2 326	3 592	2 867	3 426	1 314	1 119	1 148	1 212	1 713
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week .....	1 727	1 821	2 966	2 312	2 745	1 003	899	883	891	1 240
50 to 52 weeks .....	1 371	1 375	2 169	1 541	1 931	633	617	648	585	777
40 to 49 weeks .....	148	147	338	317	318	134	116	67	109	213
27 to 39 weeks .....	117	118	239	188	236	85	52	37	66	75
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks .....	260	203	289	265	373	141	80	116	173	163
<b>DISABILITY</b>										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years .....	2 761	2 545	4 183	3 368	4 130	1 547	1 343	1 473	1 788	2 160
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	39	46	98	71	249	92	61	103	194	134
With a mobility limitation .....	20	22	62	22	136	36	47	37	105	73
In labor force .....	6	—	28	17	37	11	13	4	32	38
With a self-care limitation .....	33	34	64	49	197	64	26	72	142	101
With a work disability .....	72	119	288	166	272	199	172	158	345	244
In labor force .....	34	43	163	65	79	92	59	50	144	120
Prevented from working .....	33	66	84	56	174	101	101	82	185	117
No work disability .....	2 689	2 426	3 895	3 202	3 858	1 348	1 171	1 315	1 443	1 916
In labor force .....	1 962	2 036	3 156	2 501	3 085	1 107	952	942	1 025	1 499
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over .....	402	465	391	574	482	417	312	448	467	603
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	41	42	73	85	100	104	83	108	155	102
With a mobility limitation .....	41	20	73	74	80	91	71	94	139	74
With a self-care limitation .....	22	22	34	34	77	75	38	54	70	90
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>										
No workers .....	117	101	141	165	152	133	60	131	165	180
Mean family income (dollars) .....	40 762	27 824	27 837	23 435	10 612	18 512	12 901	18 684	9 210	13 333
1 worker .....	414	349	449	472	621	220	180	289	298	422
Mean family income (dollars) .....	76 370	29 052	48 878	32 630	24 364	15 527	20 768	41 733	16 117	15 855
2 or more workers .....	723	747	1 145	858	1 087	401	316	323	281	461
Mean family income (dollars) .....	72 508	44 263	55 707	48 380	35 679	30 033	31 720	40 072	26 678	35 524



Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County—Con.						Remainder of Gregg County			
	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 108.98 (pt.)	Tract 109.98 (pt.)	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 11 (pt.)
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>										
Persons 16 years and over .....	2 886	3 808	873	2 823	—	—	1 214	—	76	—
In labor force .....	1 717	2 251	604	1 988	—	—	869	—	25	—
Percent of persons 16 years and over .....	59.5	59.1	69.2	70.4	—	—	71.6	—	32.9	—
Civilian labor force .....	1 705	2 251	604	1 988	—	—	869	—	25	—
Employed .....	1 578	2 042	504	1 797	—	—	835	—	19	—
Unemployed .....	127	209	100	191	—	—	34	—	6	—
Percent of civilian labor force .....	7.4	9.3	16.6	9.6	—	—	3.9	—	24.0	—
Not in labor force .....	1 169	1 557	269	835	—	—	345	—	51	—
Institutionalized persons .....	—	69	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Enrolled in school .....	161	529	37	161	—	—	44	—	—	—
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school .....	453	451	81	126	—	—	125	—	38	—
Females 16 years and over .....	1 488	1 876	445	1 453	—	—	616	—	44	—
In labor force .....	709	1 061	273	810	—	—	385	—	—	—
Percent of females 16 years and over .....	47.6	56.6	61.3	55.7	—	—	62.5	—	—	—
Civilian labor force .....	709	1 061	273	810	—	—	385	—	—	—
Employed .....	644	946	209	703	—	—	367	—	—	—
Unemployed .....	65	115	64	107	—	—	18	—	—	—
Percent of civilian labor force .....	9.2	10.8	23.4	13.2	—	—	4.7	—	—	—
With own children under 6 years .....	216	283	89	447	—	—	161	—	—	—
In labor force .....	125	208	48	184	—	—	115	—	—	—
With own children 6 to 17 years only .....	279	376	148	330	—	—	123	—	—	—
In labor force .....	142	294	120	211	—	—	105	—	—	—
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies .....	293	370	96	530	—	—	191	—	—	—
All parents present in household in labor force .....	161	235	46	214	—	—	139	—	—	—
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies .....	582	970	360	845	—	—	358	—	—	—
All parents present in household in labor force .....	264	720	224	524	—	—	247	—	—	—
Persons 16 to 19 years .....	228	649	83	223	—	—	65	—	—	—
Not enrolled in school .....	69	27	35	20	—	—	9	—	—	—
Unemployed or not in labor force .....	49	12	10	3	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not high school graduate .....	56	12	21	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
Employed .....	13	6	11	4	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unemployed .....	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force .....	31	6	10	3	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	1 578	2 042	504	1 797	—	—	835	—	19	—
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	105	97	82	148	—	—	88	—	—	—
Professional specialty occupations .....	89	244	33	176	—	—	180	—	—	—
Technicians and related support occupations .....	59	110	36	109	—	—	44	—	—	—
Sales occupations .....	150	68	83	211	—	—	137	—	—	—
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	231	284	49	216	—	—	125	—	—	—
Private household occupations .....	26	43	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Protective service occupations .....	43	15	—	22	—	—	4	—	—	—
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	313	452	33	215	—	—	78	—	7	—
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	11	19	—	7	—	—	6	—	—	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	183	226	93	410	—	—	77	—	12	—
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	139	242	39	182	—	—	45	—	—	—
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	140	111	41	77	—	—	36	—	—	—
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	89	131	10	24	—	—	15	—	—	—
Construction .....	130	47	36	130	—	—	17	—	—	—
Manufacturing .....	266	491	118	451	—	—	177	—	—	—
Transportation, communications, and other utilities .....	121	134	53	157	—	—	33	—	—	—
Wholesale and retail trade .....	449	365	128	395	—	—	219	—	19	—
Finance, insurance, and real estate .....	58	51	43	72	—	—	34	—	—	—
Business and repair services .....	52	89	24	123	—	—	34	—	—	—
Professional and related services .....	328	688	50	365	—	—	256	—	—	—
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	1 578	2 042	504	1 797	—	—	835	—	19	—
Private wage and salary workers .....	1 317	1 709	453	1 556	—	—	657	—	7	—
Government workers .....	222	284	23	151	—	—	81	—	—	—
Local government workers .....	112	170	16	59	—	—	64	—	—	—
Self-employed workers .....	39	49	28	90	—	—	91	—	12	—
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989 .....	1 729	2 587	599	2 019	—	—	916	—	25	—
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week .....	1 367	1 766	512	1 684	—	—	742	—	25	—
50 to 52 weeks .....	881	950	398	1 262	—	—	578	—	12	—
40 to 49 weeks .....	154	182	45	130	—	—	77	—	—	—
27 to 39 weeks .....	121	150	20	109	—	—	45	—	7	—
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks .....	173	412	51	124	—	—	77	—	—	—
<b>DISABILITY</b>										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years .....	2 337	3 207	772	2 680	—	—	1 060	—	38	—
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	96	211	20	36	—	—	30	—	18	—
With a mobility limitation .....	46	130	3	6	—	—	10	—	18	—
In labor force .....	—	29	—	—	—	—	—	—	12	—
With a self-care limitation .....	86	134	17	30	—	—	30	—	—	—
With a work disability .....	183	294	60	158	—	—	36	—	6	—
In labor force .....	82	88	20	79	—	—	11	—	—	—
Prevented from working .....	92	179	37	48	—	—	20	—	6	—
No work disability .....	2 154	2 913	712	2 522	—	—	1 024	—	32	—
In labor force .....	1 549	2 087	564	1 892	—	—	829	—	25	—
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over .....	537	532	101	143	—	—	154	—	38	—
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	163	137	12	8	—	—	8	—	7	—
With a mobility limitation .....	145	125	—	8	—	—	8	—	7	—
With a self-care limitation .....	111	84	12	—	—	—	—	—	7	—
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>										
No workers .....	198	190	28	124	—	—	23	—	7	—
Mean family income (dollars) .....	9 487	10 059	11 331	16 760	—	—	29 155	—	32 600	—
1 worker .....	433	307	108	437	—	—	152	—	19	—
Mean family income (dollars) .....	16 146	15 971	33 912	27 491	—	—	48 943	—	34 583	—
2 or more workers .....	369	665	195	591	—	—	318	—	—	—
Mean family income (dollars) .....	38 736	33 434	52 499	44 542	—	—	62 708	—	—	—

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Gregg County—Con.									
	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 105	Tract 106 (pt.)	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 108.98 (pt.)
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>										
Persons 16 years and over .....	70	65	2 283	5 229	2 909	4 689	3 058	733	326	—
In labor force .....	48	18	1 504	2 975	2 018	3 036	1 825	492	183	—
Percent of persons 16 years and over .....	68.6	27.7	65.9	56.9	69.4	64.7	59.7	67.1	56.1	—
Civilian labor force .....	48	18	1 504	2 975	2 018	3 023	1 817	492	183	—
Employed .....	48	18	1 464	2 722	1 934	2 842	1 658	474	140	—
Unemployed .....	—	—	40	253	84	181	159	18	43	—
Percent of civilian labor force .....	—	—	2.7	8.5	4.2	6.0	8.8	3.7	23.5	—
Not in labor force .....	22	47	779	2 254	891	1 653	1 233	241	143	—
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	167	—	55	—	—	—	—
Enrolled in school .....	—	5	95	239	103	214	187	69	6	—
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school .....	16	28	199	874	253	555	507	67	45	—
Females 16 years and over .....	36	41	1 212	2 881	1 465	2 452	1 572	418	176	—
In labor force .....	24	3	670	1 348	800	1 317	844	234	92	—
Percent of females 16 years and over .....	66.7	7.3	55.3	46.8	54.6	53.7	53.7	56.0	52.3	—
Civilian labor force .....	24	3	670	1 348	800	1 317	844	234	92	—
Employed .....	24	3	636	1 226	752	1 234	793	221	71	—
Unemployed .....	—	—	34	122	48	83	51	13	21	—
Percent of civilian labor force .....	—	—	5.1	9.1	6.0	6.3	6.0	5.6	22.8	—
With own children under 6 years .....	—	—	3	200	460	388	180	23	22	—
In labor force .....	—	—	130	254	113	248	80	16	—	—
With own children 6 to 17 years only .....	—	11	246	563	368	576	331	67	43	—
In labor force .....	—	—	173	377	241	395	262	41	33	—
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies .....	—	4	321	626	312	505	277	35	30	—
All parents present in household in labor force .....	—	—	198	327	132	287	106	23	—	—
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies .....	15	22	549	1 311	883	1 258	676	114	146	—
All parents present in household in labor force .....	15	—	325	871	537	887	463	76	120	—
Persons 16 to 19 years .....	—	5	140	464	226	434	238	103	31	—
Not enrolled in school .....	—	—	14	158	53	112	52	20	19	—
Unemployed or not in labor force .....	—	—	—	87	27	53	19	5	9	—
Not high school graduate .....	—	—	8	81	36	71	7	5	10	—
Employed .....	—	—	8	30	18	32	7	3	10	—
Unemployed .....	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force .....	—	—	—	51	18	32	—	2	—	—
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	48	18	1 464	2 722	1 934	2 842	1 658	474	140	—
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	—	—	160	280	192	241	122	45	—	—
Professional specialty occupations .....	—	—	241	250	162	252	166	87	—	—
Technicians and related support occupations .....	—	—	61	84	62	156	59	14	10	—
Sales occupations .....	5	—	173	365	251	308	230	35	9	—
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	15	—	215	343	285	399	195	52	12	—
Private household occupations .....	9	—	6	27	20	15	23	—	9	—
Protective service occupations .....	—	—	32	26	21	88	31	2	—	—
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	7	3	135	310	194	282	218	57	47	—
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	—	3	48	36	19	18	13	21	—	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	6	12	207	486	370	395	276	67	11	—
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	—	—	79	258	223	301	178	48	9	—
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	6	—	73	139	59	264	107	40	27	—
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	—	—	34	118	76	123	40	6	6	—
Construction .....	6	5	114	221	109	144	84	24	—	—
Manufacturing .....	—	—	347	599	491	630	382	82	27	—
Transportation, communications, and other utilities .....	6	—	78	186	95	215	186	39	6	—
Wholesale and retail trade .....	12	—	257	530	534	619	362	78	51	—
Finance, insurance, and real estate .....	7	—	83	158	31	88	83	17	—	—
Business and repair services .....	—	7	37	86	49	74	61	7	6	—
Professional and related services .....	8	3	347	531	294	516	294	118	28	—
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	48	18	1 464	2 722	1 934	2 842	1 658	474	140	—
Private wage and salary workers .....	40	15	1 088	2 154	1 625	2 341	1 371	329	134	—
Government workers .....	8	—	181	292	168	252	177	92	—	—
Local government workers .....	8	—	124	177	105	86	54	49	—	—
Self-employed workers .....	—	3	189	250	141	210	97	47	—	—
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989 .....	37	13	1 603	3 238	2 237	3 213	1 940	574	190	—
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week .....	21	13	1 245	2 499	1 766	2 430	1 543	434	135	—
50 to 52 weeks .....	14	7	979	1 662	1 247	1 620	1 119	278	83	—
40 to 49 weeks .....	—	—	89	286	191	299	148	71	—	—
27 to 39 weeks .....	7	—	66	167	157	233	110	44	6	—
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks .....	16	—	205	332	248	334	225	87	15	—
<b>DISABILITY</b>										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years .....	42	37	2 001	4 026	2 638	3 977	2 496	631	281	—
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	—	7	90	114	76	230	184	24	24	—
With a mobility limitation .....	—	7	55	98	26	122	130	6	17	—
In labor force .....	—	3	6	17	—	22	10	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation .....	—	4	50	59	59	172	95	21	13	—
With a work disability .....	6	14	234	429	190	425	277	27	87	—
In labor force .....	—	3	68	114	97	143	62	16	30	—
Prevented from working .....	6	11	126	276	73	252	196	11	49	—
No work disability .....	36	23	1 767	3 597	2 448	3 552	2 219	604	194	—
In labor force .....	36	15	1 359	2 702	1 903	2 799	1 708	441	153	—
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over .....	28	28	282	1 036	271	644	554	102	45	—
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	6	14	58	264	37	149	134	11	—	—
With a mobility limitation .....	6	14	35	203	28	121	123	11	—	—
With a self-care limitation .....	6	7	51	154	27	94	107	10	—	—
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>										
No workers .....	5	7	88	285	75	194	185	16	9	—
Mean family income (dollars) .....	7 600	7 500	17 690	14 374	16 134	18 048	17 528	17 888	18 037	—
1 worker .....	26	—	316	573	323	527	331	62	58	—
Mean family income (dollars) .....	31 912	—	49 379	23 442	33 056	26 583	31 484	20 570	32 246	—
2 or more workers .....	6	3	513	1 020	767	1 075	651	189	41	—
Mean family income (dollars) .....	24 000	4 060	49 413	39 132	38 961	38 605	44 021	42 989	11 037	—



Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Gregg County—Con.						
	Troct 109.98 (pt.)	Troct 110.98	Troct 111.98	Troct 112.98	Troct 113.98	Troct 114.98 (pt.)	Troct 115.98
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>							
Persons 16 years and over .....	-	-	20	44	-	-	-
In labor force .....	-	-	10	17	-	-	-
Percent of persons 16 years and over .....	-	-	50.0	38.6	-	-	-
Civilian labor force .....	-	-	10	17	-	-	-
Employed .....	-	-	10	17	-	-	-
Unemployed .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Percent of civilian labor force .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not in labor force .....	-	-	10	27	-	-	-
Institutionalized persons .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Enrolled in school .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school .....	-	-	-	14	-	-	-
Females 16 years and over .....	-	-	10	22	-	-	-
In labor force .....	-	-	-	9	-	-	-
Percent of females 16 years and over .....	-	-	-	40.9	-	-	-
Civilian labor force .....	-	-	-	9	-	-	-
Employed .....	-	-	-	9	-	-	-
Unemployed .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Percent of civilian labor force .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
With own children under 6 years .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
In labor force .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
With own children 6 to 17 years only .....	-	-	-	9	-	-	-
In labor force .....	-	-	-	9	-	-	-
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All parents present in household in labor force .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies .....	-	-	-	8	-	-	-
All parents present in household in labor force .....	-	-	-	8	-	-	-
Persons 16 to 19 years .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not enrolled in school .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unemployed or not in labor force .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not high school graduate .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Employed .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unemployed .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not in labor force .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>							
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	-	-	10	17	-	-	-
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Professional specialty occupations .....	-	-	10	17	-	-	-
Technicians and related support occupations .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sales occupations .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Private household occupations .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Protective service occupations .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Construction .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation, communications, and other utilities .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wholesale and retail trade .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance, insurance, and real estate .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Business and repair services .....	-	-	-	8	-	-	-
Professional and related services .....	-	-	10	8	-	-	-
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>							
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	-	-	10	17	-	-	-
Private wage and salary workers .....	-	-	10	-	-	-	-
Government workers .....	-	-	-	8	-	-	-
Local government workers .....	-	-	-	8	-	-	-
Self-employed workers .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>							
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989 .....	-	-	10	17	-	-	-
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week .....	-	-	10	-	-	-	-
50 to 52 weeks .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40 to 49 weeks .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
27 to 39 weeks .....	-	-	10	-	-	-	-
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks .....	-	-	-	9	-	-	-
<b>DISABILITY</b>							
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years .....	-	-	20	30	-	-	-
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
With a mobility limitation .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
In labor force .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
With a self-care limitation .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
With a work disability .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
In labor force .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Prevented from working .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No work disability .....	-	-	20	30	-	-	-
In labor force .....	-	-	10	17	-	-	-
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over .....	-	-	-	14	-	-	-
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
With a mobility limitation .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
With a self-care limitation .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>							
No workers .....	-	-	-	14	-	-	-
Mean family income (dollars) .....	-	-	-	17 544	-	-	-
1 worker .....	-	-	10	-	-	-	-
Mean family income (dollars) .....	-	-	13 614	-	-	-	-
2 or more workers .....	-	-	-	8	-	-	-
Mean family income (dollars) .....	-	-	-	3 000	-	-	-

Table 18. **Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Harrison County						
	Tract 201.01	Tract 203	Tract 204.01	Tract 204.02	Tract 205	Tract 206.97	Tract 206.98
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>							
Persons 16 years and over -----	5 253	5 567	3 166	4 654	6 153	5 571	4 910
In labor force -----	3 011	3 302	1 739	2 065	3 779	3 749	2 985
Percent of persons 16 years and over -----	57.3	59.3	54.9	44.4	61.4	67.3	60.8
Civilian labor force -----	2 996	3 262	1 734	2 065	3 771	3 741	2 985
Employed -----	2 663	3 116	1 522	1 727	3 589	3 446	2 791
Unemployed -----	333	146	212	338	182	295	194
Percent of civilian labor force -----	11.1	4.5	12.2	16.4	4.8	7.9	6.5
Not in labor force -----	2 242	2 265	1 427	2 589	2 374	1 822	1 925
Institutionalized persons -----	—	78	9	482	—	—	—
Enrolled in school -----	355	337	421	625	321	351	291
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school -----	803	930	476	793	1 176	506	620
Females 16 years and over -----	2 717	3 004	1 775	2 671	3 322	2 854	2 475
In labor force -----	1 309	1 467	876	1 047	1 693	1 551	1 207
Percent of females 16 years and over -----	48.2	48.8	49.4	39.2	51.0	54.3	48.8
Civilian labor force -----	1 309	1 456	876	1 047	1 693	1 551	1 207
Employed -----	1 176	1 371	754	913	1 623	1 391	1 050
Unemployed -----	133	85	122	134	70	160	157
Percent of civilian labor force -----	10.2	5.8	13.9	12.8	4.1	10.3	13.0
With own children under 6 years -----	465	473	230	289	431	644	400
In labor force -----	243	273	156	165	288	382	156
With own children 6 to 17 years only -----	582	533	284	369	580	625	564
In labor force -----	434	414	200	278	412	404	342
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies -----	581	683	397	526	595	719	538
All parents present in household in labor force -----	317	359	241	250	381	423	208
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies -----	1 493	1 424	826	1 116	1 426	1 665	1 243
All parents present in household in labor force -----	975	1 063	523	650	893	930	649
Persons 16 to 19 years -----	471	390	445	483	415	475	366
Not enrolled in school -----	58	83	47	168	112	58	35
Unemployed or not in labor force -----	34	—	—	117	39	36	16
Not high school graduate -----	33	50	15	92	10	34	24
Employed -----	2	50	15	21	10	—	16
Unemployed -----	15	—	—	32	—	—	—
Not in labor force -----	16	—	—	39	—	34	8
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>							
Employed persons 16 years and over -----	2 663	3 116	1 522	1 727	3 589	3 446	2 791
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations -----	283	338	85	113	346	311	234
Professional specialty occupations -----	218	448	201	194	505	427	225
Technicians and related support occupations -----	58	104	21	10	100	174	49
Sales occupations -----	333	391	129	153	561	387	386
Administrative support occupations, including clerical -----	381	527	185	175	434	504	398
Private household occupations -----	27	7	19	42	8	12	8
Protective service occupations -----	53	38	12	31	48	23	52
Service occupations, except protective and household -----	310	294	263	312	426	300	261
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations -----	70	51	33	38	42	83	73
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations -----	353	422	185	242	487	700	532
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors -----	240	276	203	217	292	270	270
Transportation and material moving occupations -----	179	150	50	81	194	150	185
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers -----	158	70	136	119	146	105	118
Construction -----	211	242	80	75	290	298	269
Manufacturing -----	620	575	324	401	650	815	583
Transportation, communications, and other utilities -----	230	227	72	91	279	262	233
Wholesale and retail trade -----	620	614	323	368	843	785	638
Finance, insurance, and real estate -----	67	228	63	78	196	110	94
Business and repair services -----	94	137	25	50	125	185	119
Professional and related services -----	468	761	468	390	934	640	473
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>							
Employed persons 16 years and over -----	2 663	3 116	1 522	1 727	3 589	3 446	2 791
Private wage and salary workers -----	2 015	2 479	1 242	1 337	2 797	2 665	2 287
Government workers -----	329	408	198	253	435	442	246
Local government workers -----	163	157	72	118	171	199	121
Self-employed workers -----	308	229	82	137	338	317	226
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>							
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989 -----	3 229	3 655	1 854	2 181	3 991	4 069	3 305
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week -----	2 528	2 920	1 355	1 548	2 975	3 309	2 699
50 to 52 weeks -----	1 628	1 911	813	971	2 026	2 379	1 894
40 to 49 weeks -----	292	382	158	246	334	342	248
27 to 39 weeks -----	158	195	140	132	189	192	164
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks -----	338	284	189	240	400	359	315
<b>DISABILITY</b>							
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years -----	4 373	4 379	2 582	3 254	4 681	4 993	4 190
With a mobility or self-core limitation -----	228	235	131	269	285	113	178
With a mobility limitation -----	131	98	55	92	121	71	130
In labor force -----	37	—	9	31	37	7	25
With a self-core limitation -----	138	194	81	211	228	53	91
With a work disability -----	463	437	248	458	526	376	364
In labor force -----	159	192	56	158	183	127	103
Prevented from working -----	271	226	176	241	304	218	235
No work disability -----	3 910	3 942	2 334	2 796	4 155	4 617	3 826
In labor force -----	2 781	2 977	1 611	1 807	3 300	3 556	2 784
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over -----	865	1 070	570	918	1 464	570	720
With a mobility or self-core limitation -----	242	302	124	238	330	105	152
With a mobility limitation -----	173	217	105	194	242	95	133
With a self-core limitation -----	125	201	75	158	259	45	83
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>							
No workers -----	291	299	165	310	337	193	182
Mean family income (dollars) -----	13 473	20 299	7 231	8 947	11 020	18 627	11 484
1 worker -----	760	612	269	421	745	726	723
Mean family income (dollars) -----	24 694	26 832	19 700	14 579	43 836	33 426	27 395
2 or more workers -----	957	1 133	532	578	1 198	1 359	1 024
Mean family income (dollars) -----	36 990	41 476	32 334	35 494	36 328	47 021	38 930



Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Harrison County		Marshall city, Harrison County				
	Tract 206.97 (pt.)	Tract 206.98 (pt.)	Tract 201.01 (pt.)	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204.01 (pt.)	Tract 204.02 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>							
Persons 16 years and over .....	1 105	99	392	5 346	2 470	4 479	5 206
In labor force .....	733	27	279	3 191	1 278	1 973	3 198
Percent of persons 16 years and over .....	66.3	27.3	71.2	59.7	51.7	44.1	61.4
Civilian labor force .....	729	27	279	3 151	1 273	1 973	3 190
Employed .....	670	27	252	3 012	1 099	1 646	3 021
Unemployed .....	59	—	27	139	174	327	169
Percent of civilian labor force .....	8.1	—	9.7	4.4	13.7	16.6	5.3
Not in labor force .....	372	72	113	2 155	1 192	2 506	2 008
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	78	9	482	—
Enrolled in school .....	82	—	11	325	361	619	247
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school .....	106	62	63	876	379	763	1 044
Females 16 years and over .....	592	57	199	2 891	1 392	2 572	2 866
In labor force .....	360	9	126	1 428	646	1 000	1 496
Percent of females 16 years and over .....	60.8	15.8	63.3	49.4	46.4	38.9	52.2
Civilian labor force .....	360	9	126	1 417	646	1 000	1 496
Employed .....	306	9	109	1 332	548	869	1 426
Unemployed .....	54	—	17	85	98	131	70
Percent of civilian labor force .....	15.0	—	13.5	6.0	15.2	13.1	4.7
With own children under 6 years .....	120	—	10	457	178	280	371
In labor force .....	85	—	10	257	109	165	250
With own children 6 to 17 years only .....	136	10	79	507	207	366	485
In labor force .....	107	—	64	399	139	275	365
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies .....	163	—	11	668	312	501	509
All parents present in household in labor force .....	114	—	11	344	174	239	320
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies .....	317	18	110	1 356	653	1 074	1 194
All parents present in household in labor force .....	233	—	93	1 004	407	639	773
Persons 16 to 19 years .....	94	—	45	378	350	466	348
Not enrolled in school .....	10	—	8	83	41	157	84
Unemployed or not in labor force .....	10	—	8	—	—	106	39
Not high school graduate .....	10	—	8	—	—	92	10
Employed .....	—	—	—	50	15	21	10
Unemployed .....	—	—	—	—	—	32	—
Not in labor force .....	10	—	8	—	—	39	—
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>							
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	670	27	252	3 012	1 099	1 646	3 021
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	39	—	64	323	57	106	317
Professional specialty occupations .....	88	—	35	448	157	183	444
Technicians and related support occupations .....	60	—	—	104	21	10	93
Sales occupations .....	81	10	51	356	70	153	484
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	112	—	35	527	151	162	357
Private household occupations .....	—	—	—	7	—	42	8
Protective service occupations .....	6	—	9	38	12	25	41
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	67	9	27	287	222	305	372
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	9	—	—	44	28	38	22
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	134	8	20	403	105	210	351
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	40	—	11	276	173	217	259
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	23	—	—	129	31	76	147
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	11	—	—	70	72	119	126
Construction .....	44	—	11	242	16	68	245
Manufacturing .....	210	8	37	551	261	393	521
Transportation, communications, and other utilities .....	17	—	—	220	45	91	224
Wholesale and retail trade .....	146	9	71	572	214	354	753
Finance, insurance, and real estate .....	13	10	17	228	40	72	163
Business and repair services .....	24	—	44	128	25	44	78
Professional and related services .....	146	—	53	754	383	372	814
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>							
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	670	27	252	3 012	1 099	1 646	3 021
Private wage and salary workers .....	519	17	168	2 375	912	1 288	2 360
Government workers .....	85	—	19	408	150	233	370
Local government workers .....	46	—	19	157	63	98	137
Self-employed workers .....	66	10	65	229	37	125	272
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>							
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989 .....	816	29	280	3 552	1 379	2 089	3 373
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week .....	659	18	206	2 832	976	1 474	2 524
50 to 52 weeks .....	480	18	195	1 845	538	922	1 719
40 to 49 weeks .....	68	—	—	382	129	232	291
27 to 39 weeks .....	39	—	—	195	107	132	159
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks .....	52	11	30	269	169	234	324
<b>DISABILITY</b>							
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years .....	987	37	319	4 212	2 007	3 109	3 917
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	28	—	—	223	107	269	250
With a mobility limitation .....	10	—	—	98	39	92	99
In labor force .....	—	—	—	—	9	31	37
With a self-care limitation .....	18	—	—	182	73	211	206
With a work disability .....	78	—	12	402	194	436	433
In labor force .....	12	—	12	175	33	158	146
Prevented from working .....	54	—	—	208	145	225	248
No work disability .....	909	37	307	3 810	1 813	2 673	3 484
In labor force .....	709	27	257	2 883	1 185	1 715	2 807
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over .....	114	62	73	1 016	449	888	1 281
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	15	—	1	293	124	219	294
With a mobility limitation .....	8	—	—	217	105	179	216
With a self-care limitation .....	15	—	1	192	75	139	249
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>							
No workers .....	50	—	10	266	165	299	306
Mean family income (dollars) .....	27 356	—	13 925	22 088	7 231	8 722	11 254
1 worker .....	181	29	45	583	207	410	600
Mean family income (dollars) .....	28 173	32 900	55 380	27 106	17 846	14 600	45 640
2 or more workers .....	270	—	98	1 095	385	544	1 008
Mean family income (dollars) .....	46 858	—	46 890	41 764	30 899	35 368	36 366

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Harrison County								
	Tract 201.01 (pt.)	Tract 201.02	Tract 202.98	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204.01 (pt.)	Tract 204.02 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 206.97 (pt.)	Tract 206.98 (pt.)
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
Persons 16 years and over .....	4 861	3 777	3 702	221	696	175	947	4 466	4 811
In labor force .....	2 732	2 144	2 254	111	461	92	581	3 016	2 958
Percent of persons 16 years and over .....	56.2	56.8	60.9	50.2	66.2	52.6	61.4	67.5	61.5
Civilian labor force .....	2 717	2 118	2 254	111	461	92	581	3 012	2 958
Employed .....	2 411	1 881	2 105	104	423	81	568	2 776	2 764
Unemployed .....	306	237	149	7	38	11	13	236	194
Percent of civilian labor force .....	11.3	11.2	6.6	6.3	8.2	12.0	2.2	7.8	6.6
Not in labor force .....	2 129	1 633	1 448	110	235	83	366	1 450	1 853
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Enrolled in school .....	344	210	177	12	60	6	74	269	291
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school .....	740	578	478	54	97	30	132	400	558
Females 16 years and over .....	2 518	1 949	1 848	113	383	99	456	2 262	2 418
In labor force .....	1 183	889	953	39	230	47	197	1 191	1 198
Percent of females 16 years and over .....	47.0	45.6	51.6	34.5	60.1	47.5	43.2	52.7	49.5
Civilian labor force .....	1 183	882	953	39	230	47	197	1 191	1 198
Employed .....	1 067	763	879	39	206	44	197	1 085	1 041
Unemployed .....	116	119	74	—	24	3	—	106	157
Percent of civilian labor force .....	9.8	13.5	7.8	—	10.4	6.4	—	8.9	13.1
With own children under 6 years .....	455	302	303	16	52	9	60	524	400
In labor force .....	233	170	147	16	47	—	38	297	156
With own children 6 to 17 years only .....	503	367	445	26	77	3	95	489	554
In labor force .....	370	209	337	15	61	3	47	297	342
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies .....	570	456	446	15	85	25	86	556	538
All parents present in household in labor force .....	306	302	210	15	67	11	61	309	208
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies .....	1 383	861	1 020	68	173	42	232	1 348	1 225
All parents present in household in labor force .....	882	482	645	59	116	11	120	697	649
Persons 16 to 19 years .....	426	311	295	12	95	17	67	381	366
Not enrolled in school .....	50	86	72	—	6	11	28	48	35
Unemployed or not in labor force .....	26	53	41	—	—	11	—	26	16
Not high school graduate .....	25	36	33	—	—	—	—	24	24
Employed .....	2	13	7	—	—	—	—	—	16
Unemployed .....	15	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force .....	8	12	26	—	—	—	—	24	8
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	2 411	1 881	2 105	104	423	81	568	2 776	2 764
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	219	98	138	15	28	7	29	272	234
Professional specialty occupations .....	183	123	131	—	44	11	61	339	225
Technicians and related support occupations .....	58	53	45	—	—	—	7	114	49
Sales occupations .....	282	163	228	35	59	—	77	306	376
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	346	244	311	—	34	13	77	392	398
Private household occupations .....	27	21	22	—	19	—	—	12	8
Protective service occupations .....	44	8	56	—	—	6	7	17	52
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	283	279	183	7	41	7	54	233	252
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	70	67	54	7	5	—	20	74	73
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	333	362	450	19	80	32	136	566	524
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	229	200	213	—	30	—	33	230	270
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	179	184	127	21	19	5	47	127	185
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	158	79	147	—	64	—	20	94	118
Construction .....	200	114	212	—	64	7	45	254	269
Manufacturing .....	583	410	532	24	63	8	129	605	575
Transportation, communications, and other utilities .....	230	269	135	7	27	—	55	245	233
Wholesale and retail trade .....	549	379	476	42	109	14	90	639	629
Finance, insurance, and real estate .....	50	53	67	—	23	6	33	97	84
Business and repair services .....	50	49	83	9	—	6	47	161	119
Professional and related services .....	415	329	387	7	85	18	120	494	473
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	2 411	1 881	2 105	104	423	81	568	2 776	2 764
Private wage and salary workers .....	1 847	1 456	1 659	104	330	49	437	2 146	2 270
Government workers .....	310	227	288	—	48	20	65	357	246
Local government workers .....	144	79	130	—	9	20	34	153	121
Self-employed workers .....	243	181	136	—	45	12	66	251	216
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989 .....	2 949	2 298	2 474	103	475	92	618	3 253	3 276
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week .....	2 322	1 843	2 036	88	379	74	451	2 650	2 681
50 to 52 weeks .....	1 433	1 153	1 350	66	275	49	307	1 899	1 876
40 to 49 weeks .....	292	256	214	—	29	14	43	274	248
27 to 39 weeks .....	158	96	129	—	33	—	30	153	164
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks .....	308	231	222	15	20	6	76	307	304
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years .....	4 054	3 092	3 187	167	575	145	764	4 006	4 153
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	228	272	134	12	24	—	35	85	178
With a mobility limitation .....	131	154	94	—	16	—	22	61	130
In labor force .....	37	17	32	—	—	—	—	7	25
With a self-care limitation .....	138	206	85	12	8	—	22	35	91
With a work disability .....	451	397	358	35	54	22	93	298	364
In labor force .....	147	136	72	17	23	—	37	115	103
Prevented from working .....	271	225	235	18	31	16	56	164	235
No work disability .....	3 603	2 695	2 829	132	521	123	671	3 708	3 789
In labor force .....	2 524	1 904	2 145	94	426	92	493	2 847	2 757
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over .....	792	659	515	54	121	30	183	456	658
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	241	155	173	9	—	19	36	90	152
With a mobility limitation .....	173	117	104	—	—	15	26	87	133
With a self-care limitation .....	124	108	133	9	—	19	10	30	83
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>									
No workers .....	281	262	207	33	—	11	31	143	182
Mean family income (dollars) .....	13 457	21 725	12 480	5 879	—	15 062	8 714	15 575	11 484
1 worker .....	715	456	369	29	62	11	145	545	694
Mean family income (dollars) .....	22 763	25 844	21 479	21 333	25 887	13 790	36 370	35 171	27 164
2 or more workers .....	859	754	867	38	147	34	190	1 089	1 024
Mean family income (dollars) .....	35 861	37 188	35 619	33 159	36 092	37 499	36 122	47 062	38 930



Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview-- Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County			Harrison County			Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County		
		Total	Kilgore city (pt.)	Langview city (pt.)	Total	Longview city (pt.)	Marshall city	Tract 2	Tract 4	Tract 9
INCOME IN 1989										
Households	60 916	40 102	3 336	26 589	20 814	635	8 630	1 689	2 775	1 040
Less than \$5,000	6 130	3 704	344	2 354	2 426	45	1 216	119	133	81
\$5,000 to \$9,999	7 160	4 557	490	3 004	2 603	45	1 268	247	261	149
\$10,000 to \$14,999	6 256	3 964	335	2 703	2 292	46	1 102	178	241	181
\$15,000 to \$24,999	11 553	7 456	619	5 082	4 097	152	1 686	306	581	255
\$25,000 to \$34,999	9 468	6 260	554	4 132	3 208	82	1 233	207	501	182
\$35,000 to \$49,999	10 248	6 927	440	4 420	3 321	116	1 086	275	597	130
\$50,000 to \$74,999	6 944	4 886	281	3 293	2 058	111	715	253	311	57
\$75,000 to \$99,999	1 716	1 217	108	881	499	38	158	36	91	5
\$100,000 or more	1 441	1 131	165	720	310	—	166	68	59	—
Median (dollars)	24 399	25 484	22 403	25 318	22 625	29 073	19 077	24 788	27 928	19 516
Mean (dollars)	30 813	32 282	31 077	32 578	27 984	33 570	26 742	34 948	32 983	22 579
Families	44 308	28 579	2 093	18 590	15 729	530	6 021	1 091	1 479	780
Median income (dollars)	29 351	30 969	29 260	30 851	26 610	35 000	23 823	32 380	33 646	21 143
Males 15 years and over, with income	53 092	34 773	2 646	23 017	18 319	558	7 049	1 440	2 203	943
Median income (dollars)	18 706	19 724	17 722	19 253	17 034	23 663	14 162	20 417	24 068	13 163
Percent year-round full-time workers	53.4	55.1	50.5	55.8	50.1	55.9	44.9	63.3	60.9	42.8
Median income (dollars)	27 147	28 026	26 223	28 022	25 870	36 667	22 440	25 769	31 399	20 000
Females 15 years and over, with income	52 157	34 095	3 032	22 250	18 062	495	8 230	1 375	2 186	862
Median income (dollars)	7 804	8 337	7 871	8 558	6 984	10 492	6 711	8 694	10 647	8 228
Percent year-round full-time workers	29.1	30.0	26.2	30.8	27.3	37.6	24.8	28.1	35.5	28.0
Median income (dollars)	16 067	16 473	16 062	16 775	15 180	20 119	14 122	16 285	18 462	13 675
Per capita income (dollars)	11 649	12 457	12 699	12 765	10 173	12 593	9 835	13 637	16 197	8 455
INCOME TYPE IN 1989										
Households	60 916	40 102	3 336	26 589	20 814	635	8 630	1 689	2 775	1 040
With earnings	47 564	31 738	2 452	21 268	15 826	523	6 134	1 299	2 396	833
Mean earnings (dollars)	31 297	32 422	29 358	32 636	29 041	34 599	28 425	36 379	29 147	21 495
With Social Security income	17 350	11 174	1 244	7 012	6 176	138	2 929	519	655	354
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	7 440	7 646	8 126	7 683	7 067	7 407	7 191	8 840	9 110	8 755
With public assistance income	4 810	2 628	193	1 633	2 182	30	1 212	95	38	76
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	2 970	2 805	3 958	2 876	3 168	3 571	3 032	2 558	4 309	2 479
With retirement income	8 129	5 237	576	3 336	2 892	85	1 174	224	360	125
Mean retirement income (dollars)	9 065	9 038	8 892	9 172	9 114	6 691	7 958	10 326	10 125	6 347
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE										
Families (dollars)	35 493	37 496	39 014	37 886	31 853	37 873	31 015	43 434	38 154	24 111
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	34 361	35 844	35 084	36 305	31 650	34 098	30 219	37 448	33 522	22 210
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	36 621	39 150	42 014	39 505	32 054	41 677	31 756	48 573	41 050	25 889
Married-couple families (dollars)	40 014	42 389	45 018	43 259	35 713	40 027	37 038	47 281	41 629	26 946
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	40 285	42 181	40 979	43 660	36 895	38 637	39 053	42 691	38 334	25 734
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	39 760	42 581	47 997	42 885	34 585	41 193	35 300	51 132	43 263	28 154
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	15 765	15 764	18 862	15 251	15 767	26 904	14 847	17 731	18 394	15 835
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	11 983	12 378	16 919	11 817	11 216	19 773	9 309	5 651	15 445	10 492
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	20 833	20 775	21 236	20 864	20 920	46 748	21 277	30 395	22 569	21 780
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
All Income Levels In 1989										
Families	44 308	28 579	2 093	18 590	15 729	530	6 021	1 091	1 479	780
Householder worked in 1989	34 922	22 911	1 525	14 902	12 011	449	4 317	873	1 193	544
With related children under 18 years	23 868	15 373	972	10 022	8 495	286	3 183	550	579	408
With related children under 5 years	9 759	6 413	382	4 368	3 346	103	1 249	265	327	162
Married-couple families	35 378	22 796	1 534	14 658	12 582	443	4 363	938	1 219	583
Householder worked in 1989	28 927	18 813	1 129	12 084	10 114	378	3 368	776	971	410
With related children under 18 years	17 910	11 489	670	7 309	6 421	214	2 089	448	408	305
With related children under 5 years	7 458	4 991	281	3 356	2 467	76	725	220	265	123
Female householder, no husband present	7 247	4 588	400	3 119	2 659	87	1 476	127	215	150
Householder worked in 1989	4 667	3 109	264	2 127	1 558	71	816	71	183	95
With related children under 18 years	4 994	3 214	241	2 247	1 780	72	996	82	132	84
With related children under 5 years	2 010	1 207	89	876	803	27	490	31	62	27
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	20 059	13 931	1 508	9 596	6 128	105	3 118	765	1 525	396
Nonfamily householder	16 608	11 523	1 243	7 999	5 085	105	2 609	598	1 296	260
65 years and over	7 239	4 686	592	2 932	2 553	36	1 450	273	234	106
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	158 453	102 426	7 837	66 896	56 027	1 656	22 325	4 190	5 489	2 751
Persons under 18 years	44 598	28 055	1 807	18 264	16 543	508	6 512	1 119	936	789
Related children under 18 years	44 330	27 960	1 799	18 210	16 370	498	6 448	1 119	928	774
Related children 5 to 17 years	32 378	20 022	1 243	12 826	12 356	366	4 844	804	612	541
Persons 65 years and over	20 180	12 829	1 460	8 173	7 351	176	3 707	585	779	455
Persons 75 years and over	8 318	5 290	653	3 378	3 028	47	1 633	321	306	172
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level										
Families	6 326	3 823	253	2 602	2 503	21	1 202	154	119	127
Percent below poverty level	14.3	13.4	12.1	14.0	15.9	4.0	20.0	14.1	8.0	16.3
Householder worked in 1989	3 437	2 149	128	1 407	1 288	15	591	120	72	98
With related children under 18 years	4 719	2 914	149	2 097	1 805	21	921	135	75	101
With related children under 5 years	2 394	1 536	80	1 107	858	12	463	83	42	42
Married-couple families	2 830	1 606	99	1 046	1 224	—	421	93	65	65
Householder worked in 1989	1 674	942	43	584	732	—	252	76	34	51
With related children under 18 years	1 766	1 042	51	723	724	—	250	74	27	51
With related children under 5 years	894	611	24	432	283	—	78	57	16	13
Female householder, no husband present	3 145	2 009	120	1 437	1 136	21	705	61	54	55
Householder worked in 1989	1 563	1 090	63	747	473	15	278	44	38	40
With related children under 18 years	2 723	1 752	84	1 287	971	21	612	61	48	43
With related children under 5 years	1 417	877	56	639	540	12	366	26	26	22
Unrelated individuals	6 394	4 033	493	2 455	2 361	35	1 143	194	198	129
Nonfamily householder	4 689	2 864	339	1 760	1 825	35	860	104	121	64
65 years and over	2 487	1 459	155	848	1 028	—	533	44	27	36
Persons	28 652	17 168	1 250	11 525	11 484	112	5 691	700	606	630
Percent below poverty level	18.1	16.8	15.9	17.2	20.5	6.8	25.5	16.7	11.0	22.9
Persons under 18 years	10 765	6 355	279	4 516	4 410	58	2 353	252	206	277
Related children under 18 years	10 538	6 263	271	4 465	4 275	48	2 297	252	198	265
Related children 5 to 17 years	7 280	4 144	144	2 936	3 136	29	1 636	156	140	202
Persons 65 years and over	4 060	2 277	207	1 418	1 783	—	844	56	64	48
Persons 75 years and over	1 998	1 184	134	743	814	—	375	50	46	25
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	12 861	7 517	608	5 045	5 344	63	2 853	275	237	183
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	37 046	22 270	1 703	15 009	14 776	237	7 082	891	804	960
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	64 341	39 436	3 195	26 072	24 905	446	11 329	1 589	1 440	1 545



Table 19. **Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Gregg County—Can.								
	Tract 11	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 101	Tract 103	Tract 104	Tract 106	Tract 107	Tract 108.98
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Households -----	1 028	1 627	1 552	1 528	2 801	2 243	2 209	1 618	—
Less than \$5,000 -----	149	365	283	80	167	244	128	283	—
\$5,000 to \$9,999 -----	135	249	235	126	227	167	173	373	—
\$10,000 to \$14,999 -----	155	239	168	142	170	250	238	144	—
\$15,000 to \$24,999 -----	204	337	308	212	554	398	443	278	—
\$25,000 to \$34,999 -----	142	140	273	213	513	398	385	250	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999 -----	81	196	153	356	645	509	346	189	—
\$50,000 to \$74,999 -----	114	67	84	287	475	205	259	46	—
\$75,000 to \$99,999 -----	14	15	33	38	32	36	88	20	—
\$100,000 or more -----	34	19	15	74	18	36	149	35	—
Median (dollars) -----	17 803	14 300	17 976	33 594	30 455	25 930	28 258	15 216	—
Mean (dollars) -----	31 492	19 363	22 296	41 810	32 605	29 315	37 339	21 234	—
Families -----	743	1 037	1 172	1 248	2 317	1 820	1 451	993	—
Median income (dollars) -----	21 458	17 513	21 801	38 102	33 351	29 649	35 025	25 029	—
Males 15 years and over, with income -----	776	1 255	1 708	1 444	2 686	2 094	1 747	1 279	—
Median income (dollars) -----	14 549	12 293	8 500	25 408	23 253	19 749	23 135	10 313	—
Percent year-round full-time workers -----	48.1	46.2	33.8	63.6	65.4	50.5	59.0	39.4	—
Median income (dollars) -----	25 313	19 353	21 667	32 043	28 029	24 882	30 212	19 929	—
Females 15 years and over, with income -----	881	1 224	1 675	1 204	2 190	2 008	1 898	1 607	—
Median income (dollars) -----	6 825	6 724	5 544	9 875	7 954	7 027	10 683	5 966	—
Percent year-round full-time workers -----	31.2	25.7	22.6	37.9	34.4	29.1	30.5	21.3	—
Median income (dollars) -----	11 752	15 164	16 372	14 688	16 788	16 916	15 789	15 396	—
Per capita income (dollars) -----	11 824	8 277	7 235	14 433	11 233	10 272	16 057	8 069	—
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>									
Households -----	1 028	1 627	1 552	1 528	2 801	2 243	2 209	1 618	—
With earnings -----	726	1 155	1 129	1 321	2 470	1 802	1 732	1 115	—
Mean earnings (dollars) -----	34 364	20 981	25 274	39 438	32 945	31 030	33 518	21 599	—
With Social Security income -----	360	536	443	305	426	609	749	662	—
Mean Social Security income (dollars) -----	7 503	6 692	5 871	8 284	6 854	6 590	9 463	6 750	—
With public assistance income -----	149	254	218	76	164	106	87	169	—
Mean public assistance income (dollars) -----	1 831	2 714	2 818	3 943	2 431	2 486	5 037	2 846	—
With retirement income -----	70	164	230	220	283	257	396	250	—
Mean retirement income (dollars) -----	7 136	5 240	7 536	9 455	9 417	6 859	9 863	7 635	—
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>									
Families (dollars) -----	36 947	23 313	24 840	45 454	35 471	32 761	45 570	27 282	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	36 175	17 770	25 329	46 850	33 745	33 262	39 290	27 383	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	37 769	29 174	24 341	44 089	38 238	32 185	49 293	27 172	—
Married-couple families (dollars) -----	49 764	31 764	30 341	47 331	38 337	36 083	50 073	31 739	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	56 370	28 282	32 547	48 530	36 954	36 686	44 967	31 392	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	44 635	34 324	28 213	46 102	40 524	35 393	52 743	32 173	—
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) -----	11 904	10 318	10 565	22 330	15 451	17 814	17 349	18 503	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	7 813	6 248	8 740	16 688	12 173	16 204	14 373	16 913	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	19 623	16 542	12 849	25 223	22 314	19 531	20 171	20 801	—
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>									
<b>All Income Levels In 1989</b>									
Families -----	743	1 037	1 172	1 248	2 317	1 820	1 451	993	—
Householder worked in 1989 -----	560	690	860	1 035	2 032	1 534	1 117	712	—
With related children under 18 years -----	421	608	695	699	1 471	1 079	590	564	—
With related children under 5 years -----	202	254	262	265	668	388	175	230	—
Married-couple families -----	469	616	821	1 146	1 974	1 478	1 191	590	—
Householder worked in 1989 -----	345	457	654	973	1 752	1 313	931	409	—
With related children under 18 years -----	227	267	445	638	1 212	875	434	332	—
With related children under 5 years -----	120	123	177	248	565	323	140	148	—
Female householder, no husband present -----	205	349	322	59	263	281	187	308	—
Householder worked in 1989 -----	156	172	177	32	209	180	121	220	—
With related children under 18 years -----	140	280	240	38	210	163	116	197	—
With related children under 5 years -----	52	109	82	—	81	49	23	82	—
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined -----	364	729	441	354	638	535	896	796	—
Nonfamily householder -----	285	590	380	280	484	423	758	625	—
65 years and over -----	170	260	179	82	128	233	321	347	—
Persons for whom poverty status is determined -----	2 762	3 803	4 494	4 420	8 103	6 410	5 011	4 083	—
Persons under 18 years -----	888	992	1 461	1 370	2 592	1 908	1 064	1 057	—
Related children under 18 years -----	880	980	1 461	1 365	2 583	1 903	1 064	1 049	—
Related children 5 to 17 years -----	620	686	1 127	997	1 859	1 457	791	729	—
Persons 65 years and over -----	448	565	560	383	414	657	905	689	—
Persons 75 years and over -----	245	237	254	135	149	257	376	308	—
<b>Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>									
Families -----	167	268	356	85	219	231	76	228	—
Percent below poverty level -----	22.5	25.8	30.4	6.8	9.5	12.7	5.2	23.0	—
Householder worked in 1989 -----	97	111	146	31	115	143	28	151	—
With related children under 18 years -----	160	247	257	48	189	121	38	153	—
With related children under 5 years -----	97	94	134	11	120	53	16	78	—
Married-couple families -----	57	26	147	59	119	97	40	70	—
Householder worked in 1989 -----	32	14	54	12	71	70	11	43	—
With related children under 18 years -----	57	26	91	29	89	32	29	33	—
With related children under 5 years -----	45	14	68	6	48	17	9	17	—
Female householder, no husband present -----	100	216	203	14	91	121	28	132	—
Householder worked in 1989 -----	65	71	86	14	44	73	9	94	—
With related children under 18 years -----	93	195	166	14	91	89	9	106	—
With related children under 5 years -----	42	80	66	—	63	36	7	61	—
Unrelated individuals -----	129	351	183	90	196	202	209	402	—
Nonfamily householder -----	93	258	153	58	135	143	130	285	—
65 years and over -----	42	138	89	23	70	102	40	140	—
Persons -----	802	1 235	1 495	338	820	949	457	1 122	—
Percent below poverty level -----	29.0	32.5	33.3	7.6	10.1	14.8	9.1	27.5	—
Persons under 18 years -----	376	498	621	100	262	309	92	313	—
Related children under 18 years -----	368	486	621	95	253	304	92	305	—
Related children 5 to 17 years -----	221	363	433	70	122	204	58	191	—
Persons 65 years and over -----	60	174	230	42	95	191	60	172	—
Persons 75 years and over -----	29	70	136	34	37	68	36	115	—
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level -----	415	791	706	119	261	336	238	519	—
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level -----	1 070	1 562	1 666	547	1 116	1 272	602	1 535	—
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level -----	1 676	2 378	2 613	1 263	2 612	2 546	1 575	2 266	—



Table 19. **Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County—Con.		Kilgore city (pt.), Gregg County				Longview city (pt.), Gregg County			
	Tract 109.98	Tract 114.98	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 106 (pt.)	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 114.98 (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3	Tract 4 (pt.)
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Households	—	—	32	1 846	1 458	—	214	1 094	2 189	2 775
Less than \$5,000	—	—	—	102	242	—	61	106	127	133
\$5,000 to \$9,999	—	—	—	163	327	—	106	217	181	261
\$10,000 to \$14,999	—	—	8	193	134	—	21	160	194	241
\$15,000 to \$24,999	—	—	15	348	256	—	10	225	365	581
\$25,000 to \$34,999	—	—	—	323	231	—	—	133	352	501
\$35,000 to \$49,999	—	—	—	264	176	—	11	164	315	597
\$50,000 to \$74,999	—	—	9	226	46	—	—	67	351	311
\$75,000 to \$99,999	—	—	—	88	20	—	—	6	142	91
\$100,000 or more	—	—	—	139	26	—	5	16	162	59
Median (dollars)	—	—	20 000	28 734	15 684	—	6 168	17 639	31 319	27 928
Mean (dollars)	—	—	28 964	38 620	21 573	—	11 272	25 211	45 293	32 983
Families	—	—	24	1 184	885	—	28	598	1 439	1 479
Median income (dollars)	—	—	21 429	35 539	25 300	—	13 333	23 417	44 275	33 646
Males 15 years and over, with income	—	—	33	1 440	1 173	—	132	849	1 780	2 203
Median income (dollars)	—	—	19 219	24 439	10 771	—	5 109	17 093	28 571	24 068
Percent year-round full-time workers	—	—	78.8	58.8	39.5	—	21.2	58.9	58.3	60.9
Median income (dollars)	—	—	19 412	30 700	19 250	—	34 375	21 082	32 145	31 399
Females 15 years and over, with income	—	—	36	1 555	1 441	—	185	878	1 918	2 186
Median income (dollars)	—	—	4 583	10 955	6 102	—	5 865	7 011	11 078	10 647
Percent year-round full-time workers	—	—	22.2	31.1	20.9	—	13.5	25.2	32.5	35.5
Median income (dollars)	—	—	11 250	16 312	15 896	—	6 645	12 983	16 773	18 462
Per capita income (dollars)	—	—	9 738	16 694	8 388	—	7 664	10 712	19 352	16 197
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>										
Households	—	—	32	1 846	1 458	—	214	1 094	2 189	2 775
With earnings	—	—	25	1 418	1 009	—	70	780	1 675	2 396
Mean earnings (dollars)	—	—	28 360	34 569	22 059	—	19 304	27 393	44 773	29 147
With Social Security income	—	—	24	629	591	—	164	373	712	655
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	—	—	2 816	9 526	6 852	—	5 039	8 662	8 915	9 110
With public assistance income	—	—	—	72	121	—	32	88	23	38
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	—	—	—	4 920	3 385	—	954	2 403	3 296	4 309
With retirement income	—	—	15	344	217	—	30	136	362	360
Mean retirement income (dollars)	—	—	4 578	10 773	6 209	—	2 245	8 156	8 749	10 125
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>										
Families (dollars)	—	—	25 619	47 666	27 803	—	16 533	32 333	56 461	38 154
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	—	34 000	42 772	27 469	—	—	23 467	51 884	33 522
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	—	20 590	50 634	28 149	—	16 533	38 658	60 076	41 050
Married-couple families (dollars)	—	—	27 273	52 489	32 323	—	22 708	36 857	61 575	41 629
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	—	34 000	48 874	32 187	—	—	29 430	56 819	38 334
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	—	19 706	54 457	32 488	—	22 708	41 466	65 371	43 263
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	—	—	—	16 544	20 223	—	8 300	12 033	29 790	18 394
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	—	—	14 531	18 033	—	—	5 367	24 801	15 445
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	—	—	18 351	23 443	—	8 300	20 820	32 960	22 569
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>										
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>										
Families	—	—	24	1 184	885	—	28	598	1 439	1 479
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	17	871	637	—	22	445	1 194	1 193
With related children under 18 years	—	—	9	478	485	—	12	267	667	579
With related children under 5 years	—	—	9	155	218	—	12	140	263	327
Married-couple families	—	—	17	970	547	—	16	470	1 212	1 219
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	17	731	381	—	10	361	1 016	971
With related children under 18 years	—	—	9	361	300	—	—	184	556	408
With related children under 5 years	—	—	9	124	148	—	—	95	233	265
Female householder, no husband present	—	—	—	148	252	—	12	102	175	215
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	—	82	182	—	12	58	135	183
With related children under 18 years	—	—	—	82	159	—	12	63	76	132
With related children under 5 years	—	—	—	19	70	—	12	31	30	62
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	—	—	25	793	690	—	197	637	823	1 525
Nonfamily householder	—	—	8	662	573	—	186	496	750	1 296
65 years and over	—	—	—	270	322	—	151	219	331	234
Persans for whom poverty status is determined	—	—	93	4 151	3 593	—	267	2 445	5 044	5 489
Persans under 18 years	—	—	24	902	881	—	14	552	1 114	936
Related children under 18 years	—	—	24	902	873	—	14	552	1 107	928
Related children 5 to 17 years	—	—	14	657	572	—	7	393	791	612
Persans 65 years and over	—	—	13	803	644	—	156	431	933	779
Persans 75 years and over	—	—	—	362	291	—	85	257	378	306
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>										
Families	—	—	—	70	183	—	12	106	88	119
Percent below poverty level	—	—	—	5.9	20.7	—	42.9	17.7	6.1	8.0
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	—	22	106	—	12	78	63	72
With related children under 18 years	—	—	—	32	117	—	12	94	72	75
With related children under 5 years	—	—	—	14	66	—	12	61	26	42
Married-couple families	—	—	—	36	63	—	—	52	48	65
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	—	7	36	—	—	41	32	34
With related children under 18 years	—	—	—	25	26	—	—	40	32	27
With related children under 5 years	—	—	—	7	17	—	—	35	20	16
Female householder, no husband present	—	—	—	26	94	—	12	54	24	54
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	—	7	56	—	12	37	24	38
With related children under 18 years	—	—	—	7	77	—	12	54	24	48
With related children under 5 years	—	—	—	7	49	—	12	26	6	26
Unrelated individuals	—	—	8	180	305	—	96	194	145	198
Nonfamily householder	—	—	—	106	233	—	91	104	127	121
65 years and over	—	—	—	40	115	—	84	44	73	27
Persans	—	—	8	407	835	—	134	506	432	606
Percent below poverty level	—	—	8.6	9.8	23.2	—	50.2	20.7	8.6	11.0
Persans under 18 years	—	—	—	81	198	—	14	148	154	206
Related children under 18 years	—	—	—	81	190	—	14	148	147	198
Related children 5 to 17 years	—	—	—	49	95	—	7	82	117	140
Persans 65 years and over	—	—	—	60	147	—	84	56	89	64
Persans 75 years and over	—	—	—	36	98	—	41	50	57	46
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>										
Persans below 50 percent of poverty level	—	—	—	204	404	—	8	233	206	237
Persans below 125 percent of poverty level	—	—	8	484	1 211	—	171	688	609	804
Persans below 200 percent of poverty level	—	—	16	1 246	1 933	—	219	1 220	1 162	1 440

Table 19. **Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County—Can.									
	Tract 5.01	Tract 5.02	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10	Tract 11 (pt.)	Tract 12	Tract 13
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Households	1 537	1 753	2 327	1 913	2 357	1 008	919	1 028	1 116	1 482
Less than \$5,000	42	79	73	101	118	81	93	149	256	230
\$5,000 to \$9,999	47	150	111	123	254	143	186	135	194	234
\$10,000 to \$14,999	39	214	82	104	240	181	99	155	200	237
\$15,000 to \$24,999	183	337	408	332	528	255	184	204	216	282
\$25,000 to \$34,999	201	249	377	384	479	168	145	142	127	188
\$35,000 to \$49,999	253	371	503	379	477	118	124	81	70	218
\$50,000 to \$74,999	393	263	510	365	214	57	81	114	53	62
\$75,000 to \$99,999	166	65	161	104	47	5	—	14	—	19
\$100,000 or more	213	25	102	21	—	—	7	34	—	12
Median (dollars)	50 193	28 467	37 938	33 047	25 594	18 710	18 729	17 803	12 015	16 639
Mean (dollars)	64 548	32 892	44 123	36 340	28 128	22 362	22 773	31 492	16 140	21 513
Families	1 254	1 197	1 735	1 495	1 860	754	556	743	744	1 063
Median income (dollars)	56 311	37 005	46 439	37 875	26 799	20 679	23 807	21 458	15 692	20 417
Males 15 years and over, with income	1 469	1 418	2 158	1 744	2 162	911	766	776	882	1 151
Median income (dollars)	36 418	23 500	27 500	25 149	19 593	13 167	12 000	14 549	10 056	12 362
Percent year-round full-time workers	67.3	62.7	67.0	60.7	61.8	43.0	47.8	48.1	37.9	41.6
Median income (dollars)	47 477	29 607	35 517	31 136	25 472	20 231	17 371	25 313	15 640	25 221
Females 15 years and over, with income	1 222	1 409	1 941	1 720	2 043	824	740	881	960	1 188
Median income (dollars)	14 228	10 074	11 608	10 211	7 750	7 972	7 635	6 825	7 079	7 633
Percent year-round full-time workers	31.3	34.5	36.9	28.1	29.2	29.2	33.9	31.2	26.1	25.1
Median income (dollars)	21 176	18 641	21 573	17 012	16 175	13 675	12 721	11 752	14 125	17 083
Per capita income (dollars)	23 594	14 873	17 342	13 619	10 003	8 341	9 123	11 824	6 024	8 298
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>										
Households	1 537	1 753	2 327	1 913	2 357	1 008	919	1 028	1 116	1 482
With earnings	1 304	1 449	2 057	1 588	2 047	808	712	726	738	1 114
Mean earnings (dollars)	58 613	31 329	43 690	35 648	28 302	21 699	22 296	34 364	17 826	21 273
With Social Security income	326	426	364	468	486	328	350	360	399	440
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	9 286	8 170	8 653	7 635	6 885	8 814	6 170	7 503	6 049	7 017
With public assistance income	18	48	65	39	144	70	52	149	150	150
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	6 153	6 817	2 686	1 355	3 594	2 268	1 522	1 831	3 175	2 906
With retirement income	269	216	247	342	189	106	63	70	123	278
Mean retirement income (dollars)	16 240	9 176	9 491	11 934	6 881	4 740	5 632	7 136	6 733	7 421
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>										
Families (dollars)	70 821	38 441	51 675	40 654	29 853	23 768	26 143	36 947	18 574	23 958
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	79 178	38 555	52 109	40 332	28 774	22 210	27 223	36 175	16 164	23 631
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	62 980	38 349	51 180	40 904	31 621	25 326	25 139	37 364	21 228	24 360
Married-couple families (dollars)	74 542	40 734	55 595	43 375	32 821	26 845	29 564	49 764	22 270	28 081
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	85 499	43 497	56 839	47 472	32 470	25 734	29 504	56 370	22 888	30 523
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	64 815	38 560	54 187	40 746	33 324	28 007	29 628	44 635	21 693	25 353
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	23 331	26 974	19 503	17 456	16 387	13 949	14 475	11 904	10 557	10 032
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	24 041	17 053	18 881	12 629	14 714	10 492	14 948	7 813	7 574	8 653
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	21 078	35 868	20 638	46 880	21 552	18 577	14 138	19 623	14 846	13 267
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>										
<b>All Income Levels In 1989</b>										
Families	1 254	1 197	1 735	1 495	1 860	754	556	743	744	1 063
Householder worked in 1989	1 088	1 029	1 558	1 243	1 594	537	417	560	484	755
With related children under 18 years	621	559	939	668	1 212	408	316	421	444	628
With related children under 5 years	185	265	396	221	499	162	134	202	229	353
Married-couple families	1 161	956	1 522	1 323	1 442	569	436	469	433	739
Householder worked in 1989	1 001	817	1 393	1 103	1 275	403	349	345	304	534
With related children under 18 years	560	431	816	532	886	305	250	227	209	404
With related children under 5 years	181	226	372	160	395	123	113	120	128	244
Female householder, no husband present	71	165	178	149	286	138	101	205	256	261
Householder worked in 1989	65	146	142	117	198	95	53	156	150	165
With related children under 18 years	54	92	123	128	236	84	62	140	195	210
With related children under 5 years	4	39	24	61	82	27	17	52	85	109
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	349	591	677	487	631	354	422	364	491	511
Nonfamily householder	283	556	592	418	497	284	363	285	372	419
65 years and over	104	167	95	202	142	100	142	170	222	184
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	4 221	3 819	5 922	5 159	6 566	2 675	2 135	2 762	3 062	3 847
Persons under 18 years	1 147	876	1 567	1 374	2 154	789	506	888	902	1 197
Related children under 18 years	1 147	876	1 567	1 374	2 154	774	502	880	902	1 197
Related children 5 to 17 years	885	596	1 153	997	1 473	541	327	620	655	713
Persons 65 years and over	402	465	391	574	482	417	312	448	467	603
Persons 75 years and over	122	179	130	162	169	153	145	245	228	278
<b>Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>										
Families	44	95	79	97	203	127	102	167	259	314
Percent below poverty level	3.5	7.9	4.6	6.5	10.9	16.8	18.3	22.5	34.8	29.5
Householder worked in 1989	32	67	42	65	113	98	54	97	116	176
With related children under 18 years	23	56	59	77	170	101	76	160	200	259
With related children under 5 years	11	33	19	56	103	42	40	97	95	157
Married-couple families	28	39	28	35	97	65	50	57	84	126
Householder worked in 1989	22	19	20	25	71	51	22	32	42	74
With related children under 18 years	13	—	20	15	81	51	36	57	45	97
With related children under 5 years	7	—	11	6	55	13	25	45	11	70
Female householder, no husband present	16	56	51	62	95	55	43	100	160	178
Householder worked in 1989	10	48	22	40	42	40	27	65	59	92
With related children under 18 years	10	56	39	62	89	43	36	93	140	162
With related children under 5 years	4	33	8	50	48	22	11	42	78	87
Unrelated individuals	53	101	97	53	149	123	119	129	236	169
Nonfamily householder	27	75	70	45	84	64	99	93	158	145
65 years and over	—	19	27	45	51	36	47	42	100	47
Persons	172	327	329	371	847	624	497	802	1 294	1 317
Percent below poverty level	4.1	8.6	5.6	7.2	12.9	23.3	23.3	29.0	42.3	34.2
Persons under 18 years	32	94	112	187	359	277	154	376	528	551
Related children under 18 years	32	94	112	187	359	265	150	368	528	551
Related children 5 to 17 years	19	65	90	105	188	202	77	221	399	317
Persons 65 years and over	17	39	39	74	72	48	69	60	170	137
Persons 75 years and over	—	8	15	50	27	25	25	29	111	67
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	119	110	159	207	185	177	195	415	697	442
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	234	477	380	535	1 338	948	700	1 070	1 442	1 538
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	475	977	817	1 160	2 942	1 533	1 130	1 676	2 286	2 212



Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County—Con.						Remainder of Gregg County			
	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 108.98 (pt.)	Tract 109.98 (pt.)	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 11 (pt.)
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Households .....	1 590	1 507	408	1 372	—	—	595	—	32	—
Less than \$5,000 .....	356	252	18	79	—	—	13	—	—	—
\$5,000 to \$9,999 .....	244	228	61	129	—	—	30	—	6	—
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	239	168	35	94	—	—	18	—	—	—
\$15,000 to \$24,999 .....	324	301	70	277	—	—	81	—	—	—
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	140	273	49	224	—	—	74	—	14	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	196	153	96	294	—	—	111	—	12	—
\$50,000 to \$74,999 .....	57	84	56	255	—	—	186	—	—	—
\$75,000 to \$99,999 .....	15	33	—	13	—	—	30	—	—	—
\$100,000 or more .....	19	15	23	7	—	—	52	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	14 220	18 869	27 381	29 071	—	—	45 809	—	33 571	—
Mean (dollars) .....	19 177	22 774	37 153	32 413	—	—	52 851	—	29 417	—
Families .....	1 000	1 162	331	1 152	—	—	493	—	26	—
Median income (dollars) .....	17 365	21 985	37 375	32 500	—	—	50 524	—	34 643	—
Males 15 years and over, with income .....	1 227	1 694	406	1 289	—	—	591	—	32	—
Median income (dollars) .....	12 098	8 500	22 697	25 095	—	—	30 288	—	13 125	—
Percent year-round full-time workers .....	46.8	33.7	61.3	68.0	—	—	69.7	—	37.5	—
Median income (dollars) .....	19 224	21 829	30 938	27 300	—	—	33 684	—	13 750	—
Females 15 years and over, with income .....	1 194	1 634	319	1 008	—	—	497	—	38	—
Median income (dollars) .....	6 810	5 710	8 393	6 799	—	—	17 120	—	12 500	—
Percent year-round full-time workers .....	25.7	23.2	46.1	38.3	—	—	33.4	—	—	—
Median income (dollars) .....	14 890	16 372	16 985	17 250	—	—	21 293	—	—	—
Per capita income (dollars) .....	8 207	7 304	11 936	10 998	—	—	17 958	—	12 494	—
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>										
Households .....	1 590	1 507	408	1 372	—	—	595	—	32	—
With earnings .....	1 123	1 119	352	1 210	—	—	519	—	25	—
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	21 300	25 401	37 307	32 755	—	—	49 884	—	14 900	—
With Social Security income .....	505	426	68	162	—	—	146	—	26	—
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	6 672	5 975	8 917	7 115	—	—	9 295	—	8 015	—
With public assistance income .....	254	197	13	103	—	—	7	—	6	—
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	2 714	2 850	6 138	2 700	—	—	4 500	—	4 944	—
With retirement income .....	159	216	48	122	—	—	88	—	19	—
Mean retirement income (dollars) .....	5 310	7 730	6 801	11 822	—	—	13 680	—	15 313	—
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>										
Families (dollars) .....	23 163	24 998	42 952	35 083	—	—	56 898	—	34 049	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	17 770	25 653	43 976	31 792	—	—	51 099	—	—	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	29 319	24 341	41 029	41 039	—	—	63 112	—	34 049	—
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	31 599	30 437	45 053	37 834	—	—	57 749	—	31 068	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	28 282	32 761	47 464	35 121	—	—	52 315	—	—	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	34 246	28 213	41 029	42 659	—	—	63 874	—	31 068	—
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	10 517	10 633	16 688	13 846	—	—	40 977	—	37 527	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	6 248	8 791	16 688	9 325	—	—	8 000	—	—	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	17 501	12 849	—	28 917	—	—	53 801	—	37 527	—
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>										
<b>All Income Levels In 1989</b>										
Families .....	1 000	1 162	331	1 152	—	—	493	—	26	—
Householder worked in 1989 .....	668	860	267	988	—	—	428	—	7	—
With related children under 18 years .....	599	685	227	770	—	—	283	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years .....	254	259	80	387	—	—	125	—	—	—
Married-couple families .....	588	818	307	978	—	—	468	—	14	—
Householder worked in 1989 .....	444	654	243	861	—	—	415	—	7	—
With related children under 18 years .....	267	442	203	629	—	—	264	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years .....	123	174	76	328	—	—	125	—	—	—
Female householder, no husband present .....	340	315	20	130	—	—	25	—	12	—
Householder worked in 1989 .....	163	177	20	92	—	—	13	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years .....	271	233	20	116	—	—	19	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years .....	109	82	—	50	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	729	401	97	280	—	—	128	—	12	—
Nonfamily householder .....	590	345	77	220	—	—	102	—	6	—
65 years and over .....	260	151	24	34	—	—	54	—	6	—
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	3 718	4 408	1 283	4 074	—	—	1 745	—	76	—
Persons under 18 years .....	977	1 435	456	1 380	—	—	567	—	—	—
Related children under 18 years .....	965	1 435	456	1 380	—	—	567	—	—	—
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	671	1 103	369	920	—	—	411	—	—	—
Persons 65 years and over .....	537	532	101	143	—	—	154	—	38	—
Persons 75 years and over .....	224	233	39	45	—	—	64	—	19	—
<b>Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>										
Families .....	259	346	44	141	—	—	48	—	—	—
Percent below poverty level .....	25.9	29.8	13.3	12.2	—	—	9.7	—	—	—
Householder worked in 1989 .....	102	146	14	60	—	—	42	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years .....	238	247	37	141	—	—	41	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years .....	94	131	—	88	—	—	22	—	—	—
Married-couple families .....	26	144	30	72	—	—	41	—	—	—
Householder worked in 1989 .....	14	54	—	31	—	—	35	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years .....	26	88	23	72	—	—	34	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years .....	14	65	—	39	—	—	22	—	—	—
Female householder, no husband present .....	207	196	14	60	—	—	7	—	—	—
Householder worked in 1989 .....	62	86	14	29	—	—	7	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years .....	186	159	14	60	—	—	7	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years .....	80	66	—	40	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unrelated individuals .....	351	150	28	64	—	—	—	—	6	—
Nonfamily householder .....	258	125	21	53	—	—	—	—	—	—
65 years and over .....	138	61	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons .....	1 205	1 416	174	472	—	—	194	—	6	—
Percent below poverty level .....	32.4	32.1	13.6	11.6	—	—	11.1	—	7.9	—
Persons under 18 years .....	483	595	70	176	—	—	104	—	—	—
Related children under 18 years .....	471	595	70	176	—	—	104	—	—	—
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	348	409	70	80	—	—	74	—	—	—
Persons 65 years and over .....	174	202	15	9	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons 75 years and over .....	70	115	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	761	677	33	184	—	—	42	—	6	—
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	1 521	1 587	239	728	—	—	203	—	12	—
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level .....	2 337	2 534	429	1 523	—	—	369	—	12	—

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Gregg County—Con.									
	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 105	Tract 106 (pt.)	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 108.98 (pt.)
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Households	37	45	1 120	2 654	1 429	2 211	1 499	363	160	—
Less than \$5,000	9	31	62	340	88	244	144	26	41	—
\$5,000 to \$9,999	—	7	65	458	98	167	164	10	46	—
\$10,000 to \$14,999	—	—	107	317	76	242	101	45	10	—
\$15,000 to \$24,999	13	7	142	456	277	383	279	95	22	—
\$25,000 to \$34,999	—	—	164	339	289	398	208	62	19	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999	—	—	260	431	351	509	298	82	13	—
\$50,000 to \$74,999	10	—	231	230	220	196	206	33	—	—
\$75,000 to \$99,999	—	—	38	42	19	36	63	—	—	—
\$100,000 or more	—	—	51	41	11	36	36	10	9	—
Median (dollars)	19 107	5 000—	35 877	18 943	31 283	26 034	26 922	25 917	8 782	—
Mean (dollars)	27 344	6 279	43 507	25 550	32 790	29 320	32 206	30 825	18 154	—
Families	37	10	917	1 878	1 165	1 796	1 167	267	108	—
Median income (dollars)	19 107	5 181	38 388	26 633	33 588	29 781	32 266	32 813	17 500	—
Males 15 years and over, with income	28	14	1 038	2 163	1 397	2 061	1 341	307	106	—
Median income (dollars)	20 833	10 000	26 453	16 427	22 512	19 836	21 968	19 750	6 618	—
Percent year-round full-time workers	21.4	50.0	64.5	49.0	63.0	50.1	51.3	59.6	38.7	—
Median income (dollars)	21 250	16 250	32 375	25 876	30 168	25 000	32 453	25 078	30 288	—
Females 15 years and over, with income	30	41	885	2 387	1 182	1 972	1 259	343	166	—
Median income (dollars)	4 205	3 398	10 420	6 795	8 912	7 112	7 924	9 083	5 000	—
Percent year-round full-time workers	26.7	—	34.9	25.3	31.0	29.3	34.2	27.7	25.3	—
Median income (dollars)	21 250	—	13 984	14 346	16 439	16 998	15 547	12 305	11 944	—
Per capita income (dollars)	11 399	3 181	15 450	9 812	11 469	10 280	12 160	12 895	5 648	—
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>										
Households	37	45	1 120	2 654	1 429	2 211	1 499	363	160	—
With earnings	32	10	969	1 860	1 260	1 777	1 128	314	106	—
Mean earnings (dollars)	9 792	11 070	40 211	27 131	33 127	31 067	34 463	28 770	17 227	—
With Social Security income	31	17	237	965	264	585	442	120	71	—
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	7 023	3 262	8 102	7 520	6 693	6 745	6 899	9 132	5 903	—
With public assistance income	—	21	63	317	61	106	158	15	48	—
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	—	2 520	3 490	1 897	1 978	2 486	2 757	5 598	1 486	—
With retirement income	5	14	172	265	161	242	267	52	33	—
Mean retirement income (dollars)	3 000	4 536	10 195	7 238	7 594	7 001	9 772	3 843	17 012	—
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>										
Families (dollars)	27 344	6 468	46 357	30 588	35 854	32 857	36 265	36 279	23 010	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	6 468	48 398	27 841	35 861	33 255	36 289	22 554	26 819	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	27 344	—	44 771	33 630	35 846	32 395	36 246	43 615	16 273	—
Married-couple families (dollars)	35 233	4 060	48 164	35 566	38 831	36 185	39 259	39 469	24 308	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	4 060	49 058	34 851	38 921	36 717	39 182	25 026	22 869	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	35 233	—	47 395	36 207	38 704	35 577	39 324	45 753	26 994	—
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	2 799	7 500	25 223	10 475	17 019	17 814	17 752	20 404	10 766	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	7 500	—	9 495	15 825	16 204	12 623	13 846	11 661	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	2 799	—	25 223	13 570	18 713	19 531	20 498	28 055	9 572	—
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>										
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>										
Families	37	10	917	1 878	1 165	1 796	1 167	267	108	—
Householder worked in 1989	22	—	768	1 498	1 044	1 517	861	246	75	—
With related children under 18 years	9	10	472	1 081	701	1 070	554	112	79	—
With related children under 5 years	—	3	185	456	281	379	202	20	12	—
Married-couple families	28	3	839	1 502	996	1 461	997	221	43	—
Householder worked in 1989	13	—	730	1 235	891	1 296	767	200	28	—
With related children under 18 years	—	3	435	767	583	866	479	73	32	—
With related children under 5 years	—	3	172	305	237	314	182	16	—	—
Female householder, no husband present	9	7	39	316	133	281	152	39	56	—
Householder worked in 1989	9	—	12	234	117	180	76	39	38	—
With related children under 18 years	9	7	18	276	94	163	68	34	38	—
With related children under 5 years	—	—	—	126	31	49	20	4	12	—
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	—	40	257	938	358	510	375	103	106	—
Nonfamily householder	—	35	203	776	264	415	332	96	52	—
65 years and over	—	28	58	462	94	233	151	51	25	—
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	85	86	3 137	6 837	4 029	6 317	3 959	860	490	—
Persons under 18 years	15	26	914	2 004	1 212	1 884	1 016	162	176	—
Related children under 18 years	15	26	909	1 990	1 203	1 879	1 016	162	176	—
Related children 5 to 17 years	15	24	628	1 430	939	1 443	764	134	157	—
Persons 65 years and over	28	28	282	1 036	271	644	554	102	45	—
Persons 75 years and over	13	21	96	481	104	257	173	14	17	—
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>										
Families	9	10	41	360	78	231	132	6	45	—
Percent below poverty level	24.3	100.0	4.5	19.2	6.7	12.9	11.3	2.2	41.7	—
Householder worked in 1989	9	—	17	235	55	143	54	6	45	—
With related children under 18 years	9	10	11	310	48	121	68	6	36	—
With related children under 5 years	—	3	11	181	32	53	33	2	12	—
Married-couple families	—	3	29	155	47	97	70	4	7	—
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	12	113	40	70	26	4	7	—
With related children under 18 years	—	3	6	126	17	32	31	4	7	—
With related children under 5 years	—	3	6	79	9	17	17	2	—	—
Female householder, no husband present	9	7	—	182	31	121	55	2	38	—
Householder worked in 1989	9	—	—	115	15	73	21	2	38	—
With related children under 18 years	9	7	—	174	31	89	33	2	29	—
With related children under 5 years	—	—	—	95	23	36	16	—	12	—
Unrelated individuals	—	33	62	371	132	194	161	29	97	—
Nonfamily householder	—	28	37	261	82	143	138	24	52	—
65 years and over	—	28	16	135	70	102	80	—	25	—
Persons	30	79	164	1 673	348	941	596	50	287	—
Percent below poverty level	35.3	91.9	5.2	24.5	8.6	14.9	15.1	5.8	58.6	—
Persons under 18 years	15	26	30	699	86	309	157	11	115	—
Related children under 18 years	15	26	25	685	77	304	157	11	115	—
Related children 5 to 17 years	15	24	—	471	42	204	121	9	96	—
Persons 65 years and over	—	28	27	160	86	191	135	—	25	—
Persons 75 years and over	—	21	27	77	37	68	60	—	17	—
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	30	29	86	851	77	336	233	34	115	—
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	41	79	308	2 007	388	1 264	789	118	324	—
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	41	79	834	3 140	1 089	2 530	1 354	329	333	—



Table 19. **Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Gregg County—Con.							
	Tract 109.98 (pt.)	Tract 110.98	Tract 111.98	Tract 112.98	Tract 113.98	Tract 114.98 (pt.)	Tract 115.98	Tract 116.98
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Households	—	—	10	22	—	—	—	—
Less than \$5,000	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
\$5,000 to \$9,999	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—
\$10,000 to \$14,999	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—
\$15,000 to \$24,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$25,000 to \$34,999	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$50,000 to \$74,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$75,000 to \$99,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	—	—	13 750	6 364	—	—	—	—
Mean (dollars)	—	—	13 614	12 255	—	—	—	—
Families	—	—	10	22	—	—	—	—
Median income (dollars)	—	—	13 750	6 364	—	—	—	—
Males 15 years and over, with income	—	—	10	22	—	—	—	—
Median income (dollars)	—	—	13 750	6 071	—	—	—	—
Percent year-round full-time workers	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median income (dollars)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Females 15 years and over, with income	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	—
Median income (dollars)	—	—	—	3 750	—	—	—	—
Percent year-round full-time workers	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median income (dollars)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Per capita income (dollars)	—	—	6 807	5 106	—	—	—	—
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>								
Households	—	—	10	22	—	—	—	—
With earnings	—	—	10	8	—	—	—	—
Mean earnings (dollars)	—	—	11 040	3 000	—	—	—	—
With Social Security income	—	—	—	14	—	—	—	—
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	—	—	—	11 244	—	—	—	—
With public assistance income	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
With retirement income	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—
Mean retirement income (dollars)	—	—	—	12 000	—	—	—	—
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>								
Families (dollars)	—	—	13 614	12 255	—	—	—	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	—	—	3 000	—	—	—	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	—	13 614	17 544	—	—	—	—
Married-couple families (dollars)	—	—	13 614	12 255	—	—	—	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	—	—	3 000	—	—	—	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	—	13 614	17 544	—	—	—	—
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>								
<b>All Income Levels In 1989</b>								
Families	—	—	10	22	—	—	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	10	8	—	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Married-couple families	—	—	10	22	—	—	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	10	8	—	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Female householder, no husband present	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nonfamily householder	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
65 years and over	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	—	—	20	52	—	—	—	—
Persons under 18 years	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
Related children under 18 years	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
Related children 5 to 17 years	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
Persons 65 years and over	—	—	—	14	—	—	—	—
Persons 75 years and over	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>								
Families	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
Percent below poverty level	—	—	—	36.4	—	—	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Married-couple families	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Female householder, no husband present	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unrelated individuals	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nonfamily householder	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
65 years and over	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons	—	—	—	25	—	—	—	—
Percent below poverty level	—	—	—	48.1	—	—	—	—
Persons under 18 years	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
Related children under 18 years	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
Related children 5 to 17 years	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
Persons 65 years and over	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons 75 years and over	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>								
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	—	—	—	25	—	—	—	—
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	—	—	—	25	—	—	—	—
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	—	—	20	39	—	—	—	—

Table 19. **Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Harrison County						
	Tract 201.01	Tract 203	Tract 204.01	Tract 204.02	Tract 205	Tract 206.97	Tract 206.98
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>							
Households .....	2 557	2 805	1 418	1 958	3 224	2 683	2 477
Less than \$5,000 .....	280	315	310	389	323	122	220
\$5,000 to \$9,999 .....	313	284	216	341	529	134	260
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	358	240	204	332	369	243	230
\$15,000 to \$24,999 .....	495	629	258	350	643	499	568
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	415	425	182	183	591	373	382
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	405	439	141	271	325	625	480
\$50,000 to \$74,999 .....	190	321	86	77	299	510	257
\$75,000 to \$99,999 .....	66	62	5	9	79	139	39
\$100,000 or more .....	35	90	16	6	66	38	41
Median (dollars) .....	21 347	24 272	14 403	13 947	20 765	34 042	24 448
Mean (dollars) .....	25 996	30 806	20 201	19 222	29 898	36 749	28 577
Families .....	2 008	2 044	966	1 309	2 280	2 278	1 929
Median income (dollars) .....	25 468	28 010	19 538	16 840	25 179	37 946	27 741
Males 15 years and over, with income .....	2 213	2 400	1 157	1 481	2 689	2 668	2 307
Median income (dollars) .....	17 236	18 266	11 296	10 998	15 341	24 331	18 933
Percent year-round full-time workers .....	47.1	50.3	38.5	33.1	49.8	62.1	56.6
Median income (dollars) .....	28 308	25 453	19 922	19 327	23 765	30 739	26 692
Females 15 years and over, with income .....	2 120	2 579	1 465	2 068	2 761	2 238	1 856
Median income (dollars) .....	6 516	7 802	5 382	5 966	7 256	9 393	7 865
Percent year-round full-time workers .....	27.2	27.3	25.1	23.3	24.6	32.3	31.7
Median income (dollars) .....	16 238	14 812	12 844	12 790	15 136	17 818	16 027
Per capita income (dollars) .....	9 495	11 549	6 728	6 377	12 052	12 648	10 716
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>							
Households .....	2 557	2 805	1 418	1 958	3 224	2 683	2 477
With earnings .....	1 990	2 109	937	1 296	2 384	2 323	2 012
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	26 228	31 082	23 672	20 904	30 852	36 334	29 222
With Social Security income .....	759	910	491	727	1 053	517	649
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	6 304	7 796	5 939	6 797	7 572	7 829	7 063
With public assistance income .....	305	286	329	309	372	129	125
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	2 936	3 002	3 225	2 624	3 546	4 158	3 792
With retirement income .....	435	434	176	304	397	295	317
Mean retirement income (dollars) .....	10 113	8 638	6 270	7 279	8 637	13 357	7 325
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>							
Families (dollars) .....	28 928	33 994	24 528	22 480	35 040	40 283	32 017
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	31 204	34 297	23 066	20 662	33 978	40 781	30 880
No own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	26 653	33 704	25 879	24 203	35 923	39 628	33 157
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	33 172	37 960	30 250	29 427	39 826	42 424	33 755
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	37 481	39 854	32 401	31 774	40 966	43 192	33 068
No own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	29 325	36 122	28 615	27 575	38 925	41 402	34 427
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	13 067	17 549	15 195	12 288	17 109	22 130	18 445
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	11 842	10 861	11 942	7 286	10 538	19 255	14 720
No own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	14 962	23 629	19 637	18 347	24 068	25 592	22 095
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>							
<b>All Income Levels In 1989</b>							
Families .....	2 008	2 044	966	1 309	2 280	2 278	1 929
Householder worked in 1989 .....	1 501	1 560	679	819	1 693	1 932	1 614
With related children under 18 years .....	1 085	1 068	533	731	1 111	1 380	1 068
With related children under 5 years .....	428	372	210	304	482	636	390
Married-couple families .....	1 552	1 641	572	764	1 801	2 041	1 706
Householder worked in 1989 .....	1 200	1 304	443	533	1 431	1 799	1 434
With related children under 18 years .....	760	835	251	374	814	1 214	907
With related children under 5 years .....	299	296	70	129	320	582	359
Female householder, no husband present .....	349	357	343	513	383	216	194
Householder worked in 1989 .....	226	218	199	263	204	125	156
With related children under 18 years .....	250	213	262	338	246	155	135
With related children under 5 years .....	112	76	135	175	132	51	31
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	694	916	589	785	1 075	474	665
Nonfamily householder .....	549	761	452	649	944	405	548
65 years and over .....	283	371	272	363	509	144	209
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	7 053	7 393	3 914	5 228	7 991	7 769	6 611
Persons under 18 years .....	2 140	2 128	1 266	1 692	2 050	2 483	1 897
Related children under 18 years .....	2 119	2 128	1 248	1 654	2 042	2 450	1 875
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	1 666	1 605	953	1 208	1 535	1 842	1 400
Persons 65 years and over .....	865	1 070	570	918	1 464	570	720
Persons 75 years and over .....	307	481	272	449	592	192	282
<b>Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>							
Families .....	393	302	236	367	380	128	203
Percent below poverty level .....	19.6	14.8	24.4	28.0	16.7	5.6	10.5
Householder worked in 1989 .....	210	154	121	138	207	72	127
With related children under 18 years .....	287	202	208	274	287	98	154
With related children under 5 years .....	153	88	112	132	145	55	69
Married-couple families .....	179	157	64	85	162	65	160
Householder worked in 1989 .....	111	87	47	47	92	45	98
With related children under 18 years .....	118	91	47	44	91	35	113
With related children under 5 years .....	62	22	9	23	34	24	63
Female householder, no husband present .....	180	125	150	273	181	62	43
Householder worked in 1989 .....	84	47	59	91	89	26	29
With related children under 18 years .....	144	91	145	221	170	62	41
With related children under 5 years .....	81	66	98	109	96	30	6
Unrelated individuals .....	269	311	306	319	345	129	283
Nonfamily householder .....	185	233	241	211	299	100	220
65 years and over .....	117	139	166	134	152	36	93
Persons .....	1 727	1 470	1 317	1 768	1 628	561	903
Percent below poverty level .....	24.5	19.9	33.6	33.8	20.4	7.2	13.7
Persons under 18 years .....	715	536	584	840	563	222	266
Related children under 18 years .....	694	536	566	802	563	199	247
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	541	414	379	564	422	134	171
Persons 65 years and over .....	280	261	189	199	307	65	142
Persons 75 years and over .....	122	107	98	95	120	34	94
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>							
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	812	516	720	1 201	647	229	353
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	2 061	1 864	1 617	2 156	2 039	801	1 367
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level .....	3 349	3 180	2 314	3 295	3 421	1 986	2 686



Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Langview city (pt.), Harrison County		Marshall city, Harrison County				
	Tract 206.97 (pt.)	Tract 206.98 (pt.)	Tract 201.01 (pt.)	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204.01 (pt.)	Tract 204.02 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>							
Households	569	66	211	2 702	1 074	1 873	2 770
Less than \$5,000	36	9	9	300	256	380	271
\$5,000 to \$9,999	19	26	15	249	178	333	493
\$10,000 to \$14,999	46	—	30	240	176	322	334
\$15,000 to \$24,999	139	13	35	607	177	327	540
\$25,000 to \$34,999	82	—	28	419	115	166	505
\$35,000 to \$49,999	108	8	29	422	109	266	260
\$50,000 to \$74,999	101	10	27	313	55	64	256
\$75,000 to \$99,999	38	—	38	62	—	9	49
\$100,000 or more	—	—	—	90	8	6	62
Median (dollars)	30 461	9 313	27 062	24 454	12 341	13 711	19 543
Mean (dollars)	35 228	19 273	38 835	31 194	18 452	19 001	29 926
Families	501	29	153	1 944	757	1 253	1 914
Median income (dollars)	34 602	41 094	44 844	28 980	17 358	16 692	24 118
Males 15 years and over, with income	516	42	193	2 335	877	1 421	2 223
Median income (dollars)	23 837	16 923	24 479	18 308	10 449	10 686	15 030
Percent year-round full-time workers	57.0	42.9	74.6	49.5	35.0	32.4	49.3
Median income (dollars)	29 531	50 152	31 375	25 781	18 527	18 750	23 685
Females 15 years and over, with income	469	26	148	2 480	1 143	1 993	2 466
Median income (dollars)	11 477	5 333	9 545	8 185	4 932	5 900	7 133
Percent year-round full-time workers	39.7	—	34.5	27.8	20.2	23.2	24.8
Median income (dollars)	20 119	—	26 250	14 798	12 542	12 602	14 477
Per capita income (dollars)	12 722	10 898	17 501	11 773	5 838	6 283	12 322
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>							
Households	569	66	211	2 702	1 074	1 873	2 770
With earnings	494	29	178	2 039	683	1 242	1 992
Mean earnings (dollars)	35 256	23 413	38 351	31 291	22 315	20 647	31 550
With Social Security income	100	38	34	873	370	688	964
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	8 166	5 411	9 344	7 909	5 926	6 778	7 245
With public assistance income	30	—	7	268	306	306	325
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 571	—	7 000	3 046	2 966	2 614	3 390
With retirement income	57	28	17	424	129	294	310
Mean retirement income (dollars)	7 759	4 519	5 412	8 794	4 191	7 310	9 134
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>							
Families (dollars)	38 161	32 900	47 233	34 676	22 171	22 214	35 259
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	33 915	40 000	51 118	34 672	19 300	20 658	34 278
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	42 669	30 196	41 043	34 680	24 575	23 788	36 092
Married-couple families (dollars)	40 527	32 900	49 060	38 440	28 445	29 222	40 524
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	38 581	40 000	54 624	40 281	28 817	32 001	41 644
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	42 243	30 196	41 043	36 687	28 196	26 906	39 621
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	26 904	—	18 000	17 752	14 447	12 161	16 331
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	19 773	—	18 000	11 222	9 859	7 286	9 811
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	46 748	—	—	24 847	19 681	18 473	23 000
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>							
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>							
Families	501	29	153	1 944	757	1 253	1 914
Householder worked in 1989	420	29	135	1 522	491	782	1 387
With related children under 18 years	278	8	94	1 026	406	710	947
With related children under 5 years	103	—	—	372	175	286	416
Married-couple families	414	29	144	1 585	408	726	1 500
Householder worked in 1989	349	29	126	1 266	299	506	1 171
With related children under 18 years	206	8	85	800	164	360	680
With related children under 5 years	76	—	—	296	46	118	265
Female householder, no husband present	87	—	9	313	304	498	353
Householder worked in 1989	71	—	9	218	160	256	172
With related children under 18 years	72	—	9	206	223	331	227
With related children under 5 years	27	—	—	76	125	168	121
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	68	37	58	910	426	745	979
Nonfamily householder	68	37	58	758	317	620	856
65 years and over	8	28	33	371	198	352	496
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	1 539	117	468	7 089	3 011	4 992	6 765
Persons under 18 years	490	18	121	2 045	989	1 625	1 732
Related children under 18 years	480	18	121	2 045	971	1 587	1 724
Related children 5 to 17 years	348	18	121	1 522	739	1 163	1 299
Persons 65 years and over	114	62	73	1 016	449	888	1 281
Persons 75 years and over	32	15	11	462	198	430	532
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>							
Families	21	—	9	268	204	363	358
Percent below poverty level	4.2	—	5.9	13.8	26.9	29.0	18.7
Householder worked in 1989	15	—	9	154	90	138	200
With related children under 18 years	21	—	9	185	181	270	276
With related children under 5 years	12	—	—	88	102	128	145
Married-couple families	—	—	9	139	41	81	151
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	9	87	24	47	85
With related children under 18 years	—	—	9	81	29	40	91
With related children under 5 years	—	—	—	22	3	19	34
Female householder, no husband present	21	—	—	109	142	273	181
Householder worked in 1989	15	—	—	47	51	91	89
With related children under 18 years	21	—	—	84	137	221	170
With related children under 5 years	12	—	—	66	95	109	96
Unrelated individuals	26	9	—	308	242	299	294
Nonfamily householder	26	9	—	233	177	202	248
65 years and over	—	—	—	139	121	134	139
Persons	103	9	25	1 338	1 087	1 720	1 521
Percent below poverty level	6.7	7.7	5.3	18.9	36.1	34.5	22.5
Persons under 18 years	58	—	8	497	485	819	544
Related children under 18 years	48	—	8	497	467	781	544
Related children 5 to 17 years	29	—	8	375	301	549	403
Persons 65 years and over	—	—	—	235	143	195	271
Persons 75 years and over	—	—	—	107	66	95	107
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>							
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	54	9	25	423	626	1 181	598
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	190	47	32	1 717	1 364	2 094	1 875
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	399	47	107	2 982	1 979	3 161	3 100

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Harrison County								
	Tract 201.01 (pt.)	Tract 201.02	Tract 202.98	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204.01 (pt.)	Tract 204.02 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 206.97 (pt.)	Tract 206.98 (pt.)
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Households	2 346	1 926	1 766	103	344	85	454	2 114	2 411
Less than \$5,000	271	238	229	15	54	9	52	86	211
\$5,000 to \$9,999	298	285	241	35	38	8	36	115	234
\$10,000 to \$14,999	328	171	145	—	28	10	35	197	230
\$15,000 to \$24,999	460	310	345	22	81	23	103	360	555
\$25,000 to \$34,999	387	331	326	6	67	17	86	291	382
\$35,000 to \$49,999	376	329	306	17	32	5	65	517	472
\$50,000 to \$74,999	163	186	132	8	31	13	43	409	247
\$75,000 to \$99,999	28	61	39	—	5	—	30	101	39
\$100,000 or more	35	15	3	—	8	—	4	38	41
Median (dollars)	20 543	23 750	22 594	18 750	22 162	17 422	25 062	35 163	24 658
Mean (dollars)	24 842	27 315	25 435	20 645	25 663	24 088	29 729	37 158	28 832
Families	1 855	1 472	1 443	100	209	56	366	1 777	1 900
Median income (dollars)	25 039	27 316	26 129	16 250	26 597	23 571	29 286	39 750	27 588
Males 15 years and over, with income	2 020	1 651	1 753	65	280	60	466	2 152	2 265
Median income (dollars)	16 748	18 835	16 457	17 625	18 409	16 563	17 727	24 518	18 998
Percent year-round full-time workers	44.5	48.5	50.6	78.5	49.6	50.0	51.7	63.3	56.8
Median income (dollars)	27 450	26 519	25 076	17 917	21 761	30 833	23 967	30 807	26 493
Females 15 years and over, with income	1 972	1 511	1 464	99	322	75	295	1 769	1 830
Median income (dollars)	6 375	6 687	6 402	5 917	6 909	7 411	8 990	8 950	8 014
Percent year-round full-time workers	26.7	23.3	31.6	15.2	42.2	25.3	22.4	30.3	32.2
Median income (dollars)	15 904	14 211	12 774	32 656	13 750	14 107	16 296	17 500	16 027
Per capita income (dollars)	8 927	10 310	8 956	6 390	10 054	8 735	10 551	12 630	10 713
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>									
Households	2 346	1 926	1 766	103	344	85	454	2 114	2 411
With earnings	1 812	1 391	1 384	70	254	54	392	1 829	1 983
Mean earnings (dollars)	25 038	27 327	27 332	24 998	27 320	26 825	27 305	36 625	29 307
With Social Security income	725	644	426	37	121	39	89	417	611
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	6 162	6 955	6 624	5 133	5 979	7 117	11 122	7 749	7 166
With public assistance income	298	182	145	18	23	3	47	99	125
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	2 840	3 170	2 629	2 343	6 670	3 600	4 624	4 335	3 792
With retirement income	418	340	194	10	47	10	87	238	289
Mean retirement income (dollars)	10 305	11 095	7 373	2 000	11 976	6 360	6 866	14 698	7 597
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>									
Families (dollars)	27 419	30 922	28 684	20 727	33 065	28 434	33 899	40 881	32 003
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	29 146	26 555	30 007	25 765	33 985	21 071	32 290	42 491	30 803
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	25 755	34 702	27 290	17 079	31 847	29 486	35 094	38 631	33 224
Married-couple families (dollars)	31 547	34 127	29 877	24 359	34 739	33 345	36 349	42 906	33 769
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	35 229	29 814	31 677	30 430	39 483	21 071	37 363	44 113	33 002
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	28 416	37 652	27 959	14 242	29 878	36 117	35 620	41 120	34 533
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	12 936	15 466	15 149	16 104	21 023	16 521	25 939	18 910	18 445
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	11 569	8 425	11 334	2 440	21 311	—	17 342	18 641	14 720
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	14 962	21 343	18 575	18 689	17 567	16 521	39 552	19 104	22 095
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>									
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>									
Families	1 855	1 472	1 443	100	209	56	366	1 777	1 900
Householder worked in 1989	1 366	1 090	1 123	38	188	37	306	1 512	1 585
With related children under 18 years	991	742	777	42	127	21	164	1 102	1 060
With related children under 5 years	428	247	277	—	35	18	66	533	390
Married-couple families	1 408	1 185	1 320	56	164	38	301	1 627	1 677
Householder worked in 1989	1 074	913	1 057	38	144	27	260	1 450	1 405
With related children under 18 years	675	557	709	35	87	14	134	1 008	899
With related children under 5 years	299	168	244	—	24	11	55	506	359
Female householder, no husband present	340	211	93	44	39	15	31	129	194
Householder worked in 1989	217	119	48	—	39	7	31	54	156
With related children under 18 years	241	128	53	7	39	7	19	83	135
With related children under 5 years	112	62	29	—	10	7	11	24	31
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	636	533	397	6	163	40	96	406	628
Nonfamily householder	491	454	323	3	135	29	88	337	511
65 years and over	250	262	140	—	74	11	13	136	181
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	6 585	4 993	5 075	304	903	236	1 226	6 230	6 494
Persons under 18 years	2 019	1 382	1 505	83	277	67	318	1 993	1 879
Related children under 18 years	1 998	1 364	1 490	83	277	67	318	1 970	1 857
Related children 5 to 17 years	1 545	1 030	1 117	83	214	45	236	1 494	1 382
Persons 65 years and over	792	659	515	54	121	30	183	456	658
Persons 75 years and over	296	240	213	19	74	19	60	160	267
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>									
Families	384	273	221	34	32	4	22	107	203
Percent below poverty level	20.7	18.5	15.3	34.0	15.3	7.1	6.0	6.0	10.7
Householder worked in 1989	201	158	101	—	31	—	7	57	127
With related children under 18 years	278	190	105	17	27	4	11	77	154
With related children under 5 years	153	69	35	—	10	4	—	43	69
Married-couple families	170	184	168	18	23	4	11	65	160
Householder worked in 1989	102	124	81	—	23	—	7	45	98
With related children under 18 years	109	118	67	10	18	4	—	35	113
With related children under 5 years	62	30	16	—	6	4	—	24	63
Female householder, no husband present	180	77	45	16	8	—	—	41	43
Householder worked in 1989	84	28	20	—	8	—	—	11	29
With related children under 18 years	144	65	32	7	8	—	—	41	41
With related children under 5 years	81	35	19	—	3	—	—	18	6
Unrelated individuals	269	204	195	3	64	20	51	103	274
Nonfamily householder	185	166	170	—	64	9	51	74	211
65 years and over	117	87	104	—	45	—	13	36	93
Persons	1 702	1 149	961	132	230	48	107	458	894
Percent below poverty level	25.8	23.0	18.9	43.4	25.5	20.3	8.7	7.4	13.8
Persons under 18 years	707	400	284	39	99	21	19	164	266
Related children under 18 years	686	384	284	39	99	21	19	151	247
Related children 5 to 17 years	533	295	216	39	78	15	19	105	171
Persons 65 years and over	280	148	192	26	46	4	36	65	142
Persons 75 years and over	122	60	84	—	32	—	13	34	94
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	787	558	308	93	94	20	49	175	344
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	2 029	1 512	1 359	147	253	62	164	611	1 320
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	3 242	2 264	2 410	198	335	134	321	1 587	2 639



Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990

(Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Langview-- Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County			Harrison County		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County			
		Total	Kilgare city (pt.)	Longview city (pt.)	Total	Marshall city	Tract 2	Tract 4	Tract 9	Tract 11
PLACE OF BIRTH										
All persons	122 317	82 020	6 623	52 360	40 297	13 190	3 649	5 247	2 189	1 307
Native	121 350	81 335	6 567	51 862	40 015	13 097	3 594	5 150	2 171	1 254
Foreign born	967	685	56	498	282	93	55	97	18	53
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH										
Linguistically isolated households	137	106	12	92	31	9	26	8	6	14
Persons 5 years and over	113 723	76 116	6 217	48 545	37 607	12 462	3 383	4 960	2 030	1 223
Speak a language other than English	3 004	2 353	191	1 738	651	207	145	260	103	63
Do not speak English "very well"	917	600	96	431	317	81	69	59	25	44
In linguistically isolated households	246	208	45	161	38	9	43	8	18	33
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	31 271	20 818	1 920	12 885	10 453	3 213	791	964	460	313
Preprimary school	2 384	1 697	120	1 141	687	225	103	60	12	35
Public school	1 275	930	39	593	345	95	45	41	7	20
Elementary or high school	21 590	13 845	1 019	8 428	7 745	2 046	532	523	360	246
Public school	20 333	12 838	960	7 712	7 495	1 943	452	481	307	174
College	7 297	5 276	781	3 316	2 021	942	156	381	88	32
Public college	5 302	4 044	732	2 257	1 258	401	123	313	81	32
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT										
Persons 25 years and over	79 337	53 196	4 343	34 260	26 141	8 988	2 493	3 717	1 461	892
Less than 9th grade	5 173	3 152	440	1 779	2 021	792	248	84	134	82
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	11 906	7 576	637	4 391	4 330	1 563	465	404	390	87
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	23 562	14 526	935	9 459	9 036	2 820	584	1 036	442	186
Some college, no degree	19 063	13 266	1 006	8 721	5 797	1 806	509	1 007	305	237
Associate degree	5 550	4 157	320	2 539	1 393	405	191	353	102	15
Bachelor's degree	9 454	7 078	586	5 064	2 376	962	352	611	69	182
Graduate or professional degree	4 629	3 441	419	2 307	1 188	640	144	222	19	103
Percent high school graduate or higher	78.5	79.8	75.2	82.0	75.7	73.8	71.4	86.9	64.1	81.1
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	17.8	19.8	23.1	21.5	13.6	17.8	19.9	22.4	6.0	32.0
FERTILITY										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 366	1 349	1 345	1 299	1 400	1 183	1 296	963	1 539	1 356
RESIDENCE IN 1985										
Persons 5 years and over	113 723	76 116	6 217	48 545	37 607	12 462	3 383	4 960	2 030	1 223
Same house	60 574	38 645	3 221	23 328	21 929	6 947	1 899	1 984	970	741
Different house in United States	52 761	37 133	2 971	24 963	15 628	5 499	1 484	2 935	1 043	482
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	16 992	12 677	175	10 898	4 315	2 040	558	1 059	646	241
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	11 786	7 240	1 130	2 592	4 546	800	170	371	96	82
Different MSA/PMSA	14 473	10 196	882	7 189	4 277	1 633	475	866	152	140
Not in an MSA/PMSA	9 510	7 020	784	4 284	2 490	1 026	281	639	149	19
Abroad	388	338	25	254	50	16	-	41	17	-
JOURNEY TO WORK										
Workers 16 years and over	54 551	37 327	2 899	24 235	17 224	5 700	1 548	2 876	922	435
Car, truck, or van	51 450	35 383	2 717	23 009	16 067	5 209	1 473	2 824	886	399
Drive alone	45 420	31 755	2 444	20 738	13 665	4 531	1 243	2 615	766	353
Carpooled	6 030	3 628	273	2 271	2 402	678	230	209	120	46
Public transportation	67	61	10	32	6	-	-	-	-	-
Other means	1 814	1 169	103	826	645	334	54	27	12	28
Worked at home	1 220	714	69	368	506	157	21	25	24	8
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	18.0	17.0	14.3	16.3	20.3	16.5	18.1	15.3	16.4	13.1
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	48 296	33 717	2 566	22 282	14 579	5 163	1 391	2 696	857	419
Central city	35 137	24 940	569	19 546	10 197	4 254	1 163	2 414	744	408
Outside central city	13 159	8 777	1 997	2 736	4 382	909	228	282	113	11
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	6 255	3 610	333	1 953	2 645	537	157	180	65	16
LABOR FORCE STATUS										
Persons 16 years and over	93 805	63 162	5 303	40 754	30 643	10 573	2 813	4 473	1 704	994
In labor force	58 871	40 128	3 078	26 057	18 743	6 155	1 654	3 074	1 026	472
Employed	55 572	38 014	2 947	24 623	17 558	5 830	1 585	2 915	922	456
Unemployed	3 179	2 066	131	1 402	1 113	292	69	159	104	16
Percent of civilian labor force	5.4	5.2	4.3	5.4	6.0	4.8	4.2	5.2	10.1	3.4
Females 16 years and over	49 306	33 308	2 898	21 463	15 998	5 784	1 504	2 361	866	530
Employed	23 543	16 211	1 310	10 462	7 332	2 634	662	1 259	410	167
Unemployed	1 681	1 124	60	822	557	133	25	108	47	9
With own children under 6 years	7 744	5 172	322	3 435	2 572	659	240	364	113	76
In labor force	4 151	2 772	165	1 808	1 379	390	154	218	75	14
With own children 6 to 17 years only	8 855	5 873	442	3 541	2 982	827	181	193	165	43
In labor force	6 270	4 254	322	2 622	2 016	638	142	151	127	38
Persons 16 to 19 years	7 025	4 659	422	2 879	2 366	788	127	258	132	41
Not enrolled in school	1 427	984	75	527	443	179	54	81	41	-
Unemployed or not in labor force	564	405	30	204	159	35	25	-	20	-
Not high school graduate	702	507	34	275	195	74	35	41	24	-
Employed	292	206	12	100	86	50	10	41	4	-
Unemployed	84	73	-	66	11	6	-	-	12	-
Not in labor force	326	228	22	109	98	18	25	-	8	-
WORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	63 877	43 323	3 334	28 090	20 554	6 736	1 829	3 249	1 076	521
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	50 795	34 397	2 647	22 409	16 398	5 125	1 499	2 616	836	432
50 to 52 weeks	35 834	24 555	1 878	16 009	11 279	3 477	1 092	1 885	539	328
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	76 552	51 437	3 962	33 133	25 115	7 739	2 119	3 513	1 280	671
With a mobility or self-care limitation	2 580	1 686	227	933	894	299	109	39	68	37
With a mobility limitation	1 582	1 036	152	556	546	166	66	28	46	20
In labor force	308	192	33	111	116	29	-	-	23	-
With a self-care limitation	1 648	1 067	141	613	581	221	82	27	22	23
With a work disability	6 265	4 000	409	2 348	2 265	715	181	213	168	78
In labor force	2 387	1 558	149	987	829	279	58	111	81	-
Prevented from working	3 186	1 999	210	1 094	1 187	350	97	102	81	62
Not a work disability	70 287	47 437	3 553	30 785	22 850	7 024	1 938	3 300	1 112	593
In labor force	54 019	36 840	2 651	24 029	17 179	5 483	1 525	2 817	891	417
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	15 838	10 689	1 274	6 830	5 149	2 494	581	779	424	323
With a mobility or self-care limitation	3 134	1 983	299	1 212	1 151	629	139	75	111	78
With a mobility limitation	2 493	1 659	259	1 010	834	462	126	68	98	70
With a self-care limitation	2 003	1 202	168	745	801	468	83	43	82	44

Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Gregg County—Con.							Kilgare city (pt.), Gregg County	
	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 101	Tract 103	Tract 104	Tract 106	Tract 107	Tract 106 (pt.)	Tract 107 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>									
All persons	1 768	1 156	3 959	7 718	5 492	4 602	3 035	3 785	2 745
Native	1 743	1 127	3 919	7 692	5 471	4 578	2 987	3 777	2 697
Foreign born	25	29	40	26	21	24	48	8	48
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>									
Linguistically isolated households	—	—	6	—	—	—	12	—	12
Persons 5 years and over	1 619	1 114	3 620	7 041	5 098	4 389	2 827	3 597	2 537
Speak a language other than English	84	127	85	142	82	91	112	70	112
Do not speak English "very well"	8	6	6	38	23	31	69	27	69
In linguistically isolated households	—	—	6	—	—	—	45	—	45
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	398	678	1 038	2 308	1 605	1 219	978	1 016	890
Preprimary school	15	—	52	173	123	94	38	88	32
Public school	15	—	19	135	117	32	18	27	12
Elementary or high school	214	143	853	1 721	1 083	667	534	553	452
Public school	214	143	801	1 627	1 049	621	517	511	435
College	169	535	133	414	399	458	406	375	406
Public college	119	21	123	318	390	426	382	350	382
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>									
Persons 25 years and over	1 227	424	2 449	4 485	3 380	3 165	1 822	2 652	1 639
Less than 9th grade	36	53	117	115	273	154	335	132	303
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	192	100	339	452	642	365	465	254	383
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	432	123	626	1 694	1 007	640	415	554	357
Some college, no degree	383	67	645	1 163	782	776	381	620	370
Associate degree	101	31	219	483	346	290	79	234	79
Bachelor's degree	65	26	376	401	249	552	93	493	93
Graduate or professional degree	18	24	127	177	81	388	54	365	54
Percent high school graduate or higher	81.4	63.9	81.4	87.4	72.9	83.6	56.1	85.4	58.1
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	6.8	11.8	20.5	12.9	9.8	29.7	8.1	32.4	9.0
<b>FERTILITY</b>									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 258	844	1 397	1 557	1 607	1 152	1 537	1 194	1 519
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>									
Persons 5 years and over	1 619	1 114	3 620	7 041	5 098	4 389	2 827	3 597	2 537
Same house	882	374	2 049	3 207	3 042	2 446	1 339	1 965	1 220
Different house in United States	730	666	1 559	3 821	2 015	1 943	1 463	1 632	1 292
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	339	116	681	1 173	128	175	51	116	51
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	107	19	305	1 045	853	743	576	607	493
Different MSA/PMSA	145	366	348	733	604	624	309	576	297
Not in an MSA/PMSA	139	165	225	870	430	401	527	333	451
Abroad	7	74	12	13	41	—	25	—	25
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>									
Workers 16 years and over	877	489	1 780	3 440	2 470	2 238	1 180	1 784	1 081
Car, truck, or van	770	289	1 672	3 317	2 333	2 117	1 084	1 689	994
Drove alone	703	255	1 478	3 017	2 092	1 982	909	1 577	851
Carpooled	67	34	194	300	241	135	175	112	143
Public transportation	10	—	5	19	—	10	—	10	—
Other means	77	176	42	67	51	35	79	24	79
Worked at home	20	24	61	37	86	76	17	61	8
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	14.7	10.4	21.9	19.4	18.9	14.2	15.2	13.9	15.0
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	786	474	1 647	3 007	2 114	1 971	1 029	1 570	962
Central city	702	452	1 280	2 212	660	497	198	385	176
Outside central city	84	22	367	795	1 454	1 474	831	1 185	786
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	91	15	133	433	356	267	151	214	119
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
Persons 16 years and over	1 458	1 026	2 796	5 409	4 023	3 770	2 370	3 073	2 161
In labor force	906	516	1 927	3 755	2 652	2 305	1 308	1 843	1 193
Employed	865	502	1 826	3 515	2 514	2 249	1 209	1 795	1 110
Unemployed	29	14	101	240	125	56	99	48	83
Percent of civilian labor force	3.2	2.7	5.2	6.4	4.7	2.4	7.6	2.6	7.0
Females 16 years and over	735	302	1 440	2 753	2 090	2 050	1 302	1 659	1 203
Employed	377	125	771	1 361	1 070	973	563	770	524
Unemployed	20	6	59	139	52	16	58	11	49
With own children under 6 years	84	20	269	643	357	160	184	140	175
In labor force	42	13	163	287	220	68	110	55	110
With own children 6 to 17 years only	98	39	340	663	514	315	218	250	192
In labor force	64	16	250	417	354	221	156	182	140
Persons 16 to 19 years	103	292	197	449	359	270	274	174	248
Not enrolled in school	19	6	41	73	107	46	68	26	49
Unemployed or not in labor force	19	6	10	30	53	5	39	—	30
Not high school graduate	19	6	21	43	71	5	44	—	34
Employed	—	—	11	22	32	3	22	—	12
Unemployed	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force	19	6	10	21	32	2	22	—	22
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	966	787	1 983	4 014	2 855	2 512	1 446	1 955	1 337
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	843	477	1 595	3 255	2 159	1 984	1 135	1 563	1 050
50 to 52 weeks	552	144	1 265	2 358	1 521	1 508	666	1 233	611
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	1 140	905	2 454	5 013	3 442	2 862	1 819	2 258	1 648
With a mobility or self-care limitation	47	13	96	112	159	108	154	84	136
With a mobility limitation	28	13	51	32	116	43	119	37	108
In labor force	—	—	6	—	22	—	33	—	33
With a self-care limitation	37	—	53	89	100	87	82	66	75
With a work disability	81	31	238	292	315	159	326	135	267
In labor force	27	—	88	145	92	62	124	49	100
Prevented from working	45	23	113	96	204	89	160	78	125
No work disability	1 059	874	2 216	4 721	3 127	2 703	1 493	2 123	1 381
In labor force	804	491	1 742	3 575	2 458	2 040	1 090	1 618	999
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	306	110	342	396	513	841	551	748	513
With a mobility or self-care limitation	73	12	45	36	123	154	142	152	142
With a mobility limitation	63	6	18	36	105	133	123	131	123
With a self-care limitation	64	12	38	18	79	91	74	89	74



Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County							
	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5.02	Tract 8	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10	Tract 11 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>								
All persons	2 072	4 680	5 247	3 376	6 046	2 113	1 663	1 307
Native	2 029	4 659	5 150	3 368	5 997	2 095	1 663	1 254
Foreign born	43	21	97	8	49	18	—	53
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>								
Linguistically isolated households	26	—	8	16	11	6	—	14
Persons 5 years and over	1 947	4 437	4 960	3 136	5 481	1 954	1 561	1 223
Speak a language other than English	140	110	260	153	199	103	38	63
Do not speak English "very well"	64	—	59	44	53	25	—	44
In linguistically isolated households	43	—	8	16	11	18	—	33
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>								
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	310	854	964	780	1 631	460	302	313
Preprimary school	28	73	60	58	115	12	19	35
Public school	18	30	41	40	74	7	—	20
Elementary or high school	226	598	523	501	1 259	360	225	246
Public school	197	520	481	444	1 242	307	186	174
College	56	183	381	221	257	88	58	32
Public college	53	155	313	164	181	81	42	32
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>								
Persons 25 years and over	1 471	3 443	3 717	2 285	3 578	1 385	1 185	892
Less than 9th grade	226	148	84	99	219	115	110	82
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	393	272	404	288	582	384	280	87
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	391	849	1 036	655	1 133	435	357	186
Some college, no degree	208	933	1 007	575	958	299	219	237
Associate degree	79	237	353	171	275	90	73	15
Bachelor's degree	124	666	611	358	271	43	86	182
Graduate or professional degree	50	338	222	139	140	19	60	103
Percent high school graduate or higher	57.9	87.8	86.9	83.1	77.6	64.0	67.1	81.1
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	11.8	29.2	22.4	21.8	11.5	4.5	12.3	32.0
<b>FERTILITY</b>								
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 059	1 324	963	1 013	1 516	1 539	1 449	1 356
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>								
Persons 5 years and over	1 947	4 437	4 960	3 136	5 481	1 954	1 561	1 223
Same house	847	2 344	1 984	1 298	2 141	913	917	741
Different house in United States	1 100	2 074	2 935	1 823	3 340	1 024	639	482
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	360	1 069	1 059	799	1 506	640	339	241
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	143	177	371	233	389	83	56	82
Different MSA/PMSA	364	583	866	473	1 051	152	164	140
Not in an MSA/PMSA	233	245	639	318	394	149	80	19
Abroad	—	19	41	15	—	17	5	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>								
Workers 16 years and over	831	2 177	2 876	1 756	2 682	903	709	435
Car, truck, or van	793	2 071	2 824	1 683	2 597	879	660	399
Drive alone	660	1 865	2 615	1 529	2 364	759	614	353
Carpooled	133	206	209	154	233	120	46	46
Public transportation	—	—	—	12	—	—	—	—
Other means	30	60	27	39	49	—	44	28
Worked at home	8	46	25	22	36	24	5	8
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	19.0	14.2	15.3	15.7	17.5	16.6	14.2	13.1
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	721	2 051	2 696	1 640	2 418	838	686	419
Central city	612	1 921	2 414	1 383	2 001	737	599	408
Outside central city	109	130	282	257	417	101	87	11
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	110	126	180	116	264	65	23	16
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>								
Persons 16 years and over	1 696	3 844	4 473	2 718	4 322	1 628	1 352	994
In labor force	882	2 241	3 074	1 834	2 968	1 001	744	472
Employed	847	2 188	2 915	1 768	2 757	903	716	456
Unemployed	35	53	159	52	211	98	28	16
Percent of civilian labor force	4.0	2.4	5.2	2.9	7.1	9.8	3.8	3.4
Females 16 years and over	934	2 178	2 361	1 451	2 299	822	777	530
Employed	341	914	1 259	846	1 174	410	287	167
Unemployed	7	38	108	26	155	47	21	9
With own children under 6 years	100	239	364	199	467	113	119	76
In labor force	60	106	218	116	304	75	52	14
With own children 6 to 17 years only	71	298	193	197	517	165	94	43
In labor force	50	228	151	156	392	127	61	38
Persons 16 to 19 years	67	200	258	134	320	132	59	41
Not enrolled in school	45	58	81	10	109	41	22	—
Unemployed or not in labor force	25	14	—	—	58	20	10	—
Not high school graduate	35	8	41	10	63	24	10	—
Employed	10	—	41	10	15	4	—	—
Unemployed	—	8	—	—	20	12	—	—
Not in labor force	25	—	—	—	28	8	10	—
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>								
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	1 004	2 448	3 249	2 028	3 170	1 051	822	521
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	829	1 929	2 616	1 593	2 512	811	685	432
50 to 52 weeks	577	1 486	1 885	1 202	1 777	527	481	328
<b>DISABILITY</b>								
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	1 156	2 755	3 513	2 239	3 776	1 242	970	671
With a mobility or self-care limitation	79	46	39	46	198	50	46	37
With a mobility limitation	56	36	28	22	120	28	32	20
In labor force	—	—	—	—	37	11	6	—
With a self-care limitation	52	19	27	34	154	22	18	23
With a work disability	151	199	213	119	244	162	113	78
In labor force	53	92	111	43	72	81	42	—
Prevented from working	77	79	102	66	153	75	63	62
No work disability	1 005	2 556	3 300	2 120	3 532	1 080	857	593
In labor force	787	1 974	2 817	1 742	2 830	866	681	417
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	427	903	779	465	454	386	237	323
With a mobility or self-care limitation	131	117	75	42	100	104	68	78
With a mobility limitation	118	83	68	20	80	91	63	70
With a self-care limitation	83	82	43	22	77	75	23	44

Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County—Con.				Remainder of Gregg County		
	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 102	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 105
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>							
All persons .....	1 009	2 259	1 732	1 156	5 887	5 399	2 244
Native .....	981	2 243	1 707	1 127	5 864	5 378	2 244
Foreign born .....	28	16	25	29	23	21	—
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>							
Linguistically isolated households .....	—	—	—	—	2	—	—
Persons 5 years and over .....	923	2 070	1 583	1 114	5 432	5 015	2 063
Speak a language other than English .....	62	59	84	127	152	73	48
Do not speak English "very well" .....	16	15	8	6	33	23	8
In linguistically isolated households .....	—	16	—	—	2	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>							
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school .....	187	474	398	678	1 322	1 591	498
Preprimary school .....	—	88	15	—	75	123	35
Public school .....	—	39	15	—	66	117	11
Elementary or high school .....	162	321	214	143	1 023	1 069	341
Public school .....	145	239	214	143	1 011	1 035	300
College .....	25	65	169	535	224	399	122
Public college .....	25	39	119	21	204	390	97
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>							
Persons 25 years and over .....	707	1 554	1 191	424	3 706	3 328	1 547
Less than 9th grade .....	93	131	36	53	364	268	69
9th to 12th grade, no diploma .....	221	241	187	100	734	642	295
High school graduate (includes equivalency) .....	155	518	426	123	1 143	983	418
Some college, no degree .....	161	372	358	67	754	766	439
Associate degree .....	14	93	101	31	315	339	65
Bachelor's degree .....	63	140	65	26	187	249	168
Graduate or professional degree .....	—	59	18	24	209	81	93
Percent high school graduate or higher .....	55.6	76.1	81.3	63.9	70.4	72.7	76.5
Percent bachelor's degree or higher .....	8.9	12.8	7.0	11.8	10.7	9.9	16.9
<b>FERTILITY</b>							
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years .....	1 285	1 653	1 283	844	1 505	1 613	1 243
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>							
Persons 5 years and over .....	923	2 070	1 583	1 114	5 432	5 015	2 063
Same house .....	609	1 154	867	374	2 903	3 006	1 246
Different house in United States .....	314	906	709	666	2 523	1 968	817
Central city of this MSA/PMSA .....	104	434	331	116	311	120	234
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA .....	121	101	107	19	1 139	823	161
Different MSA/PMSA .....	41	284	132	366	478	595	225
Not in an MSA/PMSA .....	48	87	139	165	595	430	197
Abroad .....	—	10	7	74	6	41	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>							
Workers 16 years and over .....	361	816	851	489	2 319	2 436	1 046
Car, truck, or van .....	295	743	749	289	2 228	2 299	1 003
Drove alone .....	219	632	682	255	1 908	2 076	945
Carpooled .....	76	111	67	34	320	223	58
Public transportation .....	—	—	10	—	—	—	—
Other means .....	60	59	72	176	61	51	3
Worked at home .....	6	14	20	24	30	86	40
Mean travel time to work (minutes) .....	20.7	14.1	14.7	10.4	21.3	19.1	19.0
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence .....	308	771	766	474	1 948	2 080	899
Central city .....	253	713	682	452	1 948	652	575
Outside central city .....	55	58	84	22	1 002	1 428	324
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence .....	53	45	85	15	371	356	147
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>							
Persons 16 years and over .....	778	1 746	1 422	1 026	4 454	3 954	1 755
In labor force .....	384	981	880	516	2 594	2 610	1 111
Employed .....	370	839	839	502	2 418	2 472	1 049
Unemployed .....	14	142	29	14	176	125	59
Percent of civilian labor force .....	3.6	14.5	3.3	2.7	6.8	4.8	5.3
Females 16 years and over .....	423	936	720	302	2 442	2 054	893
Employed .....	152	369	362	125	1 077	1 054	453
Unemployed .....	—	70	20	6	81	52	10
With own children under 6 years .....	93	160	84	20	383	350	110
In labor force .....	34	106	42	13	210	220	44
With own children 6 to 17 years only .....	35	127	98	39	464	514	134
In labor force .....	30	88	64	16	324	354	97
Persons 16 to 19 years .....	7	86	103	292	374	359	103
Not enrolled in school .....	—	20	19	6	135	107	33
Unemployed or not in labor force .....	—	20	19	6	70	53	7
Not high school graduate .....	—	20	19	6	69	71	7
Employed .....	—	—	—	—	24	32	7
Unemployed .....	—	20	—	—	—	7	—
Not in labor force .....	—	—	19	6	45	32	—
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>							
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989 .....	403	998	945	787	2 801	2 813	1 196
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week .....	339	739	822	477	2 230	2 125	954
50 to 52 weeks .....	251	449	538	144	1 516	1 487	710
<b>DISABILITY</b>							
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years .....	575	1 238	1 119	905	3 424	3 386	1 445
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	44	67	47	13	68	152	64
With a mobility limitation .....	36	43	28	13	56	109	44
In labor force .....	9	16	—	—	8	22	—
With a self-care limitation .....	35	42	37	—	27	100	33
With a work disability .....	99	184	81	31	330	308	115
In labor force .....	44	84	27	—	94	92	41
Prevented from working .....	45	93	45	23	205	197	57
No work disability .....	476	1 054	1 038	874	3 094	3 078	1 330
In labor force .....	310	847	783	491	2 375	2 424	1 034
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over .....	203	508	291	110	923	500	307
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	87	74	73	12	230	118	46
With a mobility limitation .....	81	46	63	6	184	100	43
With a self-care limitation .....	36	62	64	12	133	74	29



Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Harrison County						
	Tract 201.01	Tract 203	Tract 204.01	Tract 204.02	Tract 205	Tract 206.97	Tract 206.98
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>							
All persons	4 784	5 916	1 677	1 484	5 743	7 236	5 679
Native	4 761	5 876	1 668	1 463	5 653	7 225	5 633
Foreign born	23	40	9	21	90	11	46
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>							
Linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	—	9	—	—
Persons 5 years and over	4 491	5 529	1 650	1 400	5 399	6 665	5 251
Speak a language other than English	29	46	32	39	161	109	103
Do not speak English "very well"	21	18	15	23	93	31	52
In linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	—	9	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>							
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1 245	1 497	748	159	1 210	2 060	1 513
Preprimary school	47	137	21	7	107	164	84
Public school	24	31	12	7	61	105	14
Elementary or high school	1 022	1 040	272	144	891	1 632	1 134
Public school	1 013	1 026	218	144	831	1 545	1 119
College	176	320	455	8	212	264	295
Public college	129	202	69	8	133	234	259
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>							
Persons 25 years and over	3 104	3 897	913	1 171	4 068	4 414	3 610
Less than 9th grade	155	270	131	228	353	237	248
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	400	655	243	300	621	640	553
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	1 223	1 080	222	420	1 469	1 479	1 323
Some college, no degree	779	888	161	164	766	981	951
Associate degree	122	252	11	6	171	381	246
Bachelor's degree	333	473	65	35	424	432	206
Graduate or professional degree	92	279	80	18	264	264	83
Percent high school graduate or higher	82.1	76.3	59.0	54.9	76.1	80.1	77.8
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	13.7	19.3	15.9	4.5	16.9	15.8	8.0
<b>FERTILITY</b>							
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 427	1 190	690	1 708	1 426	1 468	1 502
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>							
Persons 5 years and over	4 491	5 529	1 650	1 400	5 399	6 665	5 251
Same house	2 445	2 978	792	864	3 274	3 843	3 054
Different house in United States	2 034	2 540	853	536	2 117	2 816	2 189
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	305	958	241	227	939	850	488
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	798	392	94	103	406	972	822
Different MSA/PMSA	647	817	323	139	430	510	531
Not in an MSA/PMSA	284	373	195	67	342	484	348
Abroad	12	11	5	—	8	6	8
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>							
Workers 16 years and over	1 991	2 537	713	453	2 732	3 183	2 428
Car, truck, or van	1 884	2 421	555	392	2 539	2 990	2 287
Drive alone	1 596	2 129	495	349	2 181	2 535	1 994
Carpooled	288	292	60	43	358	455	293
Public transportation	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other means	30	83	142	37	104	109	63
Worked at home	71	33	16	24	89	84	78
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	22.6	17.3	14.6	14.8	18.2	20.9	20.1
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	1 459	2 278	661	428	2 444	2 957	2 157
Central city	966	1 786	540	325	2 093	1 930	1 488
Outside central city	493	492	121	103	351	1 027	669
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	532	259	52	25	288	226	271
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>							
Persons 16 years and over	3 649	4 532	1 470	1 290	4 547	5 180	4 201
In labor force	2 214	2 715	824	486	2 937	3 484	2 625
Employed	2 003	2 579	735	460	2 833	3 255	2 469
Unemployed	204	111	89	26	96	223	156
Percent of civilian labor force	9.2	4.1	10.8	5.3	3.3	6.4	5.9
Females 16 years and over	1 867	2 429	832	746	2 419	2 645	2 159
Employed	835	1 120	356	200	1 277	1 303	941
Unemployed	66	58	48	3	25	114	138
With own children under 6 years	369	348	40	64	297	610	346
In labor force	180	195	24	25	204	360	145
With own children 6 to 17 years only	396	392	118	56	350	568	492
In labor force	274	290	86	50	262	355	291
Persons 16 to 19 years	318	289	264	88	237	414	316
Not enrolled in school	21	70	25	47	74	58	35
Unemployed or not in labor force	8	—	—	27	11	36	16
Not high school graduate	8	50	—	16	—	34	24
Employed	—	50	—	—	—	—	16
Unemployed	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
Not in labor force	8	—	—	10	—	34	8
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>							
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	2 411	3 006	934	547	3 095	3 795	2 915
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	1 927	2 407	626	425	2 343	3 074	2 373
50 to 52 weeks	1 289	1 671	344	254	1 630	2 248	1 708
<b>DISABILITY</b>							
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	3 145	3 550	1 188	632	3 415	4 642	3 634
With a mobility or self-care limitation	134	178	30	20	93	89	95
With a mobility limitation	84	98	—	9	68	58	62
In labor force	37	—	—	9	20	7	12
With a self-care limitation	83	137	30	11	65	42	50
With a work disability	244	338	99	55	344	340	253
In labor force	107	156	32	25	131	110	90
Prevented from working	104	163	51	12	174	199	140
No work disability	2 901	3 212	1 089	577	3 071	4 302	3 381
In labor force	2 059	2 441	755	435	2 544	3 310	2 463
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	497	947	273	370	1 124	532	567
With a mobility or self-care limitation	91	260	59	110	249	99	115
With a mobility limitation	40	194	40	89	175	89	96
With a self-care limitation	64	159	53	94	190	39	75

Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Marshall city, Harrison County				Remainder of Harrison County				
	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204.01 (pt.)	Tract 204.02 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 201.01 (pt.)	Tract 201.02	Tract 202.98	Tract 206.97 (pt.)	Tract 206.98 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>									
<b>All persons</b> -----	<b>5 674</b>	<b>1 116</b>	<b>1 286</b>	<b>4 646</b>	<b>4 316</b>	<b>3 687</b>	<b>4 091</b>	<b>5 840</b>	<b>5 562</b>
Native -----	5 634	1 107	1 280	4 608	4 293	3 666	4 070	5 829	5 516
Foreign born -----	40	9	6	38	23	21	21	11	46
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>									
Linguistically isolated households -----	—	—	—	9	—	22	—	—	—
<b>Persons 5 years and over</b> -----	<b>5 287</b>	<b>1 099</b>	<b>1 224</b>	<b>4 384</b>	<b>4 023</b>	<b>3 452</b>	<b>3 770</b>	<b>5 378</b>	<b>5 134</b>
Speak a language other than English -----	46	32	20	109	29	86	46	84	103
Do not speak English "very well" -----	18	15	7	41	21	38	26	19	52
In linguistically isolated households -----	—	—	—	9	—	29	—	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>									
<b>Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school</b> -----	<b>1 436</b>	<b>603</b>	<b>117</b>	<b>934</b>	<b>1 122</b>	<b>876</b>	<b>1 145</b>	<b>1 667</b>	<b>1 503</b>
Preprimary school -----	131	15	—	68	36	58	62	125	84
Public school -----	31	6	—	47	13	50	41	83	14
Elementary or high school -----	985	145	109	705	920	694	916	1 355	1 124
Public school -----	971	123	109	645	918	690	909	1 281	1 109
College -----	320	443	8	161	166	124	167	187	295
Public college -----	202	65	8	116	119	102	122	157	259
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>									
<b>Persons 25 years and over</b> -----	<b>3 745</b>	<b>521</b>	<b>1 051</b>	<b>3 324</b>	<b>2 757</b>	<b>2 522</b>	<b>2 442</b>	<b>3 549</b>	<b>3 511</b>
Less than 9th grade -----	260	77	198	250	148	180	219	216	212
9th to 12th grade, no diploma -----	599	118	265	561	380	459	459	502	538
High school graduate (includes equivalency) -----	1 036	98	391	1 204	1 132	953	867	1 226	1 304
Some college, no degree -----	861	117	144	585	680	561	546	723	932
Associate degree -----	237	11	6	125	96	73	131	306	246
Bachelor's degree -----	473	39	29	335	247	237	171	353	196
Graduate or professional degree -----	279	61	18	264	74	59	49	223	83
Percent high school graduate or higher -----	77.1	62.6	55.9	75.6	80.8	74.7	72.2	79.8	78.6
Percent bachelor's degree or higher -----	20.1	19.2	4.5	18.0	11.6	11.7	9.0	16.2	7.9
<b>FERTILITY</b>									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years -----	1 161	429	1 663	1 436	1 493	1 460	1 629	1 586	1 498
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>									
<b>Persons 5 years and over</b> -----	<b>5 287</b>	<b>1 099</b>	<b>1 224</b>	<b>4 384</b>	<b>4 023</b>	<b>3 452</b>	<b>3 770</b>	<b>5 378</b>	<b>5 134</b>
Same house -----	2 804	423	759	2 671	2 155	2 000	2 679	3 045	3 010
Different house in United States -----	2 472	671	465	1 713	1 856	1 452	1 091	2 327	2 116
Central city of this MSA/PMSA -----	953	154	162	754	288	37	270	638	415
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA -----	392	22	103	256	771	490	469	882	822
Different MSA/PMSA -----	780	310	133	368	605	678	202	369	531
Not in an MSA/PMSA -----	347	185	67	335	192	247	150	438	348
Abroad -----	11	5	—	—	12	—	—	6	8
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>									
<b>Workers 16 years and over</b> -----	<b>2 454</b>	<b>397</b>	<b>401</b>	<b>2 196</b>	<b>1 739</b>	<b>1 464</b>	<b>1 723</b>	<b>2 599</b>	<b>2 401</b>
Car, truck, or van -----	2 338	244	340	2 052	1 649	1 348	1 651	2 416	2 260
Drove alone -----	2 046	197	297	1 756	1 361	1 084	1 302	2 042	1 967
Carpooled -----	292	47	43	296	288	264	349	374	293
Public transportation -----	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—
Other means -----	83	137	37	77	30	51	26	99	63
Worked at home -----	33	16	24	67	54	65	46	84	78
Mean travel time to work (minutes) -----	17.2	10.5	14.1	17.4	23.7	22.5	26.5	21.9	20.1
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence -----	2 195	369	379	1 987	1 226	792	1 403	2 424	2 130
Central city -----	1 735	311	290	1 723	771	150	919	1 545	1 461
Outside central city -----	460	58	89	264	455	642	484	879	669
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence -----	259	28	22	209	513	672	320	175	271
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
<b>Persons 16 years and over</b> -----	<b>4 351</b>	<b>966</b>	<b>1 153</b>	<b>3 711</b>	<b>3 257</b>	<b>2 833</b>	<b>2 941</b>	<b>4 165</b>	<b>4 102</b>
In labor force -----	2 618	476	416	2 366	1 935	1 644	1 814	2 822	2 598
Employed -----	2 489	413	401	2 275	1 751	1 484	1 740	2 641	2 442
Unemployed -----	104	63	15	83	177	134	74	179	156
Percent of civilian labor force -----	4.0	13.2	3.6	3.5	9.2	8.3	4.1	6.3	6.0
<b>Females 16 years and over</b> -----	<b>2 349</b>	<b>535</b>	<b>673</b>	<b>2 028</b>	<b>1 668</b>	<b>1 426</b>	<b>1 475</b>	<b>2 101</b>	<b>2 102</b>
Employed -----	1 088	184	173	1 080	726	569	731	1 025	932
Unemployed -----	58	33	—	25	49	70	35	70	138
With own children under 6 years -----	332	21	55	241	359	203	295	511	346
In labor force -----	179	10	25	166	170	102	144	286	145
With own children 6 to 17 years only -----	373	54	53	268	317	241	369	442	482
In labor force -----	282	30	47	215	210	130	278	258	291
<b>Persons 16 to 19 years</b> -----	<b>277</b>	<b>206</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>273</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>231</b>	<b>329</b>	<b>316</b>
Not enrolled in school -----	70	19	36	46	13	54	59	48	35
Unemployed or not in labor force -----	—	—	16	11	—	26	35	26	16
Not high school graduate -----	50	—	16	—	—	30	33	24	24
Employed -----	50	—	—	—	—	13	7	—	16
Unemployed -----	—	—	6	—	—	5	—	—	—
Not in labor force -----	—	—	10	—	—	12	26	24	8
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
<b>Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989</b> -----	<b>2 910</b>	<b>579</b>	<b>480</b>	<b>2 487</b>	<b>2 131</b>	<b>1 809</b>	<b>2 042</b>	<b>3 069</b>	<b>2 886</b>
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week -----	2 326	332	364	1 897	1 721	1 492	1 731	2 476	2 355
50 to 52 weeks -----	1 612	132	215	1 323	1 094	965	1 170	1 819	1 690
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
<b>Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years</b> -----	<b>3 405</b>	<b>785</b>	<b>525</b>	<b>2 705</b>	<b>2 826</b>	<b>2 339</b>	<b>2 570</b>	<b>3 745</b>	<b>3 597</b>
With a mobility or self-care limitation -----	173	22	20	84	134	154	101	70	95
With a mobility limitation -----	98	—	9	59	84	92	75	48	62
In labor force -----	—	—	9	20	37	6	25	7	12
With a self-care limitation -----	132	22	11	56	83	104	59	33	50
With a work disability -----	311	71	49	272	232	304	288	262	253
In labor force -----	139	9	25	94	95	111	67	98	90
Prevented from working -----	153	46	12	139	104	158	186	145	140
No work disability -----	3 094	714	476	2 433	2 594	2 035	2 282	3 483	3 344
In labor force -----	2 361	439	365	2 061	1 802	1 450	1 722	2 672	2 436
<b>Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over</b> -----	<b>911</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>340</b>	<b>998</b>	<b>424</b>	<b>468</b>	<b>371</b>	<b>418</b>	<b>505</b>
With a mobility or self-care limitation -----	260	59	91	218	90	66	102	84	115
With a mobility limitation -----	194	40	74	154	40	41	70	81	96
With a self-care limitation -----	159	53	75	180	63	41	86	24	75



Table 21. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Langview-- Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County			Harrison County		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County			
		Total	Kilgore city (pt.)	Longview city (pt.)	Total	Marshall city	Tract 2	Tract 4	Tract 9	Tract 11
OCCUPATION										
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	55 572	38 014	2 947	24 623	17 558	5 830	1 585	2 915	922	456
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	6 165	4 456	337	3 018	1 709	737	138	432	57	93
Professional specialty occupations .....	7 120	5 109	478	3 440	2 011	905	236	357	22	115
Technicians and related support occupations .....	2 017	1 481	85	961	536	175	73	127	34	11
Sales occupations .....	8 245	5 775	517	3 882	2 470	919	304	465	82	66
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	8 339	5 549	340	3 784	2 790	996	178	507	131	45
Private household occupations .....	205	140	8	87	65	—	12	—	8	—
Protective service occupations .....	773	529	21	329	244	80	13	61	34	—
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	5 019	3 624	276	2 339	1 395	515	190	268	150	36
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	723	378	28	200	345	58	9	21	9	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	8 495	5 322	382	3 258	3 173	747	176	312	169	35
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	3 987	2 689	183	1 624	1 298	346	120	153	108	21
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	2 743	1 782	147	991	961	221	58	164	79	7
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	1 741	1 180	145	710	561	131	78	48	39	27
INCOME IN 1989										
Households .....	47 233	32 045	2 765	20 868	15 188	5 250	1 461	2 543	878	565
Less than \$5,000 .....	3 045	2 005	219	1 182	1 040	377	97	133	52	41
\$5,000 to \$9,999 .....	4 634	3 134	357	2 003	1 500	664	207	261	104	58
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	4 397	2 902	274	1 917	1 495	611	140	218	159	69
\$15,000 to \$24,999 .....	8 923	5 799	515	3 806	3 124	1 122	278	484	221	94
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	8 054	5 414	487	3 489	2 640	861	173	444	179	109
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	8 884	6 116	384	3 926	2 768	729	247	566	122	48
\$50,000 to \$74,999 .....	6 321	4 471	265	3 050	1 850	589	219	287	41	98
\$75,000 to \$99,999 .....	1 609	1 140	108	824	469	139	36	91	—	14
\$100,000 or more .....	1 366	1 064	156	671	302	158	64	59	—	34
Median (dollars) .....	27 646	28 594	25 262	29 018	26 257	23 584	25 343	28 860	20 728	25 813
Mean (dollars) .....	34 388	35 509	33 863	36 272	32 023	32 556	36 423	33 542	23 045	44 451
Families .....	34 437	22 778	1 705	14 525	11 659	3 596	919	1 373	643	382
Median income (dollars) .....	33 053	34 704	32 217	35 671	30 606	28 472	34 562	34 132	22 401	27 315
Per capita income (dollars) .....	13 389	14 035	14 294	14 644	12 076	13 055	14 684	16 479	9 055	19 164
INCOME TYPE IN 1989										
Households .....	47 233	32 045	2 765	20 868	15 188	5 250	1 461	2 543	878	565
With earnings .....	37 523	25 520	2 024	16 710	12 003	3 817	1 093	2 164	687	358
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	34 124	35 110	31 782	35 856	32 028	33 333	38 033	29 404	22 096	52 145
With Social Security income .....	13 452	9 114	1 092	5 693	4 338	1 857	511	655	315	250
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	8 025	8 095	8 116	8 188	7 877	8 242	8 912	9 110	8 600	8 018
With public assistance income .....	2 090	1 274	70	807	816	387	63	38	47	42
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	3 170	2 986	4 287	3 143	3 456	3 082	2 646	4 309	2 741	1 527
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE										
Families (dollars) .....	39 618	41 456	42 781	42 642	36 027	38 206	46 253	38 732	25 306	55 374
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	38 831	40 130	38 314	41 848	36 302	40 513	42 665	33 444	22 590	71 137
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	42 236	44 484	46 823	45 889	37 973	40 887	49 081	42 418	26 830	60 703
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	42 434	44 303	42 034	46 686	38 987	44 334	45 835	37 897	24 695	83 494
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	20 296	20 063	22 546	20 017	20 834	21 529	23 686	18 608	18 857	8 868
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	15 412	15 604	18 622	15 177	14 836	10 853	3 876	15 569	11 367	5 400
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
All Income Levels in 1989										
Families .....	34 437	22 778	1 705	14 525	11 659	3 596	919	1 373	643	382
Householder worked in 1989 .....	28 094	18 704	1 264	11 885	9 390	2 724	723	1 095	434	285
With related children under 18 years .....	17 508	11 567	776	7 233	5 941	1 624	409	555	311	180
With related children under 5 years .....	7 146	4 784	281	3 141	2 362	610	189	317	109	85
Married-couple families .....	29 895	19 571	1 375	12 417	10 324	3 104	810	1 123	519	324
Householder worked in 1989 .....	24 758	16 308	1 043	10 278	8 450	2 420	654	883	351	239
With related children under 18 years .....	14 653	9 517	584	5 890	5 136	1 369	351	394	254	138
With related children under 5 years .....	6 196	4 112	221	2 704	2 084	522	168	265	98	72
Female householder, no husband present .....	3 537	2 467	237	1 589	1 070	397	83	205	97	18
Householder worked in 1989 .....	2 474	1 757	155	1 149	717	224	43	173	64	6
With related children under 18 years .....	2 212	1 601	141	1 041	611	193	38	122	45	11
With related children under 5 years .....	796	572	48	393	224	66	7	52	6	6
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	15 161	11 002	1 260	7 437	4 159	1 919	689	1 376	333	231
Nonfamily householder .....	12 796	9 267	1 060	6 343	3 529	1 654	542	1 170	235	183
65 years and over .....	5 593	3 874	516	2 418	1 719	936	273	234	106	124
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	119 529	79 989	6 313	50 918	39 540	12 532	3 521	5 061	2 182	1 297
Persons under 18 years .....	31 345	20 557	1 426	12 755	10 788	2 948	876	851	539	322
Related children under 18 years .....	31 193	20 513	1 418	12 738	10 680	2 925	876	843	530	322
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	22 704	14 685	1 012	8 981	8 019	2 210	615	556	371	238
Persons 65 years and over .....	15 838	10 689	1 274	6 830	5 149	2 494	581	779	424	323
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level										
Families .....	2 862	1 784	153	1 092	1 078	352	92	109	65	40
Percent below poverty level .....	8.3	7.8	9.0	7.5	9.2	9.8	10.0	7.9	10.1	10.5
Householder worked in 1989 .....	1 750	1 114	76	643	636	214	80	62	56	21
With related children under 18 years .....	1 986	1 289	79	852	697	239	73	65	51	33
With related children under 5 years .....	1 088	777	51	513	311	87	49	32	13	28
Married-couple families .....	1 753	1 015	61	593	738	217	71	65	42	28
Householder worked in 1989 .....	1 168	696	34	389	472	151	60	34	33	21
With related children under 18 years .....	1 065	643	33	400	422	134	52	27	33	28
With related children under 5 years .....	570	407	24	269	163	33	47	16	7	28
Female householder, no husband present .....	968	699	58	481	269	100	21	44	23	12
Householder worked in 1989 .....	493	376	20	249	117	28	20	28	23	—
With related children under 18 years .....	813	604	32	439	209	70	21	38	18	5
With related children under 5 years .....	472	354	27	240	118	39	2	16	6	—
Unrelated individuals .....	3 916	2 639	301	1 592	1 277	530	172	188	114	49
Nonfamily householder .....	2 816	1 851	196	1 152	965	373	99	121	55	40
65 years and over .....	1 484	978	111	585	506	222	44	27	36	19
Persons .....	13 532	8 677	774	5 345	4 855	1 798	487	509	421	231
Percent below poverty level .....	11.3	10.8	12.3	10.5	12.3	14.3	13.8	10.1	19.3	17.8
Persons under 18 years .....	4 277	2 778	161	1 845	1 499	505	149	149	186	89
Related children under 18 years .....	4 166	2 737	153	1 831	1 429	490	149	141	180	89
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	2 724	1 660	77	1 118	1 064	388	78	112	149	48
Persons 65 years and over .....	2 160	1 336	152	829	824	357	56	64	41	27
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	5 010	3 342	386	1 966	1 668	516	166	237	110	117
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	18 673	12 010	1 118	7 520	6 663	2 340	628	707	653	344



Table 21. **Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County—Con.							Kilgore city (pt.), Gregg County	
	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 101	Tract 103	Tract 104	Tract 106	Tract 107	Tract 106 (pt.)	Tract 107 (pt.)
<b>OCCUPATION</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	865	502	1 826	3 515	2 514	2 249	1 209	1 795	1 110
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	54	22	235	340	225	324	58	279	58
Professional specialty occupations .....	60	50	267	338	202	422	133	345	133
Technicians and related support occupations .....	49	71	91	171	156	52	47	38	47
Sales occupations .....	126	9	256	424	300	338	212	305	212
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	207	101	253	471	336	332	64	281	59
Private household occupations .....	—	—	11	11	7	—	17	—	8
Protective service occupations .....	29	4	32	43	77	23	—	21	—
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	68	56	115	322	196	156	218	99	177
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	—	8	48	26	18	21	28	—	28
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	126	103	274	741	373	296	162	231	151
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	87	12	103	399	246	124	96	79	96
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	51	27	106	129	255	86	117	48	90
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	8	39	35	100	123	75	57	69	51
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Households .....	725	250	1 380	2 576	1 885	2 010	1 158	1 670	1 063
Less than \$5,000 .....	61	25	59	126	171	80	178	56	163
\$5,000 to \$9,999 .....	46	23	89	189	117	141	244	139	218
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	142	18	118	118	203	193	117	149	117
\$15,000 to \$24,999 .....	140	55	199	504	357	396	211	311	189
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	104	71	208	498	357	375	191	315	172
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	164	44	321	622	427	338	141	256	128
\$50,000 to \$74,999 .....	46	9	274	469	181	259	30	226	30
\$75,000 to \$99,999 .....	15	—	38	32	36	88	20	88	20
\$100,000 or more .....	7	5	74	18	36	140	26	130	26
Median (dollars) .....	23 209	25 357	35 634	31 662	26 406	30 478	16 333	30 988	16 269
Mean (dollars) .....	27 300	25 132	43 913	34 090	30 638	39 311	22 557	40 829	23 068
Families .....	508	189	1 136	2 170	1 514	1 328	685	1 066	615
Median income (dollars) .....	27 250	27 443	38 721	34 964	30 206	37 206	25 675	37 857	25 839
Per capita income (dollars) .....	11 087	7 426	15 315	11 427	10 788	17 107	9 020	17 960	9 394
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>									
Households .....	725	250	1 380	2 576	1 885	2 010	1 158	1 670	1 063
With earnings .....	563	177	1 216	2 285	1 560	1 593	767	1 293	706
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	27 053	27 674	40 936	34 278	31 682	34 821	23 524	36 136	23 931
With Social Security income .....	251	61	252	391	485	688	542	577	491
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	8 572	8 976	8 679	7 229	6 704	9 577	6 586	9 616	6 612
With public assistance income .....	25	12	47	126	42	38	66	26	44
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	3 889	2 300	4 055	2 517	1 835	6 987	1 839	7 519	2 377
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>									
Families (dollars) .....	31 797	28 004	47 381	36 610	34 351	47 733	29 127	50 452	30 154
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	22 665	23 071	49 178	35 106	34 570	40 886	28 819	44 831	29 689
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	33 627	28 783	49 156	39 283	36 264	51 030	32 468	53 729	33 261
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	24 358	24 505	50 983	38 360	37 066	45 816	30 707	50 006	31 618
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	23 298	2 200	18 724	15 875	20 837	19 519	23 332	18 877	25 317
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	12 398	2 200	16 688	12 433	19 031	14 822	21 667	14 805	22 193
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>									
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>									
Families .....	508	189	1 136	2 170	1 514	1 328	685	1 066	615
Householder worked in 1989 .....	370	140	977	1 926	1 337	1 056	470	814	433
With related children under 18 years .....	220	64	638	1 344	935	537	379	429	338
With related children under 5 years .....	103	19	248	621	344	143	147	125	147
Married-couple families .....	419	176	1 059	1 874	1 314	1 134	485	916	442
Householder worked in 1989 .....	300	133	930	1 684	1 186	902	350	704	322
With related children under 18 years .....	159	51	595	1 120	801	405	273	334	241
With related children under 5 years .....	88	19	239	534	293	120	106	106	106
Female householder, no husband present .....	76	6	49	244	163	139	162	102	135
Householder worked in 1989 .....	57	—	25	190	121	107	94	70	85
With related children under 18 years .....	48	6	28	191	104	102	80	70	71
With related children under 5 years .....	15	—	—	81	35	11	41	7	41
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	286	72	287	560	465	788	579	703	532
Nonfamily householder .....	217	61	244	406	371	682	473	604	448
65 years and over .....	99	19	67	119	200	300	277	257	259
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	1 751	635	3 948	7 662	5 421	4 501	2 803	3 684	2 536
Persons under 18 years .....	362	163	1 255	2 474	1 598	923	692	775	627
Related children under 18 years .....	362	163	1 250	2 465	1 593	923	684	775	619
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	230	121	911	1 795	1 207	710	476	587	411
Persons 65 years and over .....	306	110	342	396	513	841	551	748	513
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>									
Families .....	29	24	49	167	129	44	129	40	113
Percent below poverty level .....	5.7	12.7	4.3	7.7	8.5	3.3	18.8	3.8	18.4
Householder worked in 1989 .....	21	12	31	96	102	26	70	22	54
With related children under 18 years .....	29	18	25	137	62	27	63	23	56
With related children under 5 years .....	22	12	11	92	39	16	37	14	37
Married-couple families .....	14	18	30	76	89	20	52	16	45
Householder worked in 1989 .....	14	12	12	52	70	11	34	7	27
With related children under 18 years .....	14	12	6	46	32	20	24	16	17
With related children under 5 years .....	14	12	6	29	17	9	17	7	17
Female householder, no husband present .....	15	6	14	91	40	16	51	16	42
Householder worked in 1989 .....	7	—	14	44	32	7	22	7	13
With related children under 18 years .....	15	6	14	91	30	7	25	7	25
With related children under 5 years .....	8	—	—	63	22	7	20	7	20
Unrelated individuals .....	124	25	60	160	156	127	242	98	195
Nonfamily householder .....	74	19	50	99	108	80	165	56	140
65 years and over .....	48	12	15	61	79	27	102	27	84
Persons .....	272	127	190	654	559	294	608	251	515
Percent below poverty level .....	15.5	20.0	4.8	8.5	10.3	6.5	21.7	6.8	20.3
Persons under 18 years .....	98	59	54	227	141	74	108	68	93
Related children under 18 years .....	98	59	49	218	136	74	100	68	85
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	51	29	24	122	72	40	56	36	41
Persons 65 years and over .....	55	24	28	77	119	36	134	36	116
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	104	60	91	229	213	148	304	121	265
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	448	132	352	908	812	429	912	328	782



Table 21. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County							
	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5.02	Tract 8	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10	Tract 11 (pt.)
<b>OCCUPATION</b>								
Employed persons 16 years and over	847	2 188	2 915	1 768	2 757	903	716	456
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	50	340	432	240	237	57	88	93
Professional specialty occupations	76	434	357	238	188	22	67	115
Technicians and related support occupations	36	77	127	68	85	34	24	11
Sales occupations	167	318	465	308	460	82	104	66
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	66	399	507	238	448	131	52	45
Private household occupations	12	19	—	—	23	8	—	—
Protective service occupations	13	15	61	14	24	34	4	—
Service occupations, except protective and household	123	171	268	214	394	143	74	36
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	9	28	21	18	8	9	26	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	108	208	312	238	392	157	92	35
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	91	92	153	121	248	108	63	21
Transportation and material moving occupations	27	54	164	37	137	79	59	7
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	69	33	48	34	113	39	63	27
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Households	917	2 005	2 543	1 567	2 179	846	686	565
Less than \$5,000	90	117	133	52	100	52	31	41
\$5,000 to \$9,999	182	149	261	124	215	98	119	58
\$10,000 to \$14,999	128	167	218	185	227	159	81	69
\$15,000 to \$24,999	197	328	484	282	484	221	130	94
\$25,000 to \$34,999	103	316	444	234	445	165	120	109
\$35,000 to \$49,999	149	290	566	347	455	110	117	48
\$50,000 to \$74,999	50	334	287	263	214	41	81	98
\$75,000 to \$99,999	6	142	91	65	39	—	—	14
\$100,000 or more	12	162	59	15	—	—	7	34
Median (dollars)	18 125	32 346	28 860	30 920	26 018	20 411	23 448	25 813
Mean (dollars)	25 646	47 308	33 542	33 806	28 583	22 804	26 305	44 451
Families	477	1 289	1 373	1 072	1 707	617	403	382
Median income (dollars)	24 042	47 625	34 132	38 533	27 301	21 885	28 352	27 315
Per capita income (dollars)	11 464	20 771	16 479	15 583	10 476	8 931	10 999	19 164
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>								
Households	917	2 005	2 543	1 567	2 179	846	686	565
With earnings	619	1 507	2 164	1 271	1 886	662	534	358
Mean earnings (dollars)	28 143	47 183	29 404	32 111	28 846	22 368	25 384	52 145
With Social Security income	365	669	655	412	442	289	265	250
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	8 758	9 087	9 110	8 227	6 996	8 653	6 570	8 018
With public assistance income	56	23	38	48	120	41	35	42
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	2 414	3 296	4 309	6 817	3 359	2 419	1 380	1 527
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>								
Families (dollars)	33 974	60 203	38 732	39 338	30 737	24 938	30 232	55 374
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	24 734	55 903	33 444	38 192	29 707	22 590	32 091	71 137
Married-couple families (dollars)	36 842	64 447	42 418	41 095	33 197	26 712	32 136	60 703
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	27 578	60 243	37 897	42 808	33 170	24 695	33 502	83 494
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	16 233	33 045	18 608	30 788	16 719	16 221	20 296	8 868
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	1 814	25 038	15 569	18 408	14 654	11 367	19 606	5 400
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>								
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>								
Families	477	1 289	1 373	1 072	1 707	617	403	382
Householder worked in 1989	340	1 052	1 095	904	1 475	427	329	285
With related children under 18 years	169	564	555	453	1 087	311	220	180
With related children under 5 years	81	201	317	197	432	109	81	85
Married-couple families	393	1 119	1 123	862	1 358	505	349	324
Householder worked in 1989	284	931	883	723	1 197	344	292	239
With related children under 18 years	130	494	394	356	808	254	190	138
With related children under 5 years	60	188	265	175	354	98	65	72
Female householder, no husband present	58	131	205	134	255	85	45	18
Householder worked in 1989	30	91	173	115	184	64	32	6
With related children under 18 years	19	48	122	61	211	45	26	11
With related children under 5 years	7	13	52	22	78	6	12	6
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	561	773	1 376	530	581	321	318	231
Nonfamily householder	440	716	1 170	495	472	229	283	183
65 years and over	219	323	234	167	132	100	114	124
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	1 954	4 494	5 061	3 339	5 929	2 106	1 513	1 297
Persons under 18 years	390	923	851	688	1 890	539	323	322
Related children under 18 years	390	923	843	688	1 890	530	323	322
Related children 5 to 17 years	270	680	556	477	1 325	371	221	238
Persons 65 years and over	427	903	779	465	454	386	237	323
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>								
Families	61	58	109	45	154	65	40	40
Percent below poverty level	12.8	4.5	7.9	4.2	9.0	10.5	9.9	10.5
Householder worked in 1989	49	41	62	17	92	56	22	21
With related children under 18 years	49	50	65	25	138	51	21	33
With related children under 5 years	32	16	32	16	92	13	10	28
Married-couple families	47	30	65	20	83	42	25	28
Householder worked in 1989	36	22	34	—	57	33	11	21
With related children under 18 years	35	22	27	—	67	33	11	28
With related children under 5 years	30	10	16	—	48	7	—	28
Female householder, no husband present	14	19	44	25	71	23	6	12
Householder worked in 1989	13	19	28	17	35	23	6	—
With related children under 18 years	14	19	38	25	71	18	6	—
With related children under 5 years	2	6	16	16	44	6	6	—
Unrelated individuals	172	133	188	93	138	108	48	49
Nonfamily householder	99	122	121	67	84	55	43	40
65 years and over	44	73	27	19	51	36	28	19
Persons	357	348	509	184	700	415	227	231
Percent below poverty level	18.3	7.7	10.1	5.5	11.8	19.7	15.0	17.8
Persons under 18 years	82	113	149	28	292	186	65	89
Related children under 18 years	82	113	141	28	292	180	65	89
Related children 5 to 17 years	37	83	112	21	145	149	28	48
Persons 65 years and over	56	73	64	39	66	41	41	27
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>								
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	146	148	237	64	141	104	61	117
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	489	435	707	278	1 090	641	354	344

Table 21. **Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County—Con.				Remainder of Gregg County		
	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 102	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 105
<b>OCCUPATION</b>							
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	370	839	839	502	2 418	2 472	1 049
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	21	104	54	22	280	225	118
Professional specialty occupations .....	30	101	60	50	246	202	93
Technicians and related support occupations .....	—	30	49	71	70	156	41
Sales occupations .....	37	79	121	9	340	300	156
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	26	130	192	101	318	336	129
Private household occupations .....	—	—	—	—	4	7	8
Protective service occupations .....	—	7	29	4	25	77	22
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	65	101	68	56	251	196	118
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	20	—	—	8	34	18	10
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	63	164	126	103	432	373	199
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	50	57	87	12	205	238	84
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	25	16	45	27	132	246	47
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	33	50	8	39	81	98	24
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>							
Households .....	404	978	704	250	2 259	1 853	899
Less than \$5,000 .....	56	102	61	25	201	171	66
\$5,000 to \$9,999 .....	73	171	41	23	382	117	55
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	69	145	142	18	252	195	53
\$15,000 to \$24,999 .....	73	200	134	55	398	342	158
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	72	142	104	71	334	357	136
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	26	158	164	44	398	427	223
\$50,000 to \$74,999 .....	35	40	36	9	211	172	129
\$75,000 to \$99,999 .....	—	8	15	—	42	36	43
\$100,000 or more .....	—	12	7	5	41	36	36
Median (dollars) .....	15 233	19 688	22 903	25 357	21 549	26 510	33 348
Mean (dollars) .....	19 982	22 630	26 906	25 132	27 664	30 667	36 863
Families .....	256	635	487	189	1 574	1 490	696
Median income (dollars) .....	17 900	22 875	27 375	27 443	30 024	30 294	36 159
Per capita income (dollars) .....	8 164	9 812	10 849	7 426	10 802	10 806	14 796
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>							
Households .....	404	978	704	250	2 259	1 853	899
With earnings .....	242	663	547	177	1 578	1 535	711
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	22 158	22 190	27 400	27 674	29 270	31 736	36 776
With Social Security income .....	173	375	236	61	860	461	223
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	7 180	7 495	8 575	8 976	7 822	6 906	8 332
With public assistance income .....	31	102	25	12	161	42	61
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	4 148	3 179	3 889	2 300	1 754	1 835	3 762
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>							
Families (dollars) .....	22 415	26 477	31 421	28 004	33 635	34 492	40 721
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	18 708	26 804	22 665	23 071	31 459	34 576	39 193
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	23 675	27 416	33 264	28 783	36 429	36 382	42 440
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	22 548	28 122	24 358	24 505	35 716	37 104	40 408
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	4 925	15 991	23 298	2 200	14 191	20 837	22 209
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	5 946	12 826	12 398	2 200	13 154	19 031	16 053
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>							
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>							
Families .....	256	635	487	189	1 574	1 490	696
Householder worked in 1989 .....	154	435	364	140	1 291	1 320	555
With related children under 18 years .....	150	300	220	64	856	926	280
With related children under 5 years .....	98	196	103	19	341	335	130
Married-couple families .....	196	550	398	176	1 376	1 297	629
Householder worked in 1989 .....	149	386	294	133	1 138	1 169	514
With related children under 18 years .....	103	255	159	51	691	792	259
With related children under 5 years .....	62	179	88	19	263	284	130
Female householder, no husband present .....	43	63	76	6	162	163	53
Householder worked in 1989 .....	5	34	57	—	124	121	27
With related children under 18 years .....	37	37	48	6	135	104	18
With related children under 5 years .....	26	17	15	—	61	35	—
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	188	368	286	72	815	440	243
Nonfamily householder .....	148	343	217	61	685	363	203
65 years and over .....	115	176	99	19	422	200	69
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	999	2 229	1 715	635	5 775	5 328	2 233
Persons under 18 years .....	228	530	362	163	1 578	1 574	524
Related children under 18 years .....	228	530	362	163	1 578	1 569	524
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	142	341	230	121	1 128	1 193	348
Persons 65 years and over .....	203	508	291	110	923	500	307
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>							
Families .....	59	101	29	24	204	129	41
Percent below poverty level .....	23.0	15.9	6.0	12.7	13.0	8.7	5.9
Householder worked in 1989 .....	21	58	21	12	143	102	19
With related children under 18 years .....	47	87	29	18	173	62	21
With related children under 5 years .....	26	68	22	12	103	39	9
Married-couple families .....	21	82	14	18	130	89	29
Householder worked in 1989 .....	21	58	14	12	95	70	13
With related children under 18 years .....	15	68	14	12	101	32	18
With related children under 5 years .....	—	60	14	12	54	17	9
Female householder, no husband present .....	38	19	15	6	64	40	9
Householder worked in 1989 .....	—	—	7	—	41	32	3
With related children under 18 years .....	32	19	15	6	62	30	3
With related children under 5 years .....	26	8	8	—	42	22	—
Unrelated individuals .....	64	126	124	25	298	148	64
Nonfamily householder .....	40	118	74	19	208	108	44
65 years and over .....	40	39	48	12	102	79	14
Persons .....	283	473	272	127	1 075	551	188
Percent below poverty level .....	28.3	21.2	15.9	20.0	18.6	10.3	8.4
Persons under 18 years .....	111	148	98	59	381	141	38
Related children under 18 years .....	111	148	98	59	381	136	38
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	82	82	51	29	253	72	30
Persons 65 years and over .....	58	70	55	24	111	119	17
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>							
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	94	89	104	60	431	213	95
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	294	564	443	132	1 330	804	227



Table 21. **Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Harrison County					
	Tract 201.01	Tract 203	Tract 204.01	Tract 204.02	Tract 205	Tract 206.97
<b>OCCUPATION</b>						
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	2 003	2 579	735	460	2 833	3 255
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	265	329	56	50	315	303
Professional specialty occupations .....	180	410	140	33	386	416
Technicians and related support occupations .....	47	97	8	—	77	163
Sales occupations .....	321	349	101	56	526	373
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	374	473	136	89	376	477
Private household occupations .....	11	—	19	—	—	12
Protective service occupations .....	29	25	6	13	40	21
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	106	188	64	32	284	266
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	41	17	16	8	42	71
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	287	353	101	105	417	678
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	146	167	38	23	165	259
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	114	120	15	12	157	150
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	82	51	35	39	48	66
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>						
Households .....	1 791	2 302	613	539	2 391	2 520
Less than \$5,000 .....	82	178	102	23	132	113
\$5,000 to \$9,999 .....	145	230	78	128	292	120
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	249	179	70	118	276	201
\$15,000 to \$24,999 .....	332	505	135	106	552	462
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	348	345	97	65	482	371
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	364	423	75	51	248	599
\$50,000 to \$74,999 .....	170	290	43	42	274	488
\$75,000 to \$99,999 .....	66	62	5	—	69	128
\$100,000 or more .....	35	90	8	6	66	38
Median (dollars) .....	26 498	26 715	18 672	15 031	23 358	34 767
Mean (dollars) .....	31 137	33 733	23 163	22 464	34 482	37 263
Families .....	1 451	1 655	391	321	1 680	2 137
Median income (dollars) .....	30 020	33 283	25 406	20 446	27 477	38 549
Per capita income (dollars) .....	11 609	13 053	8 628	8 843	14 352	12 947
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>						
Households .....	1 791	2 302	613	539	2 391	2 520
With earnings .....	1 473	1 751	415	331	1 821	2 170
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	29 937	33 451	26 188	23 317	34 221	37 053
With Social Security income .....	450	792	220	238	790	472
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	7 774	8 383	7 085	8 524	8 342	7 922
With public assistance income .....	68	169	28	42	178	101
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	5 155	3 145	6 576	1 816	3 508	3 761
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>						
Families (dollars) .....	33 806	37 521	29 782	27 875	40 481	40 825
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	35 641	39 819	34 432	30 705	41 152	40 882
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	35 945	40 325	32 731	28 629	42 922	42 357
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	38 765	42 687	42 751	29 746	45 371	43 077
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	18 825	22 045	14 296	18 747	24 513	23 245
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	16 980	12 527	16 585	—	10 634	16 156
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>						
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>						
Families .....	1 451	1 655	391	321	1 680	2 137
Householder worked in 1989 .....	1 172	1 263	309	201	1 325	1 839
With related children under 18 years .....	767	799	179	121	720	1 272
With related children under 5 years .....	299	264	37	73	334	599
Married-couple families .....	1 264	1 406	313	275	1 466	1 969
Householder worked in 1989 .....	1 018	1 108	253	174	1 191	1 727
With related children under 18 years .....	642	689	118	104	612	1 153
With related children under 5 years .....	242	241	33	66	262	562
Female householder, no husband present .....	130	203	66	36	172	159
Householder worked in 1989 .....	107	117	51	17	92	106
With related children under 18 years .....	83	90	61	7	76	110
With related children under 5 years .....	40	23	4	7	50	36
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	400	761	262	249	813	452
Nanfamily householder .....	340	647	222	218	711	383
65 years and over .....	161	322	136	120	396	144
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	4 771	5 892	1 336	1 196	5 730	7 215
Persons under 18 years .....	1 362	1 546	262	221	1 298	2 281
Related children under 18 years .....	1 362	1 546	252	216	1 290	2 248
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	1 069	1 159	225	132	959	1 677
Persons 65 years and over .....	497	947	273	370	1 124	532
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>						
Families .....	159	175	38	29	150	108
Percent below poverty level .....	11.0	10.6	9.7	9.0	8.9	5.1
Householder worked in 1989 .....	116	91	23	25	84	68
With related children under 18 years .....	132	112	22	4	112	78
With related children under 5 years .....	83	20	10	4	63	53
Married-couple families .....	108	99	17	29	103	61
Householder worked in 1989 .....	87	58	17	25	60	41
With related children under 18 years .....	93	70	6	4	65	31
With related children under 5 years .....	51	7	6	4	26	22
Female householder, no husband present .....	34	56	21	—	32	46
Householder worked in 1989 .....	22	13	6	—	9	26
With related children under 18 years .....	22	22	16	—	32	46
With related children under 5 years .....	22	13	4	—	22	30
Unrelated individuals .....	73	238	136	70	171	120
Nanfamily householder .....	56	160	100	39	145	91
65 years and over .....	27	99	76	20	61	36
Persons .....	651	964	243	149	667	487
Percent below poverty level .....	13.6	16.4	18.2	12.5	11.6	6.7
Persons under 18 years .....	287	293	29	26	183	205
Related children under 18 years .....	287	293	19	21	183	182
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	194	236	15	15	138	117
Persons 65 years and over .....	52	190	76	24	131	49
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>						
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	274	259	104	33	183	220
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	797	1 172	294	294	884	705

**Table 21. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Marshall city, Harrison County				Remainder of Harrison County				
	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204.01 (pt.)	Tract 204.02 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 201.01 (pt.)	Tract 201.02	Tract 202.98	Tract 206.97 (pt.)	Tract 206.98 (pt.)
<b>OCCUPATION</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over -----	2 489	413	401	2 275	1 751	1 484	1 740	2 641	2 442
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations -----	314	30	43	286	201	79	132	272	180
Professional specialty occupations -----	410	103	27	330	145	112	112	328	222
Technicians and related support occupations -----	97	8	—	70	47	50	45	103	49
Sales occupations -----	321	42	56	449	270	154	221	306	359
Administrative support occupations, including clerical -----	473	107	82	299	339	206	285	384	374
Private household occupations -----	—	—	—	—	11	2	13	12	8
Protective service occupations -----	25	6	7	33	20	8	50	15	52
Service occupations, except protective and household -----	181	52	25	230	79	155	94	208	197
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations -----	17	11	8	22	41	44	46	62	60
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations -----	334	33	79	281	267	321	412	550	491
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors -----	167	13	23	132	135	128	154	219	218
Transportation and material moving occupations -----	99	—	12	110	114	164	90	127	139
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers -----	51	8	39	33	82	61	86	55	93
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Households -----	2 224	347	477	1 991	1 580	1 465	1 445	2 001	2 056
Less than \$5,000 -----	170	63	23	112	73	87	157	86	157
\$5,000 to \$9,999 -----	204	65	120	260	130	186	167	101	128
\$10,000 to \$14,999 -----	179	42	114	246	219	110	88	164	204
\$15,000 to \$24,999 -----	483	67	83	454	297	268	298	323	453
\$25,000 to \$34,999 -----	339	39	51	404	320	276	302	289	354
\$35,000 to \$49,999 -----	415	51	51	183	335	292	271	515	437
\$50,000 to \$74,999 -----	282	20	29	231	143	170	120	395	243
\$75,000 to \$99,999 -----	62	—	—	39	28	61	39	90	39
\$100,000 or more -----	90	—	6	62	35	15	3	38	41
Median (dollars) -----	27 209	15 292	14 216	22 345	26 409	27 239	25 277	35 775	26 822
Mean (dollars) -----	34 148	19 923	21 790	34 892	30 109	31 193	27 541	37 744	30 893
Families -----	1 580	237	279	1 347	1 298	1 140	1 231	1 677	1 624
Median income (dollars) -----	33 713	20 469	20 089	27 047	29 418	30 728	27 002	40 927	30 988
Per capita income (dollars) -----	13 321	6 289	8 829	15 077	10 970	12 185	9 795	12 961	11 489
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>									
Households -----	2 224	347	477	1 991	1 580	1 465	1 445	2 001	2 056
With earnings -----	1 690	216	291	1 442	1 295	1 114	1 155	1 726	1 744
Mean earnings (dollars) -----	33 794	23 461	22 568	35 825	28 780	29 270	29 197	37 383	30 644
With Social Security income -----	773	132	208	710	416	500	336	372	502
Mean Social Security income (dollars) -----	8 420	7 477	8 434	8 082	7 645	7 666	6 798	7 857	7 555
With public assistance income -----	160	21	42	157	61	58	98	71	74
Mean public assistance income (dollars) -----	3 307	2 200	1 816	3 135	4 944	2 639	2 553	3 841	3 654
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>									
Families (dollars) -----	38 256	25 210	27 548	41 616	32 223	34 775	30 082	41 607	34 123
With own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	40 292	27 892	31 379	42 695	33 424	29 511	30 618	42 646	32 768
Married-couple families (dollars) -----	40 987	29 446	27 656	44 396	34 259	37 241	30 799	42 916	35 785
With own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	43 371	37 290	30 421	47 263	36 310	31 967	31 844	44 105	34 944
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) -----	22 747	8 580	20 337	24 200	18 886	19 550	20 161	21 422	18 546
With own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	12 527	10 612	—	7 189	16 838	12 835	14 477	17 423	15 755
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>									
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>									
Families -----	1 580	237	279	1 347	1 298	1 140	1 231	1 677	1 624
Householder worked in 1989 -----	1 225	162	178	1 024	1 037	866	994	1 460	1 392
With related children under 18 years -----	764	94	100	572	673	508	700	1 027	867
With related children under 5 years -----	264	23	55	268	299	157	255	517	344
Married-couple families -----	1 350	188	248	1 174	1 120	972	1 164	1 577	1 466
Householder worked in 1989 -----	1 070	135	158	931	892	741	948	1 400	1 261
With related children under 18 years -----	654	57	90	483	557	402	657	961	751
With related children under 5 years -----	241	19	55	207	242	126	238	492	314
Female householder, no husband present -----	184	42	21	141	121	114	54	91	136
Householder worked in 1989 -----	117	27	10	61	98	77	41	54	109
With related children under 18 years -----	90	37	—	57	74	57	32	57	95
With related children under 5 years -----	23	4	—	39	40	17	17	24	30
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined -----	755	150	218	738	342	392	252	393	541
Nonfamily householder -----	644	110	198	644	282	325	214	324	432
65 years and over -----	322	76	109	396	128	165	108	136	139
Persons for whom poverty status is determined -----	5 658	775	998	4 633	4 303	3 645	4 089	5 824	5 549
Persons under 18 years -----	1 493	163	154	1 017	1 241	933	1 256	1 858	1 611
Related children under 18 years -----	1 493	153	149	1 009	1 241	915	1 241	1 835	1 592
Related children 5 to 17 years -----	1 106	136	87	760	948	696	920	1 373	1 164
Persons 65 years and over -----	911	172	340	998	424	468	371	418	505
<b>Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>									
Families -----	148	27	25	143	150	125	172	87	122
Percent below poverty level -----	9.4	11.4	9.0	10.6	11.6	11.0	14.0	5.2	7.5
Householder worked in 1989 -----	91	12	25	77	107	70	71	53	88
With related children under 18 years -----	102	16	—	112	123	66	79	57	92
With related children under 5 years -----	20	4	—	63	83	25	20	41	33
Married-couple families -----	81	6	25	96	99	91	138	61	92
Householder worked in 1989 -----	58	6	25	53	78	56	58	41	70
With related children under 18 years -----	60	—	—	65	84	38	53	31	62
With related children under 5 years -----	7	—	—	26	51	7	13	22	27
Female householder, no husband present -----	47	21	—	32	34	24	26	25	30
Householder worked in 1989 -----	13	6	—	9	22	10	13	11	18
With related children under 18 years -----	22	16	—	32	22	21	20	25	30
With related children under 5 years -----	13	4	—	22	22	14	7	18	6
Unrelated individuals -----	235	95	59	141	73	122	112	103	226
Nonfamily householder -----	160	59	39	115	56	88	112	74	165
65 years and over -----	99	42	20	61	27	31	85	36	71
Persons -----	869	171	110	623	626	484	620	393	581
Percent below poverty level -----	15.4	22.1	11.0	13.4	14.5	13.3	15.2	6.7	10.5
Persons under 18 years -----	284	25	5	183	279	139	164	147	173
Related children under 18 years -----	284	15	—	183	279	123	164	134	157
Related children 5 to 17 years -----	227	15	—	138	186	100	132	88	117
Persons 65 years and over -----	164	42	20	131	52	59	158	49	85
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level -----	203	94	22	172	249	227	130	175	229
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level -----	1 062	222	241	783	765	669	872	539	929



Table 22. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview-Morsholl, TX MSA	Gregg County			Harrison County		Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Gregg County			
		Total	Kilgore city (pt.)	Longview city (pt.)	Total	Morsholl city	Tract 2	Tract 4	Tract 9	Tract 11
PLACE OF BIRTH										
All persons	35 839	19 781	1 370	13 811	16 058	9 824	513	406	447	1 347
Native	35 807	19 749	1 370	13 779	16 058	9 824	504	406	447	1 347
Foreign born	32	32	-	32	-	-	9	-	-	-
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH										
Linguistically isolated households	73	67	9	49	6	6	-	-	-	19
Persons 5 years and over	32 867	18 075	1 220	12 570	14 792	8 984	477	377	398	1 199
Speak a language other than English	841	475	28	380	366	236	16	16	6	68
Do not speak English "very well"	340	237	9	192	103	85	-	12	-	42
In linguistically isolated households	141	135	9	117	6	6	-	-	-	19
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	11 466	6 225	408	4 395	5 241	3 339	207	83	200	456
Preprimary school	632	325	17	260	307	202	13	-	-	19
Public school	495	244	17	192	251	159	10	-	-	19
Elementary or high school	8 868	4 870	241	3 427	3 998	2 433	148	56	178	369
Public school	8 763	4 822	241	3 379	3 941	2 396	148	56	178	369
College	1 966	1 030	150	708	936	704	46	27	22	68
Public college	1 741	921	150	621	820	603	37	27	14	68
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT										
Persons 25 years and over	20 196	11 139	714	7 622	9 057	5 376	297	252	191	638
Less than 9th grade	3 718	1 779	148	1 182	1 939	951	24	14	28	127
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	4 665	2 621	212	1 739	2 044	1 176	43	46	53	150
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	5 866	3 084	192	2 113	2 782	1 693	89	41	65	187
Some college, no degree	3 077	1 994	106	1 454	1 083	692	111	61	37	78
Associate degree	991	699	36	473	292	168	30	27	8	45
Bachelor's degree	1 153	617	20	433	536	410	-	63	-	42
Graduate or professional degree	726	345	-	228	381	286	-	-	-	9
Percent high school graduate or higher	58.5	60.5	49.6	61.7	56.0	60.4	77.4	76.2	57.6	56.6
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	9.3	8.6	2.8	8.7	10.1	12.9	-	25.0	-	8.0
FERTILITY										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 545	1 546	979	1 575	1 544	1 436	2 155	968	1 270	1 746
RESIDENCE IN 1985										
Persons 5 years and over	32 867	18 075	1 220	12 570	14 792	8 984	477	377	398	1 199
Some house	18 173	9 237	727	5 686	8 936	4 905	178	11	96	494
Different house in United States	14 632	8 818	493	6 864	5 814	4 046	290	366	302	705
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	8 303	5 034	-	4 596	3 269	2 798	213	124	258	605
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	2 566	1 484	327	617	1 082	296	14	66	9	42
Different MSA/PMSA	2 460	1 432	95	1 013	1 028	645	24	83	17	58
Not in on MSA/PMSA	1 303	868	71	638	435	307	39	93	18	-
Abroad	62	20	-	20	42	33	9	-	-	-
JOURNEY TO WORK										
Workers 16 years and over	11 780	7 097	475	5 119	4 683	2 905	213	240	151	419
Car, truck, or van	10 919	6 665	439	4 799	4 254	2 623	205	240	111	349
Drove alone	8 634	5 528	311	3 916	3 106	1 828	192	234	72	310
Carpooled	2 285	1 137	128	883	1 148	795	13	6	39	39
Public transportation	103	52	-	44	51	21	-	-	9	17
Other means	643	330	36	236	313	213	8	-	24	46
Worked at home	115	50	-	40	65	48	-	-	7	7
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	19.2	17.7	13.9	17.3	21.6	19.5	16.6	17.2	19.1	16.0
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	10 572	6 421	457	4 667	4 151	2 623	190	200	134	397
Central city	8 212	5 090	136	4 128	3 122	2 253	144	167	113	349
Outside central city	2 360	1 331	321	539	1 029	370	46	33	21	48
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	1 208	676	18	452	532	282	23	40	17	22
LABOR FORCE STATUS										
Persons 16 years and over	25 340	13 953	1 046	9 606	11 387	6 927	349	335	250	842
In labor force	14 317	8 550	628	6 107	5 767	3 493	259	257	185	536
Employed	11 996	7 200	494	5 175	4 796	2 950	219	240	151	419
Unemployed	2 288	1 345	134	932	943	523	40	17	34	117
Percent of civilian labor force	16.0	15.7	21.3	15.3	16.4	15.1	15.4	6.6	18.4	21.8
Females 16 years and over	14 245	7 926	685	5 396	6 319	3 985	184	190	146	501
Employed	6 298	3 865	332	2 720	2 433	1 590	96	121	77	235
Unemployed	1 256	778	77	553	478	258	12	5	17	66
With own children under 6 years	2 366	1 446	115	1 102	920	609	44	24	31	110
In labor force	1 595	998	85	776	597	401	28	-	31	49
With own children 6 to 17 years only	2 938	1 691	74	1 211	1 247	748	75	10	34	153
In labor force	2 213	1 295	74	923	918	554	48	10	34	133
Persons 16 to 19 years	2 761	1 554	200	1 032	1 207	756	33	28	26	81
Not enrolled in school	553	296	34	220	257	184	-	14	7	29
Unemployed or not in labor force	364	187	18	147	177	118	-	14	7	21
Not high school graduate	279	157	-	143	122	91	-	14	7	18
Employed	87	49	-	41	38	36	-	-	-	8
Unemployed	72	25	-	25	47	26	-	-	7	-
Not in labor force	120	83	-	77	37	29	-	14	-	10
WORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	14 644	8 709	580	6 233	5 935	3 631	260	267	189	569
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	10 568	6 241	341	4 532	4 327	2 639	174	262	129	397
50 to 52 weeks	6 535	3 980	144	3 007	2 555	1 628	157	196	69	292
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	20 526	11 603	850	8 110	8 923	5 458	325	309	219	717
With a mobility or self-care limitation	1 916	1 007	118	622	909	516	-	11	30	66
With a mobility limitation	911	519	64	294	392	162	-	-	5	17
In labor force	205	126	-	104	79	48	-	-	-	4
With a self-care limitation	1 417	753	84	483	664	417	-	11	30	49
With a work disability	2 781	1 464	121	906	1 317	752	11	15	34	74
In labor force	831	484	37	354	347	235	11	5	11	44
Prevented from working	1 823	914	84	513	909	476	-	10	23	20
No work disability	17 745	10 139	729	7 204	7 606	4 706	314	294	185	643
In labor force	13 014	7 826	591	5 580	5 188	3 109	248	252	174	471
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	4 261	2 087	179	1 309	2 174	1 187	-	-	31	125
With a mobility or self-care limitation	1 330	660	89	357	470	302	-	-	-	30
With a mobility limitation	1 087	541	56	320	546	255	-	-	-	24
With a self-care limitation	809	423	43	207	386	188	-	-	-	10

Table 22. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County—Con.						Kilgore city (pt.) Gregg County	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County	
	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 101	Tract 104	Tract 106	Tract 107	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 3	Tract 4 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>									
All persons	1 900	3 807	452	921	432	1 186	971	443	406
Native	1 900	3 784	452	921	432	1 186	971	443	406
Foreign born	—	23	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>									
Linguistically isolated households	—	7	—	—	—	9	9	—	—
Persons 5 years and over	1 771	3 541	423	861	372	1 074	878	395	377
Speak a language other than English	10	109	15	17	—	28	28	5	16
Do not speak English "very well"	—	57	15	—	—	9	9	—	12
In linguistically isolated households	—	7	—	—	—	9	9	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	488	1 250	130	271	99	423	316	130	83
Preprimary school	—	90	—	10	17	—	—	7	—
Public school	—	73	—	—	17	—	—	—	—
Elementary or high school	451	980	96	253	73	267	175	113	56
Public school	424	959	96	253	73	267	175	113	56
College	37	180	34	8	9	156	141	10	27
Public college	37	133	34	8	9	147	141	10	27
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>									
Persons 25 years and over	1 154	2 173	301	559	259	568	478	261	252
Less than 9th grade	294	298	30	106	53	102	95	44	14
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	313	471	96	113	116	127	107	58	46
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	288	631	93	123	38	178	154	59	41
Some college, no degree	177	376	35	92	32	106	76	46	61
Associate degree	54	130	9	39	—	45	36	34	27
Bachelor's degree	28	150	38	25	20	10	10	14	63
Graduate or professional degree	—	117	—	61	—	—	—	6	—
Percent high school graduate or higher	47.4	64.6	58.1	60.8	34.7	59.7	57.7	60.9	76.2
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	2.4	12.3	12.6	15.4	7.7	1.8	2.1	7.7	25.0
<b>FERTILITY</b>									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 514	1 434	1 619	1 684	1 165	1 094	925	2 019	968
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>									
Persons 5 years and over	1 771	3 541	423	861	372	1 074	878	395	377
Same house	916	2 195	217	569	174	684	578	114	11
Different house in United States	855	1 335	206	292	198	390	300	281	366
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	581	924	34	83	—	15	—	191	124
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	54	96	45	128	148	219	184	6	66
Different MSA/PMSA	174	194	127	68	37	78	58	37	83
Not in an MSA/PMSA	46	121	—	13	13	78	58	47	93
Abroad	—	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>									
Workers 16 years and over	655	1 445	127	329	111	420	379	206	240
Car, truck, or van	633	1 364	119	329	104	391	350	200	240
Drove alone	462	1 146	111	271	102	263	222	181	234
Carpooled	171	218	8	58	2	128	128	19	6
Public transportation	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other means	22	48	—	—	7	29	29	6	—
Worked at home	—	33	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	18.8	18.0	23.7	18.8	16.0	14.3	13.3	15.7	17.2
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	566	1 332	96	280	93	414	379	190	200
Central city	510	1 133	96	92	36	148	113	167	167
Outside central city	56	199	—	188	57	266	266	23	33
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	89	113	31	49	18	6	—	16	40
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
Persons 16 years and over	1 379	2 737	340	673	298	883	774	281	335
In labor force	764	1 667	181	385	166	555	487	233	257
Employed	666	1 478	142	329	111	439	398	206	240
Unemployed	98	189	39	56	55	116	89	27	17
Percent of civilian labor force	12.8	11.3	21.5	14.5	33.1	20.9	18.3	11.6	6.6
Females 16 years and over	754	1 578	197	375	209	575	498	143	190
Employed	280	803	74	173	84	293	261	113	121
Unemployed	45	109	39	31	30	67	55	9	5
With own children under 6 years	123	240	20	38	31	98	85	36	24
In labor force	83	185	15	28	31	55	55	36	—
With own children 6 to 17 years only	181	343	47	56	2	91	74	39	10
In labor force	78	273	43	41	2	91	74	31	10
Persons 16 to 19 years	125	340	26	70	16	192	187	6	28
Not enrolled in school	50	15	8	5	—	34	34	—	14
Unemployed or not in labor force	30	—	—	—	—	18	18	—	14
Not high school graduate	37	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	14
Employed	13	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unemployed	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	705	1 727	219	359	134	542	461	218	267
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	461	1 230	162	278	92	312	262	174	262
50 to 52 weeks	295	765	112	106	47	128	100	146	196
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	1 120	2 229	299	539	225	745	643	246	309
With a mobility or self-care limitation	49	205	14	78	46	78	72	7	11
With a mobility limitation	18	124	7	13	22	48	42	—	—
In labor force	—	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	49	138	14	72	34	56	50	7	11
With a work disability	93	277	56	103	52	89	69	12	15
In labor force	46	91	—	37	10	33	27	6	5
Prevented from working	47	167	50	55	42	56	42	6	10
No work disability	1 027	1 952	243	436	173	656	574	234	294
In labor force	695	1 525	181	348	148	522	460	221	252
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	259	450	41	134	56	138	131	30	—
With a mobility or self-care limitation	96	139	25	31	43	54	54	8	—
With a mobility limitation	88	133	17	21	43	21	21	8	—
With a self-care limitation	53	79	25	20	8	43	43	8	—



Table 22. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County—Con.							
	Tract 5.02	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10	Tract 11 (pt.)	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>								
All persons	435	447	433	1 347	1 969	1 269	1 857	3 721
Native	435	447	433	1 347	1 969	1 269	1 857	3 698
Foreign born	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	23
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>								
Linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	19	4	—	—	7
Persons 5 years and over	373	398	384	1 199	1 822	1 038	1 728	3 457
Speak a language other than English	28	6	—	68	42	51	10	109
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	—	42	21	41	—	57
In linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	19	9	44	—	7
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>								
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	233	200	90	456	621	439	473	1 231
Preprimary school	44	—	15	19	32	32	—	90
Public school	15	—	15	19	24	32	—	73
Elementary or high school	101	178	60	369	481	334	436	961
Public school	101	178	60	369	481	334	409	940
College	88	22	15	68	108	73	37	180
Public college	88	14	15	68	97	61	37	133
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>								
Persons 25 years and over	222	191	288	638	1 103	587	1 126	2 116
Less than 9th grade	—	28	55	127	232	66	287	269
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	24	53	134	150	239	89	292	461
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	8	65	57	187	295	249	288	627
Some college, no degree	111	37	25	78	152	144	177	369
Associate degree	38	8	8	45	83	16	54	130
Bachelor's degree	26	—	9	42	54	9	28	143
Graduate or professional degree	15	—	—	9	48	14	—	117
Percent high school graduate or higher	89.2	57.6	34.4	56.6	57.3	73.6	48.6	65.5
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	18.5	—	3.1	8.0	9.2	3.9	2.5	12.3
<b>FERTILITY</b>								
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 660	1 270	1 380	1 746	1 609	1 894	1 514	1 427
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>								
Persons 5 years and over	373	398	384	1 199	1 822	1 038	1 728	3 457
Same house	64	96	228	494	946	320	873	2 146
Different house in United States	309	302	156	705	876	718	855	1 300
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	197	258	119	605	560	550	581	894
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	72	9	4	42	148	41	54	96
Different MSA/PMSA	12	17	18	58	109	79	174	189
Not in on MSA/PMSA	28	18	15	—	59	48	46	121
Abroad	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>								
Workers 16 years and over	242	151	162	419	636	400	633	1 432
Car, truck, or van	230	111	138	349	618	362	611	1 358
Drove alone	183	72	106	310	482	259	449	1 143
Carpooled	47	39	32	39	136	103	162	215
Public transportation	12	9	—	17	—	6	—	—
Other means	—	24	24	46	18	32	22	48
Worked at home	—	7	—	7	—	—	—	26
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	19.7	19.1	15.1	16.0	15.5	17.7	19.0	18.1
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	215	134	162	397	580	366	544	1 319
Central city	185	113	132	349	541	356	488	1 130
Outside central city	30	21	30	48	39	10	56	189
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	27	17	—	22	56	34	89	113
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>								
Persons 16 years and over	268	250	341	842	1 432	773	1 351	2 672
In labor force	256	185	194	536	850	497	742	1 649
Employed	242	151	162	419	645	408	644	1 460
Unemployed	14	34	32	117	205	89	98	189
Percent of civilian labor force	5.5	18.4	16.5	21.8	24.1	17.9	13.2	11.5
Females 16 years and over	141	146	181	501	788	482	739	1 537
Employed	115	77	88	235	380	221	271	800
Unemployed	14	17	18	66	116	83	45	109
With own children under 6 years	69	31	31	110	146	179	123	237
In labor force	57	31	31	49	98	139	83	185
With own children 6 to 17 years only	25	34	6	153	123	117	181	332
In labor force	25	34	6	133	83	98	78	273
Persons 16 to 19 years	—	26	24	81	214	117	125	335
Not enrolled in school	—	7	—	29	47	38	50	15
Unemployed or not in labor force	—	7	—	21	25	32	30	—
Not high school graduate	—	7	—	18	30	19	37	6
Employed	—	—	—	8	14	—	13	6
Unemployed	—	7	—	—	—	6	12	—
Not in labor force	—	—	—	10	16	13	12	—
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>								
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	260	189	195	569	770	547	689	1 714
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	218	129	128	397	525	359	461	1 217
50 to 52 weeks	163	69	79	292	323	261	295	758
<b>DISABILITY</b>								
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	268	219	250	717	1 168	708	1 105	2 192
With a mobility or self-care limitation	—	30	11	66	150	30	49	198
With a mobility limitation	—	5	11	17	69	30	18	117
In labor force	—	—	7	4	23	22	—	29
With a self-care limitation	—	30	4	49	107	22	49	134
With a work disability	—	34	51	74	246	54	93	263
In labor force	—	11	13	44	100	36	46	88
Prevented from working	—	23	34	20	140	18	47	156
No work disability	268	185	199	643	922	654	1 012	1 929
In labor force	256	174	172	471	680	461	680	1 510
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	—	31	75	125	264	65	246	422
With a mobility or self-care limitation	—	—	15	30	68	21	90	125
With a mobility limitation	—	—	8	24	58	21	82	119
With a self-care limitation	—	—	15	10	34	21	47	72

Table 22. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Gregg County			Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Harrison County				
	Tract 102	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 105	Tract 201.01	Tract 203	Tract 204.01	Tract 204.02	Tract 205
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>								
All persons	980	921	1 697	2 153	1 308	2 425	4 494	2 085
Native	980	921	1 697	2 153	1 308	2 425	4 494	2 085
Foreign born	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>								
Linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
Persons 5 years and over	884	861	1 625	2 023	1 195	2 165	4 150	1 909
Speak a language other than English	6	17	20	50	29	33	137	42
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	12	18	22	11	45	7
In linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>								
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	313	271	505	655	452	808	1 607	648
Preprimary school	24	10	11	23	7	75	111	23
Public school	24	—	11	23	—	67	93	13
Elementary or high school	274	253	412	578	371	659	1 021	523
Public school	274	253	412	570	359	648	1 013	517
College	15	8	82	54	74	74	475	102
Public college	15	8	69	39	41	46	467	70
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>								
Persons 25 years and over	545	559	1 095	1 264	726	1 235	2 430	1 246
Less than 9th grade	116	106	145	361	189	229	369	251
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	163	113	260	242	68	373	522	252
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	127	123	341	404	218	419	770	363
Some college, no degree	77	92	177	134	133	85	331	162
Associate degree	51	39	54	50	35	30	76	27
Bachelor's degree	11	25	62	45	57	64	178	119
Graduate or professional degree	—	61	56	28	26	35	184	72
Percent high school graduate or higher	48.8	60.8	63.0	52.3	64.6	51.3	63.3	59.6
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	2.0	15.4	10.8	5.8	11.4	8.0	14.9	15.3
<b>FERTILITY</b>								
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 771	1 684	1 642	1 640	1 606	1 718	1 195	1 576
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>								
Persons 5 years and over	884	861	1 625	2 023	1 195	2 165	4 150	1 909
Some house	494	569	1 203	1 409	615	1 107	2 427	979
Different house in United States	390	292	422	614	580	1 058	1 690	930
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	12	83	190	198	293	822	1 083	729
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	234	128	93	333	54	94	118	66
Different MSA/PMSA	77	68	93	55	143	103	346	84
Not in on MSA/PMSA	67	13	46	28	90	39	143	51
Abroad	—	—	—	—	—	—	33	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>								
Workers 16 years and over	227	329	599	583	440	658	1 222	679
Car, truck, or van	188	329	577	502	392	566	1 171	581
Drove alone	184	271	545	453	308	350	874	367
Carpooled	4	58	32	49	84	216	297	214
Public transportation	—	—	—	14	—	12	—	9
Other means	39	—	19	50	16	76	39	89
Worked at home	—	—	3	17	32	4	12	—
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	19.1	18.8	21.5	25.2	19.3	17.5	20.2	20.9
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	209	280	517	527	372	622	1 110	599
Central city	73	92	423	285	333	541	953	495
Outside central city	136	188	94	242	39	81	157	104
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	18	49	82	56	68	36	112	80
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>								
Persons 16 years and over	667	673	1 283	1 508	889	1 569	3 311	1 483
In labor force	298	385	706	748	481	804	1 542	777
Employed	227	329	601	611	441	681	1 230	697
Unemployed	71	56	100	129	25	118	312	80
Percent of civilian labor force	23.8	14.5	14.3	17.4	5.4	14.8	20.2	10.3
Females 16 years and over	391	375	667	812	498	924	1 898	858
Employed	119	173	336	314	220	384	702	329
Unemployed	41	31	41	67	17	74	131	45
With own children under 6 years	63	38	65	96	107	190	215	130
In labor force	42	28	36	63	78	132	140	84
With own children 6 to 17 years only	82	56	195	167	103	158	313	200
In labor force	36	41	163	144	92	106	228	133
Persons 16 to 19 years	77	70	131	119	90	181	395	146
Not enrolled in school	10	5	19	28	13	22	121	28
Unemployed or not in labor force	10	—	12	26	—	—	90	28
Not high school graduate	6	—	—	25	—	15	76	—
Employed	—	—	—	2	—	15	21	—
Unemployed	—	—	—	15	—	—	26	—
Not in labor force	6	—	—	8	—	—	29	—
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>								
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	349	359	732	758	550	809	1 593	800
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	187	278	581	549	450	626	1 088	550
50 to 52 weeks	107	106	401	315	210	395	699	369
<b>DISABILITY</b>								
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	501	539	1 031	1 132	690	1 272	2 569	1 157
With a mobility or self-care limitation	42	78	120	86	48	89	249	179
With a mobility limitation	42	13	86	39	—	55	83	53
In labor force	9	—	10	—	—	9	22	17
With a self-care limitation	28	72	62	47	48	39	200	150
With a work disability	99	103	162	190	89	145	403	182
In labor force	20	37	21	52	26	24	133	52
Prevented from working	71	55	139	138	63	121	229	130
No work disability	402	436	869	942	601	1 127	2 166	975
In labor force	245	348	666	673	440	745	1 335	697
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	112	134	247	368	116	292	548	326
With a mobility or self-care limitation	33	31	88	151	42	65	128	81
With a mobility limitation	19	21	80	133	23	65	105	67
With a self-care limitation	20	20	78	61	42	22	64	69



Table 22. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Harrison County—Con.		Marshall city, Harrison County				Remainder of Harrison County			
	Tract 206.97	Tract 206.98	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204.01 (pt.)	Tract 204.02 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 201.01 (pt.)	Tract 201.02	Tract 202.98	Tract 206.98 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>										
All persons	499	845	1 275	2 122	4 462	1 965	2 153	1 282	967	845
Native	499	845	1 275	2 122	4 462	1 965	2 153	1 282	967	845
Foreign born	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>										
Linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—
Persons 5 years and over	464	798	1 162	1 915	4 118	1 789	2 023	1 173	915	798
Speak a language other than English	13	9	29	28	137	42	50	53	—	9
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	22	11	45	7	18	—	—	—
In linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	183	262	445	671	1 607	616	655	345	281	262
Preprimary school	14	21	7	61	111	23	23	21	12	21
Public school	14	8	—	53	93	13	23	21	12	8
Elementary or high school	162	200	371	550	1 021	491	578	286	198	200
Public school	162	192	359	539	1 013	485	570	286	194	192
College	7	41	67	60	475	102	54	38	71	41
Public college	7	41	34	32	467	70	39	38	71	41
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>										
Persons 25 years and over	264	552	693	1 127	2 398	1 158	1 264	739	601	552
Less than 9th grade	16	147	180	217	360	194	361	246	131	147
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	79	119	59	359	519	239	242	185	204	119
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	57	156	218	362	750	363	404	247	148	156
Some college, no degree	57	65	133	71	331	157	134	29	87	65
Associate degree	6	30	35	30	76	27	50	27	11	30
Bachelor's degree	35	23	49	64	178	119	45	5	10	23
Graduate or professional degree	14	12	19	24	184	59	28	—	10	12
Percent high school graduate or higher	64.0	51.8	65.5	48.9	63.3	62.6	52.3	41.7	44.3	51.8
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	18.6	6.3	9.8	7.8	15.1	15.4	5.8	.7	3.3	6.3
<b>FERTILITY</b>										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 631	1 788	1 606	1 685	1 201	1 643	1 640	2 024	1 769	1 788
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>										
Persons 5 years and over	464	798	1 162	1 915	4 118	1 789	2 023	1 173	915	798
Some house	249	606	591	1 055	2 395	864	1 409	880	664	606
Different house in United States	215	183	571	860	1 690	925	614	293	251	183
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	64	26	284	702	1 083	729	198	—	54	26
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	54	97	54	58	118	66	333	171	95	97
Different MSA/PMSA	49	49	143	77	346	79	55	112	87	49
Not in on MSA/PMSA	48	11	90	23	143	51	28	10	15	11
Abroad	—	9	—	—	33	—	—	—	—	9
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>										
Workers 16 years and over	166	242	433	592	1 206	674	583	345	348	242
Car, truck, or van	151	233	385	507	1 155	576	502	335	323	233
Drove alone	133	192	301	307	858	362	453	222	207	192
Carpooled	18	41	84	200	297	214	49	113	116	41
Public transportation	6	—	—	12	—	9	14	—	10	—
Other means	9	9	16	69	39	89	50	10	15	9
Worked at home	—	—	32	4	12	—	17	—	—	—
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	21.4	28.8	17.9	17.6	20.3	20.8	25.2	25.2	23.5	28.8
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	156	215	372	563	1 094	594	527	265	285	215
Central city	128	135	333	488	937	495	285	83	169	135
Outside central city	28	80	39	75	157	99	242	182	116	80
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	10	27	61	29	112	80	56	80	63	27
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>										
Persons 16 years and over	361	629	856	1 416	3 279	1 376	1 508	895	742	629
In labor force	240	295	474	726	1 526	767	748	451	429	295
Employed	177	257	434	615	1 214	687	611	348	354	257
Unemployed	63	38	25	106	312	80	129	103	75	38
Percent of civilian labor force	26.3	12.9	5.4	14.7	20.4	10.4	17.4	22.8	17.5	12.9
Females 16 years and over	186	280	472	838	1 878	797	812	498	365	280
Employed	79	88	220	350	691	329	314	169	148	88
Unemployed	37	19	17	65	131	45	67	49	39	19
With own children under 6 years	34	45	107	157	215	130	96	95	8	45
In labor force	22	11	78	99	140	84	63	64	3	11
With own children 6 to 17 years only	57	70	103	145	313	187	167	105	74	70
In labor force	49	49	92	101	228	133	144	58	59	49
Persons 16 to 19 years	61	49	90	144	395	127	119	102	64	49
Not enrolled in school	—	—	13	22	121	28	28	32	13	—
Unemployed or not in labor force	—	—	—	—	90	28	26	27	6	—
Not high school graduate	—	—	—	15	76	—	25	6	—	—
Employed	—	—	—	15	21	—	2	—	—	—
Unemployed	—	—	—	—	26	—	15	6	—	—
Not in labor force	—	—	—	—	29	—	8	—	—	—
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	249	316	543	724	1 574	790	758	441	419	316
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	210	252	443	576	1 075	545	549	306	296	252
50 to 52 weeks	117	121	203	367	689	369	315	152	177	121
<b>DISABILITY</b>										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	323	476	675	1 139	2 537	1 107	1 132	704	600	476
With a mobility or self-care limitation	24	83	41	73	249	153	86	118	33	83
With a mobility limitation	13	68	—	39	83	40	39	62	19	68
In labor force	—	13	—	9	22	17	—	11	7	13
With a self-care limitation	11	41	41	39	200	137	47	102	26	41
With a work disability	36	109	81	123	387	161	190	93	70	109
In labor force	17	13	26	24	133	52	52	25	5	13
Prevented from working	19	93	55	99	213	109	138	67	49	93
No work disability	287	367	594	1 016	2 150	946	942	611	530	367
In labor force	223	256	433	670	1 319	687	673	405	414	256
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	38	153	98	272	548	269	368	191	142	153
With a mobility or self-care limitation	6	37	33	65	128	76	151	89	71	37
With a mobility limitation	6	37	23	65	105	62	133	76	34	37
With a self-care limitation	6	8	33	22	64	69	61	67	47	8

**Table 23. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Black Persons: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview-- Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County			Harrison County		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County			
		Total	Kilgore city (pt.)	Longview city (pt.)	Total	Marshall city	Tract 2	Tract 4	Tract 9	Tract 11
OCCUPATION										
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	11 996	7 200	494	5 175	4 796	2 950	219	240	151	419
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	460	257	—	230	203	121	—	12	8	17
Professional specialty occupations .....	1 051	616	20	424	435	339	20	51	—	33
Technicians and related support occupations .....	255	187	—	137	68	46	7	—	9	9
Sales occupations .....	773	522	66	350	251	195	19	33	6	32
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	993	655	29	462	338	236	28	19	9	27
Private household occupations .....	382	281	10	216	101	57	—	—	—	44
Protective service occupations .....	143	66	8	34	77	45	4	—	—	—
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	3 053	1 870	135	1 416	1 183	662	51	48	40	84
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	162	61	10	45	101	56	—	—	—	6
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	1 153	666	51	416	487	290	20	25	24	29
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	1 854	1 053	95	723	801	543	33	23	32	89
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	855	544	42	399	311	144	13	19	7	27
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	862	422	28	323	440	216	24	10	16	22
INCOME IN 1989										
Households .....	12 387	7 021	479	4 909	5 366	3 235	170	184	123	432
Less than \$5,000 .....	2 975	1 603	125	1 084	1 372	832	19	—	23	102
\$5,000 to \$9,999 .....	2 346	1 270	111	870	1 076	579	40	—	26	68
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	1 666	902	61	675	764	472	27	23	16	86
\$15,000 to \$24,999 .....	2 263	1 364	81	1 036	899	516	22	75	34	98
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	1 204	682	50	498	522	366	15	31	—	33
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	1 241	708	35	444	533	347	13	31	8	29
\$50,000 to \$74,999 .....	557	387	16	226	170	104	34	24	16	16
\$75,000 to \$99,999 .....	94	64	—	44	30	19	—	—	—	—
\$100,000 or more .....	41	41	—	32	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	12 253	13 222	10 461	13 262	11 341	12 206	14 868	23 500	13 906	12 130
Mean (dollars) .....	17 823	18 826	15 027	18 505	16 510	17 188	22 977	27 641	20 180	15 806
Families .....	8 809	4 980	326	3 408	3 829	2 297	127	96	101	335
Median income (dollars) .....	15 531	16 346	14 926	15 615	14 610	14 994	17 188	27 083	14 844	14 402
Per capita income (dollars) .....	6 212	6 744	5 317	6 696	5 558	5 712	7 524	12 476	5 955	5 222
INCOME TYPE IN 1989										
Households .....	12 387	7 021	479	4 909	5 366	3 235	170	184	123	432
With earnings .....	8 847	5 260	343	3 805	3 587	2 189	151	184	107	343
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	20 179	20 905	14 875	20 365	19 115	19 813	25 117	27 507	18 468	17 125
With Social Security income .....	3 734	1 928	145	1 226	1 806	1 044	8	—	39	106
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	5 468	5 771	7 924	5 641	5 144	5 380	4 272	—	10 007	6 348
With public assistance income .....	2 671	1 305	123	795	1 366	825	29	—	29	107
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	2 827	2 651	3 770	2 613	2 996	3 008	2 406	—	2 054	1 951
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE										
Families (dollars) .....	20 727	21 754	18 988	20 887	19 390	19 874	26 707	31 315	18 476	17 804
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	20 811	21 915	22 665	20 762	19 252	18 649	20 432	35 292	21 770	13 697
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	27 939	30 305	24 772	29 954	24 883	27 253	36 190	33 328	30 625	27 418
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	31 432	33 754	33 109	33 520	28 193	29 551	29 021	50 500	36 871	23 203
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	11 361	10 705	13 506	10 179	12 215	12 246	6 815	14 000	10 304	11 697
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	8 988	8 739	14 875	8 452	9 333	8 840	6 815	14 000	9 334	7 907
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
All Income Levels In 1989										
Families .....	8 809	4 980	326	3 408	3 829	2 297	127	96	101	335
Householder worked in 1989 .....	5 899	3 508	206	2 464	2 391	1 465	108	88	74	255
With related children under 18 years .....	5 651	3 274	196	2 308	2 377	1 459	106	24	67	225
With related children under 5 years .....	2 257	1 320	101	943	937	607	47	10	35	101
Married-couple families .....	4 733	2 668	143	1 764	2 065	1 152	86	86	41	129
Householder worked in 1989 .....	3 499	2 024	77	1 397	1 475	841	80	78	36	96
With related children under 18 years .....	2 700	1 568	86	1 050	1 132	635	65	14	28	79
With related children under 5 years .....	976	638	60	424	338	171	26	—	14	38
Female householder, no husband present .....	3 571	2 020	163	1 455	1 551	1 058	41	10	53	183
Householder worked in 1989 .....	2 096	1 286	109	928	810	571	28	10	31	146
With related children under 18 years .....	2 688	1 541	100	1 150	1 147	788	41	10	39	129
With related children under 5 years .....	1 190	611	41	471	579	424	21	10	21	46
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	4 416	2 524	193	1 865	1 892	1 156	60	111	40	128
Nonfamily householder .....	3 578	2 041	153	1 501	1 537	938	43	88	22	97
65 years and over .....	1 637	812	76	514	825	507	—	—	—	46
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	34 738	19 367	1 262	13 559	15 371	9 137	489	380	447	1 347
Persons under 18 years .....	11 848	6 535	381	4 650	5 313	3 267	174	85	208	533
Related children under 18 years .....	11 742	6 494	381	4 623	5 248	3 226	174	85	208	525
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	8 770	4 788	231	3 382	3 982	2 386	138	56	159	377
Persons 65 years and over .....	4 261	2 087	179	1 309	2 174	1 187	—	—	31	125
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level										
Families .....	3 159	1 790	100	1 287	1 369	814	53	10	37	117
Percent below poverty level .....	35.9	35.9	30.7	37.8	35.8	35.4	41.7	10.4	36.6	34.9
Householder worked in 1989 .....	1 482	879	52	624	603	341	34	10	17	72
With related children under 18 years .....	2 481	1 421	70	1 057	1 060	654	53	10	25	117
With related children under 5 years .....	1 162	643	29	488	519	361	31	10	16	59
Married-couple families .....	867	423	38	301	444	175	16	—	5	19
Householder worked in 1989 .....	349	131	9	96	218	72	10	—	—	7
With related children under 18 years .....	505	237	18	177	268	95	16	—	—	19
With related children under 5 years .....	190	98	—	67	92	30	10	—	—	7
Female householder, no husband present .....	2 110	1 257	62	913	853	598	37	10	32	88
Householder worked in 1989 .....	1 039	690	43	474	349	243	24	10	17	65
With related children under 18 years .....	1 861	1 113	52	813	748	535	37	10	25	88
With related children under 5 years .....	942	520	29	396	422	327	21	10	16	42
Unrelated individuals .....	2 316	1 245	145	786	1 071	606	22	10	6	80
Nonfamily householder .....	1 814	963	113	596	851	480	5	—	6	53
65 years and over .....	994	481	44	263	513	304	—	—	—	23
Persons .....	13 945	7 623	416	5 475	6 322	3 661	176	97	138	536
Percent below poverty level .....	40.1	39.4	33.0	40.4	41.1	40.1	36.0	25.5	30.9	39.8
Persons under 18 years .....	5 986	3 264	118	2 395	2 722	1 693	81	57	62	272
Related children under 18 years .....	5 880	3 223	118	2 368	2 657	1 652	81	57	62	264
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	4 223	2 308	67	1 663	1 915	1 121	61	28	42	168
Persons 65 years and over .....	1 857	915	55	573	942	472	—	—	7	33
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	7 338	3 869	192	2 826	3 469	2 171	101	—	26	275
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	16 751	9 054	517	6 466	7 697	4 437	223	97	233	668



Table 23. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Gregg County—Con.						Kilgore city (pt.), Gregg County	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County	
	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 101	Tract 104	Tract 106	Tract 107	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 3	Tract 4 (pt.)
<b>OCCUPATION</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	666	1 478	142	329	111	439	398	206	240
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	44	69	7	16	—	—	—	—	12
Professional specialty occupations .....	29	194	7	50	20	10	10	17	51
Technicians and related support occupations .....	10	39	6	—	—	10	—	10	—
Sales occupations .....	29	54	—	8	31	44	35	—	33
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	39	183	11	38	11	26	19	18	19
Private household occupations .....	35	43	—	8	—	10	10	5	—
Protective service occupations .....	—	11	—	11	8	—	—	—	—
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	235	376	53	86	7	134	128	56	48
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	11	14	—	—	—	10	10	6	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	43	127	26	22	20	33	33	6	25
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	42	198	15	56	—	104	95	29	23
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	85	84	8	18	2	42	42	40	19
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	64	86	9	16	12	16	16	19	10
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Households .....	860	1 262	148	337	160	406	341	136	184
Less than \$5,000 .....	304	248	21	73	48	105	79	10	—
\$5,000 to \$9,999 .....	194	201	37	50	18	121	101	23	—
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	90	150	24	37	44	27	17	17	23
\$15,000 to \$24,999 .....	171	247	13	41	40	51	51	8	75
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	36	189	5	41	2	50	50	36	31
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	32	109	35	82	8	27	27	25	31
\$50,000 to \$74,999 .....	21	75	13	13	—	16	16	17	24
\$75,000 to \$99,999 .....	—	33	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100,000 or more .....	12	10	—	—	—	9	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	7 573	16 231	13 571	18 466	12 727	8 503	9 216	30 441	23 500
Mean (dollars) .....	12 846	21 946	22 202	21 163	12 499	16 867	16 256	26 269	27 641
Families .....	496	943	112	285	98	270	232	111	96
Median income (dollars) .....	10 682	20 464	16 250	24 145	13 100	15 952	17 143	30 795	27 083
Per capita income (dollars) .....	5 866	7 303	7 345	7 280	4 651	5 832	5 777	8 634	12 476
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>									
Households .....	860	1 262	148	337	160	406	341	136	184
With earnings .....	550	922	105	221	108	294	249	120	184
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	15 163	24 992	22 087	25 654	12 545	16 029	16 203	26 427	27 507
With Social Security income .....	285	382	53	114	53	120	100	34	—
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	5 036	5 375	6 407	6 291	7 559	7 492	8 029	7 786	—
With public assistance income .....	229	206	29	64	48	103	77	—	—
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	2 586	2 849	3 761	2 914	3 329	3 491	3 961	—	—
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>									
Families (dollars) .....	15 021	24 606	25 908	24 020	13 794	22 150	21 132	26 916	31 315
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	15 025	26 339	17 263	21 950	21 296	24 655	22 894	33 120	35 292
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	29 239	31 781	25 108	32 362	15 479	28 373	28 373	32 055	33 328
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	35 286	35 724	12 533	30 952	28 450	34 515	34 515	38 772	50 500
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	6 705	10 724	39 997	14 484	11 066	13 146	14 345	20 524	14 000
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	5 421	8 967	—	9 032	11 898	13 872	15 102	28 964	14 000
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>									
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>									
Families .....	496	943	112	285	98	270	232	111	96
Householder worked in 1989 .....	287	690	58	186	44	204	166	103	88
With related children under 18 years .....	372	597	61	144	53	185	147	73	24
With related children under 5 years .....	135	215	17	44	32	83	71	32	10
Married-couple families .....	173	605	87	153	40	105	105	63	86
Householder worked in 1989 .....	133	491	43	116	20	59	59	55	78
With related children under 18 years .....	101	360	43	74	29	59	59	41	14
With related children under 5 years .....	28	130	9	30	20	42	42	24	—
Female householder, no husband present .....	273	316	10	108	48	146	117	35	10
Householder worked in 1989 .....	115	177	7	59	14	126	97	35	10
With related children under 18 years .....	232	234	10	59	14	117	88	19	10
With related children under 5 years .....	94	82	—	14	12	41	29	8	10
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	410	363	60	63	94	168	117	41	111
Nonfamily householder .....	364	319	36	52	62	136	109	25	88
65 years and over .....	161	160	15	33	21	70	63	8	—
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	1 900	3 707	452	921	415	1 095	880	431	380
Persons under 18 years .....	597	1 233	115	299	137	365	254	155	85
Related children under 18 years .....	585	1 233	115	299	137	365	254	148	85
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	456	967	86	239	77	253	161	100	56
Persons 65 years and over .....	259	450	41	134	56	138	131	30	—
<b>Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>									
Families .....	239	311	36	92	32	99	70	20	10
Percent below poverty level .....	48.2	33.0	32.1	32.3	32.7	36.7	30.2	18.0	10.4
Householder worked in 1989 .....	90	123	—	41	2	81	52	12	10
With related children under 18 years .....	218	218	23	59	11	90	61	12	10
With related children under 5 years .....	72	101	—	14	—	41	29	—	10
Married-couple families .....	12	108	29	8	20	18	18	8	—
Householder worked in 1989 .....	—	31	—	—	—	9	9	—	—
With related children under 18 years .....	12	58	23	—	9	9	9	—	—
With related children under 5 years .....	—	35	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Female householder, no husband present .....	201	197	—	71	12	81	52	5	10
Householder worked in 1989 .....	64	86	—	41	2	72	43	5	10
With related children under 18 years .....	180	160	—	59	2	81	52	5	10
With related children under 5 years .....	72	66	—	14	—	41	29	—	10
Unrelated individuals .....	208	152	23	46	68	119	77	12	10
Nonfamily householder .....	175	134	8	35	36	104	77	5	—
65 years and over .....	90	77	8	23	13	38	31	—	—
Persons .....	944	1 274	141	380	149	460	274	74	97
Percent below poverty level .....	49.7	34.4	31.2	41.3	35.9	42.0	31.1	17.2	25.5
Persons under 18 years .....	400	513	46	168	18	205	105	41	57
Related children under 18 years .....	388	513	46	168	18	205	105	34	57
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	312	375	46	132	18	135	54	34	28
Persons 65 years and over .....	119	206	14	62	24	38	31	16	—
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	687	613	21	123	90	177	109	58	—
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	1 089	1 440	188	450	157	561	375	74	97

Table 23. **Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Black Persons: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County—Con.							
	Tract 5.02	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10	Tract 11 (pt.)	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)
<b>OCCUPATION</b>								
Employed persons 16 years and over -----	242	151	162	419	645	408	644	1 460
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations -----	—	8	4	17	37	17	44	69
Professional specialty occupations -----	17	—	5	33	47	19	29	194
Technicians and related support occupations -----	—	9	—	9	10	29	10	39
Sales occupations -----	37	6	5	32	69	15	29	54
Administrative support occupations, including clerical -----	56	9	—	27	37	26	39	183
Private household occupations -----	—	—	14	44	49	35	26	43
Protective service occupations -----	8	—	7	—	—	—	—	11
Service occupations, except protective and household -----	41	40	71	84	200	113	228	373
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations -----	—	—	5	6	—	6	11	11
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations -----	38	24	13	29	50	34	37	115
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors -----	45	32	19	89	59	81	42	198
Transportation and material moving occupations -----	—	7	4	27	63	23	85	84
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers -----	—	16	15	22	24	10	64	86
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Households -----	172	123	175	432	689	397	844	1 217
Less than \$5,000 -----	27	23	52	102	200	110	295	217
\$5,000 to \$9,999 -----	12	26	56	68	121	49	194	194
\$10,000 to \$14,999 -----	29	16	7	86	125	65	90	150
\$15,000 to \$24,999 -----	55	34	35	98	137	56	164	240
\$25,000 to \$34,999 -----	15	—	18	33	44	24	36	189
\$35,000 to \$49,999 -----	24	8	7	29	44	60	32	109
\$50,000 to \$74,999 -----	—	16	—	16	18	22	21	75
\$75,000 to \$99,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	33
\$100,000 or more -----	10	—	—	—	—	—	12	10
Median (dollars) -----	17 250	13 906	7 374	12 130	10 587	11 732	7 597	17 047
Mean (dollars) -----	26 557	20 180	11 618	15 806	13 683	20 097	12 899	22 525
Families -----	111	101	100	335	465	333	480	933
Median income (dollars) -----	21 339	14 844	13 750	14 402	13 550	11 835	10 758	20 665
Per capita income (dollars) -----	10 442	5 955	4 614	5 222	4 984	6 568	5 917	7 398
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>								
Households -----	172	123	175	432	689	397	844	1 217
With earnings -----	164	107	120	343	473	352	534	912
Mean earnings (dollars) -----	27 783	18 468	12 683	17 125	15 405	20 854	15 486	25 145
With Social Security income -----	—	39	70	106	226	40	269	365
Mean Social Security income (dollars) -----	—	10 007	5 333	6 348	5 184	4 825	5 002	5 474
With public assistance income -----	—	29	14	107	114	48	229	185
Mean public assistance income (dollars) -----	—	2 054	1 716	1 951	3 011	2 325	2 586	2 886
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>								
Families (dollars) -----	33 563	18 476	15 688	17 804	16 407	21 589	15 187	24 801
With own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	40 304	21 770	11 752	13 697	14 360	20 910	15 025	26 750
Married-couple families (dollars) -----	37 428	30 625	21 734	27 418	21 120	34 067	29 654	31 920
With own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	46 676	36 871	14 373	23 203	23 493	38 758	35 286	36 026
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) -----	12 192	10 304	8 603	11 697	11 424	8 280	6 838	10 797
With own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	12 192	9 334	5 200	7 907	7 310	7 899	5 421	9 029
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>								
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>								
Families -----	111	101	100	335	465	333	480	933
Householder worked in 1989 -----	111	74	47	255	307	255	271	690
With related children under 18 years -----	92	67	46	225	271	278	363	587
With related children under 5 years -----	68	35	26	101	120	135	135	212
Married-couple families -----	94	41	53	129	226	140	166	602
Householder worked in 1989 -----	94	36	29	96	144	113	126	491
With related children under 18 years -----	75	28	26	79	95	113	101	357
With related children under 5 years -----	51	14	21	38	55	43	28	127
Female householder, no husband present -----	17	53	40	183	207	182	264	309
Householder worked in 1989 -----	17	31	11	146	139	131	106	177
With related children under 18 years -----	17	39	20	129	152	165	223	227
With related children under 5 years -----	17	21	5	46	59	92	94	82
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined -----	61	40	90	128	297	101	410	323
Nonfamily householder -----	61	22	75	97	224	64	364	284
65 years and over -----	—	—	28	46	107	8	161	132
Persons for whom poverty status is determined -----	435	447	410	1 347	1 969	1 260	1 857	3 621
Persons under 18 years -----	167	208	85	533	619	553	582	1 207
Related children under 18 years -----	167	208	85	525	619	553	570	1 207
Related children 5 to 17 years -----	105	159	36	377	472	322	441	943
Persons 65 years and over -----	—	31	75	125	264	65	246	422
<b>Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>								
Families -----	36	37	35	117	194	174	230	301
Percent below poverty level -----	32.4	36.6	35.0	34.9	41.7	52.3	47.9	32.3
Householder worked in 1989 -----	36	17	11	72	89	102	81	123
With related children under 18 years -----	17	25	28	117	147	157	209	208
With related children under 5 years -----	17	16	13	59	63	89	72	98
Married-couple families -----	19	5	8	19	57	31	12	105
Householder worked in 1989 -----	19	—	—	7	15	10	—	31
With related children under 18 years -----	—	—	8	19	24	22	12	55
With related children under 5 years -----	—	—	8	7	5	10	—	32
Female householder, no husband present -----	17	32	27	88	122	143	192	190
Householder worked in 1989 -----	17	17	11	65	59	92	55	86
With related children under 18 years -----	17	25	20	88	108	135	171	153
With related children under 5 years -----	17	16	5	42	52	79	72	66
Unrelated individuals -----	8	6	62	80	172	27	208	119
Nonfamily householder -----	8	6	56	53	118	27	175	106
65 years and over -----	—	—	19	23	60	8	90	49
Persons -----	108	138	187	536	983	671	914	1 195
Percent below poverty level -----	24.8	30.9	45.6	39.8	49.9	53.3	49.2	33.0
Persons under 18 years -----	45	62	48	272	401	342	385	487
Related children under 18 years -----	45	62	48	264	401	342	373	487
Related children 5 to 17 years -----	30	42	18	168	312	196	297	351
Persons 65 years and over -----	—	7	28	33	112	51	119	178
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>								
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level -----	46	26	111	275	598	292	657	584
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level -----	164	233	197	668	1 120	786	1 059	1 361



Table 23. **Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Black Persons: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Gregg County			Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Harrison County				
	Troct 102	Troct 104 (pt.)	Troct 105	Troct 201.01	Troct 203	Troct 204.01	Troct 204.02	Troct 205
<b>OCCUPATION</b>								
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	227	329	601	611	441	681	1 230	697
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	—	16	4	18	—	29	63	31
Professional specialty occupations .....	2	50	73	38	32	52	161	111
Technicians and related support occupations .....	9	—	18	11	7	13	10	16
Sales occupations .....	15	8	74	4	42	28	97	35
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	13	38	60	7	54	49	86	58
Private household occupations .....	23	8	15	16	7	—	42	8
Protective service occupations .....	—	11	9	24	13	6	18	8
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	59	86	100	204	90	191	275	135
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	—	—	3	12	9	17	30	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	38	22	77	63	51	69	124	58
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	39	56	94	73	103	142	183	120
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	5	18	58	65	20	35	61	37
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	24	16	16	76	13	50	80	80
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Households .....	340	337	593	744	439	774	1 393	787
Less than \$5,000 .....	139	73	78	198	123	208	366	191
\$5,000 to \$9,999 .....	76	50	109	168	44	138	213	222
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	39	37	46	101	55	134	195	93
\$15,000 to \$24,999 .....	52	41	118	152	96	123	237	78
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	3	41	72	67	80	79	118	109
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	12	82	73	38	16	61	220	67
\$50,000 to \$74,999 .....	19	13	77	20	25	31	35	17
\$75,000 to \$99,999 .....	—	—	20	—	—	—	9	10
\$100,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	6 385	18 466	18 102	10 227	14 519	11 404	13 438	9 272
Mean (dollars) .....	11 588	21 163	25 253	13 874	17 471	15 974	18 044	16 151
Families .....	255	285	467	535	342	544	962	554
Median income (dollars) .....	7 239	24 145	24 519	12 250	15 714	14 471	16 092	13 625
Per capita income (dollars) .....	4 070	7 280	8 782	4 854	6 004	5 035	5 679	6 190
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>								
Households .....	340	337	593	744	439	774	1 393	787
With earnings .....	227	221	413	495	318	491	939	517
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	12 901	25 654	30 544	15 582	19 398	19 285	20 216	19 583
With Social Security income .....	101	114	219	309	111	267	489	242
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	5 126	6 291	5 440	4 165	3 918	4 914	5 956	5 227
With public assistance income .....	139	64	97	237	117	301	267	194
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	2 211	2 914	2 126	2 299	2 794	2 913	2 751	3 580
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>								
Families (dollars) .....	12 854	24 020	29 696	16 171	19 173	18 968	20 880	19 414
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	11 124	21 950	33 160	17 961	19 699	16 000	18 747	19 230
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	24 514	32 362	33 887	21 024	24 536	23 558	30 706	26 051
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	27 183	30 952	37 861	30 621	29 553	22 934	34 122	26 832
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	5 793	14 484	15 366	9 649	12 060	14 807	11 801	11 268
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	4 532	9 032	11 139	9 087	10 694	9 144	7 286	10 768
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>								
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>								
Families .....	255	285	467	535	342	544	962	554
Householder worked in 1989 .....	158	186	302	307	257	343	592	322
With related children under 18 years .....	193	144	270	304	222	346	590	359
With related children under 5 years .....	92	44	70	118	88	173	219	148
Married-couple families .....	93	153	364	274	195	242	463	296
Householder worked in 1989 .....	64	116	249	168	156	177	333	201
With related children under 18 years .....	60	74	216	104	106	133	250	177
With related children under 5 years .....	31	30	50	46	35	37	51	58
Female householder, no husband present .....	138	108	99	219	147	263	477	204
Householder worked in 1989 .....	94	59	49	119	101	134	246	105
With related children under 18 years .....	125	59	50	167	116	193	331	163
With related children under 5 years .....	53	14	20	72	53	131	168	82
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	106	63	129	294	121	295	536	262
Nonfamily householder .....	85	52	126	209	97	230	431	233
65 years and over .....	40	33	82	122	42	136	243	113
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	926	921	1 697	2 153	1 240	2 412	3 898	2 075
Persons under 18 years .....	386	299	479	730	467	953	1 390	667
Related children under 18 years .....	372	299	479	709	467	945	1 357	667
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	276	239	407	579	354	685	1 013	491
Persons 65 years and over .....	112	134	247	368	116	292	548	326
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>								
Families .....	148	92	89	223	104	198	333	215
Percent below poverty level .....	58.0	32.3	19.1	41.7	30.4	36.4	34.6	38.8
Householder worked in 1989 .....	84	41	33	83	47	98	108	108
With related children under 18 years .....	129	59	45	144	67	186	265	168
With related children under 5 years .....	70	14	22	59	58	102	123	82
Married-couple families .....	17	8	39	60	42	47	51	51
Householder worked in 1989 .....	10	—	11	13	13	30	17	24
With related children under 18 years .....	17	—	11	14	5	41	35	26
With related children under 5 years .....	17	—	6	—	5	3	14	8
Female householder, no husband present .....	118	71	46	146	62	129	273	142
Householder worked in 1989 .....	74	41	18	62	34	53	91	73
With related children under 18 years .....	112	59	30	122	62	129	221	131
With related children under 5 years .....	53	14	16	59	53	94	109	74
Unrelated individuals .....	64	46	97	196	66	170	249	174
Nonfamily householder .....	53	35	94	129	66	141	172	154
65 years and over .....	33	23	66	90	33	90	114	91
Persons .....	560	380	398	1 065	368	1 066	1 564	893
Percent below poverty level .....	60.5	41.3	23.5	49.5	29.7	44.2	40.1	43.0
Persons under 18 years .....	304	168	113	428	149	547	773	338
Related children under 18 years .....	290	168	113	407	149	539	740	338
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	216	132	89	347	91	364	521	242
Persons 65 years and over .....	49	62	118	228	64	113	175	168
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>								
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	413	123	138	538	166	608	1 113	415
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	639	450	552	1 245	554	1 292	1 734	1 087

Table 23. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Harrison County—Con.		Marshall city, Harrison County				Remainder of Harrison County			
	Tract 206.97	Tract 206.98	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204.01 (pt.)	Tract 204.02 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 201.01 (pt.)	Tract 201.02	Tract 202.98	Tract 206.98 (pt.)
<b>OCCUPATION</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	177	257	434	615	1 214	687	611	348	354	257
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	8	30	—	27	63	31	18	18	6	30
Professional specialty occupations .....	11	—	32	45	156	106	38	11	19	—
Technicians and related support occupations .....	11	—	7	13	10	16	11	—	—	—
Sales occupations .....	14	15	35	28	97	35	4	9	7	15
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	27	24	54	44	80	58	7	7	26	24
Private household occupations .....	2	—	7	—	42	8	16	19	9	—
Protective service occupations .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	34	45	90	162	275	135	204	122	87	45
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	12	2	9	17	30	—	12	11	8	2
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	17	30	51	57	124	58	63	41	34	30
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	2	50	103	137	183	120	73	72	56	50
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	—	36	20	31	56	37	65	20	37	36
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	39	25	13	48	80	75	76	18	59	25
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Households .....	156	314	421	705	1 376	733	744	440	319	314
Less than \$5,000 .....	9	54	123	193	357	159	198	151	72	54
\$5,000 to \$9,999 .....	12	106	35	113	213	218	168	99	74	106
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	42	26	55	134	195	88	101	61	57	26
\$15,000 to \$24,999 .....	32	92	96	110	237	73	152	42	47	92
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	2	2	80	70	115	101	67	43	22	2
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	26	33	7	58	215	67	38	37	35	33
\$50,000 to \$74,999 .....	22	1	25	27	35	17	20	7	12	1
\$75,000 to \$99,999 .....	11	—	—	—	9	10	—	—	—	—
\$100,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	21 705	9 748	14 519	11 592	13 448	9 587	10 227	7 848	11 089	9 748
Mean (dollars) .....	29 460	15 443	17 263	15 981	18 081	16 632	13 874	13 379	15 864	15 443
Families .....	134	235	324	498	954	521	535	311	212	235
Median income (dollars) .....	23 500	18 984	15 714	14 183	15 951	13 844	12 250	10 505	14 118	18 984
Per capita income (dollars) .....	9 096	5 475	5 898	5 179	5 661	6 282	4 854	4 531	5 508	5 475
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>										
Households .....	156	314	421	705	1 376	733	744	440	319	314
With earnings .....	146	198	309	445	931	504	495	256	227	198
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	26 729	18 285	19 031	19 439	20 153	19 995	15 582	17 739	17 813	18 285
With Social Security income .....	45	109	93	238	480	233	309	144	90	109
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	6 855	5 373	4 034	5 066	6 061	4 836	4 165	4 488	5 975	5 373
With public assistance income .....	28	51	108	285	264	168	237	124	47	51
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	5 589	3 991	2 659	3 023	2 741	3 628	2 299	3 419	2 787	3 991
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>										
Families (dollars) .....	33 025	18 057	18 998	18 801	20 789	19 768	16 171	15 589	20 564	18 057
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	40 694	17 500	19 699	16 009	18 747	19 873	17 961	15 891	23 869	17 500
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	46 617	18 226	24 536	23 575	30 657	26 387	21 024	16 754	23 001	18 226
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	46 558	18 874	29 553	24 303	34 122	26 967	30 621	19 134	29 616	18 874
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	19 021	16 630	10 627	14 749	11 801	11 268	9 649	10 666	8 211	16 630
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	28 765	11 023	10 694	8 540	7 286	10 768	9 087	4 848	2 952	11 023
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>										
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>										
Families .....	134	235	324	498	954	521	535	311	212	235
Householder worked in 1989 .....	86	152	257	307	584	317	307	203	129	152
With related children under 18 years .....	104	162	222	304	590	343	304	213	77	162
With related children under 5 years .....	33	46	88	152	219	148	118	90	22	46
Married-couple families .....	67	180	195	212	458	287	274	192	156	180
Householder worked in 1989 .....	67	113	156	156	328	201	168	151	109	113
With related children under 18 years .....	59	117	106	107	250	172	104	134	52	117
With related children under 5 years .....	18	45	35	27	51	58	46	42	6	45
Female householder, no husband present .....	57	48	129	248	477	204	219	97	39	48
Householder worked in 1989 .....	19	37	101	119	246	105	119	42	7	37
With related children under 18 years .....	45	40	116	178	331	163	167	71	21	40
With related children under 5 years .....	15	1	53	121	168	82	72	45	12	1
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	22	87	121	267	527	241	294	141	134	87
Nonfamily householder .....	22	79	97	207	422	212	209	129	107	79
65 years and over .....	—	42	42	122	243	100	122	97	30	42
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	499	845	1 207	2 109	3 866	1 955	2 153	1 282	967	845
Persons under 18 years .....	177	248	467	775	1 390	635	730	432	249	248
Related children under 18 years .....	177	245	467	767	1 357	635	709	432	249	245
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	142	198	354	560	1 013	459	579	323	197	198
Persons 65 years and over .....	38	153	98	272	548	269	368	191	142	153
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>										
Families .....	18	81	104	177	333	200	223	148	49	81
Percent below poverty level .....	13.4	34.5	32.1	35.5	34.9	38.4	41.7	47.6	23.1	34.5
Householder worked in 1989 .....	2	39	47	78	108	108	83	88	30	39
With related children under 18 years .....	18	62	67	165	265	157	144	124	26	62
With related children under 5 years .....	—	36	58	98	123	82	59	44	15	36
Married-couple families .....	2	68	42	35	51	47	60	93	30	68
Householder worked in 1989 .....	2	28	13	18	17	24	13	68	23	28
With related children under 18 years .....	2	51	5	29	35	26	14	80	14	51
With related children under 5 years .....	—	36	5	3	14	8	—	23	3	36
Female householder, no husband present .....	16	13	62	121	273	142	146	53	19	13
Householder worked in 1989 .....	—	11	34	45	91	73	62	18	7	11
With related children under 18 years .....	16	11	62	121	221	131	122	44	12	11
With related children under 5 years .....	—	—	53	91	109	74	59	21	12	—
Unrelated individuals .....	9	48	66	147	240	153	196	82	77	48
Nonfamily householder .....	9	46	66	118	163	133	129	78	56	46
65 years and over .....	—	22	33	79	114	78	90	56	17	22
Persons .....	72	304	368	908	1 555	830	1 065	661	329	304
Percent below poverty level .....	14.4	36.0	30.5	43.1	40.2	42.5	49.5	51.6	34.0	36.0
Persons under 18 years .....	17	93	149	452	773	319	428	257	120	93
Related children under 18 years .....	17	90	149	444	740	319	407	257	120	90
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	17	54	91	286	521	223	347	195	84	54
Persons 65 years and over .....	16	57	64	101	175	132	228	89	32	57
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	9	115	166	524	1 104	377	538	327	178	115
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	94	382	554	1 134	1 725	1 024	1 245	839	470	382



Table 24. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview--Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County	
		Total	Longview city (pt.)
PLACE OF BIRTH			
All persons .....	970	702	477
Native .....	964	696	471
Foreign born .....	6	6	6
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH			
Linguistically isolated households .....	-	-	-
Persons 5 years and over .....	931	667	442
Speak a language other than English .....	55	55	14
Do not speak English "very well" .....	-	-	-
In linguistically isolated households .....	-	-	-
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL			
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school .....	251	169	131
Preprimary school .....	6	6	6
Public school .....	6	6	6
Elementary or high school .....	170	101	86
Public school .....	170	101	86
College .....	75	62	39
Public college .....	61	48	25
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT			
Persons 25 years and over .....	624	446	290
Less than 9th grade .....	35	15	13
9th to 12th grade, no diploma .....	109	80	59
High school graduate (includes equivalency) .....	225	158	85
Some college, no degree .....	175	135	100
Associate degree .....	47	42	28
Bachelor's degree .....	22	5	5
Graduate or professional degree .....	11	11	-
Percent high school graduate or higher .....	76.9	78.7	75.2
Percent bachelor's degree or higher .....	5.3	3.6	1.7
FERTILITY			
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years .....	1 577	1 514	1 221
RESIDENCE IN 1985			
Persons 5 years and over .....	931	667	442
Same house .....	267	167	130
Different house in United States .....	656	492	304
Central city of this MSA/PMSA .....	114	103	93
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA .....	168	139	47
Different MSA/PMSA .....	179	118	82
Not in an MSA/PMSA .....	195	132	82
Abroad .....	8	8	8
JOURNEY TO WORK			
Workers 16 years and over .....	492	398	262
Car, truck, or van .....	455	361	239
Drive alone .....	370	282	222
Carpooled .....	85	79	17
Public transportation .....	-	-	-
Other means .....	23	23	23
Worked at home .....	14	14	-
Mean travel time to work (minutes) .....	20.3	20.7	15.3
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence .....	396	326	246
Central city .....	310	253	208
Outside central city .....	86	73	38
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence .....	96	72	16
LABOR FORCE STATUS			
Persons 16 years and over .....	800	590	371
In labor force .....	557	421	274
Employed .....	522	403	262
Unemployed .....	33	18	12
Percent of civilian labor force .....	5.9	4.3	4.4
Females 16 years and over .....	354	252	138
Employed .....	160	115	56
Unemployed .....	15	6	6
With own children under 6 years .....	51	41	15
In labor force .....	15	14	-
With own children 6 to 17 years only .....	82	52	26
In labor force .....	50	32	19
Persons 16 to 19 years .....	84	61	39
Not enrolled in school .....	23	23	10
Unemployed or not in labor force .....	13	13	6
Not high school graduate .....	6	6	-
Employed .....	6	6	-
Unemployed .....	-	-	-
Not in labor force .....	-	-	-
WORK STATUS IN 1989			
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989 .....	565	422	273
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week .....	456	338	243
50 to 52 weeks .....	346	261	190
DISABILITY			
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years .....	758	561	360
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	24	16	16
With a mobility limitation .....	16	8	8
In labor force .....	-	-	-
With a self-care limitation .....	16	8	8
With a work disability .....	122	88	45
In labor force .....	60	50	21
Prevented from working .....	62	38	24
No work disability .....	636	473	315
In labor force .....	488	370	253
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over .....	23	12	-
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	2	2	-
With a mobility limitation .....	1	1	-
With a self-care limitation .....	1	1	-

Table 25. **Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Persons: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview—Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County	
		Total	Longview city (pt.)
OCCUPATION			
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	522	403	262
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	45	20	20
Professional specialty occupations .....	5	2	—
Technicians and related support occupations .....	5	5	—
Sales occupations .....	36	34	12
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	90	62	20
Private household occupations .....	—	—	—
Protective service occupations .....	26	26	25
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	67	67	63
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	10	—	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	110	84	49
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	41	26	16
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	60	50	48
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	27	27	9
INCOME IN 1989			
Households .....	380	300	206
Less than \$5,000 .....	32	32	24
\$5,000 to \$9,999 .....	44	25	25
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	33	27	—
\$15,000 to \$24,999 .....	91	73	46
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	84	68	68
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	62	57	36
\$50,000 to \$74,999 .....	34	18	7
\$75,000 to \$99,999 .....	—	—	—
\$100,000 or more .....	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	22 500	21 705	25 909
Mean (dollars) .....	25 177	24 419	23 765
Families .....	274	204	133
Median income (dollars) .....	22 054	21 705	22 279
Per capita income (dollars) .....	9 641	8 949	8 742
INCOME TYPE IN 1989			
Households .....	380	300	206
With earnings .....	329	259	174
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	25 686	26 312	25 850
With Social Security income .....	66	49	17
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	4 067	3 085	3 847
With public assistance income .....	23	23	5
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	1 264	1 264	900
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE			
Families (dollars) .....	25 858	24 921	22 766
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	22 296	17 349	16 793
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	29 469	28 576	23 141
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	24 639	17 813	16 308
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	10 777	11 860	16 284
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	12 878	15 800	21 000
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989			
All Income Levels in 1989			
Families .....	274	204	133
Householder worked in 1989 .....	227	161	101
With related children under 18 years .....	132	78	58
With related children under 5 years .....	41	27	12
Married-couple families .....	209	148	111
Householder worked in 1989 .....	172	115	79
With related children under 18 years .....	105	60	52
With related children under 5 years .....	27	15	12
Female householder, no husband present .....	42	35	13
Householder worked in 1989 .....	32	25	13
With related children under 18 years .....	25	18	6
With related children under 5 years .....	12	12	—
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	141	131	94
Nonfamily householder .....	106	96	73
65 years and over .....	—	—	—
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	945	677	458
Persons under 18 years .....	202	132	111
Related children under 18 years .....	202	132	111
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	163	97	76
Persons 65 years and over .....	23	12	—
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level			
Families .....	60	41	31
Percent below poverty level .....	21.9	20.1	23.3
Householder worked in 1989 .....	26	7	7
With related children under 18 years .....	50	31	31
With related children under 5 years .....	12	—	—
Married-couple families .....	43	31	31
Householder worked in 1989 .....	19	7	7
With related children under 18 years .....	43	31	31
With related children under 5 years .....	12	—	—
Female householder, no husband present .....	17	10	—
Householder worked in 1989 .....	7	—	—
With related children under 18 years .....	7	—	—
With related children under 5 years .....	—	—	—
Unrelated individuals .....	31	31	16
Nonfamily householder .....	17	17	9
65 years and over .....	—	—	—
Persons .....	176	100	75
Percent below poverty level .....	18.6	14.8	16.4
Persons under 18 years .....	70	28	28
Related children under 18 years .....	70	28	28
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	63	21	21
Persons 65 years and over .....	10	10	—
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:			
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	111	62	47
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	205	121	84



Table 26. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Asian or Pacific Islander Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview-Marshall, TX MSA
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>	
All persons .....	517
Native .....	246
Foreign born .....	271
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>	
Linguistically isolated households .....	23
Persons 5 years and over .....	497
Speak a language other than English .....	329
Do not speak English "very well" .....	139
In linguistically isolated households .....	51
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>	
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school .....	209
Preprimary school .....	6
Public school .....	-
Elementary or high school .....	150
Public school .....	121
College .....	53
Public college .....	7
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>	
Persons 25 years and over .....	288
Less than 9th grade .....	50
9th to 12th grade, no diploma .....	20
High school graduate (includes equivalency) .....	44
Some college, no degree .....	54
Associate degree .....	6
Bachelor's degree .....	68
Graduate or professional degree .....	46
Percent high school graduate or higher .....	75.7
Percent bachelor's degree or higher .....	39.6
<b>FERTILITY</b>	
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years .....	1 597
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>	
Persons 5 years and over .....	497
Same house .....	250
Different house in United States .....	198
Central city of this MSA/PMSA .....	85
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA .....	11
Different MSA/PMSA .....	76
Not in an MSA/PMSA .....	26
Abroad .....	49
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>	
Workers 16 years and over .....	193
Car, truck, or van .....	177
Drove alone .....	151
Carpooled .....	26
Public transportation .....	10
Other means .....	6
Worked at home .....	-
Mean travel time to work (minutes) .....	18.6
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence .....	165
Central city .....	149
Outside central city .....	16
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence .....	28
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>	
Persons 16 years and over .....	372
In labor force .....	222
Employed .....	193
Unemployed .....	29
Percent of civilian labor force .....	13.1
Females 16 years and over .....	197
Employed .....	85
Unemployed .....	29
With own children under 6 years .....	38
In labor force .....	19
With own children 6 to 17 years only .....	76
In labor force .....	60
Persons 16 to 19 years .....	50
Not enrolled in school .....	-
Unemployed or not in labor force .....	-
Not high school graduate .....	-
Employed .....	-
Unemployed .....	-
Not in labor force .....	-
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>	
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989 .....	238
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week .....	195
50 to 52 weeks .....	104
<b>DISABILITY</b>	
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years .....	341
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	30
With a mobility limitation .....	-
In labor force .....	-
With a self-care limitation .....	30
With a work disability .....	3
In labor force .....	3
Prevented from working .....	-
No work disability .....	338
In labor force .....	219
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over .....	23
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	-
With a mobility limitation .....	-
With a self-care limitation .....	-

Table 27. **Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Asian or Pacific Islander Persons: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview-Marshall, TX MSA
<b>OCCUPATION</b>	
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	193
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	17
Professional specialty occupations .....	40
Technicians and related support occupations .....	7
Sales occupations .....	54
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	11
Private household occupations .....	—
Protective service occupations .....	—
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	7
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	17
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	40
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	—
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	—
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>	
Households .....	129
Less than \$5,000 .....	23
\$5,000 to \$9,999 .....	16
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	—
\$15,000 to \$24,999 .....	35
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	23
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	—
\$50,000 to \$74,999 .....	24
\$75,000 to \$99,999 .....	—
\$100,000 or more .....	8
Median (dollars) .....	22 625
Mean (dollars) .....	35 009
Families .....	112
Median income (dollars) .....	19 868
Per capita income (dollars) .....	9 944
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>	
Households .....	129
With earnings .....	116
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	37 526
With Social Security income .....	25
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	3 264
With public assistance income .....	—
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	—
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>	
Families (dollars) .....	37 728
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	47 436
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	43 912
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	47 436
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	9 000
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	—
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>	
<b>All Income Levels In 1989</b>	
Families .....	112
Householder worked in 1989 .....	98
With related children under 18 years .....	86
With related children under 5 years .....	30
Married-couple families .....	94
Householder worked in 1989 .....	88
With related children under 18 years .....	86
With related children under 5 years .....	30
Female householder, no husband present .....	8
Householder worked in 1989 .....	—
With related children under 18 years .....	—
With related children under 5 years .....	—
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	33
Nonfamily householder .....	17
65 years and over .....	7
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	494
Persons under 18 years .....	176
Related children under 18 years .....	170
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	150
Persons 65 years and over .....	23
<b>Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>	
Families .....	32
Percent below poverty level .....	28.6
Householder worked in 1989 .....	18
With related children under 18 years .....	6
With related children under 5 years .....	6
Married-couple families .....	14
Householder worked in 1989 .....	8
With related children under 18 years .....	6
With related children under 5 years .....	6
Female householder, no husband present .....	8
Householder worked in 1989 .....	—
With related children under 18 years .....	—
With related children under 5 years .....	—
Unrelated individuals .....	13
Nonfamily householder .....	7
65 years and over .....	7
Persons .....	109
Percent below poverty level .....	22.1
Persons under 18 years .....	23
Related children under 18 years .....	17
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	11
Persons 65 years and over .....	23
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>	
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	60
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	123



**Table 28. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990**

[Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview-- Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County			Harrison County		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County		Kilgore city (pt.) , Gregg County	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County
		Total	Kilgore city (pt.)	Longview city (pt.)	Total	Marshall city	Tract 2	Tract 107	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 8
PLACE OF BIRTH										
All persons	5 156	3 863	512	2 988	1 293	608	402	402	402	435
Native	3 108	2 351	263	1 836	757	323	271	201	201	277
Foreign born	2 048	1 512	249	1 152	536	285	131	201	201	158
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH										
Linguistically isolated households	294	251	28	206	43	26	25	20	20	37
Persons 5 years and over	4 319	3 130	491	2 338	1 189	541	336	381	381	287
Speak a language other than English	2 805	2 142	357	1 618	663	375	212	254	254	201
Do not speak English "very well"	1 558	1 142	220	826	416	212	127	170	170	123
In linguistically isolated households	1 025	793	93	632	232	167	65	69	69	101
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1 526	1 043	124	811	483	275	104	110	110	114
Preprimary school	87	63	—	58	24	12	15	—	—	10
Public school	49	34	—	29	15	5	5	—	—	10
Elementary or high school	1 169	763	83	596	406	223	81	83	83	88
Public school	1 092	726	83	559	366	183	81	83	83	88
College	270	217	41	157	53	40	8	27	27	16
Public college	188	150	34	97	38	25	8	20	20	16
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT										
Persons 25 years and over	2 258	1 679	315	1 237	579	236	198	244	244	147
Less than 9th grade	954	763	183	541	191	93	95	156	156	55
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	512	345	62	273	167	62	44	55	55	31
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	254	190	21	166	64	—	21	12	12	29
Some college, no degree	389	251	31	152	138	81	14	21	21	26
Associate degree	46	46	18	25	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bachelor's degree	53	47	—	43	6	—	17	—	—	6
Graduate or professional degree	50	37	—	37	13	—	7	—	—	—
Percent high school graduate or higher	35.1	34.0	22.2	34.2	38.2	34.3	29.8	13.5	13.5	41.5
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	4.6	5.0	—	6.5	3.3	—	12.1	—	—	4.1
FERTILITY										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 759	1 711	1 750	1 783	1 898	2 254	1 826	1 917	1 917	2 677
RESIDENCE IN 1985										
Persons 5 years and over	4 319	3 130	491	2 338	1 189	541	336	381	381	287
Same house	1 311	791	93	596	520	133	84	49	49	43
Different house in United States	2 531	1 933	329	1 431	598	354	227	263	263	225
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	1 236	951	45	865	285	186	133	7	7	182
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	300	204	119	49	96	15	12	109	109	6
Different MSA/PMSA	607	434	47	310	173	133	31	29	29	24
Not in an MSA/PMSA	388	344	118	207	44	20	51	118	118	13
Abroad	477	406	69	311	71	54	25	69	69	19
JOURNEY TO WORK										
Workers 16 years and over	2 262	1 683	334	1 196	579	245	167	255	255	147
Car, truck, or van	1 968	1 476	246	1 094	492	228	160	175	175	130
Drove alone	1 343	1 115	192	812	228	125	113	130	130	119
Carpooled	625	361	54	282	264	103	47	45	45	11
Public transportation	8	8	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other means	267	197	80	102	70	17	7	80	80	17
Worked at home	19	2	—	—	17	—	—	—	—	—
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	17.4	17.6	16.7	17.0	16.6	12.8	21.6	16.4	16.4	18.3
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	1 946	1 457	251	1 059	489	230	133	182	182	128
Central city	1 374	1 057	56	899	317	171	94	31	31	110
Outside central city	572	400	195	160	172	59	39	151	151	18
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	316	226	83	137	90	15	34	73	73	19
LABOR FORCE STATUS										
Persons 16 years and over	3 194	2 365	430	1 720	829	342	250	320	320	205
In labor force	2 455	1 836	390	1 289	619	250	170	301	301	170
Employed	2 318	1 740	344	1 241	578	245	167	255	255	162
Unemployed	126	96	46	48	30	5	3	46	46	8
Percent of civilian labor force	5.2	5.2	11.8	3.7	4.9	2.0	1.8	15.3	15.3	4.7
Females 16 years and over	1 149	848	103	649	301	107	114	84	84	65
Employed	561	404	60	289	157	62	53	41	41	30
Unemployed	63	40	37	3	23	—	3	37	37	—
With own children under 6 years	379	307	13	260	72	28	44	13	13	46
In labor force	148	115	13	85	33	—	26	13	13	17
With own children 6 to 17 years only	239	154	26	115	85	39	18	26	26	8
In labor force	172	109	26	70	63	33	10	26	26	8
Persons 16 to 19 years	307	203	41	137	104	41	25	27	27	11
Not enrolled in school	119	86	6	66	33	10	25	6	6	11
Unemployed or not in labor force	60	46	6	26	14	—	15	6	6	—
Not high school graduate	98	76	6	56	22	10	15	6	6	11
Employed	40	30	—	30	10	10	—	—	—	11
Unemployed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force	58	46	6	26	12	—	15	6	6	—
WORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	2 466	1 810	337	1 317	656	285	184	244	244	168
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	2 053	1 499	251	1 104	554	227	140	172	172	153
50 to 52 weeks	1 270	932	186	663	338	105	108	107	107	114
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	3 074	2 288	416	1 657	786	331	219	320	320	205
With a mobility or self-care limitation	104	58	—	54	46	44	10	—	—	14
With a mobility limitation	7	7	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
In labor force	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	104	58	—	54	46	44	10	—	—	14
With a work disability	100	80	10	51	20	7	—	—	—	—
In labor force	74	67	10	38	7	7	—	—	—	—
Prevented from working	26	13	—	13	13	—	—	—	—	—
No work disability	2 974	2 208	406	1 606	766	324	219	320	320	205
In labor force	2 357	1 758	373	1 247	599	243	166	301	301	170
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	77	56	14	42	21	—	10	—	—	—
With a mobility or self-care limitation	36	24	7	17	12	—	—	—	—	—
With a mobility limitation	17	17	—	17	—	—	—	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	26	14	7	7	12	—	—	—	—	—

**Table 29. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990**

[Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview— Morshall, TX MSA	Gregg County			Horrison County		Totols for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County		Kilgore city (pt.), Gregg County	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County	
		Total	Kilgore city (pt.)	Longview city (pt.)	Total	Morshall city	Tract 2	Tract 107	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 8	
OCCUPATION											
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	2 318	1 740	344	1 241	578	245	167	255	255	162	
Executive, administrative, and monogerial occupations .....	78	59	—	59	19	9	7	—	—	—	
Professional speciolty occupations .....	77	63	11	52	14	9	17	—	—	—	
Technicians and reloted support occupations .....	31	28	8	20	3	—	—	8	8	5	
Soles occupations .....	137	104	19	67	33	—	—	19	19	13	
Administrotive support occupations, including clerical .....	85	65	—	36	20	20	3	—	—	—	
Private household occupations .....	29	29	—	20	—	—	12	—	—	—	
Protective service occupations .....	2	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	414	303	24	271	111	36	23	—	—	15	
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	219	135	68	57	84	18	15	68	68	11	
Precision production, croft, and repoir occupations .....	440	335	91	224	105	50	33	73	73	49	
Machine operators, ossemblers, and inspectors .....	316	248	40	181	68	55	22	30	30	30	
Transportation and materiol moving occupations .....	92	58	12	23	34	8	4	12	12	—	
Hondlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	398	313	71	231	85	40	31	45	45	39	
INCOME IN 1989											
Households .....	1 338	1 040	144	794	298	111	94	90	90	119	
Less than \$5,000 .....	108	82	—	76	26	—	3	—	—	11	
\$5,000 to \$9,999 .....	162	142	29	113	20	10	—	8	8	9	
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	283	214	—	174	69	26	17	—	—	24	
\$15,000 to \$24,999 .....	354	279	41	230	75	32	15	25	25	41	
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	231	176	44	115	55	17	25	36	36	26	
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	141	106	21	62	35	10	30	21	21	—	
\$50,000 to \$74,999 .....	20	10	—	2	10	8	—	—	—	—	
\$75,000 to \$99,999 .....	13	13	—	13	—	—	—	—	—	8	
\$100,000 or more .....	26	18	9	9	8	8	4	—	—	—	
Medion (dollors) .....	17 960	17 754	25 217	17 500	18 750	20 536	30 789	26 304	26 304	18 438	
Meon (dollors) .....	22 461	21 956	27 184	20 627	24 223	30 605	31 759	25 051	25 051	22 397	
Families .....	1 143	884	107	684	259	111	69	74	74	98	
Medion income (dollors) .....	17 446	16 941	27 228	15 364	19 792	20 536	27 292	27 174	27 174	13 833	
Per capito income (dollors) .....	5 743	5 728	8 285	5 304	5 787	5 628	7 441	5 755	5 755	4 375	
INCOME TYPE IN 1989											
Households .....	1 338	1 040	144	794	298	111	94	90	90	119	
With earnings .....	1 241	969	137	739	272	111	85	90	90	119	
Mean earnings (dollors) .....	22 917	22 267	26 135	21 119	25 233	28 924	34 339	24 178	24 178	21 585	
With Social Security income .....	111	104	14	82	7	—	6	—	—	9	
Mean Social Security income (dollors) .....	4 621	4 730	9 088	4 156	3 000	—	5 000	—	—	3 796	
With public osstinance income .....	81	71	—	71	10	7	3	—	—	—	
Meon public osstinance income (dollors) .....	2 616	2 576	—	2 576	2 900	3 500	2 160	—	—	—	
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE											
Families (dollors) .....	21 681	20 893	33 022	18 442	24 371	27 931	32 312	27 362	27 362	16 320	
With own children under 18 yeors (dollors) .....	19 439	19 166	21 840	19 019	20 235	19 303	34 453	21 840	21 840	17 799	
Married-couple families (dollors) .....	23 123	22 511	38 075	20 535	24 944	28 109	33 683	21 840	21 840	19 463	
With own children under 18 yeors (dollors) .....	20 711	20 742	21 840	20 820	20 631	18 590	36 430	21 840	21 840	18 981	
Female householder, no husband present (dollors) .....	16 426	14 924	32 300	12 053	20 933	26 704	2 160	32 300	32 300	24 800	
With own children under 18 yeors (dollors) .....	13 203	12 556	—	12 498	15 662	27 232	2 160	—	—	24 800	
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989											
All Income Levels In 1989											
Families .....	1 143	884	107	684	259	111	69	74	74	98	
Householder worked in 1989 .....	1 026	774	100	587	252	111	58	74	74	87	
With reloted children under 18 yeors .....	864	657	36	546	207	97	52	36	36	82	
With reloted children under 5 yeors .....	517	430	24	365	87	43	38	24	24	68	
Married-couple families .....	827	619	45	497	208	97	66	20	20	52	
Householder worked in 1989 .....	768	560	38	445	208	97	58	20	20	52	
With reloted children under 18 yeors .....	689	499	20	408	190	89	49	20	20	52	
With reloted children under 5 yeors .....	444	359	20	298	85	43	35	20	20	46	
Female householder, no husband present .....	124	93	4	79	31	14	3	4	4	8	
Householder worked in 1989 .....	89	65	4	51	24	14	—	4	4	8	
With reloted children under 18 yeors .....	98	83	4	75	15	8	3	4	4	8	
With reloted children under 5 yeors .....	27	27	4	23	—	—	3	4	4	—	
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	479	338	71	252	141	40	45	41	41	39	
Nonfamily householder .....	195	156	37	110	39	—	25	16	16	21	
65 yeors and over .....	44	23	7	16	21	—	6	—	—	—	
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	5 042	3 770	505	2 908	1 272	587	381	395	395	435	
Persons under 18 yeors .....	2 042	1 518	82	1 269	524	292	152	82	82	230	
Reloted children under 18 yeors .....	2 032	1 508	82	1 265	524	292	152	82	82	230	
Reloted children 5 to 17 yeors .....	1 195	775	61	615	420	225	86	61	61	82	
Persons 65 yeors and over .....	77	56	14	42	21	—	10	—	—	—	
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level											
Families .....	335	266	—	231	69	21	9	—	—	29	
Percent below poverty level .....	29.3	30.1	—	33.8	26.6	18.9	13.0	—	—	29.6	
Householder worked in 1989 .....	259	197	—	168	62	21	6	—	—	18	
With reloted children under 18 yeors .....	305	236	—	207	69	21	9	—	—	18	
With reloted children under 5 yeors .....	207	162	—	150	45	15	3	—	—	18	
Married-couple families .....	252	190	—	161	62	21	6	—	—	18	
Householder worked in 1989 .....	222	160	—	131	62	21	6	—	—	18	
With reloted children under 18 yeors .....	239	177	—	148	62	21	6	—	—	18	
With reloted children under 5 yeors .....	186	141	—	129	45	15	—	—	—	18	
Female householder, no husband present .....	59	52	—	52	7	—	3	—	—	—	
Householder worked in 1989 .....	30	30	—	30	—	—	—	—	—	—	
With reloted children under 18 yeors .....	59	52	—	52	7	—	3	—	—	—	
With reloted children under 5 yeors .....	14	14	—	14	—	—	3	—	—	—	
Unrelated individuals .....	188	148	47	97	40	4	12	33	33	11	
Nonfamily householder .....	87	55	30	25	32	—	12	16	16	—	
65 yeors and over .....	31	10	—	10	21	—	—	—	—	—	
Persons .....	1 719	1 313	101	1 083	406	171	74	87	87	149	
Percent below poverty level .....	34.1	34.8	20.0	37.2	31.9	29.1	19.4	22.0	22.0	34.3	
Persons under 18 yeors .....	910	674	19	576	236	123	41	19	19	72	
Reloted children under 18 yeors .....	900	664	19	572	236	123	41	19	19	72	
Reloted children 5 to 17 yeors .....	549	374	19	300	175	85	17	19	19	25	
Persons 65 yeors and over .....	39	18	—	18	21	—	—	—	—	—	
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:											
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	556	373	49	276	183	114	20	49	49	14	
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	2 369	1 816	208	1 472	553	273	74	194	194	250	



**Table 30. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview-- Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County			Harrison County		Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Gregg County		Kilgore city (pt.) , Gregg County	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County
		Total	Kilgore city (pt.)	Longview city (pt.)	Total	Marshall city	Tract 2	Tract 107	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 8
PLACE OF BIRTH										
All persons	120 086	80 314	6 392	51 082	39 772	13 069	3 413	2 829	2 539	5 869
Native	119 524	79 889	6 381	50 780	39 635	13 021	3 394	2 826	2 536	5 820
Foreign born	562	425	11	302	137	48	19	3	3	49
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH										
Linguistically isolated households	100	69	—	69	31	9	17	—	—	11
Persons 5 years and over	111 891	74 764	6 007	47 554	37 127	12 359	3 195	2 642	2 352	5 376
Speak a language other than English	2 165	1 715	75	1 274	450	145	63	14	14	166
Do not speak English "very well"	576	357	18	286	219	72	22	—	—	44
In linguistically isolated households	133	95	—	95	38	9	17	—	—	11
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	30 571	20 301	1 837	12 489	10 270	3 156	738	895	807	1 572
Preprimary school	2 349	1 664	120	1 108	685	225	93	38	32	105
Public school	1 265	920	39	583	345	95	45	18	12	64
Elementary or high school	21 074	13 476	955	8 151	7 598	2 018	497	470	388	1 218
Public school	19 835	12 487	896	7 453	7 348	1 915	417	453	371	1 201
College	7 148	5 161	762	3 230	1 987	913	148	387	387	249
Public college	5 193	3 959	720	2 194	1 234	382	115	370	370	173
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT										
Persons 25 years and over	78 454	52 526	4 236	33 757	25 928	8 950	2 369	1 731	1 548	3 542
Less than 9th grade	4 874	2 915	387	1 610	1 959	782	187	291	259	211
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	11 683	7 423	595	4 286	4 260	1 546	434	430	348	573
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	23 428	14 407	923	9 352	9 021	2 820	573	403	345	1 122
Some college, no degree	18 879	13 133	1 006	8 627	5 746	1 795	495	381	370	950
Associate degree	5 534	4 141	320	2 523	1 393	405	191	79	79	275
Bachelor's degree	9 440	7 066	586	5 052	2 374	962	345	93	93	271
Graduate or professional degree	4 616	3 441	419	2 307	1 175	640	144	54	54	140
Percent high school graduate or higher	78.9	80.3	76.8	82.5	76.0	74.0	73.8	58.3	60.8	77.9
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	17.9	20.0	23.7	21.8	13.7	17.9	20.6	8.5	9.5	11.6
FERTILITY										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 363	1 343	1 309	1 288	1 405	1 189	1 261	1 480	1 454	1 483
RESIDENCE IN 1985										
Persons 5 years and over	111 891	74 764	6 007	47 554	37 127	12 359	3 195	2 642	2 352	5 376
Same house	59 966	38 269	3 205	23 022	21 697	6 928	1 848	1 330	1 211	2 108
Different house in United States	51 620	36 227	2 797	24 318	15 393	5 420	1 347	1 307	1 136	3 268
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	16 590	12 351	168	10 586	4 239	2 015	494	44	44	1 464
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	11 654	7 183	1 083	2 592	4 471	790	170	529	446	389
Different MSA/PMSA	14 148	9 922	864	6 995	4 226	1 609	448	309	297	1 027
Not in an MSA/PMSA	9 228	6 771	682	4 145	2 457	1 006	235	425	349	388
Abroad	305	268	5	214	37	11	—	5	5	—
JOURNEY TO WORK										
Workers 16 years and over	53 710	36 700	2 774	23 817	17 010	5 655	1 458	1 080	981	2 640
Car, truck, or van	50 700	34 829	2 616	22 627	15 871	5 171	1 383	1 008	918	2 555
Drive alone	44 922	31 327	2 381	20 443	13 595	4 502	1 194	862	804	2 333
Carpooled	5 778	3 502	235	2 184	2 276	669	189	146	114	222
Public transportation	67	61	10	32	6	—	—	—	—	—
Other means	1 723	1 096	79	790	627	327	54	55	55	49
Worked at home	1 220	714	69	368	506	157	21	17	8	36
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	18.0	17.0	14.2	16.3	20.3	16.6	17.8	15.1	14.9	17.3
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	47 582	33 170	2 452	21 933	14 412	5 118	1 330	940	873	2 387
Central city	34 620	24 549	529	19 242	10 071	4 226	1 119	167	145	1 970
Outside central city	12 962	8 621	1 923	2 691	4 341	892	211	773	728	417
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	6 128	3 530	322	1 884	2 598	537	128	140	108	253
LABOR FORCE STATUS										
Persons 16 years and over	92 462	62 195	5 135	40 077	30 267	10 476	2 660	2 227	2 018	4 258
In labor force	57 943	39 449	2 929	25 615	18 494	6 110	1 564	1 184	1 069	2 926
Employed	54 706	37 363	2 822	24 183	17 343	5 785	1 495	1 109	1 010	2 715
Unemployed	3 126	2 038	107	1 400	1 088	292	69	75	59	211
Percent of civilian labor force	5.4	5.2	3.7	5.5	5.9	4.8	4.4	6.3	5.5	7.2
Females 16 years and over	48 726	32 877	2 835	21 154	15 849	5 770	1 433	1 239	1 140	2 260
Employed	23 299	16 028	1 277	10 344	7 271	2 625	632	530	491	1 157
Unemployed	1 634	1 100	36	822	534	133	25	34	25	155
With own children under 6 years	7 555	5 012	309	3 311	2 543	659	217	171	162	436
In labor force	4 069	2 712	152	1 772	1 357	390	137	97	97	295
With own children 6 to 17 years only	8 751	5 795	429	3 476	2 956	827	173	205	179	509
In labor force	6 221	4 215	309	2 596	2 006	638	142	143	127	384
Persons 16 to 19 years	6 881	4 589	403	2 843	2 292	757	107	255	229	320
Not enrolled in school	1 379	950	69	507	429	179	34	62	43	109
Unemployed or not in labor force	526	381	24	194	145	35	15	33	24	58
Not high school graduate	666	483	28	265	183	74	25	38	28	63
Employed	292	206	12	100	86	50	10	22	12	15
Unemployed	84	73	—	66	11	6	—	—	—	20
Not in labor force	290	204	16	99	86	18	15	16	16	28
WORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	62 919	42 629	3 212	27 601	20 290	6 676	1 727	1 349	1 240	3 119
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	49 982	33 813	2 549	22 004	16 169	5 079	1 426	1 062	977	2 470
50 to 52 weeks	35 289	24 164	1 799	15 751	11 125	3 459	1 031	612	557	1 744
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	75 263	50 504	3 801	32 483	24 759	7 653	1 993	1 676	1 505	3 712
With a mobility or self-care limitation	2 561	1 679	227	926	882	289	109	154	136	198
With a mobility limitation	1 582	1 036	152	556	546	166	66	119	108	120
In labor force	308	192	33	111	116	29	—	33	33	37
With a self-care limitation	1 629	1 060	141	606	569	211	82	82	75	154
With a work disability	6 237	3 981	409	2 348	2 256	708	181	326	267	244
In labor force	2 361	1 539	149	987	822	272	58	124	100	72
Prevented from working	3 184	1 999	210	1 094	1 185	350	97	160	125	153
Not a work disability	69 026	46 523	3 392	30 135	22 503	6 945	1 812	1 350	1 238	3 468
In labor force	53 133	36 187	2 509	23 587	16 946	5 445	1 435	966	875	2 788
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	15 825	10 676	1 267	6 824	5 149	2 494	575	551	513	454
With a mobility or self-care limitation	3 127	1 976	292	1 212	1 151	629	139	142	142	100
With a mobility limitation	2 493	1 659	259	1 010	834	462	126	123	123	80
With a self-care limitation	1 996	1 195	161	745	801	468	83	74	74	77



**Table 31. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview-- Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County			Harrison County		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County		Kilgare city (pt.) , Gregg County	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County
		Total	Kilgore city (pt.)	Longview city (pt.)	Total	Marshall city	Tract 2	Tract 107	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 8
OCCUPATION										
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	54 706	37 363	2 822	24 183	17 343	5 785	1 495	1 109	1 010	2 715
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	6 144	4 437	337	2 999	1 707	737	138	58	58	237
Professional specialty occupations .....	7 089	5 083	478	3 414	2 006	905	229	133	133	188
Technicians and related support occupations .....	2 002	1 466	85	946	536	175	73	47	47	85
Sales occupations .....	8 154	5 717	506	3 844	2 437	919	304	201	201	452
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	8 269	5 499	340	3 755	2 770	976	175	64	59	448
Private household occupations .....	193	128	8	75	65	—	—	17	8	23
Protective service occupations .....	771	529	21	329	242	80	13	—	—	24
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	4 909	3 559	276	2 276	1 350	508	173	218	177	394
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	682	347	8	191	335	58	—	8	8	8
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	8 316	5 201	338	3 198	3 115	737	165	127	116	386
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	3 858	2 576	161	1 546	1 282	338	110	74	74	231
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	2 685	1 740	135	982	945	221	58	105	78	137
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	1 634	1 081	129	628	553	131	57	57	51	102
INCOME IN 1989										
Households .....	46 743	31 658	2 713	20 585	15 085	5 232	1 414	1 122	1 027	2 146
Less than \$5,000 .....	3 027	1 987	219	1 164	1 040	377	97	178	163	100
\$5,000 to \$9,999 .....	4 597	3 107	350	1 983	1 490	664	207	244	218	215
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	4 278	2 821	274	1 854	1 457	604	134	117	117	216
\$15,000 to \$24,999 .....	8 821	5 705	497	3 735	3 116	1 122	269	202	180	476
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	7 926	5 311	460	3 428	2 615	850	161	164	145	431
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	8 810	6 062	384	3 878	2 748	729	227	141	128	455
\$50,000 to \$74,999 .....	6 309	4 461	265	3 048	1 848	589	219	30	30	214
\$75,000 to \$99,999 .....	1 609	1 140	108	824	469	139	36	20	20	39
\$100,000 or more .....	1 366	1 064	156	671	302	158	64	26	26	—
Median (dollars) .....	27 755	28 744	25 286	29 193	26 284	23 565	25 000	15 833	15 680	26 115
Mean (dollars) .....	34 502	35 658	34 117	36 456	32 076	32 589	36 592	22 509	23 033	28 683
Families .....	34 005	22 433	1 660	14 275	11 572	3 578	890	649	579	1 680
Median income (dollars) .....	33 342	35 065	32 878	36 006	30 693	28 510	35 326	25 566	25 781	27 800
Per capita income (dollars) .....	13 537	14 217	14 597	14 880	12 166	13 149	15 283	9 305	9 741	10 693
INCOME TYPE IN 1989										
Households .....	46 743	31 658	2 713	20 585	15 085	5 232	1 414	1 122	1 027	2 146
With earnings .....	37 057	25 157	1 972	16 451	11 900	3 799	1 052	731	670	1 853
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	34 255	35 273	32 101	36 042	32 104	33 401	38 173	23 522	23 950	28 987
With Social Security income .....	13 431	9 093	1 085	5 687	4 338	1 857	505	542	491	442
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	8 031	8 104	8 141	8 191	7 877	8 242	8 958	6 586	6 612	6 996
With public assistance income .....	2 035	1 229	70	762	806	380	63	66	64	120
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	3 190	3 010	4 287	3 191	3 463	3 075	2 646	1 839	2 377	3 359
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE										
Families (dollars) .....	39 832	41 752	43 333	43 019	36 112	38 282	46 707	29 408	30 533	30 912
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	39 179	40 580	38 786	42 441	36 480	40 723	43 111	29 255	30 244	29 972
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	42 465	44 792	47 402	46 274	38 083	40 991	49 704	32 925	33 803	33 416
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	42 856	44 840	42 763	47 369	39 230	44 627	46 498	31 419	32 502	33 557
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	20 308	20 077	22 378	20 155	20 834	21 529	23 686	23 105	25 104	16 457
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	15 465	15 679	18 622	15 281	14 836	10 853	3 876	21 667	22 193	14 211
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
All Income Levels In 1989										
Families .....	33 836	22 408	1 697	14 265	11 410	3 643	877	642	592	1 562
Householder worked in 1989 .....	27 426	18 389	1 236	11 741	9 115	2 886	682	439	402	1 341
With related children under 18 years .....	17 642	11 762	811	7 438	5 971	1 818	428	369	343	1 009
With related children under 5 years .....	7 025	4 803	322	3 144	2 298	654	201	165	168	356
Married-couple families .....	28 509	18 682	1 343	11 849	9 752	3 017	750	444	396	1 234
Householder worked in 1989 .....	23 597	15 619	1 002	9 881	7 991	2 457	608	313	280	1 082
With related children under 18 years .....	14 162	9 256	589	5 807	4 907	1 441	345	257	223	743
With related children under 5 years .....	5 810	3 941	225	2 601	1 923	519	168	102	102	294
Female householder, no husband present .....	4 309	3 044	281	1 963	1 332	503	113	172	170	241
Householder worked in 1989 .....	2 988	2 157	188	1 433	893	330	60	112	108	172
With related children under 18 years .....	2 860	2 082	183	1 358	855	306	75	98	106	198
With related children under 5 years .....	1 071	755	85	500	325	113	28	63	66	62
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	14 616	10 594	1 198	7 102	3 979	1 763	624	587	533	547
Nonfamily householder .....	12 449	9 011	1 013	6 135	3 386	1 516	507	487	455	460
65 years and over .....	5 298	3 662	500	2 170	1 641	784	267	291	267	142
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	116 585	77 810	6 066	49 288	38 714	12 322	3 243	2 605	2 351	5 607
Persons under 18 years .....	30 351	19 778	1 363	12 159	10 573	2 886	792	629	564	1 774
Related children under 18 years .....	30 190	19 733	1 355	12 136	10 457	2 855	792	621	556	1 774
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	22 071	14 251	970	8 657	7 820	2 158	579	434	369	1 291
Persons 65 years and over .....	15 410	10 311	1 245	6 460	5 091	2 254	557	557	526	455
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level										
Families .....	3 347	2 142	195	1 311	1 246	453	140	151	139	148
Percent below poverty level .....	9.8	9.5	11.7	9.2	10.8	12.7	15.7	23.3	24.0	8.8
Householder worked in 1989 .....	1 919	1 261	90	730	694	283	109	83	71	81
With related children under 18 years .....	2 403	1 653	129	1 087	824	314	121	101	92	126
With related children under 5 years .....	1 207	860	80	541	368	134	75	63	66	59
Married-couple families .....	1 670	928	60	535	736	221	82	36	35	73
Householder worked in 1989 .....	1 006	580	24	305	437	147	65	18	17	47
With related children under 18 years .....	992	611	42	392	400	118	63	24	17	57
With related children under 5 years .....	457	337	24	198	134	26	52	17	17	31
Female householder, no husband present .....	1 505	1 155	109	758	410	182	58	89	78	75
Householder worked in 1989 .....	834	655	52	425	204	95	44	51	40	34
With related children under 18 years .....	1 284	995	73	677	344	152	58	63	61	69
With related children under 5 years .....	699	502	56	334	204	93	23	46	49	28
Unrelated individuals .....	3 908	2 539	303	1 474	1 361	532	148	261	191	118
Nonfamily householder .....	2 933	1 876	204	1 136	1 049	383	88	190	142	84
65 years and over .....	1 542	957	106	509	571	230	44	104	87	51
Persons .....	13 340	8 366	796	4 971	5 007	1 881	486	627	515	565
Percent below poverty level .....	11.4	10.8	13.1	10.1	12.9	15.3	15.0	24.1	21.9	10.1
Persons under 18 years .....	3 852	2 420	161	1 518	1 432	502	136	108	93	230
Related children under 18 years .....	3 732	2 378	153	1 498	1 354	479	136	100	85	230
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	2 473	1 461	77	948	1 012	387	84	56	41	130
Persons 65 years and over .....	2 355	1 390	147	806	955	382	56	136	119	72
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	5 086	3 334	407	1 928	1 756	574	169	323	281	115
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	18 355	11 540	1 038	7 049	6 863	2 419	630	825	697	945



Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview-Morrell, TX MSA	Gregg County			Harrison County			Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County		
		Total	Kilgore city (pt.)	Longview city (pt.)	Total	Longview city (pt.)	Marshall city	Tract 2	Tract 4	Tract 9
All housing units-----	68 170	44 689	3 763	29 620	23 481	655	9 683	1 835	2 986	1 197
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990-----	591	246	31	119	345	26	23	11	-	-
1985 to 1988-----	4 406	2 547	146	1 358	1 859	41	318	242	308	32
1980 to 1984-----	11 558	7 800	589	5 153	3 758	56	790	429	853	45
1970 to 1979-----	18 011	12 433	637	8 298	5 578	286	1 294	477	911	340
1960 to 1969-----	12 113	8 393	571	6 074	3 720	135	1 902	296	497	249
1950 to 1959-----	9 481	6 538	654	4 603	2 943	83	1 786	170	285	337
1940 to 1949-----	5 871	3 644	650	2 191	2 227	-	1 538	65	99	104
1939 or earlier-----	6 139	3 088	485	1 824	3 051	28	2 032	145	33	90
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom-----	556	331	63	229	225	-	50	29	53	-
1 bedroom-----	7 142	5 313	523	4 159	1 829	80	931	273	824	94
2 bedrooms-----	23 145	14 769	1 449	9 925	8 376	170	3 532	653	953	520
3 bedrooms-----	31 645	20 657	1 467	13 029	10 988	381	4 316	782	1 070	546
4 bedrooms-----	5 159	3 321	249	2 151	1 838	19	791	69	78	37
5 or more bedrooms-----	523	298	12	127	225	5	63	29	8	-
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units-----	43	38	-	38	5	-	-	-	13	-
Renter-occupied condominium housing units-----	342	297	15	241	45	-	41	-	85	-
Vacant condominium housing units-----	45	43	-	43	2	-	-	-	7	-
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities-----	67 310	44 218	3 658	29 510	23 092	649	9 587	1 809	2 986	1 197
Source of water, public system or private company-----	61 848	43 257	3 763	29 383	18 591	612	9 504	1 803	2 967	1 192
Sewage disposal, public sewer-----	49 116	37 511	3 659	28 710	11 605	530	8 939	1 468	2 909	1 092
Lacking complete plumbing facilities-----	839	375	35	91	464	8	97	17	-	-
Owner-occupied housing units-----	477	217	9	42	260	8	54	7	-	-
Renter-occupied housing units-----	235	91	17	43	144	-	30	10	-	-
Occupied housing units-----	60 732	40 027	3 320	26 589	20 705	612	8 622	1 692	2 766	1 024
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas-----	31 569	21 482	2 108	15 601	10 087	326	6 774	849	1 018	772
Bottled, tank, or LP gas-----	3 738	1 322	29	225	2 416	14	81	6	10	14
Electricity-----	23 882	16 632	1 155	10 568	7 250	257	1 665	819	1 726	238
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.-----	36	19	-	-	17	-	7	-	-	-
All other fuels-----	1 437	542	28	177	895	15	75	18	12	-
No fuel used-----	70	30	-	18	40	-	20	-	-	-
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None-----	5 179	3 015	301	2 111	2 164	-	1 403	194	124	98
1-----	21 484	15 003	1 498	10 379	6 481	192	3 175	560	1 316	415
2-----	23 440	15 376	1 075	10 124	8 064	291	2 726	614	977	381
3 or more-----	10 629	6 633	446	3 975	3 996	129	1 318	324	349	130
Vehicles per household-----	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.6
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units-----	40 882	25 292	2 007	15 364	15 590	452	5 637	1 077	1 107	662
1989 to March 1990-----	3 595	2 233	110	1 459	1 362	58	430	98	147	53
1985 to 1988-----	8 829	5 602	229	3 414	3 227	80	723	281	260	157
1980 to 1984-----	7 503	4 529	344	2 619	2 974	101	901	183	145	118
1970 to 1979-----	10 468	6 634	496	4 052	3 834	107	1 216	263	297	158
1969 or earlier-----	10 487	6 294	828	3 820	4 193	106	2 367	252	258	176
Renter-occupied housing units-----	19 850	14 735	1 313	11 225	5 115	160	2 985	615	1 659	362
1989 to March 1990-----	9 598	7 582	652	5 839	2 376	101	1 346	342	977	174
1985 to 1988-----	7 150	5 421	533	4 170	1 729	44	986	230	592	149
1980 to 1984-----	1 546	996	64	729	550	10	337	35	72	22
1970 to 1979-----	740	477	38	321	263	-	179	3	18	12
1969 or earlier-----	456	259	26	166	197	5	137	5	-	5
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit-----	5 978	3 635	357	2 413	2 343	58	1 078	204	136	71
Householder 65 years and over-----	14 567	9 299	1 088	5 810	5 268	95	2 848	449	495	313
Owner-occupied housing units-----	11 992	7 417	884	4 403	4 575	89	2 369	279	392	289
Lacking complete plumbing facilities-----	309	163	21	38	146	-	49	7	-	-
No telephone in unit-----	530	286	19	192	244	5	109	11	12	-
No vehicle available-----	2 302	1 339	178	901	963	-	607	113	55	52
Complete plumbing facilities-----	60 020	39 719	3 294	26 504	20 301	604	8 538	1 675	2 766	1 024
1.00 or less persons per room-----	57 460	38 050	3 188	25 341	19 410	599	8 157	1 604	2 742	959
1.01 or more persons per room-----	2 560	1 669	106	1 163	891	5	381	71	24	65
Lacking complete plumbing facilities-----	712	308	26	85	404	8	84	17	-	-
1.00 or less persons per room-----	655	294	26	85	361	8	78	17	-	-
1.01 or more persons per room-----	57	14	-	-	43	-	6	-	-	-
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)-----	35 593	38 107	33 614	40 727	31 515	38 155	33 374	43 783	38 707	24 051
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)-----	20 370	20 957	22 710	20 794	18 679	16 425	17 235	18 573	27 775	17 965
Household income in 1989 below poverty level-----	11 194	6 815	616	4 445	4 379	59	2 153	237	263	196
Owner-occupied housing units-----	5 356	2 887	260	1 549	2 469	6	947	72	86	80
Renter-occupied housing units-----	5 838	3 928	356	2 896	1 910	53	1 206	165	177	116

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County—Con.								
	Tract 11	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 101	Tract 103	Tract 104	Tract 106	Tract 107	Tract 108.98
All housing units-----	1 315	1 874	1 763	1 678	2 985	2 449	2 395	1 954	-
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>									
1989 to March 1990-----	-	-	-	14	17	38	31	-	-
1985 to 1988-----	10	6	51	164	292	261	138	87	-
1980 to 1984-----	23	116	88	500	796	522	523	201	-
1970 to 1979-----	219	366	370	610	1 025	915	480	258	-
1960 to 1969-----	270	412	601	160	592	265	503	210	-
1950 to 1959-----	235	570	516	83	121	144	362	374	-
1940 to 1949-----	243	258	107	82	45	184	231	430	-
1939 or earlier-----	315	146	30	65	97	120	127	394	-
<b>BEDROOMS</b>									
No bedroom-----	5	58	3	4	8	8	48	15	-
1 bedroom-----	181	393	82	78	137	60	205	352	-
2 bedrooms-----	580	729	557	397	983	757	756	914	-
3 bedrooms-----	479	618	1 041	980	1 565	1 427	1 187	588	-
4 bedrooms-----	67	76	57	194	252	169	190	82	-
5 or more bedrooms-----	3	-	23	25	40	28	9	3	-
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>									
Owner-occupied condominium housing units-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Renter-occupied condominium housing units-----	-	44	-	-	41	-	15	-	-
Vacant condominium housing units-----	-	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
Complete kitchen facilities-----	1 315	1 833	1 731	1 644	2 969	2 401	2 395	1 829	-
Source of water, public system or private company-----	1 315	1 855	1 758	1 197	2 845	2 138	2 365	1 907	-
Sewage disposal, public sewer-----	1 304	1 787	1 645	397	2 523	442	2 119	1 791	-
Locking complete plumbing facilities-----	-	37	33	23	15	76	8	54	-
Owner-occupied housing units-----	-	37	21	17	10	60	8	9	-
Renter-occupied housing units-----	-	-	5	6	-	5	-	24	-
Occupied housing units-----	1 077	1 591	1 580	1 542	2 767	2 234	2 194	1 615	-
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>									
Utility gas-----	896	1 134	1 234	212	1 197	565	1 145	1 227	-
Bottled, tank, or LP gas-----	16	10	-	167	83	447	13	16	-
Electricity-----	160	425	346	1 102	1 420	1 127	1 005	349	-
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.-----	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-
All other fuels-----	5	19	-	61	67	87	31	23	-
No fuel used-----	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>									
None-----	220	279	220	24	82	69	74	257	-
1-----	523	739	628	373	790	741	858	795	-
2-----	211	424	426	758	1 223	865	872	398	-
3 or more-----	123	149	306	387	672	559	390	165	-
Vehicles per household-----	1.3	1.3	1.6	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.3	-
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units-----	495	806	1 112	1 281	1 824	1 881	1 401	972	-
1989 to March 1990-----	10	48	51	113	203	146	62	87	-
1985 to 1988-----	73	117	174	347	480	470	228	112	-
1980 to 1984-----	87	93	151	371	446	405	237	167	-
1970 to 1979-----	99	181	363	298	423	478	338	270	-
1969 or earlier-----	226	367	373	152	272	382	536	336	-
Renter-occupied housing units-----	582	785	468	261	943	353	793	643	-
1989 to March 1990-----	220	325	190	158	555	131	430	285	-
1985 to 1988-----	253	294	210	45	359	148	291	276	-
1980 to 1984-----	55	83	22	20	19	59	45	24	-
1970 to 1979-----	43	61	24	33	10	-	20	33	-
1969 or earlier-----	11	22	22	5	-	15	7	25	-
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
No telephone in unit-----	201	266	203	55	190	217	119	258	-
Householder 65 years and over-----	337	460	423	226	254	582	671	519	-
Owner-occupied housing units-----	254	351	349	198	196	545	568	396	-
Locking complete plumbing facilities-----	-	24	26	7	-	40	-	27	-
No telephone in unit-----	31	49	26	-	6	34	-	9	-
No vehicle available-----	54	133	99	-	44	19	50	134	-
Complete plumbing facilities-----	1 077	1 554	1 554	1 519	2 757	2 169	2 186	1 582	-
1.00 or less persons per room-----	987	1 469	1 439	1 463	2 660	2 090	2 155	1 480	-
1.01 or more persons per room-----	90	85	115	56	97	79	31	102	-
Locking complete plumbing facilities-----	-	37	26	23	10	65	8	33	-
1.00 or less persons per room-----	-	37	26	16	10	59	8	33	-
1.01 or more persons per room-----	-	-	-	7	-	6	-	-	-
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)-----	37 729	23 765	27 022	45 487	38 252	29 885	41 289	21 400	-
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)-----	16 997	13 889	11 744	26 935	22 823	23 506	26 550	15 718	-
Household income in 1989 below poverty level-----	309	500	539	121	341	396	190	557	-
Owner-occupied housing units-----	83	192	243	84	119	329	95	252	-
Renter-occupied housing units-----	226	308	296	37	222	67	95	305	-



Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Gregg County—Con.		Kilgore city (pt.), Gregg County				Longview city (pt.), Gregg County			
	Tract 109.98	Tract 114.98	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 106 (pt.)	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 114.98 (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3	Tract 4 (pt.)
All housing units -----	13	-	37	1 980	1 746	-	240	1 239	2 349	2 986
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990 -----	-	-	-	31	-	-	-	5	6	-
1985 to 1988 -----	-	-	-	69	77	-	22	135	49	308
1980 to 1984 -----	6	-	-	406	183	-	43	291	403	853
1970 to 1979 -----	7	-	17	381	239	-	70	322	679	911
1960 to 1969 -----	-	-	-	402	169	-	14	158	868	497
1950 to 1959 -----	-	-	20	353	281	-	6	135	255	285
1940 to 1949 -----	-	-	-	231	419	-	64	54	32	99
1939 or earlier -----	-	-	-	107	378	-	21	139	57	33
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom -----	-	-	-	48	15	-	2	29	-	53
1 bedroom -----	-	-	-	200	323	-	162	259	402	824
2 bedrooms -----	-	-	-	617	832	-	25	593	506	953
3 bedrooms -----	13	-	37	939	491	-	31	314	1 169	1 070
4 bedrooms -----	-	-	-	167	82	-	20	31	272	78
5 or more bedrooms -----	-	-	-	9	3	-	-	13	-	8
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	13
Renter-occupied condominium housing units -----	-	-	-	15	-	-	11	-	57	85
Vacant condominium housing units -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	7
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities -----	13	-	32	1 980	1 646	-	238	1 213	2 349	2 986
Source of water, public system or private company -----	13	-	37	1 980	1 746	-	228	1 234	2 349	2 967
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	13	-	5	1 950	1 704	-	234	1 222	2 342	2 909
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	-	-	-	-	30	-	2	17	-	-
Owner-occupied housing units -----	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	7	-	-
Renter-occupied housing units -----	-	-	5	-	12	-	2	10	-	-
Occupied housing units -----	-	-	37	1 827	1 456	-	200	1 121	2 213	2 766
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas -----	-	-	12	1 014	1 082	-	64	601	1 143	1 018
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	-	-	20	-	9	-	-	-	22	10
Electricity -----	-	-	-	813	342	-	136	508	1 031	1 726
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All other fuels -----	-	-	5	-	23	-	-	12	6	12
No fuel used -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None -----	-	-	-	72	229	-	84	182	98	124
1 -----	-	-	25	752	721	-	105	496	808	1 316
2 -----	-	-	12	711	352	-	5	284	996	977
3 or more -----	-	-	-	292	154	-	6	159	311	349
Vehicles per household -----	-	-	1.3	1.7	1.3	-	.7	1.4	1.7	1.6
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units -----	-	-	20	1 126	861	-	22	538	1 286	1 107
1989 to March 1990 -----	-	-	-	47	63	-	-	56	83	147
1985 to 1988 -----	-	-	-	138	91	-	-	115	249	260
1980 to 1984 -----	-	-	-	207	137	-	-	97	152	145
1970 to 1979 -----	-	-	-	255	241	-	17	103	410	297
1969 or earlier -----	-	-	20	479	329	-	5	167	392	258
Renter-occupied housing units -----	-	-	17	701	595	-	178	583	927	1 659
1989 to March 1990 -----	-	-	-	383	269	-	76	325	442	977
1985 to 1988 -----	-	-	17	246	270	-	41	220	343	592
1980 to 1984 -----	-	-	-	45	19	-	45	35	93	72
1970 to 1979 -----	-	-	-	20	18	-	11	3	13	18
1969 or earlier -----	-	-	-	7	19	-	5	-	36	-
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit -----	-	-	25	96	236	-	16	198	100	136
Householder 65 years and over -----	-	-	10	602	476	-	139	335	670	495
Owner-occupied housing units -----	-	-	10	499	375	-	16	170	434	392
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	-	-	-	-	21	-	-	7	-	-
No telephone in unit -----	-	-	10	-	9	-	12	11	11	12
No vehicle available -----	-	-	-	50	128	-	55	101	83	55
Complete plumbing facilities -----	-	-	32	1 827	1 435	-	198	1 104	2 213	2 766
1.00 or less persons per room -----	-	-	20	1 810	1 358	-	198	1 045	2 188	2 742
1.01 or more persons per room -----	-	-	12	17	77	-	-	59	25	24
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	-	-	5	-	21	-	2	17	-	-
1.00 or less persons per room -----	-	-	5	-	21	-	2	17	-	-
1.01 or more persons per room -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	-	-	20 653	43 546	20 925	-	16 834	34 481	61 891	38 707
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	-	-	44 471	27 886	15 991	-	9 112	17 463	24 140	27 775
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	-	-	-	153	463	-	91	196	209	263
Owner-occupied housing units -----	-	-	-	70	190	-	5	40	77	86
Renter-occupied housing units -----	-	-	-	83	273	-	86	156	132	177

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County—Con.									
	Tract 5.01	Tract 5.02	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10	Tract 11 (pt.)	Tract 12	Tract 13
All housing units.....	1 634	1 970	2 466	2 091	2 447	1 162	1 044	1 315	1 303	1 894
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990.....	45	10	40	13	—	—	—	—	—	—
1985 to 1988.....	143	61	209	98	72	32	7	10	—	—
1980 to 1984.....	429	506	936	218	515	45	7	23	—	—
1970 to 1979.....	779	694	924	677	763	328	122	219	233	254
1960 to 1969.....	203	344	262	726	549	249	188	270	144	302
1950 to 1959.....	35	306	73	289	325	314	435	235	379	410
1940 to 1949.....	—	28	5	64	102	104	174	243	357	473
1939 or earlier.....	—	21	17	6	121	90	111	315	190	455
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom.....	10	20	7	—	9	—	—	5	5	16
1 bedroom.....	111	481	422	62	138	94	161	181	78	211
2 bedrooms.....	185	575	445	530	950	520	519	580	691	916
3 bedrooms.....	766	803	1 304	1 316	1 259	511	335	479	488	578
4 bedrooms.....	532	91	279	170	91	37	29	67	41	152
5 or more bedrooms.....	30	—	9	13	—	—	—	3	—	21
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	11	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units.....	—	18	—	—	22	—	4	—	—	—
Vacant condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities.....	1 634	1 966	2 466	2 091	2 447	1 162	1 040	1 315	1 299	1 882
Source of water, public system or private company.....	1 634	1 970	2 466	2 091	2 447	1 162	1 044	1 315	1 298	1 894
Sewage disposal, public sewer.....	1 617	1 958	2 430	2 082	2 370	1 092	1 031	1 304	1 298	1 894
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	5	12	—	4	—	—	—	—	4	13
Owner-occupied housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7
Renter-occupied housing units.....	5	12	—	4	—	—	—	—	4	—
Occupied housing units.....	1 551	1 732	2 314	1 970	2 328	989	906	1 077	1 101	1 462
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas.....	856	705	988	1 326	1 360	747	714	896	961	1 196
Bottled, tank, or LP gas.....	19	7	—	—	18	14	6	16	14	7
Electricity.....	676	1 020	1 289	637	920	228	169	160	119	259
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All other fuels.....	—	—	37	7	30	—	17	5	—	—
No fuel used.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None.....	12	79	—	30	124	98	156	220	228	201
1.....	355	739	733	658	854	410	379	523	512	626
2.....	848	743	1 111	862	1 019	351	317	211	275	503
3 or more.....	336	171	470	420	331	130	54	123	86	132
Vehicles per household.....	2.1	1.6	1.9	1.9	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.4
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units.....	1 217	890	1 486	1 347	1 263	637	534	495	726	842
1989 to March 1990.....	155	123	229	100	121	53	33	10	37	104
1985 to 1988.....	348	236	419	252	337	157	106	73	108	140
1980 to 1984.....	290	108	344	180	227	118	79	87	70	133
1970 to 1979.....	359	239	415	432	318	146	115	99	178	174
1969 or earlier.....	65	184	79	383	260	163	201	226	333	291
Renter-occupied housing units.....	334	842	828	623	1 065	352	372	582	375	620
1989 to March 1990.....	194	519	491	296	662	174	82	220	153	318
1985 to 1988.....	114	265	319	272	344	139	197	253	147	202
1980 to 1984.....	16	38	18	55	26	22	57	55	26	62
1970 to 1979.....	6	6	—	—	21	12	33	43	17	38
1969 or earlier.....	4	14	—	—	12	5	3	11	32	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit.....	40	120	88	123	237	71	110	201	186	228
Householder 65 years and over.....	267	308	292	340	334	288	230	337	380	418
Owner-occupied housing units.....	245	270	216	255	256	264	177	254	333	346
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7
No telephone in unit.....	—	—	—	—	10	—	5	31	19	—
No vehicle available.....	—	15	—	14	61	52	61	54	94	50
Complete plumbing facilities.....	1 546	1 720	2 314	1 966	2 328	989	906	1 077	1 097	1 455
1.00 or less persons per room.....	1 537	1 637	2 267	1 919	2 146	924	845	987	994	1 359
1.01 or more persons per room.....	9	83	47	47	182	65	61	90	103	96
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	5	12	—	4	—	—	—	—	4	7
1.00 or less persons per room.....	5	12	—	4	—	—	—	—	4	7
1.01 or more persons per room.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars).....	78 196	41 319	52 680	41 942	31 915	23 805	25 374	37 729	18 159	24 585
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars).....	27 396	21 282	23 974	24 061	23 811	17 636	15 700	16 997	10 978	15 074
Household income in 1989 below poverty level.....	70	198	182	147	267	196	220	309	427	461
Owner-occupied housing units.....	24	56	68	30	88	80	100	83	198	152
Renter-occupied housing units.....	46	142	114	117	179	116	120	226	229	309



Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County—Con.						Remainder of Gregg County			
	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 108.98 (pt.)	Tract 109.98 (pt.)	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 11 (pt.)
All housing units	1 838	1 680	444	1 505	—	13	596	—	35	—
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
1985 to 1988	—	51	38	123	—	—	107	—	—	—
1980 to 1984	116	88	169	505	—	6	138	—	—	—
1970 to 1979	366	331	99	520	—	7	155	—	12	—
1960 to 1969	390	595	66	249	—	—	138	—	—	—
1950 to 1959	570	488	29	34	—	—	35	—	23	—
1940 to 1949	250	97	20	25	—	—	11	—	—	—
1939 or earlier	146	30	23	49	—	—	6	—	—	—
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom	58	3	4	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
1 bedroom	387	82	29	75	—	—	14	—	—	—
2 bedrooms	723	523	109	582	—	—	60	—	—	—
3 bedrooms	602	992	283	716	—	13	468	—	35	—
4 bedrooms	68	57	12	124	—	—	38	—	—	—
5 or more bedrooms	—	23	7	—	—	—	16	—	—	—
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units	44	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vacant condominium housing units	30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities	1 810	1 670	434	1 495	—	13	596	—	35	—
Source of water, public system or private company	1 838	1 680	323	1 430	—	13	569	—	30	—
Sewage disposal, public sewer	1 779	1 645	226	1 264	—	13	246	—	—	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	24	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units	24	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Occupied housing units	1 555	1 517	411	1 376	—	—	571	—	35	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas	1 126	1 180	94	626	—	—	248	—	25	—
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	10	—	38	44	—	—	6	—	—	—
Electricity	419	337	259	675	—	—	311	—	10	—
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All other fuels	—	—	20	31	—	—	6	—	—	—
No fuel used	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None	266	185	6	18	—	—	12	—	—	—
1	733	609	116	407	—	—	64	—	5	—
2	418	417	165	622	—	—	330	—	30	—
3 or more	138	306	124	329	—	—	165	—	—	—
Vehicles per household	1.3	1.6	2.2	2.0	—	—	2.2	—	1.9	—
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units	776	1 063	310	825	—	—	539	—	25	—
1989 to March 1990	48	51	13	96	—	—	42	—	—	—
1985 to 1988	117	174	89	234	—	—	166	—	—	—
1980 to 1984	93	151	124	221	—	—	86	—	—	—
1970 to 1979	181	345	31	193	—	—	160	—	12	—
1969 or earlier	337	342	53	81	—	—	85	—	13	—
Renter-occupied housing units	779	454	101	551	—	—	32	—	10	—
1989 to March 1990	319	190	82	319	—	—	17	—	—	—
1985 to 1988	294	201	14	213	—	—	10	—	10	—
1980 to 1984	83	17	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—
1970 to 1979	61	24	5	10	—	—	—	—	—	—
1969 or earlier	22	22	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit	260	194	32	73	—	—	6	—	—	—
Householder 65 years and over	443	387	56	91	—	—	114	—	25	—
Owner-occupied housing units	334	318	50	73	—	—	109	—	25	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	24	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit	49	26	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
No vehicle available	133	73	—	—	—	—	12	—	—	—
Complete plumbing facilities	1 531	1 517	401	1 376	—	—	571	—	35	—
1.00 or less persons per room	1 446	1 411	391	1 305	—	—	559	—	35	—
1.01 or more persons per room	85	106	10	71	—	—	12	—	—	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	24	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room	24	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)	23 813	27 979	47 982	39 968	—	—	53 069	—	30 314	—
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)	13 811	11 923	17 565	22 751	—	—	38 806	—	29 535	—
Household income in 1989 below poverty level	487	485	48	189	—	—	41	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units	179	203	25	55	—	—	32	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units	308	282	23	134	—	—	9	—	—	—

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Gregg County—Con.									
	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102	Tract 103 (pt.)	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 105	Tract 106 (pt.)	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 108.98 (pt.)
All housing units	36	83	1 234	3 055	1 480	2 412	1 723	415	208	—
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1989 to March 1990	—	—	14	3	17	38	18	—	—	—
1985 to 1988	6	—	126	104	169	261	183	69	10	—
1980 to 1984	—	—	331	338	291	522	296	117	18	—
1970 to 1979	—	39	511	695	505	898	565	99	19	—
1960 to 1969	22	6	94	482	343	265	249	101	41	—
1950 to 1959	—	28	54	604	87	124	224	9	93	—
1940 to 1949	8	10	62	391	20	184	106	—	11	—
1939 or earlier	—	—	42	438	48	120	82	20	16	—
BEDROOMS										
No bedroom	—	—	—	31	—	8	—	—	—	—
1 bedroom	6	—	49	340	62	60	59	5	29	—
2 bedrooms	6	34	288	1 110	401	757	511	139	82	—
3 bedrooms	16	49	697	1 326	849	1 390	971	248	97	—
4 bedrooms	8	—	182	240	128	169	133	23	—	—
5 or more bedrooms	—	—	18	8	40	28	49	—	—	—
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units	—	—	—	—	41	—	—	—	—	—
Vacant condominium housing units	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS										
Complete kitchen facilities	23	61	1 210	2 963	1 474	2 369	1 692	415	183	—
Source of water, public system or private company	17	78	874	2 950	1 415	2 101	1 502	385	161	—
Sewage disposal, public sewer	8	—	171	2 411	1 259	437	354	169	87	—
Locking complete plumbing facilities	13	33	13	26	15	71	46	8	24	—
Owner-occupied housing units	13	21	13	2	10	60	39	8	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units	—	5	—	13	—	—	1	—	12	—
Occupied housing units	36	63	1 131	2 635	1 391	2 197	1 504	367	159	—
HOUSE HEATING FUEL										
Utility gas	8	54	118	1 434	571	553	486	131	145	—
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	—	—	129	166	39	427	274	13	7	—
Electricity	6	9	843	997	745	1 127	648	192	7	—
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	—	—	—	9	—	8	2	—	—	—
All other fuels	19	—	41	22	36	82	92	31	—	—
No fuel used	3	—	—	7	—	—	2	—	—	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE										
None	13	35	18	294	64	69	68	2	28	—
1	6	19	257	1 057	383	716	439	106	74	—
2	6	9	593	862	601	853	664	161	46	—
3 or more	11	—	263	422	343	559	333	98	11	—
Vehicles per household	1.6	.6	2.0	1.6	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.1	1.3	—
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
Owner-occupied housing units	30	49	971	1 691	999	1 861	1 348	275	111	—
1989 to March 1990	—	—	100	87	107	146	143	15	24	—
1985 to 1988	—	—	258	373	246	470	327	90	21	—
1980 to 1984	—	—	247	325	225	405	211	30	30	—
1970 to 1979	—	18	267	426	230	478	383	83	29	—
1969 or earlier	30	31	99	480	191	362	284	57	7	—
Renter-occupied housing units	6	14	160	944	392	336	156	92	48	—
1989 to March 1990	6	—	76	504	236	131	58	47	16	—
1985 to 1988	—	9	31	267	146	131	56	45	6	—
1980 to 1984	—	5	20	77	10	59	27	—	5	—
1970 to 1979	—	—	28	72	—	—	3	—	15	—
1969 or earlier	—	—	5	24	—	15	12	—	6	—
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
No telephone in unit	6	9	23	409	117	192	58	23	22	—
Householder 65 years and over	17	36	170	771	163	572	407	69	43	—
Owner-occupied housing units	17	31	148	652	123	535	386	69	21	—
Locking complete plumbing facilities	—	26	7	—	—	40	25	—	6	—
No telephone in unit	—	—	—	32	—	24	19	—	—	—
No vehicle available	—	26	—	102	44	19	51	—	6	—
Complete plumbing facilities	23	37	1 118	2 620	1 381	2 137	1 464	359	147	—
1.00 or less persons per room	23	28	1 072	2 488	1 355	2 070	1 395	345	122	—
1.01 or more persons per room	—	9	46	132	26	67	69	14	25	—
Locking complete plumbing facilities	13	26	13	15	10	60	40	8	12	—
1.00 or less persons per room	13	26	6	15	10	54	39	8	12	—
1.01 or more persons per room	—	—	7	—	—	6	1	—	—	—
Mean household income in 1989:										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)	22 506	6 257	44 690	29 275	36 835	29 984	31 821	32 046	25 083	—
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)	24 000	5 923	32 850	17 040	22 924	22 445	23 997	16 371	12 327	—
Household income in 1989 below poverty level	13	54	73	621	152	396	265	37	94	—
Owner-occupied housing units	13	40	59	213	64	329	233	25	62	—
Renter-occupied housing units	—	14	14	408	88	67	32	12	32	—



Table 32. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Gregg County—Con.							
	Troct 109.98 (pt.)	Troct 110.98	Troct 111.98	Troct 112.98	Troct 113.98	Troct 114.98 (pt.)	Troct 115.98	Troct 116.98
All housing units.....	-	-	7	22	-	-	-	-
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT								
1989 to March 1990.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1985 to 1988.....	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-
1980 to 1984.....	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-
1970 to 1979.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1960 to 1969.....	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-
1950 to 1959.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1940 to 1949.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1939 or earlier.....	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-
BEDROOMS								
No bedroom.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1 bedroom.....	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-
2 bedrooms.....	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-
3 bedrooms.....	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-
4 bedrooms.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 or more bedrooms.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS								
Owner-occupied condominium housing units.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Renter-occupied condominium housing units.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vacant condominium housing units.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS								
Complete kitchen facilities.....	-	-	7	22	-	-	-	-
Source of water, public system or private company.....	-	-	7	22	-	-	-	-
Sewage disposal, public sewer.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Locking complete plumbing facilities.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Owner-occupied housing units.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Renter-occupied housing units.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Occupied housing units.....	-	-	7	22	-	-	-	-
HOUSE HEATING FUEL								
Utility gas.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bottled, tank, or LP gas.....	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-
Electricity.....	-	-	-	14	-	-	-	-
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All other fuels.....	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-
No fuel used.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VEHICLES AVAILABLE								
None.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.....	-	-	7	15	-	-	-	-
3 or more.....	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-
Vehicles per household.....	-	-	2.0	2.3	-	-	-	-
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT								
Owner-occupied housing units.....	-	-	-	22	-	-	-	-
1989 to March 1990.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1985 to 1988.....	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-
1980 to 1984.....	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-
1970 to 1979.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1969 or earlier.....	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-
Renter-occupied housing units.....	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-
1989 to March 1990.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1985 to 1988.....	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-
1980 to 1984.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1970 to 1979.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1969 or earlier.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS								
No telephone in unit.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Householder 65 years and over.....	-	-	-	14	-	-	-	-
Owner-occupied housing units.....	-	-	-	14	-	-	-	-
Locking complete plumbing facilities.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No telephone in unit.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No vehicle available.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Complete plumbing facilities.....	-	-	7	22	-	-	-	-
1.00 or less persons per room.....	-	-	7	22	-	-	-	-
1.01 or more persons per room.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Locking complete plumbing facilities.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.00 or less persons per room.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.01 or more persons per room.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mean household income in 1989:								
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars).....	-	-	-	12 255	-	-	-	-
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars).....	-	-	13 614	-	-	-	-	-
Household income in 1989 below poverty level.....	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-
Owner-occupied housing units.....	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-
Renter-occupied housing units.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

(Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Harrison County						
	Tract 201.01	Tract 203	Tract 204.01	Tract 204.02	Tract 205	Tract 206.97	Tract 206.98
All housing units .....	2 942	3 081	1 610	2 309	3 553	2 918	2 603
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>							
1989 to March 1990 .....	102	15	—	—	14	65	65
1985 to 1988 .....	462	203	80	22	103	208	333
1980 to 1984 .....	479	403	230	98	301	690	544
1970 to 1979 .....	870	432	264	244	463	1 183	802
1960 to 1969 .....	369	467	290	526	687	386	348
1950 to 1959 .....	231	549	229	446	635	196	241
1940 to 1949 .....	212	449	258	465	499	77	83
1939 or earlier .....	217	563	259	508	851	113	187
<b>BEDROOMS</b>							
No bedroom .....	41	6	30	9	24	17	21
1 bedroom .....	229	277	164	218	325	146	142
2 bedrooms .....	954	1 087	643	986	1 192	858	909
3 bedrooms .....	1 378	1 411	644	959	1 669	1 583	1 295
4 bedrooms .....	300	292	115	131	291	269	206
5 or more bedrooms .....	40	8	14	6	52	45	30
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>							
Owner-occupied condominium housing units .....	—	—	—	—	—	5	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units .....	—	—	—	41	—	1	3
Vacant condominium housing units .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
Complete kitchen facilities .....	2 866	3 062	1 587	2 269	3 524	2 900	2 573
Source of water, public system or private company .....	1 802	2 971	1 506	2 293	3 265	1 981	1 650
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	309	2 676	1 153	2 155	3 023	971	500
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	129	35	13	32	48	26	10
Owner-occupied housing units .....	58	19	—	18	41	26	8
Renter-occupied housing units .....	53	16	—	14	3	—	—
Occupied housing units .....	2 556	2 802	1 381	1 995	3 230	2 680	2 409
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>							
Utility gas .....	744	1 996	946	1 668	2 308	663	787
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	572	13	45	55	109	338	441
Electricity .....	1 105	762	354	255	755	1 513	1 038
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	—	7	—	—	—	—	—
All other fuels .....	134	24	16	17	58	166	137
No fuel used .....	1	—	20	—	—	—	6
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>							
None .....	134	215	348	526	375	61	134
1 .....	789	979	391	775	1 310	656	580
2 .....	1 054	1 122	458	409	1 059	1 287	1 126
3 or more .....	579	486	184	285	486	676	569
Vehicles per household .....	1.9	1.7	1.4	1.3	1.5	2.0	2.0
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>							
Owner-occupied housing units .....	2 183	1 909	853	1 212	2 318	2 177	1 971
1989 to March 1990 .....	272	143	52	53	213	153	184
1985 to 1988 .....	555	361	181	124	244	581	548
1980 to 1984 .....	395	339	89	195	417	515	252
1970 to 1979 .....	564	354	218	191	568	610	642
1969 or earlier .....	397	712	313	649	876	318	345
Renter-occupied housing units .....	373	893	528	783	912	503	438
1989 to March 1990 .....	196	453	172	328	451	224	214
1985 to 1988 .....	125	298	201	213	316	218	155
1980 to 1984 .....	24	111	58	116	52	43	61
1970 to 1979 .....	6	17	56	60	73	13	—
1969 or earlier .....	22	14	41	66	20	5	8
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
No telephone in unit .....	238	211	269	408	341	162	214
Householder 65 years and over .....	580	788	390	751	1 130	403	391
Owner-occupied housing units .....	516	669	329	633	938	388	345
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	40	19	—	20	22	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	3	8	21	39	68	17	16
No vehicle available .....	78	135	141	186	157	38	72
Complete plumbing facilities .....	2 445	2 767	1 381	1 963	3 186	2 654	2 401
1.00 or less persons per room .....	2 296	2 676	1 259	1 839	3 083	2 586	2 336
1.01 or more persons per room .....	149	91	122	124	103	68	65
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	111	35	—	32	44	26	8
1.00 or less persons per room .....	101	35	—	26	44	26	—
1.01 or more persons per room .....	10	—	—	6	—	—	8
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>							
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	27 829	34 283	23 923	22 036	39 789	37 912	30 997
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	15 547	24 485	14 368	13 261	15 120	26 077	20 098
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	567	516	471	646	733	235	411
Owner-occupied housing units .....	409	282	182	249	379	134	240
Renter-occupied housing units .....	158	234	289	397	354	101	171



Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Harrison County		Marshall city, Harrison County				
	Tract 206.97 (pt.)	Tract 206.98 (pt.)	Tract 201.01 (pt.)	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204.01 (pt.)	Tract 204.02 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)
All housing units .....	602	53	222	2 941	1 240	2 222	3 058
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>							
1989 to March 1990 .....	26	—	—	15	—	—	8
1985 to 1988 .....	33	8	21	196	30	12	59
1980 to 1984 .....	50	6	26	403	127	80	154
1970 to 1979 .....	286	—	85	401	224	236	348
1960 to 1969 .....	114	21	41	458	231	519	653
1950 to 1959 .....	65	18	23	534	186	437	606
1940 to 1949 .....	—	—	7	416	215	443	457
1939 or earlier .....	28	—	19	518	227	495	773
<b>BEDROOMS</b>							
No bedroom .....	—	—	—	—	22	9	19
1 bedroom .....	66	14	—	263	146	218	304
2 bedrooms .....	153	17	46	996	510	939	1 041
3 bedrooms .....	359	22	110	1 382	463	931	1 430
4 bedrooms .....	19	—	66	292	85	125	223
5 or more bedrooms .....	5	—	—	8	14	—	41
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>							
Owner-occupied condominium housing units .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units .....	—	—	—	—	—	41	—
Vacant condominium housing units .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
Complete kitchen facilities .....	602	47	222	2 934	1 217	2 182	3 032
Source of water, public system or private company .....	559	53	206	2 873	1 225	2 215	2 985
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	491	39	100	2 654	1 095	2 155	2 935
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	8	—	—	23	13	32	29
Owner-occupied housing units .....	8	—	—	7	—	18	29
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	16	—	14	—
Occupied housing units .....	567	45	213	2 693	1 049	1 908	2 759
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>							
Utility gas .....	287	39	182	1 926	819	1 668	2 179
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	14	—	8	6	19	7	41
Electricity .....	251	6	23	730	186	223	503
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	—	—	—	7	—	—	—
All other fuels .....	15	—	—	24	5	10	36
No fuel used .....	—	—	—	—	20	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>							
None .....	—	—	6	208	342	507	340
1 .....	178	14	24	938	280	749	1 184
2 .....	273	18	126	1 085	289	384	842
3 or more .....	116	13	57	462	138	268	393
Vehicles per household .....	1.9	2.0	2.1	1.7	1.3	1.3	1.5
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>							
Owner-occupied housing units .....	427	25	189	1 839	573	1 134	1 902
1989 to March 1990 .....	58	—	47	136	33	45	169
1985 to 1988 .....	73	7	7	361	86	114	155
1980 to 1984 .....	101	—	11	331	50	183	326
1970 to 1979 .....	107	—	68	340	159	169	480
1969 or earlier .....	88	18	56	671	245	623	772
Renter-occupied housing units .....	140	20	24	854	476	774	857
1989 to March 1990 .....	87	14	16	432	164	328	406
1985 to 1988 .....	38	6	6	292	175	207	306
1980 to 1984 .....	10	—	—	111	58	116	52
1970 to 1979 .....	—	—	—	5	41	60	73
1969 or earlier .....	5	—	2	14	38	63	20
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
No telephone in unit .....	50	8	—	177	234	385	282
Householder 65 years and over .....	71	24	55	747	307	724	1 015
Owner-occupied housing units .....	71	18	40	628	249	606	846
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	7	—	20	22
No telephone in unit .....	5	—	—	8	14	32	55
No vehicle available .....	—	—	6	128	141	186	146
Complete plumbing facilities .....	559	45	213	2 670	1 049	1 876	2 730
1.00 or less persons per room .....	554	45	213	2 600	939	1 762	2 643
1.01 or more persons per room .....	5	—	—	70	110	114	87
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	8	—	—	23	—	32	29
1.00 or less persons per room .....	8	—	—	23	—	26	29
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>							
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	38 945	24 668	39 129	34 615	21 708	21 912	41 950
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	16 754	14 120	25 346	24 970	14 085	13 023	14 852
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	51	8	10	484	383	634	642
Owner-occupied housing units .....	6	—	10	268	127	237	305
Renter-occupied housing units .....	45	8	—	216	256	397	337

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Harrison County								
	Tract 201.01 (pt.)	Tract 201.02	Tract 202.98	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204.01 (pt.)	Tract 204.02 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 206.97 (pt.)	Tract 206.98 (pt.)
All housing units .....	2 720	2 442	2 023	140	370	87	495	2 316	2 550
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>									
1989 to March 1990 .....	102	75	9	—	—	—	6	39	65
1985 to 1988 .....	441	227	221	7	50	10	44	175	325
1980 to 1984 .....	453	563	450	—	103	18	147	640	538
1970 to 1979 .....	785	688	632	31	40	8	115	897	802
1960 to 1969 .....	328	379	268	9	59	7	34	272	327
1950 to 1959 .....	208	288	128	15	43	9	29	131	223
1940 to 1949 .....	205	75	109	33	43	22	42	77	83
1939 or earlier .....	198	147	206	45	32	13	78	85	187
<b>BEDROOMS</b>									
No bedroom .....	41	45	32	6	8	—	5	17	21
1 bedroom .....	229	202	126	14	18	—	21	80	128
2 bedrooms .....	908	1 013	734	91	133	47	151	705	892
3 bedrooms .....	1 268	1 067	982	29	181	28	239	1 224	1 273
4 bedrooms .....	234	88	146	—	30	6	68	250	206
5 or more bedrooms .....	40	27	3	—	—	6	11	40	30
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>									
Owner-occupied condominium housing units .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	3
Vacant condominium housing units .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
Complete kitchen facilities .....	2 644	2 380	1 931	128	370	87	492	2 298	2 526
Source of water, public system or private company .....	1 596	1 938	1 185	98	281	78	280	1 422	1 597
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	209	790	28	22	58	—	88	480	461
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	129	70	101	12	—	—	19	18	10
Owner-occupied housing units .....	58	27	63	12	—	—	12	18	8
Renter-occupied housing units .....	53	41	17	—	—	—	3	—	—
Occupied housing units .....	2 343	1 888	1 764	109	332	87	471	2 113	2 364
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>									
Utility gas .....	562	620	355	70	127	—	129	376	748
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	564	423	420	7	26	48	68	324	441
Electricity .....	1 082	772	696	32	168	32	252	1 262	1 032
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—
All other fuels .....	134	67	276	—	11	7	22	151	137
No fuel used .....	1	6	7	—	—	—	—	—	6
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>									
None .....	128	240	131	7	6	19	35	61	134
1 .....	765	580	421	41	111	26	126	478	566
2 .....	928	724	825	37	169	25	217	1 014	1 108
3 or more .....	522	344	387	24	46	17	93	560	556
Vehicles per household .....	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.7	1.9	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.0
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units .....	1 994	1 500	1 467	70	280	78	416	1 750	1 946
1989 to March 1990 .....	225	170	122	7	19	8	44	95	184
1985 to 1988 .....	548	315	318	—	95	10	89	508	541
1980 to 1984 .....	384	368	404	8	39	12	91	414	252
1970 to 1979 .....	496	330	357	14	59	22	88	503	642
1969 or earlier .....	341	317	266	41	68	26	104	230	327
Renter-occupied housing units .....	349	388	297	39	52	9	55	363	418
1989 to March 1990 .....	180	179	159	21	8	—	45	137	200
1985 to 1988 .....	119	139	64	6	26	6	10	180	149
1980 to 1984 .....	24	31	54	—	—	—	—	33	61
1970 to 1979 .....	6	23	15	12	15	—	—	13	—
1969 or earlier .....	20	16	5	—	3	3	—	—	8
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
No telephone in unit .....	238	255	245	34	35	23	59	112	206
Householder 65 years and over .....	525	517	318	41	83	27	115	332	367
Owner-occupied housing units .....	476	450	307	41	80	27	92	317	327
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	40	26	19	12	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	3	36	36	—	7	7	13	12	16
No vehicle available .....	72	110	46	7	—	—	11	38	72
Complete plumbing facilities .....	2 232	1 820	1 684	97	332	87	456	2 095	2 356
1.00 or less persons per room .....	2 083	1 730	1 605	76	320	77	440	2 032	2 291
1.01 or more persons per room .....	149	90	79	21	12	10	16	63	65
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	111	68	80	12	—	—	15	18	8
1.00 or less persons per room .....	101	57	72	12	—	—	15	18	—
1.01 or more persons per room .....	10	11	8	—	—	—	—	—	8
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	26 757	28 756	26 590	25 551	28 457	23 844	29 906	37 660	31 078
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	14 873	18 938	23 077	13 849	16 964	33 769	19 299	29 673	20 384
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	557	443	357	32	88	12	91	184	403
Owner-occupied housing units .....	399	309	285	14	55	12	74	128	240
Renter-occupied housing units .....	158	134	72	18	33	—	17	56	163



Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview-Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County			Harrison County			Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County		
		Total	Kilgare city (pt.)	Longview city (pt.)	Total	Longview city (pt.)	Marshall city	Tract 2	Tract 4	Tract 9
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b>	<b>31 454</b>	<b>21 320</b>	<b>1 802</b>	<b>13 911</b>	<b>10 134</b>	<b>391</b>	<b>5 091</b>	<b>866</b>	<b>1 020</b>	<b>512</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
With a mortgage	16 987	12 082	692	8 335	4 905	268	2 125	464	496	291
Less than \$300	1 188	744	107	536	444	6	210	24	21	62
\$300 to \$399	2 355	1 659	96	1 182	696	33	331	33	53	88
\$400 to \$499	2 442	1 669	91	1 157	773	34	384	44	72	52
\$500 to \$599	2 657	1 823	97	1 282	834	60	356	50	67	51
\$600 to \$799	4 160	2 974	97	1 945	1 186	85	433	160	149	32
\$800 to \$999	2 597	1 895	104	1 223	702	43	246	122	120	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499	1 149	937	67	716	212	7	129	31	14	6
\$1,500 to \$1,999	285	249	26	197	36	—	16	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more	154	132	7	97	22	—	20	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	595	608	538	601	568	602	551	709	626	392
Not mortgaged	14 467	9 238	1 110	5 576	5 229	123	2 966	402	524	221
Less than \$100	1 580	830	131	393	750	11	392	40	9	15
\$100 to \$199	7 087	4 137	477	2 651	2 950	57	1 667	152	176	161
\$200 to \$299	4 137	2 990	315	1 780	1 147	50	630	136	265	33
\$300 to \$399	1 111	882	134	522	229	5	157	40	65	12
\$400 to \$499	363	280	38	149	83	—	61	28	9	—
\$500 or more	189	119	15	81	70	—	59	6	—	—
Median (dollars)	180	192	190	191	162	190	165	205	223	169
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20,000	10 441	6 517	671	3 961	3 924	54	2 255	153	325	235
Less than 20 percent	3 877	2 218	218	1 409	1 659	27	1 003	69	131	102
20 to 24 percent	1 180	783	112	429	397	—	228	6	32	11
25 to 29 percent	822	510	35	349	312	7	132	3	30	48
30 to 34 percent	776	480	63	235	296	5	198	11	19	23
35 percent or more	3 409	2 244	194	1 388	1 165	15	647	51	105	43
Not computed	377	282	49	151	95	—	47	13	8	8
Median	24.9	26.1	24.2	26.0	23.2	22.5	22.2	20.8	24.3	25.1
\$20,000 to \$34,999	7 283	4 829	507	3 177	2 454	127	1 237	220	187	165
Less than 20 percent	4 508	2 952	385	1 932	1 556	47	829	171	124	98
20 to 24 percent	987	655	35	433	332	23	155	18	—	27
25 to 29 percent	904	629	41	451	275	9	116	15	41	29
30 to 34 percent	453	343	25	224	110	32	45	16	7	6
35 percent or more	424	243	21	137	181	16	92	—	15	5
Not computed	7	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	16.3	16.8	13.4	17.1	15.2	23.6	13.7	12.0	14.7	17.0
\$35,000 to \$49,999	6 198	4 278	284	2 710	1 920	98	737	181	226	76
Less than 20 percent	4 677	3 237	256	2 064	1 440	50	542	107	155	76
20 to 24 percent	932	624	17	389	308	21	136	36	50	—
25 to 29 percent	453	304	—	194	149	27	50	33	13	—
30 to 34 percent	65	53	—	26	12	—	—	5	—	—
35 percent or more	71	60	11	37	11	—	9	—	8	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	14.2	14.4	10.0	14.1	13.8	19.7	13.4	16.8	11.9	10.0
\$50,000 or more	7 532	5 696	340	4 063	1 836	112	862	312	282	36
Less than 20 percent	6 617	4 924	286	3 481	1 693	105	809	287	277	30
20 to 24 percent	659	541	31	411	118	7	30	25	5	6
25 to 29 percent	176	165	12	116	11	—	9	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	41	41	11	30	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	39	25	—	25	14	—	14	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	11.7	11.9	10.5	11.9	11.0	10.0	10.0	12.2	10.0	10.0
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b>	<b>19 452</b>	<b>14 627</b>	<b>1 313</b>	<b>11 162</b>	<b>4 825</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>2 966</b>	<b>605</b>	<b>1 659</b>	<b>362</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100	580	343	16	288	237	—	198	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199	1 494	921	133	552	573	24	317	7	—	—
\$200 to \$299	4 360	3 578	262	2 811	782	48	478	185	491	159
\$300 to \$399	5 844	4 462	363	3 550	1 382	41	900	163	676	118
\$400 to \$499	3 302	2 571	299	1 944	731	35	485	44	312	30
\$500 to \$599	1 273	926	56	757	347	7	221	22	65	29
\$600 to \$749	701	620	35	507	81	—	45	32	84	4
\$750 to \$999	324	266	6	227	58	—	21	47	22	—
\$1,000 or more	150	133	9	121	17	—	17	62	—	—
No cash rent	1 424	807	134	405	617	—	284	43	9	22
Median (dollars)	344	348	362	346	333	306	331	329	349	309
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10,000	6 180	4 261	391	3 240	1 919	68	1 275	218	278	124
Less than 20 percent	266	188	8	160	78	—	62	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent	265	161	34	115	104	6	77	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	297	202	42	117	95	6	74	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	381	241	18	179	140	—	113	—	12	15
35 percent or more	3 907	2 753	141	2 234	1 154	39	776	175	256	103
Not computed	1 064	716	148	435	348	17	173	43	10	6
Median	50.0+	50.0+	38.5	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999	5 299	4 053	401	3 095	1 246	44	753	181	411	98
Less than 20 percent	840	621	43	501	219	—	100	39	63	6
20 to 24 percent	883	677	34	558	206	6	161	41	145	7
25 to 29 percent	1 122	964	129	718	158	10	84	47	86	24
30 to 34 percent	838	696	106	537	142	6	117	12	71	21
35 percent or more	1 224	887	89	662	337	22	189	37	46	24
Not computed	392	208	—	119	184	—	102	5	—	16
Median	28.3	28.2	29.8	28.0	28.4	35.0	28.8	25.9	24.9	31.0
\$20,000 to \$34,999	4 757	3 780	284	2 876	977	22	605	119	469	107
Less than 20 percent	2 955	2 421	205	1 803	534	10	332	78	326	77
20 to 24 percent	970	783	27	656	187	5	120	12	86	18
25 to 29 percent	336	229	31	164	107	—	72	—	30	—
30 to 34 percent	146	115	14	91	31	7	22	—	18	8
35 percent or more	135	119	—	101	16	—	13	25	—	4
Not computed	215	113	7	61	102	—	46	4	9	—
Median	18.1	18.0	17.5	18.1	18.7	21.0	18.9	17.0	17.1	17.0
\$35,000 or more	3 216	2 533	237	1 951	683	21	333	87	501	33
Less than 20 percent	2 810	2 212	225	1 693	598	21	309	68	486	33
20 to 24 percent	201	189	5	149	12	—	7	4	15	—
25 to 29 percent	69	59	—	59	10	—	10	8	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	7	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	7	7	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	129	66	7	43	63	—	7	—	—	—
Median	12.4	12.6	11.4	12.8	11.5	10.0	12.0	11.3	11.9	10.0

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County—Con.								
	Tract 11	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 101	Tract 103	Tract 104	Tract 106	Tract 107	Tract 108.98
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>455</b>	<b>754</b>	<b>986</b>	<b>830</b>	<b>1 470</b>	<b>1 128</b>	<b>1 207</b>	<b>799</b>	—
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>									
With a mortgage -----	173	297	619	594	1 038	584	522	275	—
Less than \$300 -----	28	36	120	12	8	—	38	79	—
\$300 to \$399 -----	15	35	159	32	104	57	34	89	—
\$400 to \$499 -----	33	59	142	45	120	91	76	38	—
\$500 to \$599 -----	30	79	92	87	167	86	57	48	—
\$600 to \$799 -----	36	43	61	175	366	209	108	16	—
\$800 to \$999 -----	10	33	37	152	202	99	108	—	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499 -----	21	12	8	70	52	42	67	—	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999 -----	—	—	—	6	10	—	27	5	—
\$2,000 or more -----	—	—	—	15	9	—	7	—	—
Median (dollars) -----	551	524	416	692	646	659	673	372	—
Not mortgaged -----	282	457	367	236	432	544	685	524	—
Less than \$100 -----	60	76	56	16	33	78	47	84	—
\$100 to \$199 -----	161	267	207	118	172	244	238	262	—
\$200 to \$299 -----	41	92	99	68	204	162	237	146	—
\$300 to \$399 -----	13	15	5	10	16	34	124	18	—
\$400 to \$499 -----	—	7	—	24	7	22	28	10	—
\$500 or more -----	7	—	—	—	—	4	11	4	—
Median (dollars) -----	162	155	154	181	204	171	224	166	—
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$20,000 -----	210	438	415	211	298	389	313	413	—
Less than 20 percent -----	100	177	128	92	48	127	96	135	—
20 to 24 percent -----	43	20	39	—	38	19	34	78	—
25 to 29 percent -----	22	57	37	12	41	8	7	28	—
30 to 34 percent -----	11	30	45	18	15	26	29	36	—
35 percent or more -----	28	147	144	82	139	195	127	107	—
Not computed -----	6	7	22	7	17	14	20	29	—
Median -----	20.2	26.6	29.0	29.2	34.5	35.8	31.6	23.7	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999 -----	109	123	317	100	369	250	321	238	—
Less than 20 percent -----	82	69	218	25	139	154	214	201	—
20 to 24 percent -----	15	17	34	33	77	21	28	27	—
25 to 29 percent -----	—	31	46	30	59	18	31	10	—
30 to 34 percent -----	12	6	9	—	55	29	27	—	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	10	12	39	28	21	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	10.0	14.9	16.8	23.8	23.0	16.7	14.7	12.9	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999 -----	33	115	122	255	415	302	234	98	—
Less than 20 percent -----	30	115	122	113	319	250	204	92	—
20 to 24 percent -----	3	—	—	52	78	39	13	6	—
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	—	54	18	13	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	18	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	18	—	—	17	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	17.2	11.5	11.8	21.4	16.1	15.8	10.0	10.0	—
\$50,000 or more -----	103	78	132	264	388	187	339	50	—
Less than 20 percent -----	95	66	124	211	318	171	290	45	—
20 to 24 percent -----	—	12	8	38	61	12	26	5	—
25 to 29 percent -----	8	—	—	15	9	4	12	—	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	10.0	10.0	10.0	14.5	15.4	15.3	10.2	10.0	—
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>582</b>	<b>778</b>	<b>468</b>	<b>242</b>	<b>943</b>	<b>331</b>	<b>793</b>	<b>643</b>	—
<b>GROSS RENT</b>									
Less than \$100 -----	84	9	62	—	—	—	4	12	—
\$100 to \$199 -----	86	118	65	9	42	27	36	124	—
\$200 to \$299 -----	129	240	82	69	230	50	159	118	—
\$300 to \$399 -----	170	223	79	88	395	75	235	156	—
\$400 to \$499 -----	64	86	101	19	153	60	226	101	—
\$500 to \$599 -----	—	34	33	17	64	23	41	24	—
\$600 to \$749 -----	—	12	7	14	46	24	35	—	—
\$750 to \$999 -----	13	—	—	7	4	5	8	—	—
\$1,000 or more -----	15	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—
No cash rent -----	21	56	39	19	9	67	40	108	—
Median (dollars) -----	279	298	303	330	370	370	384	309	—
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$10,000 -----	214	331	275	33	231	68	109	322	—
Less than 20 percent -----	34	16	37	—	—	—	8	—	—
20 to 24 percent -----	6	21	—	—	7	—	3	31	—
25 to 29 percent -----	—	14	16	—	10	—	12	30	—
30 to 34 percent -----	16	24	17	—	25	—	—	18	—
35 percent or more -----	115	180	165	23	165	51	32	135	—
Not computed -----	43	76	40	10	24	17	54	108	—
Median -----	46.1	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	43.8	39.1	—
\$10,000 to \$19,999 -----	160	246	89	66	281	96	292	157	—
Less than 20 percent -----	88	52	29	13	44	17	11	27	—
20 to 24 percent -----	—	37	13	—	55	11	55	—	—
25 to 29 percent -----	28	26	—	23	45	12	88	55	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	49	18	8	57	—	84	22	—
35 percent or more -----	33	71	25	13	80	6	54	53	—
Not computed -----	11	11	4	9	—	50	—	—	—
Median -----	18.0	30.3	30.1	28.4	29.6	22.7	29.5	29.7	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999 -----	156	144	82	86	244	120	230	99	—
Less than 20 percent -----	112	113	27	62	168	87	168	68	—
20 to 24 percent -----	34	31	28	12	48	14	22	19	—
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	18	12	13	11	19	12	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	—	8	—	14	—	—
35 percent or more -----	6	—	—	—	7	8	—	—	—
Not computed -----	4	—	9	—	—	—	7	—	—
Median -----	17.2	16.9	21.7	14.5	17.9	18.2	17.6	17.9	—
\$35,000 or more -----	52	57	22	57	187	47	162	65	—
Less than 20 percent -----	35	45	20	50	187	36	150	65	—
20 to 24 percent -----	9	—	—	7	—	11	5	—	—
25 to 29 percent -----	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	12	2	—	—	—	7	—	—
Median -----	14.5	12.0	10.0	11.7	11.4	10.0	12.0	11.0	—



Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County—Con.		Kilgore city (pt.), Gregg County				Longview city (pt.), Gregg County			
	Tract 109.98	Tract 114.98	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 106 (pt.)	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 114.98 (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3	Tract 4 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	—	—	20	1 030	752	—	11	365	1 203	1 020
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
With a mortgage .....	—	—	—	433	259	—	—	121	732	496
Less than \$300 .....	—	—	—	28	79	—	—	13	11	21
\$300 to \$399 .....	—	—	—	23	73	—	—	20	48	53
\$400 to \$499 .....	—	—	—	53	38	—	—	16	112	72
\$500 to \$599 .....	—	—	—	49	48	—	—	10	127	67
\$600 to \$799 .....	—	—	—	81	16	—	—	26	172	149
\$800 to \$999 .....	—	—	—	104	—	—	—	20	141	120
\$1,000 to \$1,499 .....	—	—	—	67	—	—	—	16	57	14
\$1,500 to \$1,999 .....	—	—	—	21	5	—	—	—	58	—
\$2,000 or more .....	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	6	—
Median (dollars) .....	—	—	—	729	376	—	—	608	675	626
Not mortgaged .....	—	—	20	597	493	—	11	244	471	524
Less than \$100 .....	—	—	—	47	84	—	—	34	17	9
\$100 to \$199 .....	—	—	20	199	258	—	—	117	126	176
\$200 to \$299 .....	—	—	—	196	119	—	11	55	149	265
\$300 to \$399 .....	—	—	—	116	18	—	—	16	114	65
\$400 to \$499 .....	—	—	—	28	10	—	—	22	45	9
\$500 or more .....	—	—	—	11	4	—	—	—	20	—
Median (dollars) .....	—	—	175	233	160	—	275	174	245	223
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20,000 .....	—	—	10	270	391	—	11	103	210	325
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	10	73	135	—	—	57	52	131
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	34	78	—	—	6	6	32
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	7	28	—	—	3	—	30
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	27	36	—	—	5	35	19
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	109	85	—	11	23	99	105
Not computed .....	—	—	—	20	29	—	—	9	18	8
Median .....	—	—	12.5	32.0	22.9	—	37.5	17.2	36.4	24.3
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	—	—	10	270	227	—	—	112	213	187
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	10	185	190	—	—	104	127	124
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	8	27	—	—	4	33	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	31	10	—	—	4	33	41
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	25	—	—	—	—	20	7
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	21	—	—	—	—	—	15
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	—	—	10.0	14.7	12.9	—	—	10.0	17.7	14.7
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	—	—	—	186	98	—	—	84	200	226
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	—	164	92	—	—	55	181	155
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	11	6	—	—	13	11	50
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	16	8	13
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	—	—	8
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	—	—	—	10.0	10.0	—	—	10.8	12.6	11.9
\$50,000 or more .....	—	—	—	304	36	—	—	66	580	282
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	—	255	31	—	—	66	534	277
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	26	5	—	—	—	19	5
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	12	—	—	—	—	8	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	—	13	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	—	—	—	10.3	12.5	—	—	10.0	10.1	10.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	—	—	17	701	595	—	171	573	927	1 659
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100 .....	—	—	—	4	12	—	21	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199 .....	—	—	5	15	113	—	64	7	66	—
\$200 to \$299 .....	—	—	—	159	103	—	55	185	221	491
\$300 to \$399 .....	—	—	—	207	156	—	29	163	284	676
\$400 to \$499 .....	—	—	12	202	85	—	2	44	176	312
\$500 to \$599 .....	—	—	—	32	24	—	—	12	85	65
\$600 to \$749 .....	—	—	—	35	—	—	—	28	37	84
\$750 to \$999 .....	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	47	16	22
\$1,000 or more .....	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	62	7	—
No cash rent .....	—	—	—	32	102	—	—	25	35	9
Median (dollars) .....	—	—	457	383	312	—	201	325	342	349
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10,000 .....	—	—	—	101	290	—	142	204	217	278
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	—	8	—	—	9	—	11	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	3	31	—	9	—	44	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	12	30	—	15	—	19	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	18	—	36	—	8	12
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	32	109	—	73	175	104	256
Not computed .....	—	—	—	46	102	—	—	29	31	10
Median .....	—	—	—	43.8	37.7	—	37.0	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	—	—	5	239	157	—	24	181	228	411
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	5	11	27	—	9	39	15	63
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	34	—	—	6	41	61	145
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	74	55	—	—	47	38	86
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	84	22	—	9	12	33	71
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	36	53	—	—	37	65	46
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	16	—
Median .....	—	—	17.5	30.0	29.7	—	22.5	25.9	28.9	24.9
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	—	—	—	201	83	—	—	115	290	469
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	—	153	52	—	—	78	194	326
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	8	19	—	—	12	50	86
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	19	12	—	—	—	26	30
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	14	—	—	—	—	20	18
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	25	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	9
Median .....	—	—	—	17.3	18.1	—	—	17.0	17.0	17.1
\$35,000 or more .....	—	—	12	160	65	—	5	73	192	501
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	12	148	65	—	5	58	175	486
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	17	15
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	—	—	10.0	11.9	11.0	—	10.0	10.4	11.9	11.9

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County—Con.									
	Tract 5.01	Tract 5.02	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10	Tract 11 (pt.)	Tract 12	Tract 13
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	1 172	860	1 460	1 324	1 035	507	519	455	649	750
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS										
With a mortgage -----	851	499	1 188	865	706	291	225	173	256	335
Less than \$300 -----	14	9	—	60	33	62	31	28	53	31
\$300 to \$399 -----	29	59	135	101	97	88	76	15	117	96
\$400 to \$499 -----	26	33	89	179	109	52	53	33	49	91
\$500 to \$599 -----	56	131	169	136	131	51	51	30	30	54
\$600 to \$799 -----	165	183	273	199	246	32	14	36	—	45
\$800 to \$999 -----	130	66	296	141	60	—	—	10	—	18
\$1,000 to \$1,499 -----	267	8	178	41	30	6	—	21	7	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999 -----	78	10	43	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more -----	86	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) -----	1 008	616	749	569	587	392	406	551	360	451
Not mortgaged -----	321	361	272	459	329	216	294	282	393	415
Less than \$100 -----	—	14	8	—	21	15	8	60	76	24
\$100 to \$199 -----	29	167	78	192	164	156	195	161	254	294
\$200 to \$299 -----	128	132	132	225	129	33	79	41	42	52
\$300 to \$399 -----	64	48	54	36	15	12	6	13	13	45
\$400 to \$499 -----	52	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	8	—
\$500 or more -----	48	—	—	6	—	—	—	7	—	—
Median (dollars) -----	307	200	236	215	187	170	164	162	146	155
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$20,000 -----	105	151	155	235	287	230	224	210	428	339
Less than 20 percent -----	12	58	31	108	94	97	53	100	142	140
20 to 24 percent -----	—	9	8	16	63	11	64	43	81	34
25 to 29 percent -----	20	14	34	9	8	48	36	22	18	23
30 to 34 percent -----	—	9	10	18	22	23	12	11	12	6
35 percent or more -----	62	61	72	75	89	43	47	28	159	129
Not computed -----	11	—	—	9	11	8	12	6	16	7
Median -----	50.0+	28.0	32.2	21.6	23.5	25.3	24.1	20.2	24.0	23.8
\$20,000 to \$34,999 -----	142	201	280	358	308	165	150	109	124	205
Less than 20 percent -----	67	127	159	210	129	98	98	82	93	150
20 to 24 percent -----	12	14	43	55	64	27	36	15	13	33
25 to 29 percent -----	39	18	39	69	33	29	16	—	12	22
30 to 34 percent -----	—	31	30	14	62	6	—	12	6	—
35 percent or more -----	24	11	9	10	20	5	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	21.7	14.7	18.3	17.2	22.0	17.0	17.4	10.0-	16.3	15.3
\$35,000 to \$49,999 -----	198	245	339	269	241	76	89	33	59	137
Less than 20 percent -----	133	194	171	219	183	76	89	30	59	120
20 to 24 percent -----	6	36	121	30	50	—	—	3	—	—
25 to 29 percent -----	35	8	42	20	8	—	—	—	—	17
30 to 34 percent -----	12	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	12	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	16.1	15.2	19.9	11.2	13.4	10.0-	12.1	17.2	10.0-	12.6
\$50,000 or more -----	727	263	686	462	199	36	56	103	38	69
Less than 20 percent -----	525	242	553	392	191	30	56	95	38	69
20 to 24 percent -----	105	21	111	61	—	6	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent -----	66	—	17	9	8	—	—	8	—	—
30 to 34 percent -----	12	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	19	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	15.2	11.1	14.2	10.9	12.7	10.0-	10.0-	10.0-	10.0-	10.0-
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	334	842	828	616	1 065	352	372	582	375	598
GROSS RENT										
Less than \$100 -----	—	—	—	61	41	—	5	84	5	—
\$100 to \$199 -----	—	6	—	21	10	—	22	86	45	16
\$200 to \$299 -----	49	318	127	88	89	159	143	129	113	193
\$300 to \$399 -----	116	218	381	103	333	108	94	170	98	198
\$400 to \$499 -----	41	176	113	177	299	30	60	64	57	95
\$500 to \$599 -----	53	28	46	71	171	29	15	—	29	33
\$600 to \$749 -----	41	56	91	45	65	—	—	—	5	14
\$750 to \$999 -----	10	19	59	14	13	—	—	13	—	10
\$1,000 or more -----	16	—	—	8	9	—	—	15	—	—
No cash rent -----	8	21	11	28	35	22	29	21	23	39
Median (dollars) -----	399	354	363	416	416	305	301	279	313	320
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$10,000 -----	47	179	140	152	178	124	138	214	179	274
Less than 20 percent -----	—	—	—	23	30	—	—	34	—	—
20 to 24 percent -----	—	6	—	8	7	—	—	6	—	7
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	—	22	—	—	7	—	7	7
30 to 34 percent -----	—	37	—	—	8	15	—	16	6	—
35 percent or more -----	33	121	110	86	101	103	115	115	123	242
Not computed -----	14	15	30	13	32	6	16	43	43	18
Median -----	48.8	50.0+	50.0+	39.1	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	46.1	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999 -----	83	306	224	135	301	98	134	160	145	161
Less than 20 percent -----	14	26	12	22	29	6	30	88	20	10
20 to 24 percent -----	9	14	73	12	39	7	25	—	19	28
25 to 29 percent -----	34	116	59	59	58	24	24	28	53	40
30 to 34 percent -----	19	55	25	20	84	21	28	—	24	34
35 percent or more -----	7	88	44	22	83	24	12	33	14	49
Not computed -----	—	7	11	—	8	16	15	11	15	—
Median -----	27.7	29.7	26.8	27.8	31.2	31.0	25.9	18.0	27.5	30.4
\$20,000 to \$34,999 -----	126	198	280	165	371	97	71	156	43	104
Less than 20 percent -----	71	120	163	75	186	67	50	112	37	64
20 to 24 percent -----	18	68	62	65	121	18	12	34	6	16
25 to 29 percent -----	16	—	27	8	17	—	—	—	—	14
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	7	—	30	8	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	13	10	28	6	9	4	—	6	—	—
Not computed -----	8	—	—	4	8	—	9	4	—	10
Median -----	18.6	18.7	18.8	20.4	19.9	17.6	17.2	17.2	17.4	17.5
\$35,000 or more -----	78	159	184	164	215	33	29	52	8	59
Less than 20 percent -----	46	136	153	112	188	33	25	35	8	48
20 to 24 percent -----	25	16	—	41	22	—	4	9	—	—
25 to 29 percent -----	7	—	31	—	5	—	—	8	—	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	7	—	11	—	—	—	—	—	11
Median -----	18.4	13.4	14.4	16.1	14.1	10.0-	12.9	14.5	12.5	11.5



Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County—Con.						Remainder of Gregg County			
	Troct 14 (pt.)	Troct 15 (pt.)	Troct 101 (pt.)	Troct 103 (pt.)	Troct 108.98 (pt.)	Troct 109.98 (pt.)	Troct 2 (pt.)	Troct 4 (pt.)	Troct 9 (pt.)	Troct 11 (pt.)
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>730</b>	<b>946</b>	<b>219</b>	<b>686</b>	—	—	<b>501</b>	—	<b>5</b>	—
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
With a mortgage.....	<b>297</b>	<b>619</b>	<b>184</b>	<b>497</b>	—	—	<b>343</b>	—	—	—
Less than \$300.....	36	120	6	8	—	—	11	—	—	—
\$300 to \$399.....	35	159	11	43	—	—	13	—	—	—
\$400 to \$499.....	59	142	12	30	—	—	28	—	—	—
\$500 to \$599.....	79	92	16	52	—	—	40	—	—	—
\$600 to \$799.....	43	61	48	253	—	—	134	—	—	—
\$800 to \$999.....	33	37	59	92	—	—	102	—	—	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	12	8	32	19	—	—	15	—	—	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	524	416	792	666	—	—	735	—	—	—
Not mortgaged.....	<b>433</b>	<b>327</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>189</b>	—	—	<b>158</b>	—	<b>5</b>	—
Less than \$100.....	63	25	6	13	—	—	6	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	264	198	17	63	—	—	35	—	5	—
\$200 to \$299.....	92	99	12	104	—	—	81	—	—	—
\$300 to \$399.....	7	5	—	9	—	—	24	—	—	—
\$400 to \$499.....	7	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
\$500 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	156	165	148	213	—	—	232	—	125	—
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20,000.....	422	375	40	111	—	—	50	—	5	—
Less than 20 percent.....	174	118	14	28	—	—	12	—	5	—
20 to 24 percent.....	20	28	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	57	27	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	17	36	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	147	144	26	68	—	—	28	—	—	—
Not computed.....	7	22	—	7	—	—	4	—	—	—
Median.....	26.2	30.5	38.0	41.8	—	—	37.3	—	17.5	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	123	317	12	171	—	—	108	—	—	—
Less than 20 percent.....	69	218	—	77	—	—	67	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	17	34	12	21	—	—	14	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	31	46	—	19	—	—	11	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	6	9	—	21	—	—	16	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	10	—	33	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	14.9	16.8	22.5	22.0	—	—	15.0	—	—	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	115	122	96	181	—	—	97	—	—	—
Less than 20 percent.....	115	122	21	141	—	—	52	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	29	40	—	—	23	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	27	—	—	—	17	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	7	—	—	—	5	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	11.5	11.8	24.7	16.2	—	—	19.0	—	—	—
\$50,000 or more.....	70	132	71	223	—	—	246	—	—	—
Less than 20 percent.....	58	124	50	181	—	—	221	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	12	8	21	42	—	—	25	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	10.0—	10.0—	17.0	16.0	—	—	13.0	—	—	—
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>772</b>	<b>454</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>551</b>	—	—	<b>32</b>	—	<b>10</b>	—
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100.....	9	62	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	118	65	9	17	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$200 to \$299.....	240	82	15	114	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$300 to \$399.....	223	79	45	232	—	—	—	—	10	—
\$400 to \$499.....	80	92	19	107	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$500 to \$599.....	34	33	3	50	—	—	10	—	—	—
\$600 to \$749.....	12	7	—	18	—	—	4	—	—	—
\$750 to \$999.....	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$1,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent.....	56	34	—	9	—	—	18	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	297	301	319	376	—	—	535	—	363	—
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10,000.....	331	261	23	159	—	—	14	—	—	—
Less than 20 percent.....	16	37	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	21	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	14	16	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	24	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	180	156	23	118	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	76	35	—	24	—	—	14	—	—	—
Median.....	50.0+	50.0	50.0+	50.0+	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	246	89	38	131	—	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 20 percent.....	52	29	13	24	—	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	37	13	—	29	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	26	—	11	15	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	49	18	8	27	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	71	25	6	36	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	11	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	30.3	30.1	27.7	29.2	—	—	4	—	—	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	138	82	30	141	—	—	—	—	10	—
Less than 20 percent.....	113	27	19	101	—	—	—	—	10	—
20 to 24 percent.....	25	28	3	32	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	18	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	9	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—
Median.....	16.7	21.7	18.6	17.6	—	—	—	—	12.5	—
\$35,000 or more.....	57	22	—	120	—	—	14	—	—	—
Less than 20 percent.....	45	20	—	120	—	—	10	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	12	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	12.0	10.0—	—	12.0	—	—	17.5	—	—	—

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Gregg County—Con.									
	Troct 14 (pt.)	Troct 15 (pt.)	Troct 101 (pt.)	Troct 102	Troct 103 (pt.)	Troct 104 (pt.)	Troct 105	Troct 106 (pt.)	Troct 107 (pt.)	Troct 108.98 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	24	40	611	1 340	784	1 108	955	177	47	—
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
With a mortgage .....	—	—	410	559	541	584	506	89	16	—
Less than \$300 .....	—	—	6	61	—	—	13	10	—	—
\$300 to \$399 .....	—	—	21	117	61	57	85	11	16	—
\$400 to \$499 .....	—	—	33	94	90	91	62	23	—	—
\$500 to \$599 .....	—	—	71	46	115	86	71	8	—	—
\$600 to \$799 .....	—	—	127	172	113	209	150	27	—	—
\$800 to \$999 .....	—	—	93	53	110	99	107	4	—	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499 .....	—	—	38	16	33	42	10	—	—	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999 .....	—	—	6	—	10	—	4	6	—	—
\$2,000 or more .....	—	—	15	—	9	—	4	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	—	—	672	519	607	659	631	503	344	—
Not mortgaged .....	24	40	201	781	243	524	449	88	31	—
Less than \$100 .....	13	31	10	94	20	78	54	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199 .....	3	9	101	299	109	224	173	39	4	—
\$200 to \$299 .....	—	—	56	278	100	162	150	41	27	—
\$300 to \$399 .....	8	—	10	95	7	34	40	8	—	—
\$400 to \$499 .....	—	—	24	15	7	22	19	—	—	—
\$500 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	4	13	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	100—	100—	186	199	196	170	199	206	230	—
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20,000 .....	16	40	171	587	187	379	370	43	22	—
Less than 20 percent .....	3	10	78	230	20	117	93	23	—	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	100	30	19	82	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	10	12	30	41	8	25	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	13	9	18	64	15	26	29	2	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	56	137	71	195	120	18	22	—
Not computed .....	—	—	7	26	10	14	21	—	—	—
Median .....	31.9	24.5	26.7	22.5	29.7	36.3	25.0	19.4	50.0+	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	—	—	88	286	198	240	163	51	11	—
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	25	195	62	144	102	29	11	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	21	37	56	21	18	20	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	30	24	40	18	14	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	34	29	13	2	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	12	23	6	28	16	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	—	—	24.5	14.1	23.3	17.3	17.7	14.6	16.1	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	—	—	159	237	234	302	207	48	—	—
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	92	145	178	250	160	40	—	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	23	71	38	39	22	2	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	27	17	18	13	18	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	11	4	—	—	7	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	6	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	—	—	18.6	15.3	16.0	15.8	15.5	12.3	—	—
\$50,000 or more .....	8	—	193	230	165	187	215	35	14	—
Less than 20 percent .....	8	—	161	221	137	171	189	35	14	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	17	9	19	12	17	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	15	—	9	4	9	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	10.0—	—	13.4	10.0—	14.1	15.3	11.4	10.0—	10.0—	—
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	6	14	151	932	392	314	154	92	48	—
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100 .....	—	—	—	39	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199 .....	—	—	—	143	25	22	14	21	11	—
\$200 to \$299 .....	—	—	54	268	116	50	2	—	15	—
\$300 to \$399 .....	—	—	43	207	163	75	23	28	—	—
\$400 to \$499 .....	6	9	—	145	46	48	34	24	16	—
\$500 to \$599 .....	—	—	14	28	14	23	15	9	—	—
\$600 to \$749 .....	—	—	14	6	28	24	2	—	—	—
\$750 to \$999 .....	—	—	7	19	—	5	—	2	—	—
\$1,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—
No cash rent .....	—	5	19	77	—	67	61	8	6	—
Median (dollars) .....	413	438	339	290	360	367	406	388	261	—
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10,000 .....	—	14	10	384	72	68	28	8	32	—
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	—	20	—	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	9	—	—	3	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	43	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	19	25	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	9	—	231	47	51	14	—	26	—
Not computed .....	—	5	10	62	—	17	11	8	6	—
Median .....	—	50.0+	—	50.0+	46.9	50.0+	50.0+	—	50.0+	—
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	—	—	28	211	150	91	17	53	—	—
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	—	44	20	12	1	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	27	26	11	—	21	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	12	38	30	12	11	14	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	23	30	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	7	56	44	6	5	18	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	9	23	—	50	—	—	—	—
Median .....	—	—	29.0	28.0	29.8	23.9	28.4	27.0	—	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	6	—	56	198	103	120	78	29	16	—
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	43	143	67	87	32	15	16	—
20 to 24 percent .....	6	—	9	37	16	14	4	14	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	4	3	13	11	3	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	8	—	—	2	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	7	8	3	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	7	—	—	34	—	—	—
Median .....	22.5	—	13.3	16.2	18.2	18.2	18.4	19.8	17.5	—
\$35,000 or more .....	—	—	57	139	67	35	31	2	—	—
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	50	126	67	24	15	2	—	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	7	13	—	11	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	16	—	—	—
Median .....	—	—	11.7	13.2	10.0—	10.0—	15.3	17.5	—	—



Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Gregg County—Con.							
	Tract 109.98 (pt.)	Tract 110.98	Tract 111.98	Tract 112.98	Tract 113.98	Tract 114.98 (pt.)	Tract 115.98	Tract 116.98
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>								
With a mortgage.....	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-
Less than \$300.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$300 to \$399.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$400 to \$499.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$500 to \$599.....	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-
\$600 to \$799.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$800 to \$999.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$2,000 or more.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars).....	-	-	-	575	-	-	-	-
Not mortgaged.....	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-
Less than \$100.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$100 to \$199.....	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-
\$200 to \$299.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$300 to \$399.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$400 to \$499.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$500 or more.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars).....	-	-	-	175	-	-	-	-
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Less than \$20,000.....	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-
Less than 20 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-
Not computed.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median.....	-	-	-	50.0+	-	-	-	-
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 20 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 20 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$50,000 or more.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 20 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-
<b>GROSS RENT</b>								
Less than \$100.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$100 to \$199.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$200 to \$299.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$300 to \$399.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$400 to \$499.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$500 to \$599.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$600 to \$749.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$750 to \$999.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$1,000 or more.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No cash rent.....	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars).....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Less than \$10,000.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 20 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 20 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed.....	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-
Median.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 20 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$35,000 or more.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 20 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Harrison County					
	Tract 201.01	Tract 203	Tract 204.01	Tract 204.02	Tract 205	Tract 206.97
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>1 011</b>	<b>1 705</b>	<b>642</b>	<b>1 112</b>	<b>1 916</b>	<b>1 473</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>						<b>954</b>
With a mortgage-----	<b>475</b>	<b>844</b>	<b>204</b>	<b>318</b>	<b>819</b>	<b>1 065</b>
Less than \$300-----	73	39	30	51	96	39
\$300 to \$399-----	62	92	52	91	120	83
\$400 to \$499-----	36	168	52	64	121	145
\$500 to \$599-----	66	155	21	44	148	173
\$600 to \$799-----	109	182	24	59	166	376
\$800 to \$999-----	93	150	19	—	76	213
\$1,000 to \$1,499-----	36	42	6	9	54	32
\$1,500 to \$1,999-----	—	16	—	—	18	2
\$2,000 or more-----	—	—	—	—	20	2
Median (dollars)-----	601	585	443	445	546	637
Not mortgaged-----	<b>536</b>	<b>861</b>	<b>438</b>	<b>794</b>	<b>1 097</b>	<b>408</b>
Less than \$100-----	126	102	94	115	84	64
\$100 to \$199-----	274	484	226	511	619	221
\$200 to \$299-----	92	199	84	130	257	105
\$300 to \$399-----	34	51	13	38	63	15
\$400 to \$499-----	—	11	15	—	35	2
\$500 or more-----	10	14	6	—	39	1
Median (dollars)-----	151	171	142	147	177	166
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>						
Less than \$20,000-----	447	532	371	661	793	308
Less than 20 percent-----	194	215	178	265	345	144
20 to 24 percent-----	60	61	11	82	80	13
25 to 29 percent-----	55	24	34	37	54	22
30 to 34 percent-----	11	71	45	53	37	8
35 percent or more-----	117	143	103	212	255	104
Not computed-----	10	18	—	12	22	17
Median-----	22.0	23.4	23.4	23.6	22.5	20.6
\$20,000 to \$34,999-----	211	473	131	191	524	347
Less than 20 percent-----	147	295	120	144	335	152
20 to 24 percent-----	12	67	—	33	55	75
25 to 29 percent-----	35	42	5	14	62	50
30 to 34 percent-----	—	24	6	—	15	38
35 percent or more-----	17	45	—	—	57	32
Not computed-----	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median-----	12.3	14.4	10.9	11.4	14.6	21.4
\$35,000 to \$49,999-----	192	335	80	174	213	378
Less than 20 percent-----	150	229	69	152	149	245
20 to 24 percent-----	15	72	11	13	46	77
25 to 29 percent-----	27	34	—	—	18	54
30 to 34 percent-----	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more-----	—	—	—	9	—	2
Not computed-----	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median-----	15.5	14.1	13.3	10.0	15.7	17.3
\$50,000 or more-----	161	365	60	86	386	440
Less than 20 percent-----	161	341	50	86	351	409
20 to 24 percent-----	—	15	10	—	21	29
25 to 29 percent-----	—	9	—	—	—	2
30 to 34 percent-----	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more-----	—	—	—	—	14	—
Not computed-----	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median-----	12.7	10.6	10.0	10.0	10.0	13.6
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>270</b>	<b>878</b>	<b>512</b>	<b>783</b>	<b>912</b>	<b>470</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>						
Less than \$100-----	10	15	76	90	17	—
\$100 to \$199-----	46	49	89	109	107	46
\$200 to \$299-----	43	98	112	114	154	65
\$300 to \$399-----	63	284	122	261	301	135
\$400 to \$499-----	13	219	52	114	118	103
\$500 to \$599-----	—	78	—	25	118	42
\$600 to \$749-----	12	36	—	—	—	14
\$750 to \$999-----	—	15	6	6	—	28
\$1,000 or more-----	—	7	—	—	10	—
No cash rent-----	83	77	55	64	87	37
Median (dollars)-----	292	384	271	314	337	370
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>						
Less than \$10,000-----	132	203	287	409	433	99
Less than 20 percent-----	4	15	16	26	5	10
20 to 24 percent-----	10	14	38	14	11	6
25 to 29 percent-----	8	—	33	21	20	—
30 to 34 percent-----	9	12	5	63	45	—
35 percent or more-----	69	118	167	242	294	72
Not computed-----	32	44	28	43	58	11
Median-----	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999-----	78	234	123	211	191	150
Less than 20 percent-----	24	11	36	47	16	6
20 to 24 percent-----	—	67	14	56	24	14
25 to 29 percent-----	12	29	33	—	22	25
30 to 34 percent-----	2	37	5	37	38	14
35 percent or more-----	12	75	19	41	54	81
Not computed-----	28	15	16	30	37	10
Median-----	25.4	30.3	25.5	23.9	32.0	36.4
\$20,000 to \$34,999-----	48	284	69	79	216	85
Less than 20 percent-----	15	164	47	42	116	53
20 to 24 percent-----	10	62	12	13	33	8
25 to 29 percent-----	—	33	—	17	28	4
30 to 34 percent-----	—	—	—	—	22	9
35 percent or more-----	—	7	6	—	—	3
Not computed-----	23	18	4	7	17	8
Median-----	18.4	18.9	17.4	18.7	19.1	17.7
\$35,000 or more-----	12	157	33	84	72	136
Less than 20 percent-----	9	150	26	81	62	119
20 to 24 percent-----	3	7	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent-----	—	—	—	—	10	—
30 to 34 percent-----	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more-----	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed-----	—	—	7	3	—	17
Median-----	18.3	12.6	10.0	11.6	10.7	12.5



Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Harrison County		Marshall city, Harrison County				
	Tract 206.97 (pt.)	Tract 206.98 (pt.)	Tract 201.01 (pt.)	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204.01 (pt.)	Tract 204.02 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	366	25	124	1 657	513	1 075	1 722
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>							
With a mortgage .....	261	7	94	837	169	304	721
Less than \$300 .....	6	—	7	39	25	51	88
\$300 to \$399 .....	33	—	—	92	34	85	120
\$400 to \$499 .....	34	—	—	161	46	64	113
\$500 to \$599 .....	60	—	9	155	18	44	130
\$600 to \$799 .....	85	—	16	182	24	51	160
\$800 to \$999 .....	36	7	34	150	16	—	46
\$1,000 to \$1,499 .....	7	—	28	42	6	9	44
\$1,500 to \$1,999 .....	—	—	—	16	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	20
Median (dollars) .....	596	975	839	586	465	442	533
Not mortgaged .....	105	18	30	820	344	771	1 001
Less than \$100 .....	11	—	14	90	89	115	84
\$100 to \$199 .....	39	18	—	462	170	488	547
\$200 to \$299 .....	50	—	9	192	57	130	242
\$300 to \$399 .....	5	—	7	51	7	38	54
\$400 to \$499 .....	—	—	—	11	15	—	35
\$500 or more .....	—	—	—	14	6	—	39
Median (dollars) .....	204	141	256	172	137	148	178
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>							
Less than \$20,000 .....	36	18	40	511	312	645	747
Less than 20 percent .....	16	—	21	208	171	258	345
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	9	54	11	82	72
25 to 29 percent .....	—	7	—	24	17	37	54
30 to 34 percent .....	5	—	—	71	37	53	37
35 percent or more .....	15	—	—	136	76	203	232
Not computed .....	—	—	10	18	—	12	7
Median .....	32.0	14.1	10.7	23.6	19.1	23.6	21.7
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	127	—	18	465	96	178	480
Less than 20 percent .....	47	—	7	287	85	131	319
20 to 24 percent .....	23	—	—	67	—	33	55
25 to 29 percent .....	9	—	—	42	5	14	55
30 to 34 percent .....	32	—	—	24	6	—	15
35 percent or more .....	16	—	11	45	—	—	36
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	23.6	—	50.0+	14.5	10.0—	11.5	13.8
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	98	—	7	316	70	174	170
Less than 20 percent .....	50	—	—	210	59	152	121
20 to 24 percent .....	21	—	—	72	11	13	40
25 to 29 percent .....	27	—	7	34	—	—	9
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	9	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	19.7	—	27.5	14.9	13.7	10.0—	15.4
\$50,000 or more .....	105	7	59	365	35	78	325
Less than 20 percent .....	105	7	59	341	28	78	303
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	15	7	—	8
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	9	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	14
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	10.0—	22.5	13.1	10.6	10.0—	10.0—	10.0—
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	135	20	22	848	465	774	857
<b>GROSS RENT</b>							
Less than \$100 .....	—	—	—	15	76	90	17
\$100 to \$199 .....	18	6	—	37	74	109	97
\$200 to \$299 .....	34	14	—	98	112	114	154
\$300 to \$399 .....	41	—	—	266	114	261	259
\$400 to \$499 .....	35	—	—	219	34	114	118
\$500 to \$599 .....	7	—	—	78	—	25	118
\$600 to \$749 .....	—	—	9	36	—	—	—
\$750 to \$999 .....	—	—	—	15	6	—	—
\$1,000 or more .....	—	—	—	7	—	—	10
No cash rent .....	—	—	13	77	49	61	84
Median (dollars) .....	317	263	725	390	267	313	339
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>							
Less than \$10,000 .....	54	14	6	185	259	409	416
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	—	15	16	26	5
20 to 24 percent .....	6	—	—	14	38	14	11
25 to 29 percent .....	—	6	—	—	33	21	20
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	5	63	45
35 percent or more .....	39	—	—	112	145	242	277
Not computed .....	9	8	6	44	22	43	58
Median .....	50.0+	27.5	—	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	49.7
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	44	—	7	234	123	211	178
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	—	11	36	47	6
20 to 24 percent .....	6	—	—	67	14	56	24
25 to 29 percent .....	10	—	—	29	33	—	22
30 to 34 percent .....	6	—	—	37	5	37	38
35 percent or more .....	22	—	—	75	19	41	54
Not computed .....	—	—	7	15	16	30	34
Median .....	35.0	—	—	30.3	25.5	23.9	32.6
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	22	—	—	272	56	73	204
Less than 20 percent .....	10	—	—	152	34	42	104
20 to 24 percent .....	5	—	—	62	12	13	33
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	33	—	11	28
30 to 34 percent .....	7	—	—	—	—	—	22
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	7	6	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	18	4	7	17
Median .....	21.0	—	—	19.0	17.3	18.0	19.3
\$35,000 or more .....	15	6	9	157	27	81	59
Less than 20 percent .....	15	6	9	150	20	81	49
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	7	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	10
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	7	—	—
Median .....	11.3	10.0—	17.5	12.6	10.0—	11.6	12.3

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Harrison County								
	Tract 201.01 (pt.)	Tract 201.02	Tract 202.98	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204.01 (pt.)	Tract 204.02 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 206.97 (pt.)	Tract 206.98 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	887	749	572	48	129	37	194	1 107	929
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>									
With a mortgage	381	376	266	7	35	14	98	804	531
Less than \$300	66	53	40	—	5	—	8	33	23
\$300 to \$399	62	65	63	—	18	6	—	50	68
\$400 to \$499	36	62	24	7	6	—	8	111	101
\$500 to \$599	57	58	38	—	3	—	18	113	131
\$600 to \$799	93	77	69	—	—	8	6	291	124
\$800 to \$999	59	48	32	—	3	—	30	177	64
\$1,000 to \$1,499	8	13	—	—	—	—	10	25	20
\$1,500 to \$1,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	18	2	—
\$2,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
Median (dollars)	532	520	512	475	372	706	821	647	564
Not mortgaged	506	373	306	41	94	23	96	303	398
Less than \$100	112	72	66	12	5	—	—	53	27
\$100 to \$199	274	196	167	22	56	23	72	182	234
\$200 to \$299	83	98	73	7	27	—	15	55	109
\$300 to \$399	27	7	—	—	6	—	9	10	8
\$400 to \$499	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	20
\$500 or more	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
Median (dollars)	151	157	143	130	167	136	170	155	178
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$20,000	407	285	253	21	59	16	46	272	256
Less than 20 percent	173	140	116	7	7	7	—	128	51
20 to 24 percent	51	9	52	7	—	—	8	13	29
25 to 29 percent	55	17	32	—	17	—	—	22	30
30 to 34 percent	11	23	20	—	8	—	—	3	28
35 percent or more	117	93	31	7	27	9	23	89	107
Not computed	—	3	2	—	—	—	15	17	11
Median	23.0	20.6	20.9	22.5	33.4	50.0+	38.4	19.9	32.2
\$20,000 to \$34,999	193	175	168	8	35	13	44	220	234
Less than 20 percent	140	131	120	8	35	13	16	105	112
20 to 24 percent	12	16	35	—	—	—	—	52	39
25 to 29 percent	35	10	13	—	—	—	7	41	44
30 to 34 percent	—	16	—	—	—	—	—	6	11
35 percent or more	6	2	—	—	—	—	21	16	28
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	11.8	11.4	15.8	12.5	12.7	10.0	29.3	20.5	20.6
\$35,000 to \$49,999	185	171	90	19	10	—	43	280	287
Less than 20 percent	150	156	48	19	10	—	28	195	242
20 to 24 percent	15	7	35	—	—	—	6	56	32
25 to 29 percent	20	5	7	—	—	—	9	27	4
30 to 34 percent	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	9
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	15.2	10.4	14.3	10.0	10.0	—	17.0	16.6	11.5
\$50,000 or more	102	118	61	—	25	8	61	335	152
Less than 20 percent	102	104	61	—	22	8	48	304	130
20 to 24 percent	—	14	—	—	3	—	13	29	22
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	12.4	12.5	10.0	—	10.0	17.5	10.0	15.0	10.7
Specified renter-occupied housing units	248	367	227	30	47	9	55	335	386
<b>GROSS RENT</b>									
Less than \$100	10	29	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199	46	68	35	12	15	—	10	28	18
\$200 to \$299	43	71	32	—	—	—	—	31	79
\$300 to \$399	63	65	47	18	8	—	42	94	104
\$400 to \$499	13	26	12	—	18	—	—	68	74
\$500 to \$599	—	38	3	—	—	—	—	35	43
\$600 to \$749	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	14	19
\$750 to \$999	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	28	3
\$1,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent	70	70	98	—	6	3	3	37	46
Median (dollars)	285	282	297	338	392	875	329	396	370
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$10,000	126	147	78	18	28	—	17	45	117
Less than 20 percent	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	10	—
20 to 24 percent	10	4	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	8	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	9	6	—	12	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	69	82	26	6	22	—	17	33	84
Not computed	26	46	45	—	6	—	—	2	33
Median	50.0+	47.2	46.1	33.8	50.0+	—	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999	71	71	41	—	—	—	13	106	147
Less than 20 percent	24	19	20	—	—	—	10	6	40
20 to 24 percent	—	17	4	—	—	—	—	8	10
25 to 29 percent	12	6	—	—	—	—	—	15	31
30 to 34 percent	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	8	7
35 percent or more	12	8	—	—	—	—	—	59	47
Not computed	21	19	17	—	—	—	3	10	12
Median	25.4	22.1	18.0	—	—	—	12.5	38.4	27.8
\$20,000 to \$34,999	48	97	55	12	13	6	12	63	44
Less than 20 percent	15	49	23	12	13	—	12	43	25
20 to 24 percent	10	42	—	—	—	—	—	3	7
25 to 29 percent	—	2	12	—	—	6	—	4	11
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—
Not computed	23	4	20	—	—	—	—	8	1
Median	18.4	19.5	18.8	17.5	17.5	27.5	17.5	17.5	18.4
\$35,000 or more	3	52	53	—	6	3	13	121	78
Less than 20 percent	—	32	37	—	6	—	13	104	76
20 to 24 percent	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	20	16	—	—	3	—	17	—
Median	22.5	12.2	10.0	—	10.0	—	10.0	12.7	11.4



**Table 34. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview—Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County			Harrison County		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County			
		Total	Kilgore city (pt.)	Longview city (pt.)	Total	Marshall city	Tract 2	Tract 4	Tract 9	Tract 11
Occupied housing units .....	47 133	32 179	2 796	20 967	14 954	5 161	1 440	2 540	832	559
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990 .....	463	220	31	112	243	23	11	—	—	—
1985 to 1988 .....	3 242	1 931	92	1 047	1 311	176	177	209	16	—
1980 to 1984 .....	9 013	6 295	410	4 238	2 718	465	351	742	34	11
1970 to 1979 .....	13 104	9 252	502	6 064	3 852	654	349	745	164	88
1960 to 1969 .....	8 503	6 248	452	4 357	2 255	981	241	461	204	66
1950 to 1959 .....	5 908	4 147	466	2 889	1 761	1 052	148	279	285	107
1940 to 1949 .....	3 511	2 304	457	1 359	1 207	787	65	77	83	123
1939 or earlier .....	3 389	1 782	386	901	1 607	1 023	98	27	46	164
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom .....	255	161	38	101	94	14	20	42	—	—
1 bedroom .....	4 171	3 283	293	2 631	888	329	206	630	59	72
2 bedrooms .....	14 328	9 360	1 027	6 040	4 968	1 716	488	754	290	256
3 bedrooms .....	23 891	16 308	1 230	10 223	7 583	2 514	637	1 028	460	196
4 bedrooms .....	4 089	2 830	205	1 875	1 259	544	60	78	23	32
5 or more bedrooms .....	399	237	3	97	162	44	29	8	—	3
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities .....	46 949	32 090	2 778	20 927	14 859	5 145	1 420	2 540	832	559
Source of water, public system or private company .....	42 891	31 120	2 796	20 760	11 771	5 014	1 408	2 521	827	559
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	33 767	26 971	2 734	20 248	6 796	4 683	1 102	2 463	742	559
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	224	122	17	38	102	32	7	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	149	73	—	11	76	16	7	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	75	49	17	27	26	16	—	—	—	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas .....	23 859	17 121	1 835	12 125	6 738	3 974	761	1 007	694	454
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	2 226	820	29	159	1 406	34	6	10	14	—
Electricity .....	19 826	13 763	923	8 509	6 063	1 067	655	1 511	124	100
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	36	19	—	—	17	7	—	—	—	—
All other fuels .....	1 148	443	9	163	705	70	18	12	—	5
No fuel used .....	38	13	—	11	25	9	—	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None .....	2 227	1 490	164	1 029	737	389	150	113	57	52
1 .....	15 964	11 654	1 321	7 852	4 310	1 847	450	1 184	336	316
2 .....	20 245	13 417	937	8 761	6 828	2 099	558	923	324	134
3 or more .....	8 697	5 618	374	3 325	3 079	826	282	320	115	57
Vehicles per household .....	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.4
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units .....	33 100	21 179	1 714	12 877	11 921	3 764	976	1 096	615	320
1989 to March 1990 .....	2 978	1 885	94	1 222	1 093	311	81	136	53	10
1985 to 1988 .....	7 359	4 705	176	2 913	2 654	513	227	260	131	26
1980 to 1984 .....	6 354	3 917	299	2 187	2 437	625	170	145	107	55
1970 to 1979 .....	8 754	5 679	420	3 529	3 075	866	259	297	152	70
1969 or earlier .....	7 655	4 993	725	3 026	2 662	1 449	239	258	172	159
Renter-occupied housing units .....	14 033	11 000	1 082	8 090	3 033	1 397	464	1 444	217	239
1989 to March 1990 .....	7 345	5 792	543	4 275	1 553	712	252	831	98	101
1985 to 1988 .....	4 983	4 000	430	3 005	983	411	169	534	102	115
1980 to 1984 .....	1 032	755	64	520	277	136	35	61	6	—
1970 to 1979 .....	460	319	38	191	141	83	3	18	6	12
1969 or earlier .....	213	134	7	99	79	55	5	—	5	11
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit .....	3 011	1 992	220	1 188	1 019	266	144	129	45	49
Householder 65 years and over .....	11 117	7 595	946	4 762	3 522	1 868	449	495	298	211
Owner-occupied housing units .....	9 135	6 072	772	3 623	3 063	1 560	279	392	280	171
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	71	44	12	7	27	16	7	—	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	193	75	10	46	118	45	11	12	—	—
No vehicle available .....	1 263	832	140	559	431	277	113	55	42	24
Complete plumbing facilities .....	46 909	32 057	2 779	20 929	14 852	5 129	1 433	2 540	832	559
1.00 or less persons per room .....	45 602	31 214	2 705	20 408	14 388	5 050	1 413	2 522	804	518
1.01 or more persons per room .....	1 307	843	74	521	464	79	20	18	28	41
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	224	122	17	38	102	32	7	—	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room .....	195	116	17	38	79	32	7	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room .....	29	6	—	—	23	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	38 968	41 034	36 280	43 984	35 298	39 941	44 605	38 588	23 565	48 411
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	23 092	23 190	24 618	23 153	22 737	21 775	19 015	28 225	18 971	21 546
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	5 758	3 768	374	2 357	1 990	702	169	257	117	113
Owner-occupied housing units .....	2 880	1 619	158	866	1 261	384	50	86	71	28
Renter-occupied housing units .....	2 878	2 149	216	1 491	729	318	119	171	46	85

Table 34. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Gregg County—Con.							Kilgore city (pt.), Gregg County	
	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 101	Tract 103	Tract 104	Tract 106	Tract 107	Tract 106 (pt.)	Tract 107 (pt.)
<b>Occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>756</b>	<b>268</b>	<b>1 430</b>	<b>2 606</b>	<b>1 909</b>	<b>2 003</b>	<b>1 185</b>	<b>1 659</b>	<b>1 100</b>
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>									
1989 to March 1990 -----	—	—	14	5	32	31	—	31	—
1985 to 1988 -----	6	6	164	260	193	113	42	60	32
1980 to 1984 -----	37	19	441	681	426	390	124	293	117
1970 to 1979 -----	164	15	471	908	750	397	186	307	178
1960 to 1969 -----	184	60	149	534	218	442	120	360	92
1950 to 1959 -----	222	107	83	108	84	323	148	314	132
1940 to 1949 -----	136	51	62	39	128	187	270	187	270
1939 or earlier -----	7	10	46	71	78	120	295	107	279
<b>BEDROOMS</b>									
No bedroom -----	—	—	4	—	8	23	15	23	15
1 bedroom -----	104	13	55	113	54	154	144	149	144
2 bedrooms -----	223	104	296	793	476	599	572	491	536
3 bedrooms -----	383	141	880	1 439	1 217	1 066	384	858	335
4 bedrooms -----	46	10	170	221	126	161	67	138	67
5 or more bedrooms -----	—	—	25	40	28	—	3	—	3
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
Complete kitchen facilities -----	756	268	1 403	2 596	1 904	2 003	1 165	1 659	1 087
Source of water, public system or private company -----	750	268	1 019	2 476	1 685	1 973	1 156	1 659	1 100
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	734	257	319	2 195	380	1 765	1 133	1 629	1 100
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	—	16	10	36	8	12	—	12
Owner-occupied housing units -----	—	—	10	10	31	8	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units -----	—	—	6	—	5	—	12	—	12
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>									
Utility gas -----	561	230	212	1 168	508	1 066	959	935	888
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	—	—	137	77	274	4	16	—	9
Electricity -----	189	38	1 026	1 302	1 051	902	206	724	199
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
All other fuels -----	6	—	55	59	68	31	4	—	4
No fuel used -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>									
None -----	35	12	14	60	36	43	130	41	123
1 -----	312	136	327	726	593	799	627	712	584
2 -----	283	94	722	1 182	772	800	306	643	282
3 or more -----	126	26	367	638	508	361	122	263	111
Vehicles per household -----	1.7	1.6	2.1	2.0	2.0	1.8	1.4	1.7	1.4
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>									
<b>Owner-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>449</b>	<b>176</b>	<b>1 189</b>	<b>1 753</b>	<b>1 592</b>	<b>1 277</b>	<b>738</b>	<b>1 025</b>	<b>669</b>
1989 to March 1990 -----	22	7	105	186	146	60	57	47	47
1985 to 1988 -----	80	26	335	459	382	191	73	115	61
1980 to 1984 -----	32	11	354	429	383	226	125	196	103
1970 to 1979 -----	115	60	258	423	415	319	202	236	184
1969 or earlier -----	200	72	137	256	266	481	281	431	274
<b>Renter-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>307</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>241</b>	<b>853</b>	<b>317</b>	<b>726</b>	<b>447</b>	<b>634</b>	<b>431</b>
1989 to March 1990 -----	111	17	143	483	131	377	229	330	213
1985 to 1988 -----	144	70	45	341	127	277	181	232	181
1980 to 1984 -----	32	—	20	19	51	45	19	45	19
1970 to 1979 -----	20	5	33	10	—	20	18	20	18
1969 or earlier -----	—	—	—	—	8	7	—	7	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
No telephone in unit -----	65	19	31	165	156	101	122	78	117
Householder 65 years and over -----	223	69	203	238	457	614	419	554	382
Owner-occupied housing units -----	182	69	180	180	420	511	332	451	311
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	—	—	—	25	—	12	—	12
No telephone in unit -----	—	—	—	—	19	—	—	—	—
No vehicle available -----	9	—	—	34	19	41	99	41	99
Complete plumbing facilities -----	756	268	1 414	2 596	1 873	1 995	1 173	1 659	1 088
1.00 or less persons per room -----	740	268	1 372	2 499	1 807	1 964	1 114	1 642	1 043
1.01 or more persons per room -----	16	—	42	97	66	31	59	17	45
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	—	16	10	36	8	12	—	12
1.00 or less persons per room -----	—	—	16	10	30	8	12	—	12
1.01 or more persons per room -----	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	32 036	28 619	46 958	38 809	32 130	43 513	21 270	45 971	21 899
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	19 242	16 357	28 468	24 036	22 608	27 324	17 931	28 913	17 517
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	108	49	93	285	247	118	325	83	291
Owner-occupied housing units -----	43	17	72	97	191	50	165	27	131
Renter-occupied housing units -----	65	32	21	188	56	68	160	56	160



Table 34. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County							
	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5.02	Tract 8	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10	Tract 11 (pt.)
Occupied housing units .....	920	2 012	2 540	1 539	2 155	797	679	559
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>								
1989 to March 1990 .....	5	6	—	10	—	—	—	—
1985 to 1988 .....	108	31	209	41	72	16	3	—
1980 to 1984 .....	238	338	742	340	453	34	—	11
1970 to 1979 .....	207	578	745	538	670	152	68	88
1960 to 1969 .....	103	777	461	305	481	204	129	66
1950 to 1959 .....	113	213	279	277	286	262	292	107
1940 to 1949 .....	54	32	77	28	94	83	120	123
1939 or earlier .....	92	37	27	—	99	46	67	164
<b>BEDROOMS</b>								
No bedroom .....	20	—	42	—	9	—	—	—
1 bedroom .....	196	339	630	289	124	59	101	72
2 bedrooms .....	436	337	754	423	787	290	320	256
3 bedrooms .....	233	1 077	1 028	736	1 152	425	245	196
4 bedrooms .....	22	259	78	91	83	23	13	32
5 or more bedrooms .....	13	—	8	—	—	—	—	3
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>								
Complete kitchen facilities .....	900	2 012	2 540	1 539	2 155	797	679	559
Source of water, public system or private company .....	915	2 012	2 521	1 539	2 155	797	679	559
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	915	2 012	2 463	1 532	2 084	742	679	559
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	7	—	—	12	—	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	12	—	—	—	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>								
Utility gas .....	521	1 099	1 007	705	1 297	669	522	454
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	—	9	10	7	18	14	6	—
Electricity .....	387	893	1 511	827	810	114	134	100
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All other fuels .....	12	—	12	—	30	—	17	5
No fuel used .....	—	11	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>								
None .....	138	98	113	51	114	57	99	52
1 .....	386	711	1 184	645	759	331	286	316
2 .....	256	925	923	672	967	294	253	134
3 or more .....	140	278	320	171	315	115	41	57
Vehicles per household .....	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.4
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>								
Owner-occupied housing units .....	488	1 236	1 096	855	1 203	590	409	320
1989 to March 1990 .....	47	73	136	113	113	53	15	10
1985 to 1988 .....	93	235	260	226	314	131	60	26
1980 to 1984 .....	91	139	145	101	222	107	64	55
1970 to 1979 .....	103	410	297	231	312	140	102	70
1969 or earlier .....	154	379	258	184	242	159	168	159
Renter-occupied housing units .....	432	776	1 444	684	952	207	270	239
1989 to March 1990 .....	235	375	831	421	599	98	53	101
1985 to 1988 .....	159	259	534	205	294	92	152	115
1980 to 1984 .....	35	93	61	38	26	6	42	—
1970 to 1979 .....	3	13	18	6	21	6	23	12
1969 or earlier .....	—	36	—	14	12	5	—	11
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>								
No telephone in unit .....	138	86	129	81	173	45	54	49
Householder 65 years and over .....	335	650	495	308	308	273	188	211
Owner-occupied housing units .....	170	414	392	270	240	255	143	171
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	11	11	12	—	—	—	—	—
No vehicle available .....	101	83	55	15	51	42	45	24
Complete plumbing facilities .....	913	2 012	2 540	1 527	2 155	797	679	559
1.00 or less persons per room .....	897	2 006	2 522	1 501	2 028	769	650	518
1.01 or more persons per room .....	16	6	18	26	127	28	29	41
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	7	—	—	12	—	—	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room .....	7	—	—	12	—	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>								
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	34 287	63 259	38 588	40 552	32 400	23 279	28 946	48 411
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	17 549	24 012	28 225	23 363	23 957	18 461	17 355	21 546
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	144	173	257	126	221	117	107	113
Owner-occupied housing units .....	34	66	86	56	72	71	40	28
Renter-occupied housing units .....	110	107	171	70	149	46	67	85

Table 34. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County—Con.				Remainder of Gregg County		
	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 102	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 105
Occupied housing units .....	412	977	736	268	2 268	1 872	909
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>							
1989 to March 1990 .....	—	—	—	—	3	32	17
1985 to 1988 .....	—	—	—	6	99	193	91
1980 to 1984 .....	—	—	37	19	285	426	176
1970 to 1979 .....	40	92	164	15	561	733	289
1960 to 1969 .....	33	183	178	60	389	218	167
1950 to 1959 .....	93	225	222	107	425	64	92
1940 to 1949 .....	163	293	128	51	226	128	53
1939 or earlier .....	83	184	7	10	280	78	24
<b>BEDROOMS</b>							
No bedroom .....	—	9	—	—	14	8	—
1 bedroom .....	15	64	98	13	163	54	25
2 bedrooms .....	261	392	217	104	803	476	270
3 bedrooms .....	112	381	383	141	1 076	1 180	505
4 bedrooms .....	24	110	38	10	206	126	80
5 or more bedrooms .....	—	21	—	—	6	28	29
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
Complete kitchen facilities .....	412	977	736	268	2 266	1 872	904
Source of water, public system or private company .....	412	977	736	268	2 193	1 648	817
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	412	977	726	257	1 817	375	193
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	—	7	31	5
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	—	2	31	5
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	—	5	—	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>							
Utility gas .....	381	874	553	230	1 203	496	308
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	—	—	—	—	139	254	84
Electricity .....	31	103	183	38	895	1 051	449
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	—	—	—	—	9	8	2
All other fuels .....	—	—	—	—	22	63	64
No fuel used .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>							
None .....	56	87	35	12	164	36	14
1 .....	214	411	306	136	919	568	217
2 .....	112	389	277	94	797	760	481
3 or more .....	30	90	118	26	388	508	197
Vehicles per household .....	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.7	2.0	2.1
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>							
Owner-occupied housing units .....	309	677	435	176	1 520	1 572	796
1989 to March 1990 .....	6	54	22	7	85	146	99
1985 to 1988 .....	46	106	80	26	352	382	181
1980 to 1984 .....	35	76	32	11	296	383	159
1970 to 1979 .....	87	162	115	60	350	415	239
1969 or earlier .....	135	279	186	72	437	246	118
Renter-occupied housing units .....	103	300	301	92	748	300	113
1989 to March 1990 .....	36	146	105	17	420	131	50
1985 to 1988 .....	39	89	144	70	181	110	43
1980 to 1984 .....	—	44	32	—	70	51	20
1970 to 1979 .....	11	21	20	5	62	—	—
1969 or earlier .....	17	—	—	—	15	8	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
No telephone in unit .....	34	58	59	19	284	131	17
Householder 65 years and over .....	184	358	209	69	675	447	201
Owner-occupied housing units .....	167	315	168	69	582	410	199
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	—	—	25	—
No telephone in unit .....	5	—	—	—	10	9	—
No vehicle available .....	37	33	9	—	60	19	8
Complete plumbing facilities .....	412	977	736	268	2 261	1 841	904
1.00 or less persons per room .....	392	938	720	268	2 177	1 787	884
1.01 or more persons per room .....	20	39	16	—	84	54	20
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	—	7	31	5
1.00 or less persons per room .....	—	—	—	—	7	25	5
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>							
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	20 364	24 308	31 732	28 619	30 766	32 276	35 962
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	15 219	17 636	19 148	16 357	19 113	21 369	27 631
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	106	213	108	49	422	247	74
Owner-occupied housing units .....	77	96	43	17	161	191	67
Renter-occupied housing units .....	29	117	65	32	261	56	7



Table 34. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Harrison County						
	Tract 201.01	Tract 203	Tract 204.01	Tract 204.02	Tract 205	Tract 206.97	Tract 206.98
<b>Occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>1 784</b>	<b>2 294</b>	<b>576</b>	<b>517</b>	<b>2 363</b>	<b>2 516</b>	<b>2 063</b>
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>							
1989 to March 1990 -----	78	15	—	—	14	49	59
1985 to 1988 -----	258	135	42	10	71	186	291
1980 to 1984 -----	326	322	117	9	212	570	462
1970 to 1979 -----	614	340	41	72	276	988	628
1960 to 1969 -----	212	343	114	71	486	351	261
1950 to 1959 -----	116	426	79	89	501	192	159
1940 to 1949 -----	94	305	88	164	324	77	59
1939 or earlier -----	86	408	95	102	479	103	144
<b>BEDROOMS</b>							
No bedroom -----	6	—	8	—	14	7	17
1 bedroom -----	143	181	49	35	96	96	104
2 bedrooms -----	577	756	234	262	724	752	708
3 bedrooms -----	839	1 097	236	198	1 254	1 408	1 060
4 bedrooms -----	201	252	42	16	235	208	153
5 or more bedrooms -----	18	8	7	6	40	45	21
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
Complete kitchen facilities -----	1 766	2 287	576	517	2 354	2 498	2 047
Source of water, public system or private company -----	1 169	2 211	515	504	2 123	1 697	1 425
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	237	1 987	325	427	1 925	833	421
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	18	23	—	—	9	26	8
Owner-occupied housing units -----	8	7	—	—	9	26	8
Renter-occupied housing units -----	10	16	—	—	—	—	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>							
Utility gas -----	565	1 631	359	397	1 630	653	715
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	241	7	18	37	62	286	254
Electricity -----	908	625	179	66	613	1 411	984
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	—	7	—	—	—	—	—
All other fuels -----	70	24	11	17	58	166	104
No fuel used -----	—	—	9	—	—	—	6
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>							
None -----	43	131	64	77	133	45	98
1 -----	409	764	176	221	890	613	500
2 -----	903	968	282	151	963	1 215	988
3 or more -----	429	431	54	68	377	643	477
Vehicles per household -----	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.7	2.0	2.0
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>							
<b>Owner-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>1 571</b>	<b>1 663</b>	<b>434</b>	<b>359</b>	<b>1 812</b>	<b>2 066</b>	<b>1 682</b>
1989 to March 1990 -----	221	111	22	27	174	129	161
1985 to 1988 -----	381	329	113	49	202	562	496
1980 to 1984 -----	329	301	47	56	347	480	236
1970 to 1979 -----	427	321	131	48	466	587	507
1969 or earlier -----	213	601	121	179	623	308	282
<b>Renter-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>213</b>	<b>631</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>551</b>	<b>450</b>	<b>381</b>
1989 to March 1990 -----	119	315	59	92	293	208	212
1985 to 1988 -----	77	207	54	42	136	181	125
1980 to 1984 -----	5	78	6	—	52	43	42
1970 to 1979 -----	2	17	7	11	60	13	—
1969 or earlier -----	10	14	16	13	10	5	2
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
No telephone in unit -----	98	131	39	55	148	149	151
Householder 65 years and over -----	301	701	195	257	834	367	290
Owner-occupied housing units -----	259	582	166	228	695	352	252
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	7	—	—	9	—	—
No telephone in unit -----	—	8	7	7	50	7	—
No vehicle available -----	27	102	45	44	80	22	54
Complete plumbing facilities -----	1 766	2 271	576	517	2 354	2 490	2 055
1.00 or less persons per room -----	1 669	2 211	567	500	2 314	2 422	2 002
1.01 or more persons per room -----	97	60	9	17	40	68	53
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	18	23	—	—	9	26	8
1.00 or less persons per room -----	10	23	—	—	9	26	—
1.01 or more persons per room -----	8	—	—	—	—	—	8
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>							
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	32 722	36 672	24 238	25 819	46 119	38 287	32 876
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	20 907	26 645	17 431	17 519	18 100	26 681	21 369
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	204	322	140	65	286	205	299
Owner-occupied housing units -----	152	195	93	30	143	118	159
Renter-occupied housing units -----	52	127	47	35	143	87	140

Table 34. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Marshall city, Harrison County				Remainder of Harrison County				
	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204.01 (pt.)	Tract 204.02 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 201.01 (pt.)	Tract 201.02	Tract 202.98	Tract 206.97 (pt.)	Tract 206.98 (pt.)
Occupied housing units -----	2 210	328	453	1 957	1 571	1 419	1 422	2 001	2 018
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>									
1989 to March 1990 -----	15	—	—	8	78	19	9	30	59
1985 to 1988 -----	128	—	—	27	237	155	163	157	283
1980 to 1984 -----	322	36	—	81	300	350	350	527	456
1970 to 1979 -----	321	21	64	172	538	429	464	759	628
1960 to 1969 -----	343	71	64	462	171	204	213	249	248
1950 to 1959 -----	411	44	83	491	93	129	70	127	141
1940 to 1949 -----	281	70	147	282	87	45	51	77	59
1939 or earlier -----	389	86	95	434	67	88	102	75	144
<b>BEDROOMS</b>									
No bedroom -----	—	—	—	14	—	18	24	7	17
1 bedroom -----	167	31	35	96	143	97	87	55	90
2 bedrooms -----	708	147	229	586	531	498	457	616	691
3 bedrooms -----	1 075	117	173	1 048	738	738	753	1 094	1 046
4 bedrooms -----	252	26	16	184	135	51	101	189	153
5 or more bedrooms -----	8	7	—	29	18	17	—	40	21
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
Complete kitchen facilities -----	2 203	328	453	1 948	1 553	1 417	1 397	1 983	2 008
Source of water, public system or private company -----	2 157	319	446	1 895	972	1 224	903	1 225	1 380
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	1 987	295	427	1 874	137	615	26	429	382
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	23	—	—	9	18	—	18	18	8
Owner-occupied housing units -----	7	—	—	9	8	—	18	18	8
Renter-occupied housing units -----	16	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>									
Utility gas -----	1 580	268	397	1 547	383	515	273	374	676
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	—	6	7	13	233	211	290	272	254
Electricity -----	599	45	39	361	885	651	626	1 204	978
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	7	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—
All other fuels -----	24	—	10	36	70	39	216	151	104
No fuel used -----	—	9	—	—	—	3	7	—	6
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>									
None -----	131	64	67	121	37	78	68	45	98
1 -----	741	103	195	784	385	436	301	458	486
2 -----	931	144	137	761	777	621	737	964	970
3 or more -----	407	17	54	291	372	284	316	534	464
Vehicles per household -----	1.8	1.4	1.4	1.7	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.0
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units -----	1 612	204	301	1 458	1 382	1 143	1 191	1 668	1 657
1989 to March 1990 -----	104	11	19	130	174	154	94	85	161
1985 to 1988 -----	329	25	39	113	374	249	273	497	489
1980 to 1984 -----	293	12	53	256	318	280	361	386	236
1970 to 1979 -----	307	75	31	385	359	272	316	480	507
1969 or earlier -----	579	81	159	574	157	188	147	220	264
Renter-occupied housing units -----	598	124	152	499	189	276	231	333	361
1989 to March 1990 -----	294	59	92	251	103	128	127	129	198
1985 to 1988 -----	207	36	36	126	71	97	64	158	119
1980 to 1984 -----	78	6	—	52	5	21	30	33	42
1970 to 1979 -----	5	7	11	60	2	21	10	13	—
1969 or earlier -----	14	16	13	10	8	9	—	—	2
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
No telephone in unit -----	103	27	32	104	98	141	107	99	143
Householder 65 years and over -----	679	135	230	769	246	362	215	296	266
Owner-occupied housing units -----	560	106	201	653	219	321	208	281	234
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	7	—	—	9	—	—	11	—	—
No telephone in unit -----	8	—	—	37	—	28	11	2	—
No vehicle available -----	102	45	44	80	21	21	36	22	54
Complete plumbing facilities -----	2 187	328	453	1 948	1 553	1 419	1 404	1 983	2 010
1.00 or less persons per room -----	2 148	319	446	1 924	1 456	1 367	1 336	1 920	1 957
1.01 or more persons per room -----	39	9	7	24	97	52	68	63	53
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	23	—	—	9	18	—	18	18	8
1.00 or less persons per room -----	23	—	—	9	10	—	11	18	—
1.01 or more persons per room -----	—	—	—	—	8	—	7	—	8
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	37 025	19 375	25 353	49 160	31 846	32 245	28 363	38 284	33 000
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	27 236	16 180	16 906	17 933	20 343	22 689	26 269	29 550	21 771
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	296	94	62	240	194	207	262	163	291
Owner-occupied housing units -----	181	52	27	114	142	140	231	112	159
Renter-occupied housing units -----	115	42	35	126	52	67	31	51	132



Table 35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview-Morrell, TX MSA	Gregg County			Harrison County		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County			
		Total	Kilgore city (pt.)	Longview city (pt.)	Total	Marshall city	Tract 2	Tract 4	Tract 9	Tract 11
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>25 276</b>	<b>17 893</b>	<b>1 556</b>	<b>11 653</b>	<b>7 383</b>	<b>3 345</b>	<b>779</b>	<b>1 009</b>	<b>476</b>	<b>297</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
With a mortgage.....	14 279	10 339	610	7 107	3 940	1 492	396	485	259	108
Less than \$300.....	757	488	57	358	269	103	21	21	62	12
\$300 to \$399.....	1 726	1 241	79	867	485	215	27	53	67	8
\$400 to \$499.....	1 956	1 349	91	910	607	241	44	72	52	18
\$500 to \$599.....	2 234	1 539	91	1 055	695	268	46	67	40	13
\$600 to \$799.....	3 739	2 730	88	1 792	1 009	306	138	149	32	32
\$800 to \$999.....	2 358	1 730	104	1 140	628	209	93	109	—	4
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	1 080	891	67	691	189	114	27	14	6	21
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	275	239	26	197	36	16	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more.....	154	132	7	97	22	20	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	621	634	578	633	588	575	678	622	401	625
Not mortgaged.....	10 997	7 554	946	4 546	3 443	1 853	383	524	217	189
Less than \$100.....	881	548	104	247	333	148	40	9	15	20
\$100 to \$199.....	5 218	3 206	381	2 005	2 012	1 096	146	176	157	108
\$200 to \$299.....	3 469	2 646	278	1 591	823	418	123	265	33	41
\$300 to \$399.....	969	786	134	480	183	114	40	65	12	13
\$400 to \$499.....	311	260	38	149	51	37	28	9	—	—
\$500 or more.....	149	108	11	74	41	40	6	—	—	7
Median (dollars).....	190	201	197	201	171	174	203	223	169	178
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20,000.....	6 838	4 665	512	2 792	2 173	1 168	139	325	216	120
Less than 20 percent.....	2 727	1 717	175	1 060	1 010	566	69	131	102	60
20 to 24 percent.....	702	507	79	302	195	102	—	32	7	31
25 to 29 percent.....	548	361	35	228	187	88	3	30	42	6
30 to 34 percent.....	552	374	56	164	178	123	11	19	23	11
35 percent or more.....	2 060	1 509	138	923	551	254	47	105	34	6
Not computed.....	249	197	29	115	52	35	9	8	8	6
Median.....	24.0	25.1	24.2	24.6	21.3	20.0	18.9	24.3	21.4	19.2
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	6 057	4 069	451	2 593	1 988	937	197	187	160	66
Less than 20 percent.....	3 731	2 488	329	1 579	1 243	642	152	124	98	60
20 to 24 percent.....	796	543	35	350	253	93	18	—	27	—
25 to 29 percent.....	725	509	41	346	216	80	15	41	24	—
30 to 34 percent.....	404	300	25	191	104	39	12	7	6	6
35 percent or more.....	394	222	21	127	172	83	—	15	5	—
Not computed.....	7	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	16.1	16.5	13.1	16.9	15.1	13.1	12.0	14.7	16.5	10.0
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	5 436	3 873	268	2 463	1 563	491	167	226	76	22
Less than 20 percent.....	4 048	2 877	240	1 827	1 171	358	107	155	76	19
20 to 24 percent.....	872	611	17	389	261	101	28	50	—	3
25 to 29 percent.....	389	272	—	184	117	32	27	13	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	65	53	—	26	12	—	5	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	62	60	11	37	2	—	—	8	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	14.5	14.5	10.0	14.1	14.3	14.2	15.5	11.9	10.0	16.9
\$50,000 or more.....	6 945	5 286	325	3 805	1 659	749	276	271	24	89
Less than 20 percent.....	6 085	4 559	271	3 248	1 526	703	255	266	18	81
20 to 24 percent.....	609	501	31	386	108	23	21	5	6	—
25 to 29 percent.....	171	160	12	116	11	9	—	—	—	8
30 to 34 percent.....	41	41	11	30	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	39	25	—	25	14	14	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	11.7	12.0	10.6	12.1	11.0	10.0	11.1	10.0	10.0	10.0
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>13 745</b>	<b>10 928</b>	<b>1 082</b>	<b>8 044</b>	<b>2 817</b>	<b>1 378</b>	<b>464</b>	<b>1 444</b>	<b>217</b>	<b>239</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100.....	165	141	16	125	24	15	—	—	—	24
\$100 to \$199.....	733	529	90	269	204	64	—	—	—	25
\$200 to \$299.....	2 877	2 404	214	1 783	473	208	127	438	58	32
\$300 to \$399.....	4 361	3 506	327	2 676	855	423	108	566	80	126
\$400 to \$499.....	2 560	2 070	261	1 504	490	272	41	272	30	18
\$500 to \$599.....	1 091	781	56	630	310	186	13	60	29	—
\$600 to \$749.....	636	566	35	453	70	37	23	77	4	—
\$750 to \$999.....	275	238	6	199	37	19	47	22	—	5
\$1,000 or more.....	144	127	9	115	17	17	62	—	—	9
No cash rent.....	903	566	68	290	337	141	43	9	16	—
Median (dollars).....	363	364	365	364	358	377	361	349	374	317
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10,000.....	3 396	2 593	248	1 942	803	415	180	278	55	85
Less than 20 percent.....	111	84	8	76	27	15	—	—	—	13
20 to 24 percent.....	146	98	15	74	48	28	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	156	139	31	80	17	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	186	145	—	109	41	25	—	12	15	—
35 percent or more.....	2 284	1 728	112	1 376	556	294	137	256	40	61
Not computed.....	513	399	82	227	114	53	43	10	—	11
Median.....	50.0+	50.0+	40.8	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	3 710	2 962	355	2 123	748	366	115	330	67	44
Less than 20 percent.....	476	375	36	281	101	22	28	52	6	25
20 to 24 percent.....	614	497	34	406	117	83	24	117	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	796	698	104	477	98	26	17	66	10	—
30 to 34 percent.....	625	527	92	393	98	75	12	56	21	—
35 percent or more.....	901	692	89	467	209	96	29	39	14	19
Not computed.....	298	173	—	99	125	64	5	—	16	—
Median.....	28.9	28.7	30.2	28.4	29.8	31.3	25.9	24.8	32.3	14.4
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	3 866	3 152	269	2 281	714	354	96	366	84	85
Less than 20 percent.....	2 329	1 961	190	1 367	368	169	64	239	54	67
20 to 24 percent.....	809	659	27	534	150	85	3	70	18	18
25 to 29 percent.....	309	223	31	158	86	54	—	30	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	124	93	14	76	31	22	—	18	8	—
35 percent or more.....	123	113	—	95	10	7	25	—	4	—
Not computed.....	172	103	7	51	69	17	4	9	—	—
Median.....	18.4	18.2	17.7	18.5	19.2	20.0	17.4	17.3	17.8	17.4
\$35,000 or more.....	2 773	2 221	210	1 698	552	243	73	470	11	25
Less than 20 percent.....	2 413	1 930	198	1 468	483	219	54	455	11	16
20 to 24 percent.....	191	181	5	141	10	7	4	15	—	9
25 to 29 percent.....	51	41	—	41	10	10	8	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	7	7	—	7	—	—	7	—	—	—
Not computed.....	111	62	7	41	49	7	—	—	—	—
Median.....	12.6	12.7	11.1	13.0	11.9	13.1	12.8	11.9	10.0	13.4

Table 35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County—Con.							Kilgore city (pt.), Gregg County	
	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 101	Tract 103	Tract 104	Tract 106	Tract 107	Tract 106 (pt.)	Tract 107 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	422	136	771	1 425	971	1 092	614	938	598
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>									
With a mortgage .....	186	63	557	1 008	548	483	213	404	206
Less than \$300 .....	7	12	6	8	—	18	49	8	49
\$300 to \$399 .....	20	22	22	104	47	34	63	23	56
\$400 to \$499 .....	39	19	36	116	91	66	38	53	38
\$500 to \$599 .....	39	5	80	162	71	57	42	49	42
\$600 to \$799 .....	36	5	173	361	209	99	16	72	16
\$800 to \$999 .....	33	—	149	196	99	108	—	104	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499 .....	12	—	70	52	31	67	—	67	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999 .....	—	—	6	—	—	27	5	21	5
\$2,000 or more .....	—	—	15	9	—	7	—	7	—
Median (dollars) .....	575	392	704	646	665	689	394	790	397
Not mortgaged .....	236	73	214	417	423	609	401	534	392
Less than \$100 .....	19	—	13	27	57	37	67	37	67
\$100 to \$199 .....	125	40	106	172	199	190	210	155	206
\$200 to \$299 .....	70	33	61	195	131	219	96	187	91
\$300 to \$399 .....	15	—	10	16	20	124	18	116	18
\$400 to \$499 .....	7	—	24	7	12	28	10	28	10
\$500 or more .....	—	—	—	—	4	11	—	11	—
Median (dollars) .....	183	182	181	204	172	235	162	247	160
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$20,000 .....	153	28	185	282	289	229	310	197	305
Less than 20 percent .....	75	18	89	42	95	74	112	53	112
20 to 24 percent .....	6	—	—	38	19	24	55	24	55
25 to 29 percent .....	13	—	10	41	8	7	28	7	28
30 to 34 percent .....	7	—	18	15	26	29	29	27	29
35 percent or more .....	45	5	61	129	141	86	66	77	61
Not computed .....	7	5	7	17	—	9	20	9	20
Median .....	19.7	12.3	22.5	33.8	34.3	30.9	23.0	31.9	22.8
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	104	69	92	356	245	299	192	260	181
Less than 20 percent .....	69	69	17	130	154	202	155	175	144
20 to 24 percent .....	8	—	33	73	16	18	27	8	27
25 to 29 percent .....	21	—	30	59	18	31	10	31	10
30 to 34 percent .....	6	—	—	55	29	27	—	25	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	12	39	28	21	—	21	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	12.5	14.9	24.4	23.3	16.4	14.1	12.6	14.3	12.5
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	101	29	233	404	256	234	82	186	82
Less than 20 percent .....	101	29	91	314	204	204	76	164	76
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	52	78	39	13	6	11	6
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	54	12	13	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	18	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	18	—	—	17	—	11	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	10.6	10.0	22.5	16.0	16.4	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
\$50,000 or more .....	64	10	261	383	181	330	30	295	30
Less than 20 percent .....	52	10	208	313	171	281	25	246	25
20 to 24 percent .....	12	—	38	61	6	26	5	26	5
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	15	9	4	12	—	12	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	11	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	10.0	12.5	14.3	15.5	15.2	10.5	12.5	10.6	12.5
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	307	92	222	853	305	726	447	634	431
<b>GROSS RENT</b>									
Less than \$100 .....	—	—	—	—	—	4	12	4	12
\$100 to \$199 .....	52	—	9	35	27	36	70	15	70
\$200 to \$299 .....	59	31	65	172	39	143	71	143	71
\$300 to \$399 .....	114	36	77	370	67	204	151	176	151
\$400 to \$499 .....	26	7	19	153	60	206	83	182	67
\$500 to \$599 .....	21	12	17	64	23	41	24	32	24
\$600 to \$749 .....	12	—	14	46	24	35	—	35	—
\$750 to \$999 .....	—	—	7	4	5	8	—	6	—
\$1,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	9	—
No cash rent .....	23	6	14	9	60	40	36	32	36
Median (dollars) .....	316	311	337	378	381	383	341	382	332
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$10,000 .....	70	25	17	197	57	93	163	85	163
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	8	—
20 to 24 percent .....	10	—	—	—	—	3	12	3	12
25 to 29 percent .....	14	—	—	10	—	12	19	12	19
30 to 34 percent .....	13	—	—	25	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	23	17	12	153	40	16	96	16	96
Not computed .....	10	8	5	9	17	54	36	46	36
Median .....	32.3	46.5	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	28.5	50.0+	28.5	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	111	31	62	235	89	258	145	205	145
Less than 20 percent .....	15	8	9	33	17	11	20	11	20
20 to 24 percent .....	13	6	—	36	11	55	—	34	—
25 to 29 percent .....	10	—	23	45	12	68	50	54	50
30 to 34 percent .....	16	10	8	51	—	70	22	70	22
35 percent or more .....	46	7	13	70	6	54	53	36	53
Not computed .....	11	—	9	—	43	—	—	—	—
Median .....	33.8	30.7	28.8	30.3	22.7	29.6	30.6	30.2	30.6
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	83	31	86	234	120	222	92	193	76
Less than 20 percent .....	52	13	62	158	87	160	61	145	45
20 to 24 percent .....	31	—	12	48	14	22	19	8	19
25 to 29 percent .....	—	12	12	13	11	19	12	19	12
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	8	—	14	—	14	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	7	8	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	6	—	—	—	7	—	7	—
Median .....	17.4	19.8	14.5	17.9	18.2	17.8	18.3	17.5	18.8
\$35,000 or more .....	43	5	57	187	39	153	47	151	47
Less than 20 percent .....	31	5	50	187	28	141	47	139	47
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	7	—	11	5	—	5	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	12	—	—	—	—	7	—	7	—
Median .....	12.5	10.0	11.7	11.4	10.0	11.9	10.0	11.8	10.0



Table 35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County							
	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5.02	Tract 8	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10	Tract 11 (pt.)
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>321</b>	<b>1 153</b>	<b>1 009</b>	<b>825</b>	<b>983</b>	<b>471</b>	<b>394</b>	<b>297</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>								
With a mortgage-----	96	714	485	464	678	259	184	108
Less than \$300-----	10	11	21	9	33	62	24	12
\$300 to \$399-----	14	48	53	59	97	67	65	8
\$400 to \$499-----	16	112	72	33	101	52	36	18
\$500 to \$599-----	10	127	67	111	131	40	45	13
\$600 to \$799-----	17	161	149	175	226	32	14	32
\$800 to \$999-----	13	141	109	59	60	—	—	4
\$1,000 to \$1,499-----	16	50	14	8	30	6	—	21
\$1,500 to \$1,999-----	—	58	—	10	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more-----	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)-----	575	671	622	618	583	401	406	625
Not mortgaged-----	225	439	524	361	305	212	210	189
Less than \$100-----	34	17	9	14	21	15	—	20
\$100 to \$199-----	111	100	176	167	164	152	130	108
\$200 to \$299-----	42	143	265	132	111	33	74	41
\$300 to \$399-----	16	114	65	48	9	12	—	13
\$400 to \$499-----	22	45	9	—	—	—	6	—
\$500 or more-----	—	20	—	—	—	—	—	7
Median (dollars)-----	167	256	223	200	179	170	180	178
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Less than \$20,000-----	97	193	325	151	269	211	139	120
Less than 20 percent-----	57	52	131	58	94	97	44	60
20 to 24 percent-----	—	—	32	9	63	7	51	31
25 to 29 percent-----	3	—	30	14	8	42	14	6
30 to 34 percent-----	5	35	19	9	14	23	7	11
35 percent or more-----	23	88	105	61	79	34	23	6
Not computed-----	9	18	8	—	11	8	—	6
Median-----	16.4	35.2	24.3	28.0	22.8	23.2	22.5	19.2
\$20,000 to \$34,999-----	93	194	187	191	280	160	114	66
Less than 20 percent-----	85	108	124	127	121	98	68	60
20 to 24 percent-----	4	33	—	14	64	27	30	—
25 to 29 percent-----	4	33	41	8	25	24	16	—
30 to 34 percent-----	—	20	7	31	50	6	—	6
35 percent or more-----	—	—	15	11	20	5	—	—
Not computed-----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median-----	10.0	18.8	14.7	14.4	21.5	16.5	18.3	10.0
\$35,000 to \$49,999-----	84	193	226	227	235	76	85	22
Less than 20 percent-----	55	174	155	176	177	76	85	19
20 to 24 percent-----	13	11	50	36	50	—	—	3
25 to 29 percent-----	16	8	13	8	8	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent-----	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more-----	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed-----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median-----	10.8	12.2	11.9	13.7	13.6	10.0	12.0	16.9
\$50,000 or more-----	47	573	271	256	199	24	56	89
Less than 20 percent-----	47	534	266	235	191	18	56	81
20 to 24 percent-----	—	12	5	21	—	6	—	—
25 to 29 percent-----	—	8	—	—	8	—	—	8
30 to 34 percent-----	—	13	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more-----	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed-----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median-----	10.0	10.0	10.0	11.2	12.7	10.0	10.0	10.0
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>432</b>	<b>776</b>	<b>1 444</b>	<b>684</b>	<b>952</b>	<b>207</b>	<b>270</b>	<b>239</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>								
Less than \$100-----	—	—	—	—	24	—	—	24
\$100 to \$199-----	—	66	—	6	10	—	—	25
\$200 to \$299-----	127	186	438	232	73	58	89	32
\$300 to \$399-----	108	215	566	170	300	70	81	126
\$400 to \$499-----	41	142	272	152	290	30	60	18
\$500 to \$599-----	3	80	60	28	137	29	15	—
\$600 to \$749-----	19	29	77	56	61	4	—	—
\$750 to \$999-----	47	16	22	19	13	—	—	5
\$1,000 or more-----	62	7	—	—	9	—	4	9
No cash rent-----	25	35	9	21	35	16	21	—
Median (dollars)-----	349	344	349	378	419	377	320	317
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Less than \$10,000-----	166	192	278	113	147	55	89	85
Less than 20 percent-----	—	11	—	—	20	—	—	13
20 to 24 percent-----	—	44	—	6	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent-----	—	19	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent-----	—	8	12	17	8	15	—	—
35 percent or more-----	137	79	256	83	87	40	78	61
Not computed-----	29	31	10	7	32	—	11	11
Median-----	50.0+	34.1	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999-----	115	192	330	249	278	67	107	44
Less than 20 percent-----	28	15	52	18	23	6	15	25
20 to 24 percent-----	24	44	117	14	36	—	25	—
25 to 29 percent-----	17	38	66	104	54	10	20	—
30 to 34 percent-----	12	33	56	55	79	21	20	—
35 percent or more-----	29	46	39	51	78	14	12	19
Not computed-----	5	16	—	7	8	16	15	—
Median-----	25.9	28.8	24.8	29.3	31.4	32.3	26.5	14.4
\$20,000 to \$34,999-----	92	243	366	163	325	74	45	85
Less than 20 percent-----	64	147	239	107	170	44	27	67
20 to 24 percent-----	3	50	70	46	106	18	12	18
25 to 29 percent-----	—	26	30	—	17	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent-----	—	20	18	—	15	8	—	—
35 percent or more-----	25	—	—	10	9	—	—	—
Not computed-----	—	—	9	—	8	4	—	—
Median-----	17.4	18.0	17.3	18.2	19.6	18.7	17.8	17.4
\$35,000 or more-----	59	149	470	159	202	11	29	25
Less than 20 percent-----	44	140	455	136	175	11	25	16
20 to 24 percent-----	—	9	15	16	22	—	4	9
25 to 29 percent-----	8	—	—	—	5	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent-----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more-----	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed-----	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—
Median-----	11.8	11.3	11.9	13.4	14.0	10.0	12.9	13.4

Table 35. **Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County—Con.				Remainder of Gregg County		
	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 102	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 105
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>287</b>	<b>607</b>	<b>414</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>1 227</b>	<b>951</b>	<b>544</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>							
<b>With a mortgage</b> .....	<b>118</b>	<b>221</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>510</b>	<b>548</b>	<b>287</b>
Less than \$300 .....	38	31	7	12	52	—	—
\$300 to \$399 .....	49	55	20	22	103	47	42
\$400 to \$499 .....	18	58	39	19	74	91	32
\$500 to \$599 .....	6	32	39	5	43	71	54
\$600 to \$799 .....	—	32	36	5	172	209	88
\$800 to \$999 .....	—	13	33	—	50	99	59
\$1,000 to \$1,499 .....	7	—	12	—	16	31	4
\$1,500 to \$1,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	4
\$2,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	4
Median (dollars) .....	339	438	575	392	563	665	663
<b>Not mortgaged</b> .....	<b>169</b>	<b>386</b>	<b>228</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>717</b>	<b>403</b>	<b>257</b>
Less than \$100 .....	53	24	19	—	92	57	15
\$100 to \$199 .....	102	272	125	40	273	179	83
\$200 to \$299 .....	6	45	70	33	260	131	119
\$300 to \$399 .....	—	45	7	—	77	20	18
\$400 to \$499 .....	8	—	7	—	15	12	9
\$500 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	4	13
Median (dollars) .....	134	156	181	182	198	171	225
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>							
Less than \$20,000 .....	194	289	153	28	510	279	151
Less than 20 percent .....	75	133	75	18	215	85	49
20 to 24 percent .....	44	34	6	—	60	19	17
25 to 29 percent .....	12	23	13	—	28	8	11
30 to 34 percent .....	—	6	7	—	64	26	23
35 percent or more .....	54	86	45	5	124	141	34
Not computed .....	9	7	7	5	19	—	17
Median .....	22.0	21.2	19.7	12.3	22.5	35.2	25.5
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	43	152	104	69	270	235	92
Less than 20 percent .....	37	123	69	69	195	144	57
20 to 24 percent .....	6	21	8	—	30	16	15
25 to 29 percent .....	—	8	21	—	17	18	6
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	6	—	—	29	7
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	21	28	7
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	7	—	—
Median .....	14.7	12.4	12.5	14.9	13.6	17.0	17.7
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	18	116	101	29	232	256	163
Less than 20 percent .....	18	99	101	29	140	204	131
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	—	71	39	17
25 to 29 percent .....	—	17	—	—	17	13	8
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	4	—	7
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	10.0	12.0	10.6	10.0	15.2	16.4	15.5
\$50,000 or more .....	32	50	56	10	215	181	138
Less than 20 percent .....	32	50	44	10	206	171	122
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	12	—	9	6	12
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	4	4
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	10.0	10.0	10.0	12.5	10.0	15.2	10.0
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>103</b>	<b>278</b>	<b>301</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>745</b>	<b>288</b>	<b>111</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>							
Less than \$100 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199 .....	11	9	52	—	102	22	—
\$200 to \$299 .....	11	98	59	31	219	39	—
\$300 to \$399 .....	36	87	114	36	193	67	14
\$400 to \$499 .....	28	25	20	7	134	48	31
\$500 to \$599 .....	7	26	21	12	12	23	13
\$600 to \$749 .....	—	—	12	—	6	24	2
\$750 to \$999 .....	—	—	—	—	19	5	—
\$1,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
No cash rent .....	10	33	23	6	60	60	48
Median (dollars) .....	349	310	314	311	321	375	414
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>							
Less than \$10,000 .....	29	119	70	25	247	57	—
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	10	—	9	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	14	—	28	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	13	—	11	—	—
35 percent or more .....	29	107	23	17	153	40	—
Not computed .....	—	12	10	8	46	17	—
Median .....	50.0+	50.0+	32.3	46.5	50.0+	50.0+	—
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	44	47	111	31	189	84	16
Less than 20 percent .....	11	—	15	8	37	12	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	14	13	6	18	11	—
25 to 29 percent .....	23	12	10	—	38	12	11
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	16	10	18	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	21	46	7	56	6	5
Not computed .....	10	—	11	—	22	43	—
Median .....	26.3	29.0	33.8	30.7	28.8	23.9	28.6
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	30	73	77	31	185	120	73
Less than 20 percent .....	30	33	52	13	137	87	29
20 to 24 percent .....	—	16	25	—	35	14	4
25 to 29 percent .....	—	14	—	12	3	11	3
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	3	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	8	3
Not computed .....	—	10	—	6	7	—	34
Median .....	17.5	19.3	16.6	19.8	15.9	18.2	18.4
\$35,000 or more .....	—	39	43	5	124	27	22
Less than 20 percent .....	—	28	31	5	111	16	8
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	—	13	11	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	11	12	—	—	—	14
Median .....	—	10.0	12.5	10.0	12.9	17.9	17.5



Table 35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

(Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Harrison County						
	Tract 201.01	Tract 203	Tract 204.01	Tract 204.02	Tract 205	Tract 206.97	Tract 206.98
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>707</b>	<b>1 495</b>	<b>308</b>	<b>295</b>	<b>1 440</b>	<b>1 382</b>	<b>816</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b> .....							
<b>With a mortgage</b> .....	<b>392</b>	<b>735</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>649</b>	<b>987</b>	<b>515</b>
Less than \$300 .....	33	34	5	16	54	39	23
\$300 to \$399 .....	42	74	33	32	94	67	65
\$400 to \$499 .....	34	135	13	16	98	135	92
\$500 to \$599 .....	54	133	6	15	123	173	120
\$600 to \$799 .....	101	173	7	8	116	343	124
\$800 to \$999 .....	93	128	5	—	72	201	71
\$1,000 to \$1,499 .....	35	42	—	—	54	25	20
\$1,500 to \$1,999 .....	—	16	—	—	18	2	—
\$2,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	20	2	—
Median (dollars) .....	667	595	389	391	557	635	569
<b>Not mortgaged</b> .....	<b>315</b>	<b>760</b>	<b>239</b>	<b>208</b>	<b>791</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>301</b>
Less than \$100 .....	71	78	26	13	22	64	18
\$100 to \$199 .....	153	431	152	181	443	211	189
\$200 to \$299 .....	57	180	43	8	222	105	74
\$300 to \$399 .....	34	51	13	6	52	12	8
\$400 to \$499 .....	—	6	5	—	26	2	12
\$500 or more .....	—	14	—	—	26	1	—
Median (dollars) .....	144	175	148	154	187	164	177
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b> .....							
Less than \$20,000 .....	218	409	182	162	452	280	187
Less than 20 percent .....	131	181	73	105	200	144	62
20 to 24 percent .....	28	43	5	10	50	3	29
25 to 29 percent .....	8	24	27	6	48	22	7
30 to 34 percent .....	—	50	29	7	37	8	19
35 percent or more .....	41	93	48	34	110	86	70
Not computed .....	10	18	—	—	7	17	—
Median .....	14.4	21.7	27.4	17.7	22.2	18.7	26.8
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	161	426	62	70	455	326	211
Less than 20 percent .....	106	285	62	56	298	142	93
20 to 24 percent .....	12	51	—	14	28	74	39
25 to 29 percent .....	26	30	—	—	57	40	40
30 to 34 percent .....	—	24	—	—	15	38	11
35 percent or more .....	17	36	—	—	57	32	28
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	12.8	13.4	10.8	10.0	14.6	21.4	21.6
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	181	314	34	23	173	356	264
Less than 20 percent .....	139	217	29	23	134	238	219
20 to 24 percent .....	15	72	5	—	30	69	32
25 to 29 percent .....	27	25	—	—	9	47	4
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	9
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	15.3	14.2	13.5	10.0	14.2	16.8	11.8
\$50,000 or more .....	147	346	30	40	360	420	154
Less than 20 percent .....	147	322	30	40	325	389	125
20 to 24 percent .....	—	15	—	—	21	29	29
25 to 29 percent .....	—	9	—	—	—	2	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	14	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	12.9	10.4	10.0	10.0	10.0	13.7	11.6
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>159</b>	<b>616</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>551</b>	<b>417</b>	<b>357</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b> .....							
Less than \$100 .....	—	15	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199 .....	10	37	—	14	35	46	24
\$200 to \$299 .....	24	40	52	21	95	56	93
\$300 to \$399 .....	52	220	26	50	181	120	102
\$400 to \$499 .....	13	136	27	52	70	87	67
\$500 to \$599 .....	—	78	—	—	108	42	43
\$600 to \$749 .....	12	28	—	—	—	14	16
\$750 to \$999 .....	—	15	—	6	—	15	1
\$1,000 or more .....	—	7	—	—	10	—	—
No cash rent .....	48	40	21	15	52	37	11
Median (dollars) .....	332	390	301	346	353	363	364
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b> .....							
Less than \$10,000 .....	56	139	47	60	192	85	100
Less than 20 percent .....	—	15	—	—	—	10	—
20 to 24 percent .....	10	14	—	14	—	6	—
25 to 29 percent .....	8	—	—	—	—	—	6
30 to 34 percent .....	—	12	5	12	8	—	—
35 percent or more .....	32	79	35	30	167	58	82
Not computed .....	6	19	7	4	17	11	12
Median .....	48.8	50.0+	50.0+	42.2	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	43	162	33	53	121	126	134
Less than 20 percent .....	9	11	11	—	10	6	40
20 to 24 percent .....	—	46	5	19	13	9	10
25 to 29 percent .....	12	11	—	—	15	23	31
30 to 34 percent .....	—	27	—	23	25	14	7
35 percent or more .....	3	52	10	—	34	64	40
Not computed .....	19	15	7	11	24	10	6
Median .....	26.3	31.0	22.0	30.4	32.1	36.3	27.3
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	48	170	34	17	176	85	41
Less than 20 percent .....	15	86	28	—	92	53	25
20 to 24 percent .....	10	46	6	—	33	8	7
25 to 29 percent .....	—	25	—	17	18	4	8
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	22	9	—
35 percent or more .....	—	7	—	—	—	3	—
Not computed .....	23	6	—	—	11	8	1
Median .....	18.4	19.8	17.6	27.5	19.4	17.7	17.7
\$35,000 or more .....	12	145	12	28	62	121	82
Less than 20 percent .....	9	138	5	28	52	104	82
20 to 24 percent .....	3	7	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	10	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	7	—	—	17	—
Median .....	18.3	13.1	10.0	12.5	11.9	11.8	10.9

Table 35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Marshall city, Harrison County				Remainder of Harrison County				
	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204.01 (pt.)	Tract 204.02 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 201.01 (pt.)	Tract 201.02	Tract 202.98	Tract 206.97 (pt.)	Tract 206.98 (pt.)
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>1 466</b>	<b>198</b>	<b>273</b>	<b>1 284</b>	<b>583</b>	<b>549</b>	<b>391</b>	<b>1 045</b>	<b>791</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>									
With a mortgage .....	728	40	79	551	298	301	205	755	508
Less than \$300 .....	34	—	16	46	26	25	40	33	23
\$300 to \$399 .....	74	15	32	94	42	39	39	34	65
\$400 to \$499 .....	128	7	16	90	34	60	24	101	92
\$500 to \$599 .....	133	6	15	105	45	54	17	113	120
\$600 to \$799 .....	173	7	—	110	85	77	60	280	124
\$800 to \$999 .....	128	5	—	42	59	33	25	165	64
\$1,000 to \$1,499 .....	42	—	—	44	7	13	—	25	20
\$1,500 to \$1,999 .....	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
\$2,000 or more .....	—	—	—	20	—	—	—	2	—
Median (dollars) .....	597	486	383	543	605	564	497	653	566
Not mortgaged .....	738	158	194	733	285	248	186	290	283
Less than \$100 .....	78	21	13	22	57	27	14	53	18
\$100 to \$199 .....	416	104	167	409	153	133	119	172	171
\$200 to \$299 .....	173	21	8	207	48	81	53	55	74
\$300 to \$399 .....	51	7	6	43	27	7	—	7	8
\$400 to \$499 .....	6	5	—	26	—	—	—	2	12
\$500 or more .....	14	—	—	26	—	—	—	1	—
Median (dollars) .....	175	141	154	187	144	178	155	152	179
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$20,000 .....	395	134	155	444	178	151	132	244	169
Less than 20 percent .....	181	66	98	200	110	64	50	128	51
20 to 24 percent .....	36	5	10	42	19	2	25	3	29
25 to 29 percent .....	24	10	6	48	8	13	32	22	—
30 to 34 percent .....	50	29	7	37	—	15	13	3	19
35 percent or more .....	86	24	34	110	41	57	12	71	70
Not computed .....	18	—	—	7	—	—	—	17	—
Median .....	21.0	21.0	18.1	22.2	15.0	28.7	23.2	18.1	31.2
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	418	27	63	411	143	138	139	199	211
Less than 20 percent .....	277	27	49	282	99	98	103	95	93
20 to 24 percent .....	51	—	14	28	12	12	23	51	39
25 to 29 percent .....	30	—	—	50	26	10	13	31	40
30 to 34 percent .....	24	—	—	15	—	16	—	6	11
35 percent or more .....	36	—	—	36	6	2	—	16	28
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	13.5	10.0	10.0	13.5	12.2	12.9	13.5	20.4	21.6
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	307	24	23	130	174	157	61	280	264
Less than 20 percent .....	210	19	23	106	139	142	30	195	219
20 to 24 percent .....	72	5	—	24	15	7	31	56	32
25 to 29 percent .....	25	—	—	—	20	5	—	27	4
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	9
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	14.4	15.0	10.0	13.2	15.0	12.5	20.1	16.6	11.8
\$50,000 or more .....	346	13	32	299	88	103	59	322	147
Less than 20 percent .....	322	13	32	277	88	89	59	291	125
20 to 24 percent .....	15	—	—	8	—	14	—	29	22
25 to 29 percent .....	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	14	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	10.4	10.0	10.0	10.0	12.7	11.1	10.0	15.2	11.1
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>592</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>132</b>	<b>499</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>259</b>	<b>174</b>	<b>305</b>	<b>337</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>									
Less than \$100 .....	15	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199 .....	25	—	14	25	10	22	16	28	18
\$200 to \$299 .....	40	52	21	95	24	64	28	31	79
\$300 to \$399 .....	208	26	50	139	52	57	47	87	102
\$400 to \$499 .....	136	14	52	70	13	26	12	58	67
\$500 to \$599 .....	78	—	—	108	—	36	3	35	43
\$600 to \$749 .....	28	—	—	—	3	—	—	14	16
\$750 to \$999 .....	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	15	1
\$1,000 or more .....	7	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent .....	40	21	15	52	35	45	68	37	11
Median (dollars) .....	395	292	342	377	326	336	339	388	368
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$10,000 .....	127	47	60	175	50	79	45	40	86
Less than 20 percent .....	15	—	—	—	—	2	—	10	—
20 to 24 percent .....	14	—	14	—	10	4	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	8	3	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	5	12	8	—	4	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	79	35	30	150	32	47	26	28	82
Not computed .....	19	7	4	17	—	19	19	2	4
Median .....	50.0+	50.0+	42.2	50.0+	48.8	48.9	50.0	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	162	33	53	111	36	48	28	96	134
Less than 20 percent .....	11	11	—	—	9	3	11	6	40
20 to 24 percent .....	46	5	19	13	—	15	—	3	10
25 to 29 percent .....	11	—	—	15	12	6	—	13	31
30 to 34 percent .....	27	—	23	25	—	2	—	8	7
35 percent or more .....	52	10	—	34	3	6	—	56	40
Not computed .....	15	7	11	24	12	16	17	10	6
Median .....	31.0	22.0	30.4	33.1	26.3	24.3	17.5	39.1	27.3
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	158	21	11	164	48	93	50	63	41
Less than 20 percent .....	74	15	—	80	15	47	22	43	25
20 to 24 percent .....	46	6	—	33	10	40	—	3	7
25 to 29 percent .....	25	—	11	18	—	2	12	4	8
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	22	—	—	—	2	—
35 percent or more .....	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—
Not computed .....	6	—	—	11	23	4	16	8	1
Median .....	20.2	17.7	27.5	19.7	18.4	19.4	18.9	17.5	17.7
\$35,000 or more .....	145	12	28	49	3	39	51	106	76
Less than 20 percent .....	138	5	28	39	—	30	35	89	76
20 to 24 percent .....	7	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	7	—	—	—	9	16	17	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	13.1	10.0	12.5	13.5	22.5	12.0	10.0	11.9	11.3



**Table 36. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview-M Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County			Harrison County		Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Gregg County			
		Total	Kilgore city (pt.)	Longview city (pt.)	Total	Marshall city	Tract 2	Tract 4	Tract 9	Tract 11
<b>Occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>12 371</b>	<b>6 903</b>	<b>456</b>	<b>4 870</b>	<b>5 468</b>	<b>3 295</b>	<b>191</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>153</b>	<b>468</b>
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990 .....	40	—	—	—	40	—	—	—	—	—
1985 to 1988 .....	650	314	40	114	336	114	35	24	11	—
1980 to 1984 .....	1 295	737	99	436	558	227	39	70	—	—
1970 to 1979 .....	2 670	1 664	63	1 196	1 006	493	71	61	93	93
1960 to 1969 .....	2 288	1 295	49	1 079	993	675	30	11	33	158
1950 to 1959 .....	2 359	1 580	112	1 140	779	504	—	—	—	81
1940 to 1949 .....	1 422	710	63	479	712	539	—	11	4	70
1939 or earlier .....	1 647	603	30	426	1 044	743	16	—	12	66
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom .....	124	88	—	88	36	18	—	—	—	—
1 bedroom .....	1 356	828	102	612	528	398	46	99	11	54
2 bedrooms .....	4 790	2 675	191	2 028	2 115	1 375	52	62	95	202
3 bedrooms .....	5 265	2 956	154	1 932	2 309	1 312	87	16	38	186
4 bedrooms .....	749	322	9	187	427	178	6	—	9	26
5 or more bedrooms .....	87	34	—	23	53	14	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities .....	11 980	6 752	447	4 832	5 228	3 245	185	177	153	468
Source of water, public system or private company .....	11 017	6 657	456	4 859	4 360	3 276	191	177	153	468
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	9 006	5 669	424	4 753	3 337	3 095	173	177	142	461
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	481	179	9	40	302	52	10	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	321	137	9	24	184	38	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	160	42	—	16	118	14	10	—	—	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas .....	7 062	3 891	232	3 102	3 171	2 674	31	11	50	424
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	1 483	493	—	57	990	39	—	—	—	16
Electricity .....	3 515	2 413	205	1 698	1 102	566	160	166	103	28
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All other fuels .....	279	89	19	6	190	5	—	—	—	—
No fuel used .....	32	17	—	7	15	11	—	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None .....	2 871	1 459	127	1 039	1 412	1 005	33	11	41	161
1 .....	4 994	2 930	163	2 171	2 064	1 248	71	109	62	182
2 .....	2 815	1 659	114	1 116	1 156	582	45	45	50	69
3 or more .....	1 691	855	52	544	836	460	42	12	—	56
Vehicles per household .....	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	1.1
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
<b>Owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>7 312</b>	<b>3 794</b>	<b>264</b>	<b>2 255</b>	<b>3 518</b>	<b>1 800</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>167</b>
1989 to March 1990 .....	545	297	16	208	248	113	6	11	—	—
1985 to 1988 .....	1 316	761	53	391	555	205	48	—	17	47
1980 to 1984 .....	1 005	529	34	362	476	246	7	—	5	24
1970 to 1979 .....	1 654	931	67	516	723	333	4	—	6	29
1969 or earlier .....	2 792	1 276	94	778	1 516	903	13	—	4	67
<b>Renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>5 059</b>	<b>3 109</b>	<b>192</b>	<b>2 615</b>	<b>1 950</b>	<b>1 495</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>301</b>
1989 to March 1990 .....	2 183	1 430	82	1 273	753	571	66	120	62	85
1985 to 1988 .....	1 903	1 191	91	971	712	563	47	35	41	130
1980 to 1984 .....	460	205	—	174	255	183	—	11	12	55
1970 to 1979 .....	270	158	—	130	112	96	—	—	6	31
1969 or earlier .....	243	125	19	67	118	82	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit .....	2 610	1 377	113	1 010	1 233	752	47	7	12	134
Householder 65 years and over .....	3 375	1 663	133	1 034	1 712	946	—	—	15	126
Owner-occupied housing units .....	2 782	1 304	103	766	1 478	775	—	—	9	83
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	231	112	9	24	119	33	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	337	211	9	146	126	64	—	—	—	31
No vehicle available .....	1 032	500	38	335	532	330	—	—	10	30
Complete plumbing facilities .....	11 890	6 724	447	4 830	5 166	3 243	181	177	153	468
1.00 or less persons per room .....	10 911	6 102	415	4 382	4 809	2 993	164	171	131	429
1.01 or more persons per room .....	979	622	32	448	357	250	17	6	22	39
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	481	179	9	40	302	52	10	—	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room .....	453	171	9	40	282	46	10	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room .....	28	8	—	—	20	6	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	20 609	22 281	14 070	23 019	18 806	20 136	37 810	50 500	26 443	18 618
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	12 688	13 329	12 641	13 911	11 666	12 050	12 641	25 082	17 126	13 389
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	5 094	2 789	225	1 884	2 305	1 388	56	6	53	182
Owner-occupied housing units .....	2 356	1 188	102	635	1 168	531	14	—	—	47
Renter-occupied housing units .....	2 738	1 601	123	1 249	1 137	857	42	6	53	135

**Table 36. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County—Con.						Kilgore city (pt.), Gregg County	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County	
	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 101	Tract 104	Tract 106	Tract 107	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 3	Tract 4 (pt.)
<b>Occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>795</b>	<b>1 280</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>301</b>	<b>156</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>321</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>177</b>
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>									
1989 to March 1990 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1985 to 1988 .....	—	45	—	39	14	40	40	—	24
1980 to 1984 .....	61	54	21	50	59	51	40	45	70
1970 to 1979 .....	145	310	60	76	37	37	26	71	61
1960 to 1969 .....	171	463	11	16	9	46	40	14	11
1950 to 1959 .....	248	349	—	49	30	128	82	22	—
1940 to 1949 .....	63	46	20	34	—	63	63	—	11
1939 or earlier .....	107	13	—	37	7	30	30	15	—
<b>BEDROOMS</b>									
No bedroom .....	58	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1 bedroom .....	144	30	12	—	22	86	80	37	99
2 bedrooms .....	373	339	38	143	62	155	129	67	62
3 bedrooms .....	190	838	38	115	72	145	103	63	16
4 bedrooms .....	30	47	24	43	—	9	9	—	—
5 or more bedrooms .....	—	23	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
Complete kitchen facilities .....	762	1 259	105	272	156	380	312	167	177
Source of water, public system or private company .....	782	1 275	81	254	156	395	321	167	177
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	730	1 200	22	8	147	323	289	160	177
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	37	26	7	29	—	21	9	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	37	21	7	29	—	9	9	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	5	—	—	—	12	—	—	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>									
Utility gas .....	549	987	—	33	61	245	171	25	11
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	10	—	30	173	9	—	—	13	—
Electricity .....	220	293	76	76	86	131	131	123	166
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All other fuels .....	13	—	6	19	—	19	19	6	—
No fuel used .....	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>									
None .....	244	208	10	33	31	117	96	—	11
1 .....	395	478	46	134	52	161	130	90	109
2 .....	133	324	36	93	53	85	63	51	45
3 or more .....	23	270	20	41	20	32	32	26	12
Vehicles per household .....	.9	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.1	1.1	1.7	1.3
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>									
<b>Owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>347</b>	<b>919</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>275</b>	<b>104</b>	<b>223</b>	<b>181</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>11</b>
1989 to March 1990 .....	26	44	8	—	2	30	16	10	11
1985 to 1988 .....	27	131	12	74	35	39	30	14	—
1980 to 1984 .....	61	140	17	22	11	31	23	13	—
1970 to 1979 .....	66	303	40	63	10	68	57	—	—
1969 or earlier .....	167	301	15	116	46	55	55	13	—
<b>Renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>448</b>	<b>361</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>117</b>	<b>166</b>
1989 to March 1990 .....	208	158	15	—	38	44	44	62	120
1985 to 1988 .....	142	140	—	11	14	83	77	55	35
1980 to 1984 .....	35	22	—	8	—	5	—	—	11
1970 to 1979 .....	41	19	—	—	—	15	—	—	—
1969 or earlier .....	22	22	5	7	—	25	19	—	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
No telephone in unit .....	187	176	24	61	18	112	95	—	7
Householder 65 years and over .....	237	354	23	111	46	100	94	20	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	169	280	18	111	46	64	64	20	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	24	26	7	15	—	15	9	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	49	26	—	15	—	9	—	—	—
No vehicle available .....	124	99	—	—	9	35	29	—	—
Complete plumbing facilities .....	758	1 254	105	272	156	374	312	167	177
1.00 or less persons per room .....	707	1 150	91	259	156	331	280	148	171
1.01 or more persons per room .....	51	104	14	13	—	43	32	19	6
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	37	26	7	29	—	21	9	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room .....	37	26	—	29	—	21	9	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	13 142	26 720	26 473	17 687	10 397	21 119	16 418	28 080	50 500
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	10 182	10 872	8 464	18 057	18 118	9 366	10 606	27 647	25 082
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	386	475	28	135	65	222	162	29	6
Owner-occupied housing units .....	149	226	12	124	45	87	59	11	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	237	249	16	11	20	135	103	18	6



Table 36. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Langview city (pt.), Gregg County—Con.							
	Tract 5.02	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10	Tract 11 (pt.)	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)
Occupied housing units -----	175	153	162	468	660	376	779	1 217
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>								
1989 to March 1990 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1985 to 1988 -----	8	11	—	—	—	—	—	45
1980 to 1984 -----	87	—	—	—	—	—	—	54
1970 to 1979 -----	60	93	11	93	138	66	145	278
1960 to 1969 -----	20	33	31	158	81	32	155	463
1950 to 1959 -----	—	—	85	81	216	111	248	328
1940 to 1949 -----	—	4	18	70	156	61	63	36
1939 or earlier -----	—	12	17	66	69	106	107	13
<b>BEDROOMS</b>								
No bedroom -----	20	—	—	—	5	—	58	3
1 bedroom -----	40	11	16	54	39	23	144	30
2 bedrooms -----	80	95	95	202	294	216	373	318
3 bedrooms -----	35	38	35	186	305	123	174	796
4 bedrooms -----	—	9	16	26	17	14	30	47
5 or more bedrooms -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	23
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>								
Complete kitchen facilities -----	175	153	162	468	656	376	759	1 211
Source of water, public system or private company -----	175	153	162	468	655	376	779	1 217
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	175	142	162	461	655	376	730	1 200
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	—	—	—	4	—	24	—
Owner-occupied housing units -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	24	—
Renter-occupied housing units -----	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>								
Utility gas -----	—	50	134	424	560	257	549	933
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	—	—	—	16	5	7	10	—
Electricity -----	175	103	28	28	88	112	220	284
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All other fuels -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No fuel used -----	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>								
None -----	28	41	45	161	166	107	231	173
1 -----	76	62	69	182	289	153	395	459
2 -----	71	50	42	69	157	74	133	315
3 or more -----	—	—	6	56	48	42	20	270
Vehicles per household -----	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	.9	1.6
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>								
Owner-occupied housing units -----	35	32	104	167	403	126	331	870
1989 to March 1990 -----	10	—	11	—	31	41	26	44
1985 to 1988 -----	10	17	32	47	48	27	27	131
1980 to 1984 -----	7	5	15	24	35	41	61	140
1970 to 1979 -----	8	6	13	29	91	12	66	285
1969 or earlier -----	—	4	33	67	198	5	151	270
Renter-occupied housing units -----	140	121	58	301	257	250	448	347
1989 to March 1990 -----	80	62	14	85	102	144	208	158
1985 to 1988 -----	60	41	23	130	108	79	142	131
1980 to 1984 -----	—	12	8	55	26	10	35	17
1970 to 1979 -----	—	6	10	31	6	17	41	19
1969 or earlier -----	—	—	3	—	15	—	22	22
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>								
No telephone in unit -----	21	12	43	134	137	128	187	167
Householder 65 years and over -----	—	15	42	126	196	46	234	318
Owner-occupied housing units -----	—	9	34	83	166	17	166	249
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	24	—
No telephone in unit -----	—	—	5	31	14	—	49	26
No vehicle available -----	—	10	16	30	57	10	124	73
Complete plumbing facilities -----	175	153	162	468	656	376	755	1 217
1.00 or less persons per room -----	118	131	162	429	596	357	704	1 122
1.01 or more persons per room -----	57	22	—	39	60	19	51	95
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	—	—	—	4	—	24	—
1.00 or less persons per room -----	—	—	—	—	4	—	24	—
1.01 or more persons per room -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>								
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	60 052	26 443	13 410	18 618	16 269	29 514	13 491	27 873
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	12 773	17 126	9 420	13 389	8 775	10 867	10 182	11 071
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	54	53	81	182	312	210	373	421
Owner-occupied housing units -----	—	—	46	47	121	39	136	186
Renter-occupied housing units -----	54	53	35	135	191	171	237	235

Table 36. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Gregg County			Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Harrison County				
	Tract 102	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 105	Tract 201.01	Tract 203	Tract 204.01	Tract 204.02	Tract 205
Occupied housing units -----	327	301	588	753	434	773	1 456	809
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>								
1989 to March 1990 -----	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—
1985 to 1988 -----	2	39	71	142	59	24	7	24
1980 to 1984 -----	20	50	88	95	39	78	76	55
1970 to 1979 -----	42	76	161	132	54	164	166	125
1960 to 1969 -----	53	16	59	98	65	156	346	134
1950 to 1959 -----	106	49	106	88	56	117	276	81
1940 to 1949 -----	55	34	49	87	93	114	246	104
1939 or earlier -----	49	37	54	101	68	120	339	286
<b>BEDROOMS</b>								
No bedroom -----	—	—	—	16	—	9	9	—
1 bedroom -----	69	—	20	34	45	83	144	141
2 bedrooms -----	83	143	146	234	206	292	590	338
3 bedrooms -----	156	115	371	348	155	334	620	286
4 bedrooms -----	19	43	40	99	28	48	93	37
5 or more bedrooms -----	—	—	11	22	—	7	—	7
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>								
Complete kitchen facilities -----	315	272	566	695	422	763	1 423	799
Source of water, public system or private company -----	301	254	479	396	416	745	1 453	780
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	270	8	102	33	382	619	1 397	751
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	8	29	35	93	12	—	32	35
Owner-occupied housing units -----	—	29	34	50	12	—	18	32
Renter-occupied housing units -----	8	—	1	43	—	—	14	3
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>								
Utility gas -----	208	33	178	179	323	558	1 260	628
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	27	173	190	323	6	27	18	39
Electricity -----	85	76	194	186	105	172	178	142
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All other fuels -----	—	19	26	64	—	5	—	—
No fuel used -----	7	—	—	1	—	11	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>								
None -----	117	33	54	91	75	278	449	242
1 -----	128	134	220	372	181	210	549	378
2 -----	48	93	181	140	123	165	247	96
3 or more -----	34	41	133	150	55	120	211	93
Vehicles per household -----	1.0	1.5	1.8	1.5	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.1
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>								
Owner-occupied housing units -----	162	275	545	601	225	408	831	479
1989 to March 1990 -----	—	—	44	43	32	30	20	39
1985 to 1988 -----	19	74	144	171	32	68	70	42
1980 to 1984 -----	29	22	50	66	38	34	133	54
1970 to 1979 -----	71	63	141	137	27	84	138	91
1969 or earlier -----	43	116	166	184	96	192	470	253
Renter-occupied housing units -----	165	26	43	152	209	365	625	330
1989 to March 1990 -----	57	—	8	77	111	108	236	127
1985 to 1988 -----	83	11	13	40	73	147	171	180
1980 to 1984 -----	6	8	7	19	25	42	116	—
1970 to 1979 -----	10	—	3	4	—	43	49	13
1969 or earlier -----	9	7	12	12	—	25	53	10
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>								
No telephone in unit -----	109	61	39	132	66	209	347	162
Householder 65 years and over -----	94	111	206	279	72	195	494	277
Owner-occupied housing units -----	68	111	187	257	72	163	405	224
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	15	25	40	12	—	20	13
No telephone in unit -----	22	15	19	3	—	14	32	18
No vehicle available -----	42	—	43	51	33	96	142	77
Complete plumbing facilities -----	319	272	553	660	422	773	1 424	774
1.00 or less persons per room -----	271	259	506	616	399	681	1 328	729
1.01 or more persons per room -----	48	13	47	44	23	92	96	45
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	8	29	35	93	12	—	32	35
1.00 or less persons per room -----	8	29	34	91	12	—	26	35
1.01 or more persons per room -----	—	—	1	2	—	—	6	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>								
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	15 421	17 687	25 838	15 143	18 296	23 347	20 601	16 546
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	6 407	18 057	14 448	8 213	20 441	8 841	12 185	9 600
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	192	135	189	355	153	331	575	425
Owner-occupied housing units -----	50	124	164	249	72	89	213	225
Renter-occupied housing units -----	142	11	25	106	81	242	362	200



Table 36. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Harrison County—Con.		Marshall city, Harrison County				Remainder of Harrison County			
	Tract 206.97	Tract 206.98	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204.01 (pt.)	Tract 204.02 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 201.01 (pt.)	Tract 201.02	Tract 202.98	Tract 206.98 (pt.)
Occupied housing units .....	154	313	415	698	1 438	744	753	438	338	313
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990 .....	7	—	—	—	—	—	10	23	—	—
1985 to 1988 .....	11	14	59	24	7	24	142	36	19	14
1980 to 1984 .....	38	37	39	66	67	55	95	80	60	37
1970 to 1979 .....	80	110	54	155	166	118	132	93	82	110
1960 to 1969 .....	8	56	65	140	346	124	98	99	31	56
1950 to 1959 .....	—	51	56	109	273	66	88	73	37	51
1940 to 1949 .....	—	13	93	96	246	104	87	13	42	13
1939 or earlier .....	10	32	49	108	333	253	101	21	67	32
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom .....	—	—	—	9	9	—	16	2	—	—
1 bedroom .....	15	15	45	83	144	126	34	29	22	15
2 bedrooms .....	23	92	187	269	581	338	234	202	138	92
3 bedrooms .....	77	161	155	287	617	253	348	190	138	161
4 bedrooms .....	39	36	28	43	87	20	99	10	37	36
5 or more bedrooms .....	—	9	—	7	—	7	22	5	3	9
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities .....	154	305	415	688	1 405	737	695	380	287	305
Source of water, public system or private company .....	121	82	409	692	1 438	737	396	221	146	82
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	60	27	382	598	1 397	718	33	66	2	27
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	—	32	20	93	68	62	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	—	18	20	50	27	45	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	—	14	—	43	41	17	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas .....	10	41	304	528	1 260	582	179	90	82	41
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	52	187	6	13	—	20	323	212	126	187
Electricity .....	92	52	105	141	178	142	186	105	70	52
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All other fuels .....	—	33	—	5	—	—	64	28	60	33
No fuel used .....	—	—	—	11	—	—	1	3	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None .....	16	36	68	278	440	219	91	162	63	36
1 .....	38	72	169	172	549	358	372	144	120	72
2 .....	67	131	123	137	241	81	140	103	84	131
3 or more .....	33	74	55	111	208	86	150	29	71	74
Vehicles per household .....	1.9	1.8	1.4	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.5	1.0	1.6	1.8
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units .....	111	261	206	361	816	417	601	326	276	261
1989 to March 1990 .....	24	16	32	22	20	39	43	16	28	16
1985 to 1988 .....	19	42	32	61	70	42	171	66	45	42
1980 to 1984 .....	35	16	38	30	124	54	66	57	43	16
1970 to 1979 .....	23	124	27	84	138	84	137	58	41	124
1969 or earlier .....	10	63	77	164	464	198	184	129	119	63
Renter-occupied housing units .....	43	52	209	337	622	327	152	112	62	52
1989 to March 1990 .....	11	—	111	100	236	124	77	51	32	—
1985 to 1988 .....	32	27	73	139	171	180	40	42	—	27
1980 to 1984 .....	—	19	25	42	116	—	19	10	24	19
1970 to 1979 .....	—	—	—	34	49	13	4	2	1	—
1969 or earlier .....	—	6	—	22	50	10	12	7	5	6
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit .....	13	56	66	192	347	147	132	114	134	56
Householder 65 years and over .....	36	101	53	172	494	227	279	155	103	101
Owner-occupied housing units .....	36	93	53	143	405	174	257	129	99	93
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	—	20	13	40	26	8	—
No telephone in unit .....	10	16	—	14	32	18	3	8	25	16
No vehicle available .....	16	18	26	96	142	66	51	89	10	18
Complete plumbing facilities .....	154	313	415	698	1 406	724	660	370	276	313
1.00 or less persons per room .....	154	301	392	612	1 310	679	616	332	269	301
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	12	23	86	96	45	44	38	7	12
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	—	32	20	93	68	62	—
1.00 or less persons per room .....	—	—	—	—	26	20	91	57	61	—
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	—	6	—	2	11	1	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	30 931	19 217	17 617	22 931	20 786	17 689	15 143	14 399	18 942	19 217
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	22 652	9 525	20 441	9 205	12 074	9 574	8 213	9 696	10 690	9 525
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	27	112	153	289	566	380	355	236	91	112
Owner-occupied housing units .....	16	81	72	75	204	180	249	169	54	81
Renter-occupied housing units .....	11	31	81	214	362	200	106	67	37	31

Table 37. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview—Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County			Harrison County		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County			
		Total	Kilgore city (pt.)	Longview city (pt.)	Total	Marshall city	Tract 2	Tract 4	Tract 9	Tract 11
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>5 873</b>	<b>3 203</b>	<b>226</b>	<b>2 068</b>	<b>2 670</b>	<b>1 696</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>158</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
With a mortgage.....	2 518	1 599	73	1 103	919	608	59	11	17	65
Less than \$300.....	421	246	50	168	175	107	—	—	—	16
\$300 to \$399.....	571	363	17	264	208	116	—	—	6	7
\$400 to \$499.....	441	292	—	222	149	126	—	—	—	15
\$500 to \$599.....	406	275	6	221	131	80	4	—	11	17
\$600 to \$799.....	389	212	—	130	177	127	22	—	—	4
\$800 to \$999.....	221	165	—	83	56	37	29	11	—	6
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	59	36	—	15	23	15	4	—	—	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	10	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	461	457	284	443	465	472	809	825	521	432
Not mortgaged.....	3 355	1 604	153	965	1 751	1 088	13	—	4	93
Less than \$100.....	688	282	27	146	406	233	—	—	—	40
\$100 to \$199.....	1 808	888	85	616	920	563	—	—	4	53
\$200 to \$299.....	644	326	37	173	318	206	13	—	—	—
\$300 to \$399.....	130	84	—	30	46	43	—	—	—	—
\$400 to \$499.....	52	20	—	—	32	24	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more.....	33	4	4	—	29	19	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	146	151	161	147	141	141	275	—	175	114
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20,000.....	3 506	1 778	159	1 101	1 728	1 064	8	—	10	90
Less than 20 percent.....	1 128	490	43	342	638	426	—	—	—	40
20 to 24 percent.....	465	263	33	114	202	126	—	—	4	12
25 to 29 percent.....	265	140	—	114	125	44	—	—	6	16
30 to 34 percent.....	216	98	7	63	118	75	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	1 304	702	56	432	602	381	4	—	—	22
Not computed.....	128	85	20	36	43	12	4	—	—	—
Median.....	26.8	28.3	24.0	28.4	25.1	24.0	50.0+	—	25.8	22.1
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	1 124	681	56	505	443	287	17	—	5	43
Less than 20 percent.....	709	414	56	303	295	179	13	—	—	22
20 to 24 percent.....	186	112	—	83	74	57	—	—	—	15
25 to 29 percent.....	161	102	—	87	59	36	—	—	5	—
30 to 34 percent.....	38	32	—	22	6	6	4	—	—	6
35 percent or more.....	30	21	—	10	9	9	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	17.0	17.7	15.3	17.6	15.8	16.4	13.3	—	27.5	14.7
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	736	379	5	240	357	246	14	—	—	11
Less than 20 percent.....	603	334	5	230	269	184	—	—	—	11
20 to 24 percent.....	60	13	—	—	47	35	8	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	64	32	—	10	32	18	6	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	9	—	—	—	9	9	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	13.2	14.2	10.0	14.4	12.0	12.5	24.4	—	—	17.5
\$50,000 or more.....	507	365	6	222	142	99	33	11	6	14
Less than 20 percent.....	465	330	6	207	135	92	29	11	6	14
20 to 24 percent.....	37	30	—	15	7	7	4	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	5	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	10.4	10.5	12.5	10.0	10.0	10.9	17.8	17.5	10.0	10.0
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>4 970</b>	<b>3 086</b>	<b>192</b>	<b>2 598</b>	<b>1 884</b>	<b>1 495</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>301</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100.....	415	202	—	163	213	183	—	—	—	60
\$100 to \$199.....	722	359	43	250	363	253	—	—	—	54
\$200 to \$299.....	1 157	875	22	779	282	243	34	53	83	76
\$300 to \$399.....	1 261	782	23	733	479	442	51	87	32	44
\$400 to \$499.....	650	433	38	376	217	192	—	14	—	46
\$500 to \$599.....	152	125	—	112	27	25	9	5	—	—
\$600 to \$749.....	58	50	—	50	8	8	9	7	—	—
\$750 to \$999.....	39	20	—	20	19	6	—	—	—	—
\$1,000 or more.....	6	6	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	6
No cash rent.....	510	234	66	109	276	143	—	—	6	15
Median (dollars).....	296	299	294	305	286	299	318	340	284	236
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10,000.....	2 600	1 516	131	1 158	1 084	837	34	—	56	116
Less than 20 percent.....	148	97	—	77	51	47	—	—	—	14
20 to 24 percent.....	105	49	19	27	56	49	—	—	—	6
25 to 29 percent.....	134	56	—	30	78	74	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	190	91	13	70	99	88	—	—	—	16
35 percent or more.....	1 501	935	22	775	566	459	34	—	50	54
Not computed.....	522	288	66	179	234	120	—	—	6	26
Median.....	50.0+	50.0+	31.0	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	—	50.0+	43.1
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	1 333	869	34	801	464	360	60	68	24	106
Less than 20 percent.....	321	203	—	195	118	78	11	11	—	53
20 to 24 percent.....	194	119	—	107	75	69	—	28	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	241	201	20	181	40	40	30	7	14	28
30 to 34 percent.....	184	140	14	126	44	42	—	15	—	—
35 percent or more.....	300	172	—	172	128	93	8	7	10	14
Not computed.....	93	34	—	20	59	38	—	—	—	11
Median.....	27.2	27.4	29.2	27.4	26.2	26.7	26.3	24.1	29.3	18.8
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	680	442	—	430	238	233	9	67	19	60
Less than 20 percent.....	447	289	—	286	158	155	—	60	19	34
20 to 24 percent.....	146	109	—	107	37	35	9	7	—	16
25 to 29 percent.....	14	6	—	6	8	8	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	22	22	—	15	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	12	6	—	6	—	6	—	—	—	6
Not computed.....	39	10	—	10	29	29	—	—	—	4
Median.....	17.3	17.4	—	17.3	17.0	17.0	22.5	15.3	16.0	18.3
\$35,000 or more.....	357	259	27	209	98	65	—	31	22	19
Less than 20 percent.....	321	237	27	189	84	65	—	31	22	19
20 to 24 percent.....	8	8	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	10	10	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	18	4	—	2	14	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	11.7	11.8	12.5	11.7	10.4	10.0	—	11.5	10.0	10.0



Table 37. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County—Con.						Kilgore city (pt.), Gregg County	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County	
	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 101	Tract 104	Tract 106	Tract 107	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 3	Tract 4 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	322	850	59	157	104	174	143	50	11
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>									
With a mortgage .....	101	556	37	36	30	62	53	18	11
Less than \$300 .....	29	108	6	—	20	30	30	—	—
\$300 to \$399 .....	15	137	10	10	—	26	17	—	—
\$400 to \$499 .....	10	123	9	—	10	—	—	—	—
\$500 to \$599 .....	40	87	7	15	—	6	6	—	—
\$600 to \$799 .....	7	56	2	—	—	—	—	11	—
\$800 to \$999 .....	—	37	3	—	—	—	—	—	11
\$1,000 to \$1,499 .....	—	8	—	11	—	—	—	7	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	432	421	464	540	288	303	292	691	825
Not mortgaged .....	221	294	22	121	74	112	90	32	—
Less than \$100 .....	57	56	3	21	10	17	17	—	—
\$100 to \$199 .....	142	167	12	45	46	41	41	26	—
\$200 to \$299 .....	22	66	7	31	18	50	28	6	—
\$300 to \$399 .....	—	5	—	14	—	—	—	—	—
\$400 to \$499 .....	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	4	4	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	129	150	183	154	160	196	172	175	—
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$20,000 .....	285	387	26	100	82	103	86	17	—
Less than 20 percent .....	102	110	3	32	20	23	23	—	—
20 to 24 percent .....	14	39	—	—	10	23	23	6	—
25 to 29 percent .....	44	37	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	23	45	—	—	—	7	7	—	—
35 percent or more .....	102	139	21	54	41	41	24	11	—
Not computed .....	—	17	—	14	11	9	9	—	—
Median .....	28.0	29.9	50.0+	45.0	47.9	30.7	23.4	43.6	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	9	248	8	5	22	46	46	19	—
Less than 20 percent .....	—	149	8	—	12	46	46	19	—
20 to 24 percent .....	9	34	—	5	10	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	46	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	22.5	17.8	12.5	22.5	19.5	14.1	14.1	10.0	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	14	93	22	46	—	5	5	7	—
Less than 20 percent .....	14	93	22	46	—	5	5	7	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	15.6	12.9	10.0	10.9	—	10.0	10.0	17.5	—
\$50,000 or more .....	14	122	3	6	—	20	6	7	11
Less than 20 percent .....	14	114	3	—	—	20	6	—	11
20 to 24 percent .....	—	8	—	6	—	—	—	7	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	12.5	10.0	17.5	22.5	—	10.0	12.5	22.5	17.5
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units .....</b>	<b>441</b>	<b>361</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>117</b>	<b>166</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>									
Less than \$100 .....	9	62	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199 .....	66	65	—	—	—	54	43	—	—
\$200 to \$299 .....	151	36	4	11	9	28	13	28	53
\$300 to \$399 .....	109	43	11	8	23	—	—	47	87
\$400 to \$499 .....	60	94	—	—	20	18	18	34	14
\$500 to \$599 .....	13	21	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
\$600 to \$749 .....	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	8	7
\$750 to \$999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$1,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent .....	33	33	5	7	—	72	66	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	284	302	308	222	393	197	195	327	340
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$10,000 .....	255	235	16	11	9	154	122	18	—
Less than 20 percent .....	16	37	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent .....	11	—	—	—	—	19	19	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	16	—	—	—	11	11	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	11	17	—	—	—	13	13	—	—
35 percent or more .....	151	141	11	11	9	39	13	18	—
Not computed .....	66	24	5	—	—	72	66	—	—
Median .....	50.0+	50.0+	45.0	50.0+	50.0+	34.2	29.1	50.0+	—
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	119	58	4	7	34	—	—	17	68
Less than 20 percent .....	37	21	4	—	—	—	—	11	—
20 to 24 percent .....	16	7	—	—	—	—	—	10	28
25 to 29 percent .....	—	8	—	—	20	—	—	—	7
30 to 34 percent .....	33	8	—	—	14	—	—	—	15
35 percent or more .....	25	18	—	—	—	—	—	7	7
Not computed .....	—	4	—	7	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	29.1	24.3	17.5	—	29.2	—	—	24.2	24.1
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	53	51	—	—	—	—	—	39	67
Less than 20 percent .....	53	28	—	—	—	—	—	39	60
20 to 24 percent .....	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	7
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	16.5	21.8	—	—	—	—	—	13.5	15.3
\$35,000 or more .....	14	17	—	8	9	18	18	43	31
Less than 20 percent .....	14	15	—	8	9	18	18	35	31
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	10.0	10.8	—	10.0	12.5	12.5	12.5	13.1	11.5

Table 37. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County—Con.							
	Tract 5.02	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10	Tract 11 (pt.)	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	35	21	104	158	348	113	306	810
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>								
With a mortgage .....	35	17	27	65	124	101	101	556
Less than \$300 .....	—	—	—	16	15	—	29	108
\$300 to \$399 .....	—	6	11	7	60	28	15	137
\$400 to \$499 .....	—	—	10	15	31	33	10	123
\$500 to \$599 .....	20	11	6	17	18	22	40	87
\$600 to \$799 .....	8	—	—	4	—	13	7	56
\$800 to \$999 .....	7	—	—	6	—	5	—	37
\$1,000 to \$1,499 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8
\$1,500 to \$1,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	588	521	413	432	378	480	432	421
Not mortgaged .....	—	4	77	93	224	12	205	254
Less than \$100 .....	—	—	8	40	23	—	44	25
\$100 to \$199 .....	—	4	58	53	152	5	139	158
\$200 to \$299 .....	—	—	5	—	36	7	22	66
\$300 to \$399 .....	—	—	6	—	13	—	—	5
\$400 to \$499 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	—	175	131	114	153	207	132	163
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Less than \$20,000 .....	—	10	71	90	234	26	269	347
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	9	40	67	—	99	100
20 to 24 percent .....	—	4	13	12	37	—	14	28
25 to 29 percent .....	—	6	15	16	6	—	44	27
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	5	—	12	—	10	36
35 percent or more .....	—	—	17	22	105	26	102	139
Not computed .....	—	—	12	—	7	—	—	17
Median .....	—	25.8	27.5	22.1	31.5	50.0+	27.4	31.4
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	10	5	29	43	67	47	9	248
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	23	22	48	21	—	149
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	6	15	7	12	9	34
25 to 29 percent .....	10	5	—	—	12	14	—	46
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	9
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	27.5	27.5	10.0	14.7	16.2	21.0	22.5	17.8
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	18	—	4	11	41	21	14	93
Less than 20 percent .....	18	—	4	11	41	21	14	93
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	17.5	—	12.5	17.5	10.0	13.8	15.6	12.9
\$50,000 or more .....	7	6	—	14	6	19	14	122
Less than 20 percent .....	7	6	—	14	6	19	14	114
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	10.0	10.0	—	10.0	10.0	16.0	12.5	10.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	140	121	58	301	257	250	441	347
<b>GROSS RENT</b>								
Less than \$100 .....	—	—	5	60	5	—	9	62
\$100 to \$199 .....	—	—	17	54	34	—	66	65
\$200 to \$299 .....	68	83	28	76	93	66	151	36
\$300 to \$399 .....	48	32	—	44	62	91	109	43
\$400 to \$499 .....	24	—	—	46	29	56	60	85
\$500 to \$599 .....	—	—	—	—	16	7	13	21
\$600 to \$749 .....	—	—	—	—	5	14	—	7
\$750 to \$999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—
\$1,000 or more .....	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—
No cash rent .....	—	6	8	15	13	6	33	28
Median (dollars) .....	351	284	230	236	294	360	284	289
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Less than \$10,000 .....	48	56	35	116	150	141	255	221
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	—	14	—	—	16	37
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	6	—	—	11	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	7	—	7	—	—	16
30 to 34 percent .....	20	—	—	16	6	—	11	17
35 percent or more .....	20	50	23	54	94	135	151	132
Not computed .....	8	6	5	26	43	6	66	19
Median .....	42.5	50.0+	46.0	43.1	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	57	24	14	106	92	89	119	58
Less than 20 percent .....	8	—	6	53	9	10	37	21
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	—	19	—	16	7
25 to 29 percent .....	12	14	—	28	21	28	8	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	8	—	24	29	33	8
35 percent or more .....	37	10	—	14	14	22	25	18
Not computed .....	—	—	—	11	5	—	—	4
Median .....	36.1	29.3	30.6	18.8	28.7	31.1	29.1	24.3
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	35	19	9	60	7	—	53	51
Less than 20 percent .....	13	19	6	34	7	—	53	14
20 to 24 percent .....	22	—	—	16	—	—	—	28
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	3	4	—	—	—	3
Median .....	21.0	16.0	12.5	18.3	12.5	—	16.5	21.8
\$35,000 or more .....	—	22	—	19	8	20	14	17
Less than 20 percent .....	—	22	—	19	8	20	14	15
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
Median .....	—	10.0	—	10.0	12.5	12.5	10.0	10.8



Table 37. **Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Gregg County			Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Harrison County				
	Tract 102	Tract 104 (pt.)	Tract 105	Tract 201.01	Tract 203	Tract 204.01	Tract 204.02	Tract 205
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>106</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>406</b>	<b>304</b>	<b>204</b>	<b>331</b>	<b>800</b>	<b>449</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>								
With a mortgage -----	<b>42</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>216</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>132</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>162</b>
Less than \$300 -----	9	—	13	40	5	25	35	42
\$300 to \$399 -----	10	10	43	20	18	19	59	26
\$400 to \$499 -----	20	—	27	2	33	39	31	23
\$500 to \$599 -----	—	15	17	12	22	15	29	17
\$600 to \$799 -----	—	—	62	8	9	17	51	50
\$800 to \$999 -----	3	—	48	—	22	11	—	4
\$1,000 to \$1,499 -----	—	11	6	1	—	6	9	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) -----	408	540	614	319	495	461	461	474
Not mortgaged -----	<b>64</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>221</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>586</b>	<b>287</b>
Less than \$100 -----	2	21	39	55	24	68	102	51
\$100 to \$199 -----	26	45	90	121	53	74	330	168
\$200 to \$299 -----	18	31	29	35	13	41	122	35
\$300 to \$399 -----	18	14	22	—	—	—	32	11
\$400 to \$499 -----	—	10	10	—	5	10	—	9
\$500 or more -----	—	—	—	10	—	6	—	13
Median (dollars) -----	225	154	151	160	125	131	145	141
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Less than \$20,000 -----	75	100	217	229	123	189	487	330
Less than 20 percent -----	15	32	42	63	34	105	160	134
20 to 24 percent -----	40	—	65	32	18	6	72	30
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	14	47	—	7	31	6
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	6	11	21	16	46	—
35 percent or more -----	13	54	86	76	50	55	166	145
Not computed -----	7	14	4	—	—	—	12	15
Median -----	22.4	45.0	25.0	27.1	32.3	19.0	25.9	23.9
\$20,000 to \$34,999 -----	16	5	71	50	47	69	116	61
Less than 20 percent -----	—	—	45	41	10	58	88	29
20 to 24 percent -----	7	5	3	—	16	—	14	27
25 to 29 percent -----	7	—	8	9	12	5	14	5
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	6	—	—	6	—	—
35 percent or more -----	2	—	9	—	9	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	25.7	22.5	17.6	10.8	24.2	11.3	13.2	20.3
\$35,000 to \$49,999 -----	—	46	41	11	21	46	151	40
Less than 20 percent -----	—	46	26	11	12	40	129	15
20 to 24 percent -----	—	—	5	—	—	6	13	16
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	10	—	9	—	—	9
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	—	10.9	16.6	16.6	10.0	13.1	10.0	21.6
\$50,000 or more -----	15	6	77	14	13	27	46	18
Less than 20 percent -----	15	—	67	14	13	20	46	18
20 to 24 percent -----	—	6	5	—	—	7	—	—
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	10.0	22.5	15.2	11.5	17.5	10.0	10.0	15.9
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>159</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>365</b>	<b>625</b>	<b>330</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>								
Less than \$100 -----	39	—	—	10	—	76	90	17
\$100 to \$199 -----	41	—	14	36	12	83	95	72
\$200 to \$299 -----	36	11	2	19	46	55	93	49
\$300 to \$399 -----	9	8	9	11	33	86	211	120
\$400 to \$499 -----	7	—	3	—	73	25	62	37
\$500 to \$599 -----	11	—	2	—	—	—	25	—
\$600 to \$749 -----	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—
\$750 to \$999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—
\$1,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent -----	16	7	13	35	37	34	49	35
Median (dollars) -----	182	222	288	187	390	213	304	308
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Less than \$10,000 -----	137	11	28	76	46	240	349	230
Less than 20 percent -----	20	—	—	4	—	16	26	5
20 to 24 percent -----	—	—	3	—	—	38	—	11
25 to 29 percent -----	15	—	—	—	—	33	21	20
30 to 34 percent -----	8	—	—	9	—	—	51	37
35 percent or more -----	78	11	14	37	21	132	212	116
Not computed -----	16	—	11	26	25	21	39	41
Median -----	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	48.8	50.0+	50.0+	44.1
\$10,000 to \$19,999 -----	9	7	1	35	45	90	158	70
Less than 20 percent -----	7	—	1	15	—	25	47	6
20 to 24 percent -----	2	—	—	—	12	9	37	11
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	—	—	—	33	—	7
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	2	10	5	14	13
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	9	23	9	41	20
Not computed -----	—	7	—	9	—	9	19	13
Median -----	13.2	—	12.5	12.5	35.2	26.0	23.0	31.7
\$20,000 to \$34,999 -----	7	—	5	—	106	35	62	30
Less than 20 percent -----	—	—	3	—	70	19	42	24
20 to 24 percent -----	2	—	—	—	16	6	13	—
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent -----	5	—	2	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	12	4	7	6
Median -----	31.5	—	19.2	—	17.6	16.5	16.8	14.6
\$35,000 or more -----	6	8	9	—	12	—	56	—
Less than 20 percent -----	6	8	7	—	12	—	53	—
20 to 24 percent -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	2	—	—	—	3	—
Median -----	17.5	10.0	10.6	—	10.0	—	10.0	—

Table 37. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Harrison County—Can.		Marshall city, Harrison County				Remainder of Harrison County			
	Tract 206.97	Tract 206.98	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204.01 (pt.)	Tract 204.02 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 201.01 (pt.)	Tract 201.02	Tract 202.98	Tract 206.98 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	91	125	185	315	785	411	304	185	181	125
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
With a mortgage .....	78	20	109	129	208	162	83	60	61	20
Less than \$300 .....	—	—	5	25	35	42	40	28	—	—
\$300 to \$399 .....	16	—	18	19	53	26	20	26	24	—
\$400 to \$499 .....	10	9	33	39	31	23	2	2	—	9
\$500 to \$599 .....	—	11	22	12	29	17	12	4	21	11
\$600 to \$799 .....	33	—	9	17	51	50	8	—	9	—
\$800 to \$999 .....	12	—	22	11	—	4	—	—	7	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499 .....	7	—	—	6	9	—	1	—	—	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	714	555	495	458	467	474	319	314	536	555
Not mortgaged .....	13	105	76	186	577	249	221	125	120	105
Less than \$100 .....	—	9	12	68	102	51	55	45	52	9
\$100 to \$199 .....	10	59	46	66	321	130	121	63	48	53
\$200 to \$299 .....	—	35	13	36	122	35	35	17	20	35
\$300 to \$399 .....	3	—	—	—	32	11	—	—	—	—
\$400 to \$499 .....	—	8	5	10	—	9	—	—	—	8
\$500 or more .....	—	—	—	6	—	13	10	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	182	180	132	130	145	141	160	117	115	180
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20,000 .....	28	87	116	178	478	292	229	134	121	87
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	27	105	160	134	63	76	66	—
20 to 24 percent .....	10	—	18	6	72	30	32	7	27	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	30	—	7	31	6	47	4	—	30
30 to 34 percent .....	—	9	21	8	46	—	11	8	7	9
35 percent or more .....	18	37	50	52	157	122	76	36	19	37
Not computed .....	—	11	—	—	12	—	—	3	2	11
Median .....	38.3	34.4	33.1	18.5	25.2	22.0	27.1	18.7	12.7	34.4
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	21	13	47	69	110	61	50	37	29	13
Less than 20 percent .....	10	9	10	58	82	29	41	33	17	9
20 to 24 percent .....	1	—	16	—	14	27	—	4	12	—
25 to 29 percent .....	10	4	12	5	14	5	9	—	—	4
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	22.5	13.6	24.2	11.3	11.8	20.3	10.8	10.0	19.3	13.6
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	22	23	9	46	151	40	11	14	29	23
Less than 20 percent .....	7	23	—	40	129	15	11	14	18	23
20 to 24 percent .....	8	—	—	6	13	16	—	—	4	—
25 to 29 percent .....	7	—	9	—	—	9	—	—	7	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	22.5	10.0	27.5	13.1	10.0	21.6	16.6	10.0	10.0	10.0
\$50,000 or more .....	20	2	13	22	46	18	14	—	2	2
Less than 20 percent .....	20	2	13	15	46	18	14	—	2	2
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	10.0	10.0	17.5	10.0	10.0	15.9	11.5	—	17.5	10.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	43	44	209	337	622	327	111	108	49	44
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100 .....	—	—	—	76	90	17	10	20	—	—
\$100 to \$199 .....	—	—	12	74	95	72	36	46	19	—
\$200 to \$299 .....	9	—	46	55	93	49	19	7	4	—
\$300 to \$399 .....	8	2	33	78	211	120	11	8	—	2
\$400 to \$499 .....	13	7	73	20	62	37	—	—	—	7
\$500 to \$599 .....	—	—	—	—	25	—	—	2	—	—
\$600 to \$749 .....	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$750 to \$999 .....	13	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$1,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent .....	—	35	37	28	46	32	35	25	26	35
Median (dollars) .....	410	409	390	209	304	308	187	116	172	409
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10,000 .....	11	31	46	212	349	230	76	68	33	31
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	—	16	26	5	4	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	38	—	11	—	—	7	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	33	21	20	—	4	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	51	37	9	2	—	—
35 percent or more .....	11	2	21	110	212	116	37	35	—	2
Not computed .....	—	29	25	15	39	41	26	27	26	29
Median .....	50.0+	50.0+	48.8	50.0+	50.0+	44.1	50.0+	39.5	22.5	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	17	13	45	90	158	67	35	23	13	13
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	—	25	47	6	15	16	9	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	12	9	37	11	—	2	4	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	33	—	7	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	10	5	14	13	2	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	17	7	23	9	41	20	9	2	—	7
Not computed .....	—	6	—	9	19	10	9	3	—	6
Median .....	38.0	37.5	35.2	26.0	23.0	31.7	12.5	13.1	18.6	37.5
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	—	—	106	35	62	30	—	4	1	—
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	70	19	42	24	—	2	1	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	16	6	13	—	—	2	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	12	4	7	6	—	—	—	—
Median .....	—	—	17.6	16.5	16.8	14.6	—	20.0	12.5	—
\$35,000 or more .....	15	—	12	—	53	—	—	13	2	—
Less than 20 percent .....	15	—	12	—	53	—	—	2	2	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	—
Median .....	17.5	—	10.0	—	10.0	—	—	17.5	10.0	—



Table 38. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview-Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County	
		Total	Longview city (pt.)
Occupied housing units .....	352	264	179
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>			
1989 to March 1990 .....	—	—	—
1985 to 1988 .....	25	15	13
1980 to 1984 .....	46	38	21
1970 to 1979 .....	123	92	51
1960 to 1969 .....	70	59	56
1950 to 1959 .....	29	21	19
1940 to 1949 .....	21	16	12
1939 or earlier .....	38	23	7
<b>BEDROOMS</b>			
No bedroom .....	—	—	—
1 bedroom .....	54	46	42
2 bedrooms .....	166	144	83
3 bedrooms .....	91	74	54
4 bedrooms .....	41	—	—
5 or more bedrooms .....	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>			
Complete kitchen facilities .....	352	264	179
Source of water, public system or private company .....	330	254	179
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	283	233	176
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>			
Utility gas .....	177	127	83
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	—	—	—
Electricity .....	175	137	96
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	—	—	—
All other fuels .....	—	—	—
No fuel used .....	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>			
None .....	17	17	6
1 .....	158	122	81
2 .....	87	76	62
3 or more .....	90	49	30
Vehicles per household .....	1.7	1.6	1.6
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>			
Owner-occupied housing units .....	129	82	53
1989 to March 1990 .....	12	12	10
1985 to 1988 .....	47	34	12
1980 to 1984 .....	38	15	15
1970 to 1979 .....	23	12	7
1969 or earlier .....	9	9	9
Renter-occupied housing units .....	223	182	126
1989 to March 1990 .....	131	105	70
1985 to 1988 .....	92	77	56
1980 to 1984 .....	—	—	—
1970 to 1979 .....	—	—	—
1969 or earlier .....	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>			
No telephone in unit .....	65	54	30
Householder 65 years and over .....	26	18	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	26	18	—
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	—	—	—
No vehicle available .....	—	—	—
Complete plumbing facilities .....	352	264	179
1.00 or less persons per room .....	342	254	169
1.01 or more persons per room .....	10	10	10
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room .....	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>			
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	33 616	28 422	35 402
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	21 742	23 509	21 080
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	71	45	25
Owner-occupied housing units .....	20	20	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	51	25	25

**Table 39. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview--Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County	
		Total	Longview city (pt.)
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>95</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>47</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b> .....			
<b>With a mortgage</b> .....	<b>59</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>31</b>
Less than \$300 .....	—	—	—
\$300 to \$399 .....	22	19	15
\$400 to \$499 .....	—	—	—
\$500 to \$599 .....	9	9	6
\$600 to \$799 .....	10	10	10
\$800 to \$999 .....	18	—	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499 .....	—	—	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999 .....	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more .....	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	592	475	554
<b>Not mortgaged</b> .....	<b>36</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>16</b>
Less than \$100 .....	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199 .....	20	2	—
\$200 to \$299 .....	16	16	16
\$300 to \$399 .....	—	—	—
\$400 to \$499 .....	—	—	—
\$500 or more .....	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	190	222	225
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b> .....			
Less than \$20,000 .....	4	4	—
Less than 20 percent .....	2	2	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	2	2	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—
Median .....	20.0	20.0	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	48	30	30
Less than 20 percent .....	42	24	24
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	6	6	6
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—
Median .....	11.5	13.3	13.3
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	12	12	7
Less than 20 percent .....	12	12	7
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—
Median .....	10.0	10.0	10.0
\$50,000 or more .....	31	10	10
Less than 20 percent .....	28	10	10
20 to 24 percent .....	3	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—
Median .....	15.8	12.5	12.5
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>213</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>126</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b> .....			
Less than \$100 .....	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199 .....	—	—	—
\$200 to \$299 .....	77	65	43
\$300 to \$399 .....	66	56	41
\$400 to \$499 .....	46	32	28
\$500 to \$599 .....	15	15	10
\$600 to \$749 .....	7	4	4
\$750 to \$999 .....	2	—	—
\$1,000 or more .....	—	—	—
No cash rent .....	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	332	320	342
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b> .....			
Less than \$10,000 .....	58	32	32
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	43	17	17
Not computed .....	15	15	15
Median .....	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	59	57	24
Less than 20 percent .....	11	11	—
20 to 24 percent .....	16	16	—
25 to 29 percent .....	26	24	24
30 to 34 percent .....	6	6	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—
Median .....	25.5	25.3	27.5
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	67	56	52
Less than 20 percent .....	58	50	46
20 to 24 percent .....	6	6	6
25 to 29 percent .....	3	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—
Median .....	17.4	17.2	17.1
\$35,000 or more .....	29	27	18
Less than 20 percent .....	27	27	18
20 to 24 percent .....	2	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—
Median .....	15.2	14.8	14.5



Table 40. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview-Marshall, TX MSA
Occupied housing units .....	128
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>	
1989 to March 1990 .....	-
1985 to 1988 .....	7
1980 to 1984 .....	25
1970 to 1979 .....	48
1960 to 1969 .....	8
1950 to 1959 .....	29
1940 to 1949 .....	11
1939 or earlier .....	-
<b>BEDROOMS</b>	
No bedroom .....	7
1 bedroom .....	45
2 bedrooms .....	21
3 bedrooms .....	42
4 bedrooms .....	13
5 or more bedrooms .....	-
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>	
Complete kitchen facilities .....	121
Source of water, public system or private company .....	128
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	113
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	-
Owner-occupied housing units .....	-
Renter-occupied housing units .....	-
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>	
Utility gas .....	50
Battled, tank, or LP gas .....	8
Electricity .....	70
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	-
All other fuels .....	-
No fuel used .....	-
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>	
None .....	-
1 .....	53
2 .....	56
3 or more .....	19
Vehicles per household .....	1.8
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>	
<b>Owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>90</b>
1989 to March 1990 .....	-
1985 to 1988 .....	28
1980 to 1984 .....	30
1970 to 1979 .....	17
1969 or earlier .....	15
<b>Renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>38</b>
1989 to March 1990 .....	11
1985 to 1988 .....	27
1980 to 1984 .....	-
1970 to 1979 .....	-
1969 or earlier .....	-
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>	
No telephone in unit .....	-
Householder 65 years and over .....	26
Owner-occupied housing units .....	26
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	-
No telephone in unit .....	-
No vehicle available .....	-
Complete plumbing facilities .....	128
1.00 or less persons per room .....	101
1.01 or more persons per room .....	27
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	-
1.00 or less persons per room .....	-
1.01 or more persons per room .....	-
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>	
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	39 131
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	16 031
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	49
Owner-occupied housing units .....	36
Renter-occupied housing units .....	13

Table 41. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview--Marshall, TX MSA
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	64
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>	
With a mortgage .....	18
Less than \$300 .....	—
\$300 to \$399 .....	—
\$400 to \$499 .....	—
\$500 to \$599 .....	8
\$600 to \$799 .....	—
\$800 to \$999 .....	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499 .....	10
\$1,500 to \$1,999 .....	—
\$2,000 or more .....	—
Median (dollars) .....	1 025
Not mortgaged .....	46
Less than \$100 .....	11
\$100 to \$199 .....	10
\$200 to \$299 .....	6
\$300 to \$399 .....	12
\$400 to \$499 .....	—
\$500 or more .....	7
Median (dollars) .....	267
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>	
Less than \$20,000 .....	28
Less than 20 percent .....	11
20 to 24 percent .....	7
25 to 29 percent .....	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—
35 percent or more .....	10
Not computed .....	—
Median .....	22.1
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	5
Less than 20 percent .....	5
20 to 24 percent .....	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—
35 percent or more .....	—
Not computed .....	—
Median .....	17.5
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	—
Less than 20 percent .....	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—
35 percent or more .....	—
Not computed .....	—
Median .....	—
\$50,000 or more .....	31
Less than 20 percent .....	21
20 to 24 percent .....	10
25 to 29 percent .....	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—
35 percent or more .....	—
Not computed .....	—
Median .....	11.6
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	38
<b>GROSS RENT</b>	
Less than \$100 .....	—
\$100 to \$199 .....	7
\$200 to \$299 .....	—
\$300 to \$399 .....	12
\$400 to \$499 .....	8
\$500 to \$599 .....	5
\$600 to \$749 .....	—
\$750 to \$999 .....	—
\$1,000 or more .....	—
No cash rent .....	6
Median (dollars) .....	319
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>	
Less than \$10,000 .....	13
Less than 20 percent .....	—
20 to 24 percent .....	7
25 to 29 percent .....	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—
35 percent or more .....	—
Not computed .....	6
Median .....	22.5
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	13
Less than 20 percent .....	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—
30 to 34 percent .....	8
35 percent or more .....	5
Not computed .....	—
Median .....	34.1
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	12
Less than 20 percent .....	12
20 to 24 percent .....	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—
35 percent or more .....	—
Not computed .....	—
Median .....	12.5
\$35,000 or more .....	—
Less than 20 percent .....	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—
35 percent or more .....	—
Not computed .....	—
Median .....	—



Table 42. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990**

[Householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview-Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County			Harrison County		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County		Kilgore city (pt.), Gregg County	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County
		Total	Kilgore city (pt.)	Longview city (pt.)	Total	Morshall city	Tract 2	Tract 107	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 8
Occupied housing units .....	1 316	1 003	119	781	313	114	97	75	75	96
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990 .....	12	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1985 to 1988 .....	92	72	5	53	20	5	21	5	5	—
1980 to 1984 .....	315	221	14	195	94	6	56	—	—	32
1970 to 1979 .....	319	240	52	147	79	18	—	40	40	21
1960 to 1969 .....	223	189	—	182	34	34	7	—	—	43
1950 to 1959 .....	118	93	20	73	25	19	9	11	11	—
1940 to 1949 .....	148	101	9	86	47	20	—	—	—	—
1939 or earlier .....	89	75	19	45	14	12	4	19	19	—
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom .....	47	23	5	18	24	8	10	5	5	—
1 bedroom .....	243	228	35	186	15	10	—	24	24	21
2 bedrooms .....	565	449	29	387	116	39	41	5	5	37
3 bedrooms .....	396	264	22	190	132	51	46	22	22	38
4 bedrooms .....	65	39	28	—	26	6	—	19	19	—
5 or more bedrooms .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities .....	1 300	1 003	119	781	297	114	97	75	75	96
Source of water, public system or private company .....	1 233	999	119	779	234	105	97	75	75	96
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	1 075	937	119	766	138	105	89	75	75	96
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	30	14	—	14	16	—	7	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	30	14	—	14	16	—	7	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas .....	616	468	85	348	148	87	78	63	63	43
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	32	11	—	11	21	—	—	—	—	—
Electricity .....	642	514	34	414	128	27	19	12	12	53
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All other fuels .....	26	10	—	8	16	—	—	—	—	—
No fuel used .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None .....	89	70	10	52	19	9	11	10	10	—
1 .....	597	459	28	409	138	65	55	17	17	28
2 .....	435	337	61	233	98	24	11	37	37	58
3 or more .....	195	137	20	87	58	16	20	11	11	10
Vehicles per household .....	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.5	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.7	1.8
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units .....	443	303	29	211	140	25	51	11	11	38
1989 to March 1990 .....	96	56	—	36	40	6	11	—	—	7
1985 to 1988 .....	166	131	—	115	35	5	26	—	—	16
1980 to 1984 .....	101	56	11	43	45	14	14	11	11	5
1970 to 1979 .....	62	44	9	10	18	—	—	—	—	10
1969 or earlier .....	18	16	9	7	2	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	873	700	90	570	173	89	46	64	64	58
1989 to March 1990 .....	512	410	48	330	102	59	17	33	33	50
1985 to 1988 .....	262	223	38	182	39	12	17	31	31	8
1980 to 1984 .....	85	67	4	58	18	18	12	—	—	—
1970 to 1979 .....	10	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—
1969 or earlier .....	4	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit .....	426	321	45	261	105	49	26	45	45	24
Householder 65 years and over .....	65	45	13	32	20	—	7	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	46	30	9	21	16	—	7	—	—	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	30	14	—	14	16	—	7	—	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	7	7	—	7	—	—	7	—	—	—
No vehicle available .....	22	18	—	18	4	—	—	—	—	—
Complete plumbing facilities .....	1 286	989	119	767	297	114	90	75	75	96
1.00 or less persons per room .....	915	698	95	527	217	70	56	51	51	80
1.01 or more persons per room .....	371	291	24	240	80	44	34	24	24	16
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	30	14	—	14	16	—	7	—	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room .....	30	14	—	14	16	—	7	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	26 829	28 861	53 921	25 480	22 431	18 530	27 363	35 831	35 831	25 247
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	20 013	18 657	21 272	18 375	25 497	34 846	30 983	23 311	23 311	22 756
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	416	296	17	242	120	26	18	10	10	16
Owner-occupied housing units .....	110	57	—	38	53	6	8	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	306	239	17	204	67	20	10	10	10	16

**Table 43. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990**

[Householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview--Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County			Harrison County		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County		Kilgore city (pt.), Gregg County	Longview city (pt.), Gregg County
		Total	Kilgore city (pt.)	Longview city (pt.)	Total	Marshall city	Tract 2	Tract 107	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 8
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b>	<b>293</b>	<b>232</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>38</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
With a mortgage	226	168	9	144	58	17	17	—	—	38
Less than \$300	44	20	—	20	24	—	3	—	—	10
\$300 to \$399	36	36	—	36	—	—	6	—	—	—
\$400 to \$499	67	38	—	35	29	17	—	—	—	8
\$500 to \$599	13	11	—	7	2	—	—	—	—	7
\$600 to \$799	50	50	9	33	—	—	8	—	—	13
\$800 to \$999	9	6	—	6	3	—	—	—	—	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499	7	7	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	443	476	675	447	412	439	396	—	—	557
Not mortgaged	67	64	11	33	3	—	19	11	11	—
Less than \$100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199	53	51	11	33	2	—	19	11	11	—
\$200 to \$299	13	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$300 to \$399	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
\$400 to \$499	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	170	171	125	168	138	—	175	125	125	—
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20,000	109	77	—	68	32	12	6	—	—	8
Less than 20 percent	11	9	—	7	2	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent	6	6	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	7	7	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	18	18	—	18	—	—	—	—	—	8
35 percent or more	60	30	—	30	30	12	—	—	—	—
Not computed	7	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	43.2	33.6	—	33.9	50.0+	45.0	22.5	—	—	32.5
\$20,000 to \$34,999	92	82	—	74	10	5	19	—	—	30
Less than 20 percent	46	44	—	44	2	—	19	—	—	10
20 to 24 percent	5	—	—	—	5	5	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	33	33	—	25	—	—	—	—	—	15
30 to 34 percent	5	5	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	5
35 percent or more	3	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	20.0	19.0	—	17.7	23.0	22.5	10.0	—	—	26.7
\$35,000 to \$49,999	69	51	11	26	18	—	8	11	11	—
Less than 20 percent	63	45	11	20	18	—	8	11	11	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	6	6	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	11.7	15.1	10.0	18.2	10.5	—	17.5	10.0	10.0	—
\$50,000 or more	23	22	9	9	1	—	3	—	—	—
Less than 20 percent	23	22	9	9	1	—	3	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	—	10.0	—	—	—
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b>	<b>862</b>	<b>697</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>570</b>	<b>165</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>58</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199	49	43	—	30	6	—	7	—	—	—
\$200 to \$299	367	313	47	258	54	27	29	29	29	16
\$300 to \$399	276	216	24	181	60	36	10	16	16	21
\$400 to \$499	112	102	19	79	10	10	—	19	19	21
\$500 to \$599	27	6	—	6	21	10	—	—	—	—
\$600 to \$749	8	8	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$750 to \$999	8	8	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$1,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent	15	1	—	—	14	6	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	301	298	296	299	309	310	281	307	307	380
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10,000	194	161	16	145	33	12	4	5	5	10
Less than 20 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent	7	7	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	11	11	4	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	16	16	5	11	—	—	—	5	5	—
35 percent or more	137	108	7	101	29	12	4	—	—	10
Not computed	23	19	—	19	4	—	—	—	—	—
Median	45.0	42.1	34.0	42.4	50.0+	45.0	50.0+	32.5	32.5	39.2
\$10,000 to \$19,999	326	256	24	201	70	33	6	17	17	30
Less than 20 percent	79	57	19	25	22	—	—	12	12	6
20 to 24 percent	59	45	—	45	14	9	6	—	—	3
25 to 29 percent	86	58	5	43	28	18	—	5	5	4
30 to 34 percent	43	43	—	36	—	—	—	—	—	5
35 percent or more	52	52	—	52	—	—	—	—	—	12
Not computed	7	1	—	—	6	6	—	—	—	—
Median	26.3	27.2	17.1	28.5	23.6	26.3	22.5	16.5	16.5	32.0
\$20,000 to \$34,999	267	236	50	184	31	19	19	42	42	13
Less than 20 percent	212	195	31	162	17	9	19	23	23	13
20 to 24 percent	28	28	19	9	—	—	—	19	19	—
25 to 29 percent	23	13	—	13	10	10	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	4	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—
Median	16.3	16.3	17.3	16.3	14.8	25.2	10.0	19.1	19.1	16.4
\$35,000 or more	75	44	—	40	31	25	17	—	—	5
Less than 20 percent	59	28	—	24	31	25	17	—	—	5
20 to 24 percent	8	8	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	8	8	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	10.0	10.0	—	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	—	—	10.0



**Table 44. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview-Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County			Harrison County		Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Gregg County		Kilgore city (pt.) Gregg County	Longview city (pt.) Gregg County
		Total	Kilgore city (pt.)	Longview city (pt.)	Total	Marshall city	Tract 2	Tract 107	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 8
Occupied housing units -----	46 630	31 784	2 745	20 675	14 846	5 146	1 394	1 145	1 060	2 122
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990 -----	463	220	31	112	243	23	11	—	—	—
1985 to 1988 -----	3 201	1 895	92	1 015	1 306	176	170	42	32	72
1980 to 1984 -----	8 833	6 165	403	4 125	2 668	465	312	124	117	446
1970 to 1979 -----	12 938	9 122	463	5 998	3 816	654	349	151	143	660
1960 to 1969 -----	8 442	6 193	452	4 302	2 249	975	241	120	92	465
1950 to 1959 -----	5 899	4 147	466	2 889	1 752	1 043	148	148	132	286
1940 to 1949 -----	3 483	2 276	457	1 333	1 207	787	65	270	270	94
1939 or earlier -----	3 371	1 766	381	901	1 605	1 023	98	290	274	99
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom -----	243	149	33	94	94	14	13	10	10	9
1 bedroom -----	4 093	3 205	284	2 568	888	329	206	139	139	117
2 bedrooms -----	14 131	9 219	1 020	5 918	4 912	1 707	488	572	536	768
3 bedrooms -----	23 719	16 174	1 219	10 123	7 545	2 508	598	373	324	1 145
4 bedrooms -----	4 045	2 800	186	1 875	1 245	544	60	48	48	83
5 or more bedrooms -----	399	237	3	97	162	44	29	3	3	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities -----	46 446	31 695	2 727	20 635	14 751	5 130	1 374	1 125	1 047	2 122
Source of water, public system or private company -----	42 400	30 727	2 745	20 470	11 673	4 999	1 362	1 116	1 060	2 122
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	33 379	26 621	2 683	19 963	6 758	4 668	1 056	1 093	1 060	2 051
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	217	115	17	31	102	32	—	12	12	—
Owner-occupied housing units -----	142	66	—	4	76	16	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units -----	75	49	17	27	26	16	—	12	12	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas -----	23 682	16 976	1 791	12 037	6 706	3 968	730	919	848	1 280
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	2 215	818	29	157	1 397	34	6	16	9	18
Electricity -----	19 511	13 515	916	8 307	5 996	1 058	640	206	199	794
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	36	19	—	—	17	7	—	—	—	—
All other fuels -----	1 148	443	9	163	705	70	18	4	4	30
No fuel used -----	38	13	—	11	25	9	—	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None -----	2 214	1 477	164	1 018	737	389	150	130	123	114
1 -----	15 714	11 450	1 307	7 676	4 264	1 832	424	617	574	759
2 -----	20 056	13 276	900	8 678	6 780	2 099	558	276	252	934
3 or more -----	8 646	5 581	374	3 303	3 065	826	262	122	111	315
Vehicles per household -----	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.4	1.4	1.7
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units -----	32 947	21 070	1 714	12 795	11 877	3 764	948	738	669	1 186
1989 to March 1990 -----	2 944	1 868	94	1 205	1 076	311	81	57	47	106
1985 to 1988 -----	7 300	4 648	176	2 868	2 652	513	207	73	61	314
1980 to 1984 -----	6 329	3 907	299	2 177	2 422	625	162	125	103	222
1970 to 1979 -----	8 719	5 654	420	3 519	3 065	866	259	202	184	302
1969 or earlier -----	7 655	4 993	725	3 026	2 662	1 449	239	281	274	242
Renter-occupied housing units -----	13 683	10 714	1 031	7 880	2 969	1 382	446	407	391	936
1989 to March 1990 -----	7 120	5 623	522	4 148	1 497	697	252	208	192	583
1985 to 1988 -----	4 878	3 903	404	2 934	975	411	163	162	162	294
1980 to 1984 -----	1 012	735	60	508	277	136	23	19	19	26
1970 to 1979 -----	460	319	38	191	141	83	3	18	18	21
1969 or earlier -----	213	134	7	99	79	55	5	—	—	12
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit -----	2 874	1 880	199	1 105	994	266	131	101	96	173
Householder 65 years and over -----	11 106	7 584	942	4 755	3 522	1 868	442	419	382	308
Owner-occupied housing units -----	9 128	6 065	772	3 616	3 063	1 560	272	332	311	240
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	64	37	12	—	27	16	—	12	12	—
No telephone in unit -----	186	68	10	39	118	45	4	—	—	—
No vehicle available -----	1 263	832	140	559	431	277	113	99	99	51
Complete plumbing facilities -----	46 413	31 669	2 728	20 644	14 744	5 114	1 394	1 133	1 048	2 122
1.00 or less persons per room -----	45 240	30 942	2 678	20 198	14 298	5 035	1 374	1 098	1 027	2 002
1.01 or more persons per room -----	1 173	727	50	446	446	79	20	35	21	120
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	217	115	17	31	102	32	—	12	12	—
1.00 or less persons per room -----	188	109	17	31	79	32	—	12	12	—
1.01 or more persons per room -----	29	6	—	—	23	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	39 000	41 081	36 280	44 076	35 310	39 941	45 158	21 270	21 899	32 496
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	23 207	23 297	24 711	23 261	22 885	21 764	18 429	17 208	16 721	23 977
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	5 626	3 680	374	2 282	1 946	702	163	325	291	214
Owner-occupied housing units -----	2 869	1 619	158	866	1 250	384	50	165	131	72
Renter-occupied housing units -----	2 757	2 061	216	1 416	696	318	113	160	160	142

**Table 45. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Longview-Marshall, TX MSA	Gregg County			Harrison County		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Gregg County		Kilgore city (pt.) Gregg County	Longview city (pt.) Gregg County
		Total	Kilgore city (pt.)	Longview city (pt.)	Total	Marshall city	Tract 2	Tract 107	Tract 107 (pt.)	Tract 8
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b>	<b>25 154</b>	<b>17 797</b>	<b>1 556</b>	<b>11 580</b>	<b>7 357</b>	<b>3 345</b>	<b>758</b>	<b>614</b>	<b>598</b>	<b>966</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
With a mortgage	14 182	10 267	610	7 047	3 915	1 492	388	213	206	661
Less than \$300	739	478	57	348	261	103	21	49	49	23
\$300 to \$399	1 726	1 241	79	867	485	215	27	63	56	97
\$400 to \$499	1 934	1 339	91	900	595	241	44	38	38	101
\$500 to \$599	2 221	1 528	91	1 048	693	268	46	42	42	124
\$600 to \$799	3 711	2 702	88	1 772	1 009	306	130	16	16	226
\$800 to \$999	2 349	1 724	104	1 134	625	209	93	—	—	60
\$1,000 to \$1,499	1 073	884	67	684	189	114	27	—	—	30
\$1,500 to \$1,999	275	239	26	197	36	16	—	5	5	—
\$2,000 or more	154	132	7	97	22	20	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	621	634	578	634	589	575	672	394	397	588
Not mortgaged	10 972	7 530	946	4 533	3 442	1 853	370	401	392	305
Less than \$100	881	548	104	247	333	148	40	67	67	21
\$100 to \$199	5 205	3 193	381	1 992	2 012	1 096	133	210	206	164
\$200 to \$299	3 458	2 635	278	1 591	823	418	123	96	91	111
\$300 to \$399	968	786	134	480	182	114	40	18	18	9
\$400 to \$499	311	260	38	149	51	37	28	10	10	—
\$500 or more	149	108	11	74	41	40	6	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	190	201	197	201	171	174	207	162	160	179
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20,000	6 819	4 648	512	2 775	2 171	1 168	139	310	305	269
Less than 20 percent	2 727	1 717	175	1 060	1 010	566	69	112	112	94
20 to 24 percent	702	507	79	302	195	102	—	55	55	63
25 to 29 percent	548	361	35	228	187	88	3	28	28	8
30 to 34 percent	542	364	56	154	178	123	11	29	29	14
35 percent or more	2 051	1 502	138	916	549	254	47	66	61	79
Not computed	249	197	29	115	52	35	9	20	20	11
Median	24.0	25.0	24.2	24.5	21.3	20.0	18.9	23.0	22.8	22.8
\$20,000 to \$34,999	6 014	4 031	451	2 563	1 983	937	184	192	181	263
Less than 20 percent	3 706	2 465	329	1 556	1 241	642	139	155	144	111
20 to 24 percent	796	543	35	350	253	93	18	27	27	64
25 to 29 percent	710	494	41	339	216	80	15	10	10	18
30 to 34 percent	404	300	25	191	104	39	12	—	—	50
35 percent or more	391	222	21	127	169	83	—	—	—	20
Not computed	7	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	16.2	16.6	13.1	17.0	15.0	13.1	12.6	12.6	12.5	21.6
\$35,000 to \$49,999	5 381	3 836	268	2 437	1 545	491	159	82	82	235
Less than 20 percent	3 999	2 846	240	1 807	1 153	358	99	76	76	177
20 to 24 percent	872	611	17	389	261	101	28	6	6	50
25 to 29 percent	383	266	—	178	117	32	27	—	—	8
30 to 34 percent	65	53	—	26	12	—	5	—	—	—
35 percent or more	62	60	11	37	2	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	14.5	14.5	10.0	13.9	14.4	14.2	13.8	10.0	10.0	13.6
\$50,000 or more	6 940	5 282	325	3 805	1 658	749	276	30	30	199
Less than 20 percent	6 080	4 555	271	3 248	1 525	703	255	25	25	191
20 to 24 percent	609	501	31	386	108	23	21	5	5	—
25 to 29 percent	171	160	12	116	11	9	—	—	—	8
30 to 34 percent	41	41	11	30	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	39	25	—	25	14	14	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	11.7	12.0	10.6	12.1	11.0	10.0	11.1	12.5	12.5	12.7
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b>	<b>13 395</b>	<b>10 642</b>	<b>1 031</b>	<b>7 834</b>	<b>2 753</b>	<b>1 363</b>	<b>446</b>	<b>407</b>	<b>391</b>	<b>936</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100	165	141	16	125	24	15	—	12	12	24
\$100 to \$199	720	516	90	269	204	64	—	70	70	10
\$200 to \$299	2 771	2 325	193	1 731	446	208	115	61	61	73
\$300 to \$399	4 231	3 396	316	2 583	835	414	102	140	140	300
\$400 to \$499	2 490	2 000	242	1 453	490	272	41	64	48	274
\$500 to \$599	1 074	775	56	624	299	186	13	24	24	137
\$600 to \$749	628	558	35	445	70	37	23	—	—	61
\$750 to \$999	275	238	6	199	37	15	47	—	—	13
\$1,000 or more	144	127	9	115	17	17	62	—	—	9
No cash rent	897	566	68	290	331	135	43	36	36	35
Median (dollars)	364	365	367	365	360	378	376	342	333	418
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10,000	3 335	2 543	244	1 896	792	415	180	163	163	147
Less than 20 percent	111	84	8	76	27	15	—	—	—	20
20 to 24 percent	146	98	15	74	48	28	—	12	12	—
25 to 29 percent	152	135	27	80	17	—	—	19	19	—
30 to 34 percent	186	145	—	109	41	25	—	—	—	8
35 percent or more	2 238	1 693	112	1 341	545	294	137	96	96	87
Not computed	502	388	82	216	114	53	43	36	36	32
Median	50.0+	50.0+	42.5	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999	3 570	2 858	343	2 056	712	360	115	140	140	271
Less than 20 percent	429	350	24	281	79	22	28	15	15	23
20 to 24 percent	614	497	34	406	117	83	24	—	—	36
25 to 29 percent	771	681	104	470	90	26	17	50	50	54
30 to 34 percent	597	499	92	367	98	75	12	22	22	79
35 percent or more	867	658	89	433	209	96	29	53	53	71
Not computed	292	173	—	99	119	58	5	—	—	8
Median	28.9	28.6	30.5	28.1	30.5	31.3	25.9	31.1	31.1	31.2
\$20,000 to \$34,999	3 731	3 034	234	2 198	697	345	84	57	41	316
Less than 20 percent	2 226	1 875	174	1 297	351	160	52	45	29	161
20 to 24 percent	790	640	8	534	150	85	3	—	—	106
25 to 29 percent	296	210	31	145	86	54	—	12	12	17
30 to 34 percent	124	93	14	76	31	22	—	—	—	15
35 percent or more	123	113	—	95	10	7	25	—	—	9
Not computed	172	103	7	51	69	17	4	—	—	8
Median	18.4	18.2	17.5	18.6	19.3	20.2	18.2	17.5	17.5	19.8
\$35,000 or more	2 759	2 207	210	1 684	552	243	67	47	47	202
Less than 20 percent	2 407	1 924	198	1 462	483	219	48	47	47	175
20 to 24 percent	183	173	5	133	10	7	4	—	—	22
25 to 29 percent	51	41	—	41	10	10	8	—	—	5
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	7	7	—	7	—	—	7	—	—	—
Not computed	111	62	7	41	49	7	—	—	—	—
Median	12.6	12.7	11.1	13.0	11.9	13.1	13.8	10.0	10.0	14.0



Table 46. Percent of Persons and Housing Units in Sample: 1990

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Persons		Housing units		Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Persons		Housing units	
	100-percent count	Percent in sample	100-percent count	Percent in sample		100-percent count	Percent in sample	100-percent count	Percent in sample
Longview-Marshall, TX MSA -----	162 431	14.2	68 170	14.1	<b>REMAINDER OF GREGG COUNTY</b>				
<b>GREGG COUNTY</b>					Tract 2 (pt.) -----	1 739	16.8	641	15.8
Total -----	104 948	13.5	44 689	13.5	Tract 4 (pt.) -----	15	—	7	—
Kilgore city (pt.) -----	8 258	11.0	3 779	11.7	Tract 9 (pt.) -----	40	22.5	21	19.0
Longview city (pt.) -----	68 655	12.6	29 620	12.7	Tract 11 (pt.) -----	—	—	—	—
<b>HARRISON COUNTY</b>					Tract 14 (pt.) -----	81	14.8	37	13.5
Total -----	57 483	15.4	23 481	15.3	Tract 15 (pt.) -----	126	15.1	75	13.3
Longview city (pt.) -----	1 656	14.6	673	14.1	Tract 101 (pt.) -----	3 200	15.8	1 175	15.8
Marshall city -----	23 682	12.4	9 683	12.3	Tract 102 -----	6 994	19.4	3 072	18.4
<b>TOTALS FOR SPLIT TRACTS/BNA'S IN GREGG COUNTY</b>					Tract 103 (pt.) -----	4 033	11.1	1 490	10.9
Tract 2 -----	4 339	15.9	1 894	15.3	Tract 104 (pt.) -----	6 387	11.8	2 411	11.8
Tract 4 -----	5 716	10.8	2 993	10.7	Tract 105 -----	3 913	24.2	1 730	23.2
Tract 9 -----	2 757	14.5	1 196	15.4	Tract 106 (pt.) -----	843	25.5	353	23.2
Tract 11 -----	2 768	14.3	1 295	14.7	Tract 107 (pt.) -----	584	10.4	247	10.1
Tract 14 -----	3 842	10.4	1 861	11.0	Tract 108.98 (pt.) -----	—	—	—	—
Tract 15 -----	5 178	14.9	1 755	15.2	Tract 109.98 (pt.) -----	—	—	—	—
Tract 101 -----	4 395	15.9	1 626	15.6	Tract 110.98 -----	—	—	—	—
Tract 103 -----	8 160	11.0	2 983	11.2	Tract 111.98 -----	29	6.9	10	10.0
Tract 104 -----	6 465	11.8	2 443	11.8	Tract 112.98 -----	51	13.7	20	15.0
Tract 106 -----	5 130	13.8	2 354	13.4	Tract 113.98 -----	—	—	—	—
Tract 107 -----	4 477	10.3	1 993	11.4	Tract 114.98 (pt.) -----	—	—	—	—
Tract 108.98 -----	—	—	—	—	Tract 115.98 -----	—	—	—	—
Tract 109.98 -----	50	—	19	10.5	Tract 116.98 -----	—	—	—	—
Tract 114.98 -----	—	—	—	—	<b>TOTALS FOR SPLIT TRACTS/BNA'S IN HARRISON COUNTY</b>				
<b>KILGORE CITY (PT.), GREGG COUNTY</b>					Tract 201.01 -----	7 120	13.9	2 936	13.7
Tract 104 (pt.) -----	78	15.4	32	12.5	Tract 203 -----	7 500	12.1	3 110	11.8
Tract 106 (pt.) -----	4 287	11.5	2 001	11.7	Tract 204.01 -----	4 239	15.7	1 588	15.6
Tract 107 (pt.) -----	3 893	10.3	1 746	11.6	Tract 204.02 -----	6 168	12.3	2 329	11.3
Tract 114.98 (pt.) -----	—	—	—	—	Tract 205 -----	7 970	11.7	3 522	12.2
<b>LONGVIEW CITY (PT.), GREGG COUNTY</b>					Tract 206.97 -----	7 768	18.0	2 901	17.2
Tract 1 -----	349	16.6	226	17.3	Tract 206.98 -----	6 646	17.5	2 620	17.4
Tract 2 (pt.) -----	2 600	15.2	1 253	15.1	<b>LONGVIEW CITY (PT.), HARRISON COUNTY</b>				
Tract 3 -----	5 252	11.6	2 349	11.7	Tract 206.97 (pt.) -----	1 517	15.2	603	14.6
Tract 4 (pt.) -----	5 701	10.8	2 986	10.7	Tract 206.98 (pt.) -----	139	7.9	70	10.0
Tract 5.01 -----	4 221	16.5	1 634	16.3	<b>MARSHALL CITY, HARRISON COUNTY</b>				
Tract 5.02 -----	3 856	10.7	1 970	11.3	Tract 201.01 (pt.) -----	522	10.0	216	11.6
Tract 6 -----	5 929	11.7	2 466	11.4	Tract 203 (pt.) -----	7 119	12.1	2 947	11.9
Tract 7 -----	5 159	11.9	2 091	11.8	Tract 204.01 (pt.) -----	3 377	15.7	1 240	15.7
Tract 8 -----	6 683	12.2	2 447	11.5	Tract 204.02 (pt.) -----	5 876	12.2	2 222	11.3
Tract 9 (pt.) -----	2 717	14.4	1 175	15.3	Tract 205 (pt.) -----	6 788	11.6	3 058	12.2
Tract 10 -----	2 281	15.4	1 031	16.4	<b>REMAINDER OF HARRISON COUNTY</b>				
Tract 11 (pt.) -----	2 768	14.3	1 295	14.7	Tract 201.01 (pt.) -----	6 598	14.2	2 720	13.9
Tract 12 -----	3 076	14.0	1 323	14.2	Tract 201.02 -----	5 035	26.6	2 442	26.1
Tract 13 -----	3 878	10.9	1 908	11.4	Tract 202.98 -----	5 037	14.6	2 033	14.6
Tract 14 (pt.) -----	3 761	10.3	1 824	11.0	Tract 203 (pt.) -----	381	10.8	163	10.4
Tract 15 (pt.) -----	5 052	14.9	1 680	15.3	Tract 204.01 (pt.) -----	862	15.5	348	14.9
Tract 101 (pt.) -----	1 195	16.2	451	14.9	Tract 204.02 (pt.) -----	292	15.1	107	12.1
Tract 103 (pt.) -----	4 127	10.9	1 493	11.5	Tract 205 (pt.) -----	1 182	12.1	464	12.1
Tract 108.98 (pt.) -----	—	—	—	—	Tract 206.97 (pt.) -----	6 251	18.7	2 298	17.9
Tract 109.98 (pt.) -----	50	—	18	11.1	Tract 206.98 (pt.) -----	6 507	17.7	2 550	17.6

# APPENDIX A.

## Area Classifications

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These definitions are for all geographic entities and concepts that the Census Bureau will include in its standard 1990 census data products. Not all entities and concepts are shown in any one 1990 census data product. For a description of geographic areas included in each data product, see appendix F.

### AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE AREA

#### Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC)

Alaska Native Regional Corporations (ANRC's) are corporate entities established under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972, Public Law 92-203, as amended by Public Law 94-204, to conduct both business and nonprofit affairs of Alaska Natives. Alaska is divided into



12 ANRC's that cover the entire State, except for the Annette Islands Reserve. The boundaries of the 12 ANRC's were established by the Department of the Interior, in cooperation with Alaska Natives. Each ANRC was designed to include, as far as practicable, Alaska Natives with a common heritage and common interests. The ANRC boundaries for the 1990 census were identified by the Bureau of Land Management. A 13th region was established for Alaska Natives who are not permanent residents and who chose not to enroll in one of the 12 ANRC's; no census products are prepared for the 13th region. ANRC's were first identified for the 1980 census.

Each ANRC is assigned a two-digit census code ranging from 07 through 84. These census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of the ANRC's.

### **Alaska Native Village (ANV) Statistical Area**

Alaska Native villages (ANV's) constitute tribes, bands, clans, groups, villages, communities, or associations in Alaska that are recognized pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972, Public Law 92-203. Because ANV's do not have legally designated boundaries, the Census Bureau has established Alaska Native village statistical areas (ANVSA's) for statistical purposes. For the 1990 census, the Census Bureau cooperated with officials of the nonprofit corporation within each participating Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC), as well as other knowledgeable officials, to delineate boundaries that encompass the settled area associated with each ANV. ANVSA's are located within ANRC's and do not cross ANRC boundaries. ANVSA's for the 1990 census replace the ANV's that the Census Bureau recognized for the 1980 census.

Each ANVSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 6001 through 8989. Each ANVSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical order of ANVSA's.

### **American Indian Reservation and Trust Land**

**American Indian Reservation**—Federal American Indian reservations are areas with boundaries established by treaty, statute, and/or executive or court order, and recognized by the Federal Government as territory in which American Indian tribes have jurisdiction. State reservations are lands held in trust by State governments for the use and benefit of a given tribe. The reservations and their boundaries were identified for the 1990 census by the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), Department of Interior (for Federal reservations), and State governments (for State reservations). The names of American Indian reservations recognized by State governments, but not by the Federal Government, are followed by "(State)." Areas composed of reservation lands that are administered jointly and/or are claimed by two reservations, as identified by the BIA, are called "joint areas," and are treated as separate American Indian reservations for census purposes.

Federal reservations may cross State boundaries, and Federal and State reservations may cross county, county subdivision, and place boundaries. For reservations that cross State boundaries, only the portion of the reservations in a given State are shown in the data products for that State; the entire reservations are shown in data products for the United States.

Each American Indian reservation is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 0001 through 4989. These census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of American Indian reservations nationwide, except that joint areas appear at the end of the code range. Each American Indian reservation also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code; because the FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical sequence of American Indian reservations within each State, the FIPS code is different in each State for reservations in more than one State.

**Trust Land**—Trust lands are property associated with a particular American Indian reservation or tribe, held in trust by the Federal Government. Trust lands may be held in trust either for a tribe (tribal trust land) or for an individual member of a tribe (individual trust land). Trust lands recognized for the 1990 census comprise all tribal trust lands and inhabited individual trust lands located outside of a reservation boundary. As with other American Indian areas, trust lands may be located in more than one State. Only the trust lands in a given State are shown in the data products for that State; all trust lands associated with a reservation or tribe are shown in data products for the United States. The Census Bureau first reported data for tribal trust lands for the 1980 census.

Trust lands are assigned a four-digit census code and a five-digit FIPS code, the same as that for the reservation with which they are associated. Trust lands not associated with a reservation are presented by tribal name, interspersed alphabetically among the reservations.

### **Tribal Designated Statistical Area (TDSA)**

Tribal designated statistical areas (TDSA's) are areas, delineated outside Oklahoma by federally- and State-recognized tribes without a land base or associated trust lands, to provide statistical areas for which the Census Bureau tabulates data. TDSA's represent areas generally containing the American Indian population over which federally-recognized tribes have jurisdiction and areas in which State tribes provide benefits and services to their members. The names of TDSA's delineated by State-recognized tribes are followed by "(State)." The Census Bureau did not recognize TDSA's before the 1990 census.

Each TDSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 9001 through 9589. The census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of TDSA's nationwide. Each TDSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within State.



## **Tribal Jurisdiction Statistical Area (TJSA)**

Tribal jurisdiction statistical areas (TJSA's) are areas, delineated by federally-recognized tribes in Oklahoma without a reservation, for which the Census Bureau tabulates data. TJSA's represent areas generally containing the American Indian population over which one or more tribal governments have jurisdiction; if tribal officials delineated adjacent TJSA's so that they include some duplicate territory, the overlap area is called a "joint use area," which is treated as a separate TJSA for census purposes.

TJSA's replace the "Historic Areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas)" shown in 1980 census data products. The Historic Areas of Oklahoma comprised the territory located within reservations that had legally established boundaries from 1900 to 1907; these reservations were dissolved during the 2- to 3-year period preceding the statehood of Oklahoma in 1907. The Historic Areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) were identified only for the 1980 census.

Each TJSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 5001 through 5989. The census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of TJSA's, except that joint areas appear at the end of the code range. Each TJSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within Oklahoma.

## **AREA MEASUREMENT**

Area measurements provide the size, in square kilometers (also in square miles in printed reports), recorded for each geographic entity for which the Census Bureau tabulates data in general-purpose data products (except crews-of-vessels entities and ZIP Codes). (Square kilometers may be divided by 2.59 to convert an area measurement to square miles.) Area was calculated from the specific set of boundaries recorded for the entity in the Census Bureau's geographic data base (see "TIGER"). On machine-readable files, area measurements are shown to three decimal places; the decimal point is implied. In printed reports and listings, area measurements are shown to one decimal.

The Census Bureau provides measurements for both land area and total water area for the 1990 census; the water figure includes inland, coastal, Great Lakes, and territorial water. (For the 1980 census, the Census Bureau provided area measurements for land and inland water.) The Census Bureau will provide measurements for the component types of water for the affected entities in a separate file. "Inland water" consists of any lake, reservoir, pond, or similar body of water that is recorded in the Census Bureau's geographic data base. It also includes any river, creek, canal, stream, or similar feature that is recorded in that data base as a two-dimensional feature (rather than as a single line). The portions of the oceans and related large embayments (such as the Chesapeake Bay and Puget Sound), the Gulf of Mexico, and the Caribbean Sea that belong to the United States and its territories are considered to be "coastal" and "territorial"

waters; the Great Lakes are treated as a separate water entity. Rivers and bays that empty into these bodies of water are treated as "inland water" from the point beyond which they are narrower than one nautical mile across. Identification of land and inland, coastal, and territorial waters is for statistical purposes, and does not necessarily reflect legal definitions thereof.

By definition, census blocks do not include water within their boundaries; therefore, the water area of a block is always zero. Land area measurements may disagree with the information displayed on census maps and in the TIGER file because, for area measurement purposes, features identified as "intermittent water" and "glacier" are reported as land area. For this reason, it may not be possible to derive the land area for an entity by summing the land area of its component census blocks. In addition, the water area measurement reported for some geographic entities includes water that is not included in any lower-level geographic entity. Therefore, because water is contained only in a higher-level geographic entity, summing the water measurements for all the component lower-level geographic entities will not yield the water area of that higher-level entity. This occurs, for example, where water is associated with a county but is not within the legal boundary of any minor civil division, or the water is associated with a State but is not within the legal boundary of any county. Crews-of-vessels entities (see "Census Tract and Block Numbering Area" and "Block") do not encompass territory and therefore have no area measurements. ZIP Codes do not have specific boundaries, and therefore, also do not have area measurements.

The accuracy of any area measurement figure is limited by the inaccuracy inherent in (1) the location and shape of the various boundary features in the data base, and (2) rounding affecting the last digit in all operations that compute and/or sum the area measurements.

## **BLOCK**

Census blocks are small areas bounded on all sides by visible features such as streets, roads, streams, and railroad tracks, and by invisible boundaries such as city, town, township, and county limits, property lines, and short, imaginary extensions of streets and roads.

Tabulation blocks, used in census data products, are in most cases the same as collection blocks, used in the census enumeration. In some cases, collection blocks have been "split" into two or more parts required for data tabulations. Tabulation blocks do not cross the boundaries of counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts or block numbering areas, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, congressional districts, voting districts, urban or rural areas, or urbanized areas. The 1990 census is the first for which the entire United States and its possessions are block-numbered.

Blocks are numbered uniquely within each census tract or BNA. A block is identified by a three-digit number, sometimes with a single alphabetical suffix. Block numbers



with suffixes generally represent collection blocks that were "split" in order to identify separate geographic entities that divide the original block. For example, when a city limit runs through data collection block 101, the data for the portion inside the city is tabulated in block 101A and the portion outside, in block 101B. A block number with the suffix "Z" represents a "crews-of-vessels" entity for which the Census Bureau tabulates data, but that does not represent a true geographic area; such a block is shown on census maps associated with an anchor symbol and a census tract or block numbering area with a .99 suffix.

## **BLOCK GROUP (BG)**

### **Geographic Block Group**

A geographic block group (BG) is a cluster of blocks having the same first digit of their three-digit identifying numbers within a census tract or block numbering area (BNA). For example, BG 3 within a census tract or BNA includes all blocks numbered between 301 and 397. In most cases, the numbering involves substantially fewer than 97 blocks. Geographic BG's never cross census tract or BNA boundaries, but may cross the boundaries of county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, urbanized areas, voting districts, and congressional districts. BG's generally contain between 250 and 550 housing units, with the ideal size being 400 housing units.

### **Tabulation Block Group**

In the data tabulations, a geographic BG may be split to present data for every unique combination of county subdivision, place, American Indian and Alaska Native area, urbanized area, voting district, urban/rural and congressional district shown in the data product; for example, if BG 3 is partly in a city and partly outside the city, there will be separate tabulated records for each portion of BG 3. BG's are used in tabulating decennial census data nationwide in the 1990 census, in all block-numbered areas in the 1980 census, and in Tape Address Register (TAR) areas in the 1970 census. For purposes of data presentation, BG's are a substitute for the enumeration districts (ED's) used for reporting data in many parts of the United States for the 1970 and 1980 censuses, and in all areas for pre-1970 censuses.

## **BOUNDARY CHANGES**

The boundaries of some counties, county subdivisions, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, and many incorporated places, changed between those reported for the 1980 census and January 1, 1990. Boundary changes to legal entities result from:

1. Annexations to or detachments from legally established governmental units.
2. Mergers or consolidations of two or more governmental units.
3. Establishment of new governmental units.
4. Disincorporations or disorganizations of existing governmental units.
5. Changes in treaties and Executive Orders.

The historical counts shown for counties, county subdivisions, and places are not updated for such changes, and thus reflect the population and housing units in the area as delineated at each census. Information on boundary changes reported between the 1980 and 1990 censuses for counties, county subdivisions, and incorporated places is presented in the "User Notes" section of the technical documentation of Summary Tape Files 1 and 3, and in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* printed reports. For information on boundary changes for such areas in the decade preceding other decennial censuses, see the *Number of Inhabitants* reports for each census. Boundary changes are not reported for some areas, such as census designated places and block groups.

## **CENSUS REGION AND CENSUS DIVISION**

### **Census Division**

Census divisions are groupings of States that are subdivisions of the four census regions. There are nine divisions, which the Census Bureau adopted in 1910 for the presentation of data. The regions, divisions, and their constituent States are:

#### **Northeast Region**

##### *New England Division:*

Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut

##### *Middle Atlantic Division:*

New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania

#### **Midwest Region**

##### *East North Central Division:*

Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin

##### *West North Central Division:*

Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas

#### **South Region**

##### *South Atlantic Division:*

Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida



#### *East South Central Division:*

Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi

#### *West South Central Division:*

Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas

#### **West Region**

#### *Mountain Division:*

Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Nevada

#### *Pacific Division:*

Washington, Oregon, California, Alaska, Hawaii

#### **Census Region**

Census regions are groupings of States that subdivide the United States for the presentation of data. There are four regions—Northeast, Midwest, South, and West. Each of the four census regions is divided into two or more census divisions. Prior to 1984, the Midwest region was named the North Central region. From 1910, when census regions were established, through the 1940's, there were three regions—North, South, and West.

### **CENSUS TRACT AND BLOCK NUMBERING AREA**

#### **Block Numbering Area (BNA)**

Block numbering areas (BNA's) are small statistical subdivisions of a county for grouping and numbering blocks in nonmetropolitan counties where local census statistical areas committees have not established census tracts. State agencies and the Census Bureau delineated BNA's for the 1990 census, using guidelines similar to those for the delineation of census tracts. BNA's do not cross county boundaries.

BNA's are identified by a four-digit basic number and may have a two-digit suffix; for example, 9901.07. The decimal point separating the four-digit basic BNA number from the two-digit suffix is shown in printed reports, in microfiche, and on census maps; in machine-readable files, the decimal point is implied. Many BNA's do not have a suffix; in such cases, the suffix field is left blank in all data products. BNA numbers range from 9501 through 9989.99, and are unique within a county (numbers in the range of 0001 through 9499.99 denote a census tract). The suffix .99 identifies a BNA that was populated entirely by persons aboard one or more civilian or military ships. A "crews-of-vessels" BNA appears on census maps only as an anchor symbol with its BNA number (and block numbers on maps showing block numbers); the BNA relates to the ships associated with the onshore BNA's having the same four-digit basic number. Suffixes in the range .80 through .98 usually identify BNA's that either were revised or were created during the 1990 census data collection activities.

Some of these revisions produced BNA's that have extremely small land area and may have little or no population or housing. For data analysis, such a BNA can be summarized with an adjacent BNA.

#### **Census Tract**

Census tracts are small, relatively permanent statistical subdivisions of a county. Census tracts are delineated for all metropolitan areas (MA's) and other densely populated counties by local census statistical areas committees following Census Bureau guidelines (more than 3,000 census tracts have been established in 221 counties outside MA's). Six States (California, Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, New Jersey, and Rhode Island) and the District of Columbia are covered entirely by census tracts. Census tracts usually have between 2,500 and 8,000 persons and, when first delineated, are designed to be homogeneous with respect to population characteristics, economic status, and living conditions. Census tracts do not cross county boundaries. The spatial size of census tracts varies widely depending on the density of settlement. Census tract boundaries are delineated with the intention of being maintained over a long time so that statistical comparisons can be made from census to census. However, physical changes in street patterns caused by highway construction, new development, etc., may require occasional revisions; census tracts occasionally are split due to large population growth, or combined as a result of substantial population decline. Census tracts are referred to as "tracts" in all 1990 data products.

Census tracts are identified by a four-digit basic number and may have a two-digit suffix; for example, 6059.02. The decimal point separating the four-digit basic tract number from the two-digit suffix is shown in printed reports, in microfiche, and on census maps; in machine-readable files, the decimal point is implied. Many census tracts do not have a suffix; in such cases, the suffix field is left blank in all data products. Leading zeros in a census tract number (for example, 002502) are shown only on machine-readable files.

Census tract numbers range from 0001 through 9499.99 and are unique within a county (numbers in the range of 9501 through 9989.99 denote a block numbering area). The suffix .99 identifies a census tract that was populated entirely by persons aboard one or more civilian or military ships. A "crews-of-vessels" census tract appears on census maps only as an anchor symbol with its census tract number (and block numbers on maps showing block numbers). These census tracts relate to the ships associated with the onshore census tract having the same four-digit basic number. Suffixes in the range .80 through .98 usually identify census tracts that either were revised or were created during the 1990 census data collection activities. Some of these revisions may have resulted in census tracts that have extremely small land area and may have little or no population or housing. For data analysis, such a census tract can be summarized with an adjacent census tract.



## CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT (CD)

Congressional districts (CD's) are the 435 areas from which persons are elected to the U.S. House of Representatives. After the apportionment of congressional seats among the States, based on census population counts, each State is responsible for establishing CD's for the purpose of electing representatives. Each CD is to be as equal in population to all other CD's in the State as practicable, based on the decennial census counts.

The CD's that were in effect on January 1, 1990 were those of the 101st Congress. Data on the 101st Congress appear in an early 1990 census data product (Summary Tape File 1A). The CD's of the 101st Congress are the same as those in effect for the 102nd Congress. CD's of the 103rd Congress, reflecting redistricting based on the 1990 census, are summarized in later 1990 data products (STF's 1D and 3D, and 1990 CPH-4, *Population and Housing Characteristics for Congressional Districts of the 103rd Congress* printed reports).

## COUNTY

The primary political divisions of most States are termed "counties." In Louisiana, these divisions are known as "parishes." In Alaska, which has no counties, the county equivalents are the organized "boroughs" and the "census areas" that are delineated for statistical purposes by the State of Alaska and the Census Bureau. In four States (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more cities that are independent of any county organization and thus constitute primary divisions of their States. These cities are known as "independent cities" and are treated as equivalent to counties for statistical purposes. That part of Yellowstone National Park in Montana is treated as a county equivalent. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to a county for statistical purposes.

Each county and county equivalent is assigned a three-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. These codes are assigned in alphabetical order of county or county equivalent within State, except for the independent cities, which follow the listing of counties.

## COUNTY SUBDIVISION

County subdivisions are the primary subdivisions of counties and their equivalents for the reporting of decennial census data. They include census county divisions, census subareas, minor civil divisions, and unorganized territories.

Each county subdivision is assigned a three-digit census code in alphabetical order within county and a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within State.

### Census County Division (CCD)

Census county divisions (CCD's) are subdivisions of a county that were delineated by the Census Bureau, in cooperation with State officials and local census statistical

areas committees, for statistical purposes. CCD's were established in 21 States where there are no legally established minor civil divisions (MCD's), where the MCD's do not have governmental or administrative purposes, where the boundaries of the MCD's change frequently, and/or where the MCD's are not generally known to the public. CCD's have no legal functions, and are not governmental units.

The boundaries of CCD's usually are delineated to follow visible features, and in most cases coincide with census tract or block numbering area boundaries. The name of each CCD is based on a place, county, or well-known local name that identifies its location. CCD's have been established in the following 21 States: Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Idaho, Kentucky, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming. For the 1980 census, the county subdivisions recognized for Nevada were MCD's.

### Census Subarea (Alaska)

Census subareas are statistical subdivisions of boroughs and census areas (county equivalents) in Alaska. Census subareas were delineated cooperatively by the State of Alaska and the Census Bureau. The census subareas, identified first in 1980, replaced the various types of subdivisions used in the 1970 census.

### Minor Civil Division (MCD)

Minor civil divisions (MCD's) are the primary political or administrative divisions of a county. MCD's represent many different kinds of legal entities with a wide variety of governmental and/or administrative functions. MCD's are variously designated as American Indian reservations, assessment districts, boroughs, election districts, gores, grants, magisterial districts, parish governing authority districts, plantations, precincts, purchases, supervisors' districts, towns, and townships. In some States, all or some incorporated places are not located in any MCD and thus serve as MCD's in their own right. In other States, incorporated places are subordinate to (part of) the MCD's in which they are located, or the pattern is mixed—some incorporated places are independent of MCD's and others are subordinate to one or more MCD's.

The Census Bureau recognizes MCD's in the following 28 States: Arkansas, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to an MCD for statistical purposes.



The MCD's in 12 selected States (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin) also serve as general-purpose local governments. The Census Bureau presents data for these MCD's in all data products in which it provides data for places.

## Unorganized Territory (unorg.)

In nine States (Arkansas, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Minnesota, North Carolina, North Dakota, and South Dakota), some counties contain territory that is not included in an MCD recognized by the Census Bureau. Each separate area of unorganized territory in these States is recognized as one or more separate county subdivisions for census purposes. Each unorganized territory is given a descriptive name, followed by the designation "unorg."

## GEOGRAPHIC CODE

Geographic codes are shown primarily on machine-readable data products, such as computer tape and compact disc-read only memory (CD-ROM), but also appear on other products such as microfiche; they also are shown on some census maps. Codes are identified as "census codes" only if there is also a Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code for the same geographic entity. A code that is not identified as either "census" or "FIPS" is usually a census code for which there is no FIPS equivalent, or for which the Census Bureau does not use the FIPS code. The exceptions, which use only the FIPS code in census products, are county, congressional district, and metropolitan area (that is, metropolitan statistical area, consolidated metropolitan statistical area, and primary metropolitan statistical area).

### Census Code

Census codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian and Alaska Native area, census division, census region, county subdivision, place, State, urbanized area, and voting district. The structure, format, and meaning of census codes appear in the 1990 census *Geographic Identification Code Scheme*; in the data dictionary portion of the technical documentation for summary tape files, CD-ROM's, and microfiche.

### Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) Code

Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian and Alaska Native area, congressional district, county, county subdivision, metropolitan area, place, and State. The structure, format, and meaning of FIPS

codes used in the census are shown in the 1990 census *Geographic Identification Code Scheme*; in the data dictionary portion of the technical documentation for summary tape files, CD-ROM's, and microfiche.

The objective of the FIPS codes is to improve the use of data resources of the Federal Government and avoid unnecessary duplication and incompatibilities in the collection, processing, and dissemination of data. More information about FIPS and FIPS code documentation is available from the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, VA 22161.

## United States Postal Service (USPS) Code

United States Postal Service (USPS) codes for States are used in all 1990 data products. The codes are two-character alphabetic abbreviations. These codes are the same as the FIPS two-character alphabetic abbreviations.

## GEOGRAPHIC PRESENTATION

### Hierarchical Presentation

A hierarchical geographic presentation shows the geographic entities in a superior/subordinate structure in census products. This structure is derived from the legal, administrative, or areal relationships of the entities. The hierarchical structure is depicted in report tables by means of indentation, and is explained for machine-readable media in the discussion of file structure in the geographic coverage portion of the abstract in the technical documentation. An example of hierarchical presentation is the "standard census geographic hierarchy": block, within block group, within census tract or block numbering area, within place, within county subdivision, within county, within State, within division, within region, within the United States. Graphically, this is shown as:

United States  
    Region  
        Division  
            State  
                County  
                    County subdivision  
                        Place (or part)  
                            Census tract/block numbering area  
                                (or part)  
                                    Block group (or part)  
  Block

### Inventory Presentation

An inventory presentation of geographic entities is one in which all entities of the same type are shown in alphabetical or code sequence, without reference to their hierarchical relationships. Generally, an inventory presentation shows totals for entities that may be split in a hierarchical presentation, such as place, census



tract/block numbering area, or block group. An example of a series of inventory presentations is: State, followed by all the counties in that State, followed by all the places in that State. Graphically, this is shown as:

State

County "A"

County "B"

County "C"

Place "X"

Place "Y"

Place "Z"

## HISTORICAL COUNTS

Historical counts for total population and total housing units are shown in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* report series. As in past censuses, the general rule for presenting historical data for States, counties, county subdivisions, and places is to show historical counts only for single, continually existing entities. Stated another way, if an entity existed for both the current and preceding censuses, the tables show counts for the preceding censuses. Included in this category are entities of the same type (county, county subdivision, place) even if they had changed their names. Also included are entities that merged, but only if the new entity retained the name of one of the merged entities. The historical counts shown are for each entity as it was bounded at each census.

In cases where an entity was formed since a preceding census, such as a newly incorporated place or a newly organized township, the symbol three dots "..." is shown for earlier censuses. The three-dot symbol also is shown for those parts of a place that have extended into an additional county or county subdivision through annexation or other revision of boundaries since the preceding census.

In a few cases, changes in the boundaries of county subdivisions caused a place to be split into two or more parts, or to be split differently than in the preceding census. If historical counts for the parts of the place as currently split did not appear in a preceding census, "(NA)" is shown for the place in each county subdivision; however, the historical population and housing unit counts of the place appear in tables that show the entire place. For counties, county subdivisions, and places formed since January 1, 1980, 1980 census population and housing unit counts in the 1990 territory are reported in the geographic change notes included in the "User Notes" text section of 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, and in the technical documentation of Summary Tape Files 1 and 3.

In some cases, population and housing unit counts for individual areas were revised since publication of the 1980 reports (indicated by the prefix "r"). In a number of tables of 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, 1980 counts are shown for aggregations of individual areas,

such as the number, population, and housing unit counts of places in size groups, or urban and rural distributions. Revisions of population and housing unit counts for individual areas were not applied to the various aggregations. Therefore, it may not be possible to determine the individual areas in a given aggregation using the historical counts; conversely, the sum of the counts shown for individual areas may not agree with the aggregation.

## INTERNAL POINT

An internal point is a set of geographic coordinates (latitude and longitude) that is located within a specified geographic entity. A single point is identified for each entity; for many entities, this point represents the approximate geographic center of that entity. If the shape of the entity caused this point to be located outside the boundaries of the entity, it is relocated from the center so that it is within the entity. If the internal point for a block falls in a water area, it is relocated to a land area within the block. On machine-readable products, internal points are shown to six decimal places; the decimal point is implied.

## METROPOLITAN AREA (MA)

The general concept of a metropolitan area (MA) is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities that have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. Some MA's are defined around two or more nuclei.

The MA classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on MA's. The MA's are designated and defined by the Federal Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards. These standards were developed by the inter-agency Federal Executive Committee on Metropolitan Areas, with the aim of producing definitions that are as consistent as possible for all MA's nationwide.

Each MA must contain either a place with a minimum population of 50,000 or a Census Bureau-defined urbanized area and a total MA population of at least 100,000 (75,000 in New England). An MA comprises one or more central counties. An MA also may include one or more outlying counties that have close economic and social relationships with the central county. An outlying county must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and also must meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, MA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The territory, population, and housing units in MA's are referred to as "metropolitan." The metropolitan category is subdivided into "inside central city" and "outside central city." The territory, population, and housing units located outside MA's are referred to as "nonmetropolitan." The



metropolitan and nonmetropolitan classification cuts across the other hierarchies; for example, there is generally both urban and rural territory within both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

To meet the needs of various users, the standards provide for a flexible structure of metropolitan definitions that classify an MA either as a metropolitan statistical area (MSA) or as a consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA) that is divided into primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSA's). Documentation of the MA standards and how they are applied is available from the Secretary, Federal Executive Committee on Metropolitan Areas, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

## **Central City**

In each MSA and CMSA, the largest place and, in some cases, additional places are designated as "central cities" under the official standards. A few PMSA's do not have central cities. The largest central city and, in some cases, up to two additional central cities are included in the title of the MA; there also are central cities that are not included in an MA title. An MA central city does not include any part of that city that extends outside the MA boundary.

## **Consolidated and Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area (CMSA and PMSA)**

If an area that qualifies as an MA has more than one million persons, primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSA's) may be defined within it. PMSA's consist of a large urbanized county or cluster of counties that demonstrates very strong internal economic and social links, in addition to close ties to other portions of the larger area. When PMSA's are established, the larger area of which they are component parts is designated a consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA).

## **Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)**

Metropolitan statistical areas (MSA's) are relatively free-standing MA's and are not closely associated with other MA's. These areas typically are surrounded by nonmetropolitan counties.

## **Metropolitan Area Title and Code**

The title of an MSA contains the name of its largest central city and up to two additional city names, provided that the additional places meet specified levels of population, employment, and commuting. Generally, a city with a population of 250,000 or more is in the title, regardless of other criteria.

The title of a PMSA may contain up to three place names, as determined above, or up to three county names, sequenced in order of population. A CMSA title also may include up to three names, the first of which generally is

the most populous central city in the area. The second name may be the first city or county name in the most populous remaining PMSA; the third name may be the first city or county name in the next most populous PMSA. A regional designation may be substituted for the second and/or third names in a CMSA title if such a designation is supported by local opinion and is deemed to be unambiguous and suitable by the Office of Management and Budget.

The titles for all MA's also contain the name of each State in which the area is located. Each metropolitan area is assigned a four-digit FIPS code, in alphabetical order nationwide. If the fourth digit of the code is a "2," it identifies a CMSA. Additionally, there is a separate set of two-digit codes for CMSA's, also assigned alphabetically.

## **OUTLYING AREAS OF THE UNITED STATES**

The Census Bureau treats the outlying areas as the statistical equivalents of States for the 1990 census. The outlying areas are American Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (Northern Mariana Islands), Republic of Palau (Palau), Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States (Virgin Islands). Geographic definitions specific to each outlying area are shown in appendix A of the text in the data products for each area.

## **PLACE**

Places, for the reporting of decennial census data, include census designated places and incorporated places. Each place is assigned a four-digit census code that is unique within State. Each place is also assigned a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned based on alphabetical order within State. Consolidated cities (see below) are assigned a one-character alphabetical census code that is unique nationwide and a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State.

## **Census Designated Place (CDP)**

Census designated places (CDP's) are delineated for the decennial census as the statistical counterparts of incorporated places. CDP's comprise densely settled concentrations of population that are identifiable by name, but are not legally incorporated places. Their boundaries, which usually coincide with visible features or the boundary of an adjacent incorporated place, have no legal status, nor do these places have officials elected to serve traditional municipal functions. CDP boundaries may change with changes in the settlement pattern; a CDP with the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries.



Beginning with the 1950 census, the Census Bureau, in cooperation with State agencies and local census statistical areas committees, has identified and delineated boundaries for CDP's. In the 1990 census, the name of each such place is followed by "CDP." In the 1980 census, "(CDP)" was used; in 1970, 1960, and 1950 censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

To qualify as a CDP for the 1990 census, an unincorporated community must have met the following criteria:

1. In all States except Alaska and Hawaii, the Census Bureau uses three population size criteria to designate a CDP. These criteria are:
  - a. 1 000 or more persons if outside the boundaries of an urbanized area (UA) delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
  - b. 2,500 or more persons if inside the boundaries of a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
  - c. 250 or more persons if outside the boundaries of a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census, and within the official boundaries of an American Indian reservation recognized for the 1990 census.
2. In Alaska, 25 or more persons if outside a UA, and 2,500 or more persons if inside a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
3. In Hawaii, 300 or more persons, regardless of whether the community is inside or outside a UA.

For the 1990 census, CDP's qualified on the basis of the population counts prepared for the 1990 Postcensus Local Review Program. Because these counts were subject to change, a few CDP's may have final population counts lower than the minimums shown above.

Hawaii is the only State with no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census. All places shown for Hawaii in the data products are CDP's. By agreement with the State of Hawaii, the Census Bureau does not show data separately for the city of Honolulu, which is coextensive with Honolulu County.

## Consolidated City

A consolidated government is a unit of local government for which the functions of an incorporated place and its county or minor civil division (MCD) have merged. The legal aspects of this action may result in both the primary incorporated place and the county or MCD continuing to exist as legal entities, even though the county or MCD performs few or no governmental functions and has few or no elected officials. Where this occurs, and where one or more other incorporated places in the county or MCD

continue to function as separate governments, even though they have been included in the consolidated government, the primary incorporated place is referred to as a "consolidated city."

The data presentation for consolidated cities varies depending upon the geographic presentation. In hierarchical presentations, consolidated cities are not shown. These presentations include the semi-independent places and the "consolidated city (remainder)." Where the consolidated city is coextensive with a county or county subdivision, the data shown for those areas in hierarchical presentations are equivalent to those for the consolidated government.

For inventory geographic presentations, the consolidated city appears at the end of the listing of places. The data for the consolidated city include places that are part of the consolidated city. The "consolidated city (remainder)" is the portion of the consolidated government minus the semi-independent places, and is shown in alphabetical sequence with other places.

In summary presentations by size of place, the consolidated city is not included. The places semi-independent of consolidated cities are categorized by their size, as is the "consolidated city (remainder)."

Each consolidated city is assigned a one-character alphabetic census code. Each consolidated city also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. The semi-independent places and the "consolidated city (remainder)" are assigned a four-digit census code and a five-digit FIPS place code that are unique within State. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned based on alphabetical order within State.

## Incorporated Place

Incorporated places recognized in 1990 census data products are those reported to the Census Bureau as legally in existence on January 1, 1990 under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: the towns in the New England States, New York, and Wisconsin, and the boroughs in New York are recognized as minor civil divisions for census purposes; the boroughs in Alaska are county equivalents.

## POPULATION OR HOUSING UNIT DENSITY

Population or housing unit density is computed by dividing the total population or housing units of a geographic unit (for example, United States, State, county, place) by its land area measured in square kilometers or square miles. Density is expressed as both "persons (or housing units) per square kilometer" and "persons (or housing units) per square mile" of land area in 1990 census printed reports.



## STATE

States are the primary governmental divisions of the United States. The District of Columbia is treated as a statistical equivalent of a State for census purposes. The four census regions, nine census divisions, and their component States are shown under "CENSUS REGION AND CENSUS DIVISION" in this appendix.

The Census Bureau treats the outlying areas as State equivalents for the 1990 census. The outlying areas are American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Palau, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States. Geographic definitions specific to each outlying area are shown in appendix A in the data products for each area.

Each State and equivalent is assigned a two-digit numeric Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order by State name, followed by the outlying area names. Each State and equivalent area also is assigned a two-digit census code. This code is assigned on the basis of the geographic sequence of each State within each census division; the first digit of the code is the code for the respective division. Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and the outlying areas of the Pacific are assigned "0" as the division code. Each State and equivalent area also is assigned the two-letter FIPS/United States Postal Service (USPS) code.

In 12 selected States (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), the minor civil divisions also serve as general-purpose local governments. The Census Bureau presents data for these minor civil divisions in all data products in which it provides data for places.

## TIGER

TIGER is an acronym for the new digital (computer-readable) geographic data base that automates the mapping and related geographic activities required to support the Census Bureau's census and survey programs. The Census Bureau developed the Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing (TIGER) System to automate the geographic support processes needed to meet the major geographic needs of the 1990 census: producing the cartographic products to support data collection and map publication, providing the geographic structure for tabulation and publication of the collected data, assigning residential and employer addresses to their geographic location and relating those locations to the Census Bureau's geographic units, and so forth. The content of the TIGER data base is made available to the public through a variety of "TIGER Extract" files that may be obtained from the Data User Services Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

## UNITED STATES

The United States comprises the 50 States and the District of Columbia. In addition, the Census Bureau treats

the outlying areas as statistical equivalents of States for the 1990 census. The outlying areas include American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Palau, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.

## URBAN AND RURAL

The Census Bureau defines "urban" for the 1990 census as comprising all territory, population, and housing units in urbanized areas and in places of 2,500 or more persons outside urbanized areas. More specifically, "urban" consists of territory, persons, and housing units in:

1. Places of 2,500 or more persons incorporated as cities, villages, boroughs (except in Alaska and New York), and towns (except in the six New England States, New York, and Wisconsin), but excluding the rural portions of "extended cities."
2. Census designated places of 2,500 or more persons.
3. Other territory, incorporated or unincorporated, included in urbanized areas.

Territory, population, and housing units not classified as urban constitute "rural." In the 100-percent data products, "rural" is divided into "places of less than 2,500" and "not in places." The "not in places" category comprises "rural" outside incorporated and census designated places and the rural portions of extended cities. In many data products, the term "other rural" is used; "other rural" is a residual category specific to the classification of the rural in each data product.

In the sample data products, rural population and housing units are subdivided into "rural farm" and "rural nonfarm." "Rural farm" comprises all rural households and housing units on farms (places from which \$1,000 or more of agricultural products were sold in 1989); "rural nonfarm" comprises the remaining rural.

The urban and rural classification cuts across the other hierarchies; for example, there is generally both urban and rural territory within both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

In censuses prior to 1950, "urban" comprised all territory, persons, and housing units in incorporated places of 2,500 or more persons, and in areas (usually minor civil divisions) classified as urban under special rules relating to population size and density. The definition of urban that restricted itself to incorporated places having 2,500 or more persons excluded many large, densely settled areas merely because they were not incorporated. Prior to the 1950 census, the Census Bureau attempted to avoid some of the more obvious omissions by classifying selected areas as "urban under special rules." Even with these rules, however, many large, closely built-up areas were excluded from the urban category.

To improve its measure of urban territory, population, and housing units, the Census Bureau adopted the concept of the urbanized area and delineated boundaries for



unincorporated places (now, census designated places) for the 1950 census. Urban was defined as territory, persons, and housing units in urbanized areas and, outside urbanized areas, in all places, incorporated or unincorporated, that had 2,500 or more persons. With the following three exceptions, the 1950 census definition of urban has continued substantially unchanged. First, in the 1960 census (but not in the 1970, 1980, or 1990 censuses), certain towns in the New England States, townships in New Jersey and Pennsylvania, and Arlington County, Virginia, were designated as urban. However, most of these "special rule" areas would have been classified as urban anyway because they were included in an urbanized area or in an unincorporated place of 2,500 or more persons. Second, "extended cities" were identified for the 1970, 1980, and 1990 censuses. Extended cities primarily affect the figures for urban and rural territory (area), but have very little effect on the urban and rural population and housing units at the national and State levels— although for some individual counties and urbanized areas, the effects have been more evident. Third, changes since the 1970 census in the criteria for defining urbanized areas have permitted these areas to be defined around smaller centers.

Documentation of the urbanized area and extended city criteria is available from the Chief, Geography Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

## **Extended City**

Since the 1960 census, there has been a trend in some States toward the extension of city boundaries to include territory that is essentially rural in character. The classification of all the population and living quarters of such places as urban would include in the urban designation territory, persons, and housing units whose environment is primarily rural. For the 1970, 1980, and 1990 censuses, the Census Bureau identified as rural such territory and its population and housing units for each extended city whose closely settled area was located in an urbanized area. For the 1990 census, this classification also has been applied to certain places outside urbanized areas.

In summary presentations by size of place, the urban portion of an extended city is classified by the population of the entire place; the rural portion is included in "other rural."

## **URBANIZED AREA (UA)**

The Census Bureau delineates urbanized areas (UA's) to provide a better separation of urban and rural territory, population, and housing in the vicinity of large places. A UA comprises one or more places ("central place") and the adjacent densely settled surrounding territory ("urban fringe") that together have a minimum of 50,000 persons. The urban fringe generally consists of contiguous territory having a density of least 1,000 persons per square mile. The urban fringe also includes outlying territory of such

density if it was connected to the core of the contiguous area by road and is within 1 1/2 road miles of that core, or within 5 road miles of the core but separated by water or other undevelopable territory. Other territory with a population density of fewer than 1,000 people per square mile is included in the urban fringe if it eliminates an enclave or closes an indentation in the boundary of the urbanized area. The population density is determined by (1) outside of a place, one or more contiguous census blocks with a population density of at least 1,000 persons per square mile or (2) inclusion of a place containing census blocks that have at least 50 percent of the population of the place and a density of at least 1,000 persons per square mile. The complete criteria are available from the Chief, Geography Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

## **Urbanized Area Central Place**

One or more central places function as the dominant centers of each UA. The identification of a UA central place permits the comparison of this dominant center with the remaining territory in the UA. There is no limit on the number of central places, and not all central places are necessarily included in the UA title. UA central places include:

1. Each place entirely (or partially, if the place is an extended city) within the UA that is a central city of a metropolitan area (MA).
2. If the UA does not contain an MA central city or is located outside of an MA, the central place(s) is determined by population size.

## **Urbanized Area Title and Code**

The title of a UA identifies those places that are most important within the UA; it links the UA to the encompassing MA, where appropriate. If a single MA includes most of the UA, the title and code of the UA generally are the same as the title and code of the MA. If the UA is not mostly included in a single MA, if it does not include any place that is a central city of the encompassing MA, or if it is not located in an MA, the Census Bureau uses the population size of the included places, with a preference for incorporated places, to determine the UA title. The name of each State in which the UA is located also is in each UA title.

The numeric code used to identify each UA is the same as the code for the mostly encompassing MA (including CMSA and PMSA). If MA title cities represent multiple UA's, or the UA title city does not correspond to the first name of an MA title, the Census Bureau assigns a code based on the alphabetical sequence of the UA title in relationship to the other UA and MA titles.

## **VOTING DISTRICT (VTD)**

A voting district (VTD) is any of a variety of types of areas (for example, election districts, precincts, wards, legislative districts) established by State and local governments for purposes of elections. For census purposes,

each State participating in Phase 2 of the 1990 Census Redistricting Data Program outlined the boundaries of VTD's around groups of whole census blocks on census maps. The entities identified as VTD's are not necessarily those legally or currently established. Also, to meet the "whole block" criterion, a State may have had to adjust VTD boundaries to nearby block boundaries. Therefore, the VTD's shown on the 1990 census tapes, listings, and maps may not represent the actual VTD's in effect at the time of the census. In the 1980 census, VTD's were referred to as "election precincts."

Each VTD is assigned a four-character alphanumeric code that is unique within each county. The code "ZZZZ" is assigned to nonparticipating areas; the Census Bureau reports data for areas coded "ZZZZ."

## **ZIP CODE®**

ZIP Codes are administrative units established by the United States Postal Service (USPS) for the distribution of mail. ZIP Codes serve addresses for the most efficient delivery of mail, and therefore generally do not respect political or census statistical area boundaries. ZIP Codes usually do not have clearly identifiable boundaries, often serve a continually changing area, are changed periodically to meet postal requirements, and do not cover all the land area of the United States. ZIP Codes are identified by five-digit codes assigned by the USPS. The first three digits identify a major city or sectional distribution center, and the last two digits generally signify a specific post office's delivery area or point. For the 1990 census, ZIP Code data are tabulated for the five-digit codes in STF 3B.





# APPENDIX B.

## Definitions of Subject Characteristics

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## POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

### AGE

The data on age were derived from answers to questionnaire item 5, which was asked of all persons. The age classification is based on the age of the person in complete years as of April 1, 1990. The age response in question 5a was used normally to represent a person's age. However, when the age response was unacceptable or unavailable, a person's age was derived from an acceptable year-of-birth response in question 5b.

Data on age are used to determine the applicability of other questions for a person and to classify other characteristics in census tabulations. Age data are needed to interpret most social and economic characteristics used to plan and examine many programs and policies. Therefore, age is tabulated by single years of age and by many different groupings, such as 5-year age groups.

Some tabulations are shown by the age of the householder. These data were derived from the age responses for each householder. (For more information on householder, see the discussion under "Household Type and Relationship.")

**Median Age**—This measure divides the age distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median value and one-half above the value. Generally, median age is computed on the basis of more detailed age intervals than are shown in some census publications; thus, a median based on a less detailed distribution may differ slightly from a corresponding median for the same population based on a more detailed distribution. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Limitation of the Data**—Counts in 1970 and 1980 for persons 100 years old and over were substantially overstated. Improvements were made in the questionnaire design, in the allocation procedures, and to the respondent instruction guide to attempt to minimize this problem for the 1990 census.

Review of detailed 1990 census information indicated that respondents tended to provide their age as of the date of completion of the questionnaire, not their age as of April 1, 1990. In addition, there may have been a tendency for respondents to round their age up if they were close to having a birthday. It is likely that approximately 10 percent of persons in most age groups are actually 1 year younger. For most single years of age, the misstatements are largely offsetting. The problem is most pronounced at age 0 because persons lost to age 1 may not have been fully offset by the inclusion of babies born after April 1, 1990, and because there may have been more rounding up to age 1 to avoid reporting age as 0 years. (Age in complete months was not collected for infants under age 1.)

The reporting of age 1 year older than age on April 1, 1990, is likely to have been greater in areas where the census data were collected later in 1990. The magnitude of this problem was much less in the three previous censuses where age was typically derived from respondent data on year of birth and quarter of birth. (For more information on the design of the age question, see the section below that discusses "Comparability.")

**Comparability**—Age data have been collected in every census. For the first time since 1950, the 1990 data are not available by quarter year of age. This change was made so that coded information could be obtained for both age and year of birth. In each census since 1940, the age of a person was assigned when it was not reported. In censuses before 1940, with the exception of 1880, persons of unknown age were shown as a separate category. Since 1960, assignment of unknown age has been performed by a general procedure described as "imputation." The specific procedures for imputing age have been different in each census. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

### ANCESTRY

The data on ancestry were derived from answers to questionnaire item 13, which was asked of a sample of persons. The question was based on self-identification; the data on ancestry represent self-classification by people according to the ancestry group(s) with which they most closely identify. Ancestry refers to a person's ethnic origin or descent, "roots," or heritage or the place of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. Some ethnic identities, such as "Egyptian" or "Polish" can be traced to geographic areas outside the United States, while other ethnicities such as "Pennsylvania Dutch" or "Cajun" evolved in the United States.

The intent of the ancestry question was not to measure the degree of attachment the respondent had to a particular ethnicity. For example, a response of "Irish" might reflect total involvement in an "Irish" community or only a memory of ancestors several generations removed from the individual.



The Census Bureau coded the responses through an automated review, edit, and coding operation. The open-ended write-in ancestry item was coded by subject-matter specialists into a numeric representation using a code list containing over 1,000 categories. The 1990 code list reflects the results of the Census Bureau's own research and consultations with many ethnic experts. Many decisions were made to determine the classification of responses. These decisions affected the grouping of the tabulated data. For example, the "Assyrian" category includes both responses of "Assyrian" and "Chaldean."

The ancestry question allowed respondents to report one or more ancestry groups. While a large number of respondents listed a single ancestry, the majority of answers included more than one ethnic entry. Generally, only the first two responses reported were coded in 1990. If a response was in terms of a dual ancestry, for example, Irish-English, the person was assigned two codes, in this case one for Irish and another for English.

However, in certain cases, multiple responses such as "French Canadian," "Scotch-Irish," "Greek Cypriote," and "Black Dutch" were assigned a single code reflecting their status as unique groups. If a person reported one of these unique groups in addition to another group, for example, "Scotch-Irish English," resulting in three terms, that person received one code for the unique group ("Scotch-Irish") and another one for the remaining group ("English"). If a person reported "English Irish French," only English and Irish were coded. Certain combinations of ancestries where the ancestry group is a part of another, such as "German-Bavarian," the responses were coded as a single ancestry using the smaller group ("Bavarian"). Also, responses such as "Polish-American" or "Italian-American" were coded and tabulated as a single entry ("Polish" or "Italian").

The Census Bureau accepted "American" as a unique ethnicity if it was given alone, with an ambiguous response, or with State names. If the respondent listed any other ethnic identity such as "Italian American," generally the "American" portion of the response was not coded. However, distinct groups such as "American Indian," "Mexican American," and "African American" were coded and identified separately because they represented groups who considered themselves different from those who reported as "Indian," "Mexican," or "African," respectively.

In all tabulations, when respondents provided an unacceptable ethnic identity (for example, an uncodeable or unintelligible response such as "multi-national," "adopted," or "I have no idea"), the answer was included in "Ancestry not reported."

The tabulations on ancestry are presented using two types of data presentations—one used total persons as the base, and the other used total responses as the base. The following are categories shown in the two data presentations:

*Presentation Based on Persons:*

*Single Ancestries Reported*—Includes all persons who reported only one ethnic group. Included in this

category are persons with multiple-term responses such as "Scotch-Irish" who are assigned a single code.

*Multiple Ancestries Reported*—Includes all persons who reported more than one group and were assigned two ancestry codes.

*Ancestry Unclassified*—Includes all persons who provided a response that could not be assigned an ancestry code because they provided nonsensical entries or religious responses.

*Presentations Based on Responses:*

*Total Ancestries Reported*—Includes the total number of ancestries reported and coded. If a person reported a multiple ancestry such as "French Danish," that response was counted twice in the tabulations—once in the "French" category and again in the "Danish" category. Thus, the sum of the counts in this type of presentation is not the total population but the total of all responses.

*First Ancestry Reported*—Includes the first response of all persons who reported at least one codeable entry. For example, in this category, the count for "Danish" would include all those who reported only Danish and those who reported Danish first and then some other group.

*Second Ancestry Reported*—Includes the second response of all persons who reported a multiple ancestry. Thus, the count for "Danish" in this category includes all persons who reported Danish as the second response, regardless of the first response provided.

The Census Bureau identified hundreds of ethnic groups in the 1990 census. However, it was impossible to show information for every group in all census tabulations because of space constraints. Publications such as the 1990 CP-2, *Social and Economic Characteristics* and the 1990 CPH-3, *Population and Housing Characteristics for Census Tracts and Block Numbering Areas* reports show a limited number of groups based on the number reported and the advice received from experts. A more complete distribution of groups is presented in the 1990 Summary Tape File 4, supplementary reports, and a special subject report on ancestry. In addition, groups identified specifically in the questions on race and Hispanic origin (for example, Japanese, Laotian, Mexican, Cuban, and Spaniard), in general, are not shown separately in ancestry tabulations.

**Limitation of the Data**—Although some experts consider religious affiliation a component of ethnic identity, the ancestry question was not designed to collect any information concerning religion. The Bureau of the Census is prohibited from collecting information on religion. Thus, if a religion was given as an answer to the ancestry question, it was coded as an "Other" response.



**Comparability**—A question on ancestry was first asked in the 1980 census. Although there were no comparable data prior to the 1980 census, related information on ethnicity was collected through questions on parental birthplace, own birthplace, and language which were included in previous censuses. Unlike other census questions, there was no imputation for nonresponse to the ancestry question.

In 1990, respondents were allowed to report more than one ancestry group; however, only the first two ancestry groups identified were coded. In 1980, the Census Bureau attempted to code a third ancestry for selected triple-ancestry responses.

New categories such as "Arab" and "West Indian" were added to the 1990 question to meet important data needs. The "West Indian" category excluded "Hispanic" groups such as "Puerto Rican" and "Cuban" that were identified primarily through the question on Hispanic origin. In 1990, the ancestry group, "American" is recognized and tabulated as a unique ethnicity. In 1980, "American" was tabulated but included under the category "Ancestry not specified."

A major improvement in the 1990 census was the use of an automated coding system for ancestry responses. The automated coding system used in the 1990 census greatly reduced the potential for error associated with a clerical review. Specialists with a thorough knowledge of the subject matter reviewed, edited, coded, and resolved inconsistent or incomplete responses.

## CITIZENSHIP

The data on citizenship were derived from answers to questionnaire item 9, which was asked of a sample of persons.

**Citizen**—Persons who indicated that they were native-born and foreign-born persons who indicated that they have become naturalized. (For more information on native and foreign born, see the discussion under "Place of Birth.")

There are four categories of citizenship: (1) born in the United States, (2) born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, or the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, (3) born abroad of American parents, and (4) citizen by naturalization.

*Naturalized Citizen*—Foreign-born persons who had completed the naturalization process at the time of the census and upon whom the rights of citizenship had been conferred.

**Not a Citizen**—Foreign-born persons who were not citizens, including persons who had begun but not completed the naturalization process at the time of the census.

**Limitation of the Data**—Evaluation studies completed after previous censuses indicated that some persons may have reported themselves as citizens although they had not yet attained the status.

**Comparability**—Similar questions on citizenship were asked in the censuses of 1820, 1830, 1870, 1890 through 1950, 1970, and 1980. The 1980 question was asked of a sample of the foreign-born population. In 1990, both native and foreign-born persons who received the long-form questionnaire were asked to respond to the citizenship question.

## EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

Data on educational attainment were derived from answers to questionnaire item 12, which was asked of a sample of persons. Data are tabulated as attainment for persons 15 years old and over. Persons are classified according to the highest level of school completed or the highest degree received. The question included instructions to report the level of the previous grade attended or the highest degree received for persons currently enrolled in school. The question included response categories which allowed persons to report completing the 12th grade without receiving a high school diploma, and which instructed respondents to report as "high school graduate(s)"—persons who received either a high school diploma or the equivalent, for example, passed the Test of General Educational Development (G.E.D.), and did not attend college. (On the Military Census Report questionnaire, the lowest response category was "Less than 9th grade.")

Instructions included in the 1990 respondent instruction guide, which was mailed with the census questionnaire, further specified that schooling completed in foreign or ungraded school systems should be reported as the equivalent level of schooling in the regular American system; that vocational certificates or diplomas from vocational, trade, or business schools or colleges were not to be reported unless they were college level degrees; and that honorary degrees were not to be reported. The instructions gave "medicine, dentistry, chiropractic, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry, veterinary medicine, law, and theology" as examples of professional school degrees, and specifically excluded "barber school, cosmetology, or other training for a specific trade" from the professional school category. The order in which they were listed suggested that doctorate degrees were "higher" than professional school degrees, which were "higher" than master's degrees.

Persons who did not report educational attainment were assigned the attainment of a person of the same age, race or Spanish origin, and sex who resided in the same or a nearby area. Persons who filled more than one circle were edited to the highest level or degree reported.

*High School Graduate or Higher*—Includes persons whose highest degree was a high school diploma or



its equivalent, persons who attended college or professional school, and persons who received a college, university, or professional degree. Persons who reported completing the 12th grade but not receiving a diploma are not included.

*Not Enrolled, Not High School Graduate*—Includes persons of compulsory school attendance age or above who were not enrolled in school and were not high school graduates; these persons may be taken to be “high school dropouts.” There is no restriction on when they “dropped out” of school, and they may have never attended high school.

In prior censuses, “Median school years completed” was used as a summary measure of educational attainment. In 1990, the median can only be calculated for groups of which less than half the members have attended college. “Percent high school graduate or higher” and “Percent bachelor’s degree or higher” are summary measures which can be calculated from the present data and offer quite readily interpretable measures of differences between population subgroups. To make comparisons over time, “Percent high school graduate or higher” can be calculated and “Percent bachelor’s degree or higher” can be approximated with data from previous censuses.

**Comparability**—From 1840 to 1930, the census measured educational attainment by means of a basic literacy question. In 1940, a single question was asked on highest grade of school completed. In the censuses of 1950 through 1980, a two-part question asking highest grade of school attended and whether that grade was finished was used to construct highest grade or year of school completed. For persons who have not attended college, the response categories in the 1990 educational attainment question should produce data which are comparable to data on highest grade completed from earlier censuses.

The response categories for persons who have attended college were modified from earlier censuses because there was some ambiguity in interpreting responses in terms of the number of years of college completed. For instance, it was not clear whether “completed the fourth year of college,” “completed the senior year of college,” and “college graduate” were synonymous. Research conducted shortly before the census suggests that these terms were more distinct in 1990 than in earlier decades, and this change may have threatened the ability to estimate the number of “college graduates” from the number of persons reported as having completed the fourth or a higher year of college. It was even more difficult to make inferences about post-baccalaureate degrees and “Associate” degrees from highest year of college completed. Thus, comparisons of post-secondary educational attainment in this and earlier censuses should be made with great caution.

In the 1960 and subsequent censuses, persons for whom educational attainment was not reported were assigned the same attainment level as a similar person whose

residence was in the same or a nearby area. In the 1940 and 1950 censuses, persons for whom educational attainment was not reported were not allocated.

## EMPLOYMENT STATUS

The data on employment status were derived from answers to questionnaire items 21, 25, and 26, which were asked of a sample of persons. The series of questions on employment status was asked of all persons 15 years old and over and was designed to identify, in this sequence: (1) persons who worked at any time during the reference week; (2) persons who did not work during the reference week but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent (excluding layoff); (3) persons on layoff; and (4) persons who did not work during the reference week, but who were looking for work during the last four weeks and were available for work during the reference week. (For more information, see the discussion under “Reference Week.”)

The employment status data shown in this and other 1990 census tabulations relate to persons 16 years old and over. Some tabulations showing employment status, however, include persons 15 years old. By definition, these persons are classified as “Not in Labor Force.” In the 1940, 1950, and 1960 censuses, employment status data were presented for persons 14 years old and over. The change in the universe was made in 1970 to agree with the official measurement of the labor force as revised in January 1967 by the U.S. Department of Labor. The 1970 census was the last to show employment data for persons 14 and 15 years old.

**Employed**—All civilians 16 years old and over who were either (1) “at work”—those who did any work at all during the reference week as paid employees, worked in their own business or profession, worked on their own farm, or worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a family farm or in a family business; or (2) were “with a job but not at work”—those who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons. Excluded from the employed are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house or unpaid volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations; also excluded are persons on active duty in the United States Armed Forces.

**Unemployed**—All civilians 16 years old and over are classified as unemployed if they (1) were neither “at work” nor “with a job but not at work” during the reference week, and (2) were looking for work during the last 4 weeks, and (3) were available to accept a job. Also included as unemployed are civilians who did not work at all during the reference week and were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off. Examples of job seeking activities are:



- Registering at a public or private employment office
- Meeting with prospective employers
- Investigating possibilities for starting a professional practice or opening a business
- Placing or answering advertisements
- Writing letters of application
- Being on a union or professional register

**Civilian Labor Force**—Consists of persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above.

**Experienced Unemployed**—These are unemployed persons who have worked at any time in the past.

**Experienced Civilian Labor Force**—Consists of the employed and the experienced unemployed.

**Labor Force**—All persons classified in the civilian labor force plus members of the U.S. Armed Forces (persons on active duty with the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard).

**Not in Labor Force**—All persons 16 years old and over who are not classified as members of the labor force. This category consists mainly of students, housewives, retired workers, seasonal workers enumerated in an *off* season who were not looking for work, institutionalized persons, and persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours during the reference week).

**Worker**—This term appears in connection with several subjects: journey-to-work items, class of worker, weeks worked in 1989, and number of workers in family in 1989. Its meaning varies and, therefore, should be determined in each case by referring to the definition of the subject in which it appears.

**Actual Hours Worked Last Week**—All persons who reported working during the reference week were asked to report in questionnaire item 21b the number of hours that they worked. The statistics on hours worked pertain to the number of hours actually worked at all jobs, and do not necessarily reflect the number of hours typically or usually worked or the scheduled number of hours. The concept of “actual hours” differs from that of “usual hours” described below. The number of persons who worked only a small number of hours is probably understated since such persons sometimes consider themselves as not working. Respondents were asked to include overtime or extra hours worked, but to exclude lunch hours, sick leave, and vacation leave.

**Limitation of the Data**—The census may understate the number of employed persons because persons who have irregular, casual, or unstructured jobs sometimes report themselves as not working. The number of employed persons “at work” is probably overstated in the census (and conversely, the number of employed “with a job, but not at work” is understated) since some persons on vacation or sick leave erroneously reported themselves as working. This problem has no effect on the total number of employed persons. The reference week for the employment data is not the same for all persons. Since persons can change their employment status from one week to another, the lack of a uniform reference week may mean that the employment data do not reflect the reality of the employment situation of any given week. (For more information, see the discussion under “Reference Week.”)

**Comparability**—The questionnaire items and employment status concepts for the 1990 census are essentially the same as those used in the 1980 and 1970 censuses. However, these concepts differ in many respects from those associated with the 1950 and 1960 censuses.

Since employment data from the census are obtained from respondents in households, they differ from statistics based on reports from individual business establishments, farm enterprises, and certain government programs. Persons employed at more than one job are counted only once in the census and are classified according to the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. In statistics based on reports from business and farm establishments, persons who work for more than one establishment may be counted more than once. Moreover, some tabulations may exclude private household workers, unpaid family workers, and self-employed persons, but may include workers less than 16 years of age.

An additional difference in the data arises from the fact that persons who had a job but were not at work are included with the employed in the census statistics, whereas many of these persons are likely to be excluded from employment figures based on establishment payroll reports. Furthermore, the employment status data in census tabulations include persons on the basis of place of residence regardless of where they work, whereas establishment data report persons at their place of work regardless of where they live. This latter consideration is particularly significant when comparing data for workers who commute between areas.

Census data on actual hours worked during the reference week may differ from data from other sources. The census measures hours actually worked, whereas some surveys measure hours paid for by employers. Comparability of census actual hours worked data may also be affected by the nature of the reference week (see “Reference Week”).

For several reasons, the unemployment figures of the Census Bureau are not comparable with published figures on unemployment compensation claims. For example,



figures on unemployment compensation claims exclude persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (including some workers in agriculture, domestic services, and religious organizations, and self-employed and unpaid family workers). In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used by the Census Bureau. Persons working only a few hours during the week and persons with a job but not at work are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation but are classified as "Employed" in the census. Differences in the geographical distribution of unemployment data arise because the place where claims are filed may not necessarily be the same as the place of residence of the unemployed worker.

The figures on employment status from the decennial census are generally comparable with similar data collected in the Current Population Survey. However, some difference may exist because of variations in enumeration and processing techniques.

## FERTILITY

The data on fertility (also referred to as "children ever born") were derived from answers to questionnaire item 20, which was asked of a sample of women 15 years old and over regardless of marital status. Stillbirths, stepchildren, and adopted children were excluded from the number of children ever born. Ever-married women were instructed to include all children born to them before and during their most recent marriage, children no longer living, and children away from home, as well as children who were still living in the home. Never-married women were instructed to include all children born to them.

Data are most frequently presented in terms of the aggregate number of children ever born to women in the specified category and in terms of the rate per 1,000 women. For purposes of calculating the aggregate, the open-ended response category, "12 or more" is assigned a value of 13.

**Limitation of the Data**—Although the data are assumed to be less complete for out-of-wedlock births than for births occurring within marriage, comparisons of 1980 census data on the fertility of single women with other census sources and administrative records indicate that no significant differences were found between different data sources; that is, 1980 census data on children ever born to single women were complete with no significant understatements of childbearing.

**Comparability**—The wording of the question on children ever born was the same in 1990 as in 1980. In 1970, however, the question on children ever born was asked of all ever-married women but only of never-married women

who received self-administered questionnaires. Therefore, rates and numbers of children ever born to single women in 1970 may be understated. Data presented for children ever born to ever-married women are comparable for the 1990 census and all previous censuses containing this question.

## GROUP QUARTERS

All persons not living in households are classified by the Census Bureau as living in group quarters. Two general categories of persons in group quarters are recognized: (1) institutionalized persons and (2) other persons in group quarters (also referred to as "noninstitutional group quarters").

**Institutionalized Persons**—Includes persons under formally authorized, supervised care or custody in institutions at the time of enumeration. Such persons are classified as "patients or inmates" of an institution regardless of the availability of nursing or medical care, the length of stay, or the number of persons in the institution. Generally, institutionalized persons are restricted to the institutional buildings and grounds (or must have passes or escorts to leave) and thus have limited interaction with the surrounding community. Also, they are generally under the care of trained staff who have responsibility for their safekeeping and supervision.

**Type of Institution**—The type of institution was determined as part of census enumeration activities. For institutions which specialize in only one specific type of service, all patients or inmates were given the same classification. For institutions which had multiple types of major services (usually general hospitals and Veterans' Administration hospitals), patients were classified according to selected types of wards. For example, in psychiatric wards of hospitals, patients were classified in "mental (psychiatric) hospitals"; in hospital wards for persons with chronic diseases, patients were classified in "hospitals for the chronically ill." Each patient or inmate was classified in only one type of institution. Institutions include the following types:

*Correctional Institutions*—Includes prisons, Federal detention centers, military stockades and jails, police lockups, halfway houses, local jails, and other confinement facilities, including work farms.

*Prisons*—Where persons convicted of crimes serve their sentences. In some census products, the prisons are classified by two types of control: (1) "Federal" (operated by the Bureau of Prisons of the Department of Justice) and (2) "State." Residents who are criminally insane were classified on the basis of where they resided at the time of enumeration: (1) in institutions (or hospital wards)



operated by departments of correction or similar agencies; or (2) in institutions operated by departments of mental health or similar agencies.

*Federal Detention Centers*—Operated by the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) and the Bureau of Prisons. These facilities include detention centers used by the Park Police; Bureau of Indian Affairs Detention Centers; INS Centers, such as the INS Federal Alien Detention Facility; INS Processing Centers; and INS Contract Detention Centers used to detain aliens under exclusion or deportation proceedings, as well as those aliens who have not been placed into proceedings, such as custodial required departures; and INS Detention Centers operated within local jails, and State and Federal prisons.

*Military Stockades, Jails*—Operated by military police and used to hold persons awaiting trial or convicted of violating military laws.

*Local Jails and Other Confinement Facilities*—Includes facilities operated by counties and cities that primarily hold persons beyond arraignment, usually for more than 48 hours. Also included in this category are work farms used to hold persons awaiting trial or serving time on relatively short sentences and jails run by private businesses under contract for local governments (but *not* by State governments).

*Police Lockups*—Temporary-holding facilities operated by county and city police that hold persons for 48 hours or less only if they have not been formally charged in court.

*Halfway Houses*—Operated for correctional purposes and include probation and restitution centers, pre-release centers, and community-residential centers.

*Other Types of Correctional Institutions*—Privately operated correctional facilities and correctional facilities specifically for alcohol/drug abuse.

*Nursing Homes*—Comprises a heterogeneous group of places. The majority of patients are elderly, although persons who require nursing care because of chronic physical conditions may be found in these homes regardless of their age. Included in this category are skilled-nursing facilities, intermediate-care facilities, long-term care rooms in wards or buildings on the grounds of hospitals, or long-term care rooms/nursing wings in congregate housing facilities. Also included are nursing, convalescent, and rest homes, such as soldiers', sailors', veterans', and fraternal or religious homes for the aged, with or without nursing care. In some census products, nursing homes are classified by type of ownership as "Federal," "State," "Private not-for-profit," and "Private for profit."

*Mental (Psychiatric) Hospitals*—Includes hospitals or wards for the criminally insane not operated by a prison, and psychiatric wards of general hospitals and veterans' hospitals. Patients receive supervised medical/nursing care from formally-trained staff. In some census products, mental hospitals are classified by type of ownership as "Federal," "State or local," "Private," and "Ownership not known."

*Hospitals for Chronically Ill*—Includes hospitals for patients who require long-term care, including those in military hospitals and wards for the chronically ill located on military bases; or other hospitals or wards for the chronically ill, which include tuberculosis hospitals or wards, wards in general and Veterans' Administration hospitals for the chronically ill, neurological wards, hospices, wards for patients with Hansen's Disease (leprosy) and other incurable diseases, and other unspecified wards for the chronically ill. Patients who had no usual home elsewhere were enumerated as part of the institutional population in the wards of general and military hospitals. Most hospital patients are at the hospital temporarily and were enumerated at their usual place of residence. (For more information, see "Wards in General and Military Hospitals for Patients Who Have No Usual Home Elsewhere.")

*Schools, Hospitals, or Wards for the Mentally Retarded*—Includes those institutions such as wards in hospitals for the mentally retarded, and intermediate-care facilities for the mentally retarded that provide supervised medical/nursing care from formally-trained staff. In some census products, this category is classified by type of ownership as "Federal," "State or local," "Private," and "Ownership not known."

*Schools, Hospitals, or Wards for the Physically Handicapped*—Includes three types of institutions: institutions for the blind, those for the deaf, and orthopedic wards and institutions for the physically handicapped. Institutions for persons with speech problems are classified with "institutions for the deaf." The category "orthopedic wards and institutions for the physically handicapped" includes those institutions providing relatively long-term care to accident victims, and to persons with polio, cerebral palsy, and muscular dystrophy. In some census products, this category is classified by type of ownership as "Public," "Private," and "Ownership not known."

*Hospitals, and Wards for Drug/Alcohol Abuse*—Includes hospitals, and hospital wards in psychiatric and general hospitals. These facilities are equipped medically and designed for the diagnosis and treatment of medical or psychiatric illnesses associated with alcohol or drug abuse. Patients receive supervised medical care from formally-trained staff.



*Wards in General and Military Hospitals for Patients Who Have No Usual Home Elsewhere*—Includes maternity, neonatal, pediatric (including wards for boarder babies), military, and surgical wards of hospitals, and wards for persons with infectious diseases.

*Juvenile Institutions*—Includes homes, schools, and other institutions providing care for children (short- or long-term care). Juvenile institutions include the following types:

*Homes for Abused, Dependent, and Neglected Children*—Includes orphanages and other institutions which provide long-term care (usually more than 30 days) for children. This category is classified in some census products by type of ownership as “Public” and “Private.”

*Residential Treatment Centers*—Includes those institutions which primarily serve children who, by clinical diagnosis, are moderately or seriously disturbed emotionally. Also, these institutions provide long-term treatment services, usually supervised or directed by a psychiatrist.

*Training Schools for Juvenile Delinquents*—Includes residential training schools or homes, and industrial schools, camps, or farms for juvenile delinquents.

*Public Training Schools for Juvenile Delinquents*—Usually operated by a State agency (for example, department of welfare, corrections, or a youth authority). Some are operated by county and city governments. These public training schools are specialized institutions serving delinquent children, generally between the ages of 10 and 17 years old, all of whom are committed by the courts.

*Private Training Schools*—Operated under private auspices. Some of the children they serve are committed by the courts as delinquents. Others are referred by parents or social agencies because of delinquent behavior. One difference between private and public training schools is that, by their administrative policy, private schools have control over their selection and intake.

*Detention Centers*—Includes institutions providing short-term care (usually 30 days or less) primarily for delinquent children pending disposition of their cases by a court. This category also covers diagnostic centers. In practice, such institutions may be caring for both delinquent and neglected children pending court disposition.

**Other Persons in Group Quarters (also referred to as “noninstitutional group quarters”)**—Includes all persons who live in group quarters other than institutions. Persons who live in the following living quarters are

classified as “other persons in group quarters” when there are 10 or more unrelated persons living in the unit; otherwise, these living quarters are classified as housing units.

*Rooming Houses*—Includes persons residing in rooming and boarding houses and living in quarters with 10 or more unrelated persons.

*Group Homes*—Includes “community-based homes” that provide care and supportive services. Such places include homes for the mentally ill, mentally retarded, and physically handicapped; drug/alcohol halfway houses; communes; and maternity homes for unwed mothers.

*Homes for the Mentally Ill*—Includes community-based homes that provide care primarily for the mentally ill. In some data products, this category is classified by type of ownership as “Federal,” “State,” “Private,” and “Ownership not known.” Homes which combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally ill are counted as homes for the mentally ill.

*Homes for the Mentally Retarded*—Includes community-based homes that provide care primarily for the mentally retarded. Homes which combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally retarded are counted as homes for the mentally retarded. This category is classified by type of ownership in some census products, as “Federal,” “State,” “Private,” or “Ownership not known.”

*Homes for the Physically Handicapped*—Includes community-based homes for the blind, for the deaf, and other community-based homes for the physically handicapped. Persons with speech problems are classified with homes for the deaf. In some census products, this category is classified by type of ownership as “Public,” “Private,” or “Ownership not known.”

*Homes or Halfway Houses for Drug/Alcohol Abuse*—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere in places that provide community-based care and supportive services to persons suffering from a drug/alcohol addiction and to recovering alcoholics and drug abusers. Places providing community-based care for drug and alcohol abusers include group homes, detoxification centers, quarterway houses (residential treatment facilities that work closely with accredited hospitals), halfway houses, and recovery homes for ambulatory, mentally competent recovering alcoholics and drug abusers who may be re-entering the work force.

*Maternity Homes for Unwed Mothers*—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere in places that provide domestic care for unwed mothers and their



children. These homes may provide social services and post-natal care within the facility, or may make arrangements for women to receive such services in the community. Nursing services are usually available in the facility.

*Other Group Homes*—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere in communes, foster care homes, and job corps centers with 10 or more unrelated persons. These types of places provide communal living quarters, generally for persons who have formed their own community in which they have common interests and often share or own property jointly.

*Religious Group Quarters*—Includes, primarily, group quarters for nuns teaching in parochial schools and for priests living in rectories. It also includes other convents and monasteries, except those associated with a general hospital or an institution.

*College Quarters Off Campus*—Includes privately-owned rooming and boarding houses off campus, if the place is reserved exclusively for occupancy by college students and if there are 10 or more unrelated persons. In census products, persons in this category are classified as living in a college dormitory.

Persons residing in certain other types of living arrangements are classified as living in "noninstitutional group quarters" regardless of the number of people sharing the unit. These include persons residing in the following types of group quarters:

*College Dormitories*—Includes college students in dormitories (provided the dormitory is restricted to students who do not have their families living with them), fraternity and sorority houses, and on-campus residential quarters used exclusively for those in religious orders who are attending college. Students in privately-owned rooming and boarding houses off campus are also included, if the place is reserved exclusively for occupancy by college-level students and if there are 10 or more unrelated persons.

*Military Quarters*—Includes military personnel living in barracks and dormitories on base, in transient quarters on base for temporary residents (both civilian and military), and on military ships. However, patients in military hospitals receiving treatment for chronic diseases or who had no usual home elsewhere, and persons being held in military stockades were included as part of the institutional population.

*Agriculture Workers' Dormitories*—Includes persons in migratory farm workers' camps on farms, bunkhouses for ranch hands, and other dormitories on farms, such as those on "tree farms."

*Other Workers' Dormitories*—Includes persons in logging camps, construction workers' camps, firehouse dormitories, job-training camps, energy enclaves (Alaska only), and nonfarm migratory workers' camps (for example, workers in mineral and mining camps).

*Emergency Shelters for Homeless Persons (with sleeping facilities) and Visible in Street Locations*—Includes persons enumerated during the "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation primarily on March 20-21, 1990. Enumerators were instructed not to ask if a person was "homeless." If a person was at one of the locations below on March 20-21, the person was counted as described below. (For more information on the "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation, see Appendix D, Collection and Processing Procedures.) This category is divided into four classifications:

*Emergency Shelters for Homeless Persons (with sleeping facilities)*—Includes persons who stayed overnight on March 20, 1990, in permanent and temporary emergency housing, missions, hotels/motels, and flophouses charging \$12 or less (excluding taxes) per night; Salvation Army shelters, hotels, and motels used *entirely* for homeless persons regardless of the nightly rate charged; rooms in hotels and motels used *partially* for the homeless; and similar places known to have persons who have no usual home elsewhere staying overnight. If not shown separately, shelters and group homes that provide *temporary* sleeping facilities for runaway, neglected, and homeless children are included in this category in data products.

*Shelters for Runaway, Neglected, and Homeless Children*—Includes shelters/group homes which provide *temporary* sleeping facilities for juveniles.

*Visible in Street Locations*—Includes street blocks and open public locations designated before March 20, 1990, by city and community officials as places where the homeless congregate at night. *All* persons found at predesignated street sites from 2 a.m. to 4 a.m. and leaving abandoned or boarded-up buildings from 4 a.m. to 8 a.m. on March 21, 1990, were enumerated during "street" enumeration, except persons in uniform such as police and persons engaged in obvious money-making activities other than begging or panhandling. Enumerators were instructed not to ask if a person was "homeless."

This cannot be considered a complete count of all persons living on the streets because those who were so well hidden that local people did not know where to find them were likely to have been missed as were persons moving about or in places not identified by local officials. It is also possible that persons with homes could have been included in the count of "visible in street locations" if they were present when the enumerator did the enumeration of a particular block.



Predesignated street sites include street corners, parks, bridges, persons emerging from abandoned and boarded-up buildings, noncommercial campsites (tent cities), all-night movie theaters, all-night restaurants, emergency hospital waiting rooms, train stations, airports, bus depots, and subway stations.

*Shelters for Abused Women (Shelters Against Domestic Violence or Family Crisis Centers)*—Includes community-based homes or shelters that provide domiciliary care for women who have sought shelter from family violence and who may have been physically abused. Most shelters also provide care for children of abused women. These shelters may provide social services, meals, psychiatric treatment, and counseling. In some census products, “shelters for abused women” are included in the category “other noninstitutional group quarters.”

*Dormitories for Nurses and Interns in General and Military Hospitals*—Includes group quarters for nurses and other staff members. It excludes patients.

*Crews of Maritime Vessels*—Includes officers, crew members, and passengers of maritime U.S. flag vessels. All ocean-going and Great Lakes ships are included.

*Staff Residents of Institutions*—Includes staff residing in group quarters on institutional grounds who provide formally-authorized, supervised care or custody for the institutionalized population.

*Other Nonhousehold Living Situations*—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere enumerated during transient or “T-Night” enumeration at YMCA’s, YWCA’s, youth hostels, commercial and government-run campgrounds, campgrounds at racetracks, fairs, and carnivals, and similar transient sites.

*Living Quarters for Victims of Natural Disasters*—Includes living quarters for persons temporarily displaced by natural disasters.

**Limitation of the Data**—Two types of errors can occur in the classification of “types of group quarters”:

1. *Misclassification of Group Quarters*—During the 1990 Special Place Prelist operation, the enumerator determined the type of group quarters associated with each special place in their assignment. The enumerator used the Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List and Index to the Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List to assign a two-digit code number followed by either an “I,” for institutional, or an “N,” for noninstitutional to each group quarters. In 1990, unacceptable group quarter codes were edited. (For more information on editing of unacceptable data, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

2. *No Classification (unknowns)*—The imputation rate for type of institution was higher in 1980 (23.5 percent) than in 1970 (3.3 percent). Improvements were made to the 1990 Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List; that is, the inclusion of more group quarters categories and an “Index to the Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List.” (For more information on the allocation rates for Type of Institution, see the allocation rates in 1990 CP-1, *General Population Characteristics*.)

In previous censuses, allocation rates for demographic characteristics (such as age, sex, race, and marital status) of the institutional population were similar to those for the total population. The allocation rates for sample characteristics such as school enrollment, highest grade completed, income, and veteran status for the institutional and noninstitutional group quarters population have been substantially higher than the population in households at least as far back as the 1960 census. The data, however, have historically presented a reasonable picture of the institutional and noninstitutional group quarters population.

*Shelter and Street Night (S-Night)*—For the 1990 census “Shelter-and-Street-Night” operation, persons well hidden, moving about, or in locations enumerators did not visit were likely to be missed. The number of people missed will never be known; thus, the 1990 census cannot be considered to include a definitive count of America’s total homeless population. It does, however, give an idea of relative differences among areas of the country. Other components were counted as part of regular census procedures.

The count of persons in shelters and visible on the street could have been affected by many factors. How much the factors affected the count can never be answered definitively, but some elements include:

1. How well enumerators were trained and how well they followed procedures.
2. How well the list of shelter and street locations given to the Census Bureau by the local government reflected the actual places that homeless persons stay at night.
3. Cities were encouraged to open temporary shelters for census night, and many did that and actively encouraged people to enter the shelters. Thus, people who may have been on the street otherwise were in shelters the night of March 20, so that the ratio of shelter-to-street population could be different than usual.
4. The weather, which was unusually cold in some parts of the country, could affect how likely people were to seek emergency shelter or to be more hidden than usual if they stayed outdoors.
5. The media occasionally interfered with the ability to do the count.
6. How homeless people perceived the census and whether they wanted to be counted or feared the census and hid from it.



The Census Bureau conducted two assessments of Shelter and Street Night: (1) the quality of the lists of shelters used for the Shelter-and-Street-Night operation, and (2) how well procedures were followed by census-takers for the street count in parts of five cities (Chicago, Los Angeles, New Orleans, New York, and Phoenix). Information about these two assessments is available from the Chief, Center for Survey Methods Research, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

**Comparability**—For the 1990 census, the definition of institutionalized persons was revised so that the definition of “care” only includes persons under organized medical or formally-authorized, supervised care or custody. As a result of this change to the institutional definition, maternity homes are classified as noninstitutional rather than institutional group quarters as in previous censuses. The following types of other group quarters are classified as institutional rather than noninstitutional group quarters: “halfway houses (operated for correctional purposes)” and “wards in general and military hospitals for patients who have no usual home elsewhere,” which includes maternity, neonatal, pediatric, military, and surgical wards of hospitals, other-purpose wards of hospitals, and wards for infectious diseases. These changes should not significantly affect the comparability of data with earlier censuses because of the relatively small number of persons involved.

As in 1980, 10 or more unrelated persons living together were classified as living in noninstitutional group quarters. In 1970, the criteria was six or more unrelated persons.

Several changes also have occurred in the identification of specific types of group quarters. For the first time, the 1990 census identifies separately the following types of correctional institutions: persons in halfway houses (operated for correctional purposes), military stockades and jails, and police lockups. In 1990, tuberculosis hospitals or wards are included with hospitals for the chronically ill; in 1980, they were shown separately. For 1990, the noninstitutional group quarters category, “Group homes” is further classified as: group homes for drug/alcohol abuse; maternity homes (for unwed mothers), group homes for the mentally ill, group homes for the mentally retarded, and group homes for the physically handicapped. Persons living in communes, foster-care homes, and job corps centers are classified with “Other group homes” only if 10 or more unrelated persons share the unit; otherwise, they are classified as housing units.

In 1990, workers’ dormitories were classified as group quarters regardless of the number of persons sharing the dorm. In 1980, 10 or more unrelated persons had to share the dorm for it to be classified as a group quarters. In 1960, data on persons in military barracks were shown only for men. In subsequent censuses, they include both men and women.

In 1990 census data products, the phrase “inmates of institutions” was changed to “institutionalized persons.” Also, persons living in noninstitutional group quarters were

referred to as “other persons in group quarters,” and the phrase “staff residents” was used for staff living in institutions.

In 1990, there are additional institutional categories and noninstitutional group quarters categories compared with the 1980 census. The institutional categories added include “hospitals and wards for drug/alcohol abuse” and “military hospitals for the chronically ill.” The noninstitutional group quarters categories added include emergency shelters for homeless persons; shelters for runaway, neglected, and homeless children; shelters for abused women; and visible-in-street locations. Each of these noninstitutional group quarters categories was enumerated on March 20-21, 1990, during the “Shelter-and-Street-Night” operation. (For more information on the “Shelter-and-Street-Night” operation, see Appendix D, Collection and Processing Procedures.)

## HISPANIC ORIGIN

The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin were derived from answers to questionnaire item 7, which was asked of all persons. Persons of Hispanic origin are those who classified themselves in one of the specific Hispanic origin categories listed on the questionnaire—“Mexican,” “Puerto Rican,” or “Cuban”—as well as those who indicated that they were of “other Spanish/Hispanic” origin. Persons of “Other Spanish/Hispanic” origin are those whose origins are from Spain, the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or the Dominican Republic, or they are persons of Hispanic origin identifying themselves generally as Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispanic, Hispano, Latino, and so on. Write-in responses to the “other Spanish/Hispanic” category were coded only for sample data.

Origin can be viewed as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country of birth of the person or the person’s parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Some tabulations are shown by the Hispanic origin of the householder. In all cases where households, families, or occupied housing units are classified by Hispanic origin, the Hispanic origin of the householder is used. (See the discussion of householder under “Household Type and Relationship.”)

During direct interviews conducted by enumerators, if a person could not provide a single origin response, he or she was asked to select, based on self-identification, the group which best described his or her origin or descent. If a person could not provide a single group, the origin of the person’s mother was used. If a single group could not be provided for the person’s mother, the first origin reported by the person was used.

If any household member failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by the computer according to the reported entries of other household members by using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. In the processing of sample



questionnaires, responses to other questions on the questionnaire, such as ancestry and place of birth, were used to assign an origin before any reference was made to the origin reported by other household members. If an origin was not entered for any household member, an origin was assigned from another household according to the race of the householder. This procedure is a variation of the general imputation process described in Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.

**Comparability**—There may be differences between the total Hispanic origin population based on 100-percent tabulations and sample tabulations. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures for the Spanish/Hispanic origin item on the sample questionnaires. (For more information on sampling variability and nonsampling error, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

The 1990 data on Hispanic origin are generally comparable with those for the 1980 census. However, there are some differences in the format of the Hispanic origin question between the two censuses. For 1990, the word “descent” was deleted from the 1980 wording. In addition, the term “Mexican-Amer.” used in 1980 was shortened further to “Mexican-Am.” to reduce misreporting (of “American”) in this category detected in the 1980 census. Finally, the 1990 question allowed those who reported as “other Spanish/Hispanic” to write in their specific Hispanic origin group.

Misreporting in the “Mexican-Amer.” category of the 1980 census item on Spanish/Hispanic origin may affect the comparability of 1980 and 1990 census data for persons of Hispanic origin for certain areas of the country. An evaluation of the 1980 census item on Spanish/Hispanic origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the Midwest Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of possible misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census was severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Hispanic origin population was generally sparse. However, national 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Hispanic origin population at the national level was not seriously affected by the reporting problem. (For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the 1980 census Spanish/Hispanic origin item, see the 1980 census Supplementary Reports.)

The 1990 and 1980 census data on the Hispanic population are not directly comparable with 1970 Spanish origin data because of a number of factors: (1) overall improvements in the 1980 and 1990 censuses, (2) better coverage of the population, (3) improved question designs, and (4) an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups.

Specific changes in question design between the 1980 and 1970 censuses included the placement of the category “No, not Spanish/Hispanic” as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the 1970 category “Central or South American” was deleted because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category; furthermore, the designations “Mexican-American” and “Chicano” were added to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population.

## HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP

### Household

A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit. A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home, a group of rooms, or a single room that is occupied (or if vacant, is intended for occupancy) as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements.

In 100-percent tabulations, the count of households or householders always equals the count of occupied housing units. In sample tabulations, the numbers may differ as a result of the weighting process.

**Persons Per Household**—A measure obtained by dividing the number of persons in households by the number of households (or householders). In cases where persons in households are cross-classified by race or Hispanic origin, persons in the household are classified by the race or Hispanic origin of the householder rather than the race or Hispanic origin of each individual.

### Relationship to Householder

**Householder**—The data on relationship to householder were derived from answers to questionnaire item 2, which was asked of all persons in housing units. One person in each household is designated as the householder. In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member 15 years old and over could be designated as the householder.

Households are classified by type according to the sex of the householder and the presence of relatives. Two types of householders are distinguished: a family householder and a nonfamily householder. A family householder



is a householder living with one or more persons related to him or her by birth, marriage, or adoption. The householder and all persons in the household related to him or her are family members. A nonfamily householder is a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only.

**Spouse**—Includes a person married to and living with a householder. This category includes persons in formal marriages, as well as persons in common-law marriages.

The number of spouses is equal to the number of “married-couple families” or “married-couple households” in 100-percent tabulations. The number of spouses, however, is generally less than half of the number of “married persons with spouse present” in sample tabulations, since more than one married couple can live in a household, but only spouses of householders are specifically identified as “spouse.” For sample tabulations, the number of “married persons with spouse present” includes married-couple subfamilies and married-couple families.

**Child**—Includes a son or daughter by birth, a stepchild, or adopted child of the householder, regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, and foster children.

*Natural-Born or Adopted Son/Daughter*—A son or daughter of the householder by birth, regardless of the age of the child. Also, this category includes sons or daughters of the householder by legal adoption, regardless of the age of the child. If the stepson/stepdaughter of the householder has been legally adopted by the householder, the child is still classified as a stepchild.

*Stepson/Stepdaughter*—A son or daughter of the householder through marriage but not by birth, regardless of the age of the child. If the stepson/stepdaughter of the householder has been legally adopted by the householder, the child is still classified as a stepchild.

*Own Child*—A never-married child under 18 years who is a son or daughter by birth, a stepchild, or an adopted child of the householder. In certain tabulations, own children are further classified as living with two parents or with one parent only. Own children of the householder living with two parents are by definition found only in married-couple families.

In a subfamily, an “own child” is a never-married child under 18 years of age who is a son, daughter, stepchild, or an adopted child of a mother in a mother-child subfamily, a father in a father-child subfamily, or either spouse in a married-couple subfamily.

“Related children” in a family include own children and all other persons under 18 years of age in the household, regardless of marital status, who are related to the householder, except the spouse of the householder. Foster children are not included since they are not related to the householder.

**Other Relatives**—In tabulations, includes any household member related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption, but not included specifically in another relationship category. In certain detailed tabulations, the following categories may be shown:

*Grandchild*—The grandson or granddaughter of the householder.

*Brother/Sister*—The brother or sister of the householder, including stepbrothers, stepsisters, and brothers and sisters by adoption. Brothers-in-law and sisters-in-law are included in the “Other relative” category on the questionnaire.

*Parent*—The father or mother of the householder, including a stepparent or adoptive parent. Fathers-in-law and mothers-in-law are included in the “Other relative” category on the questionnaire.

*Other Relatives*—Anyone not listed in a reported category above who is related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption (brother-in-law, grandparent, nephew, aunt, mother-in-law, daughter-in-law, cousin, and so forth).

**Nonrelatives**—Includes any household member, including foster children not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. The following categories may be presented in more detailed tabulations:

*Roomer, Boarder, or Foster Child*—Roomer, boarder, lodger, and foster children or foster adults of the householder.

*Housemate or Roommate*—A person who is not related to the householder and who shares living quarters primarily in order to share expenses.

*Unmarried Partner*—A person who is not related to the householder, who shares living quarters, and who has a close personal relationship with the householder.

*Other Nonrelatives*—A person who is not related by birth, marriage, or adoption to the householder and who is not described by the categories given above.

When relationship is not reported for an individual, it is imputed according to the responses for age, sex, and marital status for that person while maintaining consistency with responses for other individuals in the household. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

## Unrelated Individual

An unrelated individual is: (1) a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only, (2) a household member who is not related to the householder, or (3) a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution.



## Family Type

A family consists of a householder and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. All persons in a household who are related to the householder are regarded as members of his or her family. A household can contain only one family for purposes of census tabulations. Not all households contain families since a household may comprise a group of unrelated persons or one person living alone.

Families are classified by type as either a "married-couple family" or "other family" according to the sex of the householder and the presence of relatives. The data on family type are based on answers to questions on sex and relationship which were asked on a 100-percent basis.

*Married-Couple Family*—A family in which the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household.

*Other Family:*

*Male Householder, No Wife Present*—A family with a male householder and no spouse of householder present.

*Female Householder, No Husband Present*—A family with a female householder and no spouse of householder present.

**Persons Per Family**—A measure obtained by dividing the number of persons in families by the total number of families (or family householders). In cases where the measure, "persons in family" or "persons per family" are cross-tabulated by race or Hispanic origin, the race or Hispanic origin refers to the householder rather than the race or Hispanic origin of each individual.

## Subfamily

A subfamily is a married couple (husband and wife enumerated as members of the same household) with or without never-married children under 18 years old, or one parent with one or more never-married children under 18 years old, living in a household and related to, but not including, either the householder or the householder's spouse. The number of subfamilies is not included in the count of families, since subfamily members are counted as part of the householder's family.

Subfamilies are defined during processing of sample data. In selected tabulations, subfamilies are further classified by type: married-couple subfamilies, with or without own children; mother-child subfamilies; and father-child subfamilies.

Lone parents include people maintaining either one-parent families or one-parent subfamilies. Married couples include husbands and wives in both married-couple families and married-couple subfamilies.

## Unmarried-Partner Household

An unmarried-partner household is a household other than a "married-couple household" that includes a householder and an "unmarried partner." An "unmarried partner" can be of the same sex or of the opposite sex of the householder. An "unmarried partner" in an "unmarried-partner household" is an adult who is unrelated to the householder, but shares living quarters and has a close personal relationship with the householder.

## Unmarried-Couple Household

An unmarried-couple household is composed of two unrelated adults of the opposite sex (one of whom is the householder) who share a housing unit with or without the presence of children under 15 years old.

## Foster Children

Foster children are nonrelatives of the householder and are included in the category, "Roomer, boarder, or foster child" on the questionnaire. Foster children are identified as persons under 18 years old and living in households that have no nonrelatives 18 years old and over (who might be parents of the nonrelatives under 18 years old).

## Stepfamily

A stepfamily is a "married-couple family" with at least one stepchild of the householder present, where the householder is the husband.

**Comparability**—The 1990 definition of a household is the same as that used in 1980. The 1980 relationship category "Son/daughter" has been replaced by two categories, "Natural-born or adopted son/daughter" and "Stepson/stepdaughter." "Grandchild" has been added as a separate category. The 1980 nonrelative categories: "Roomer, boarder" and "Partner, roommate" have been replaced by the categories "Roomer, boarder, or foster child," "Housemate, roommate," and "Unmarried partner." The 1980 nonrelative category "Paid employee" has been dropped.

## INCOME IN 1989

The data on income in 1989 were derived from answers to questionnaire items 32 and 33. Information on money income received in the calendar year 1989 was requested from persons 15 years old and over. "Total income" is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage or salary income; net nonfarm self-employment income; net farm self-employment income; interest, dividend, or net rental or royalty income; Social Security or railroad retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; retirement or disability income; and all other income. "Earnings" is defined as the algebraic sum of



wage or salary income and net income from farm and nonfarm self-employment. "Earnings" represent the amount of income received regularly before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources are not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer contributions for persons, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

## Income Type in 1989

The eight types of income reported in the census are defined as follows:

1. *Wage or Salary Income*—Includes total money earnings received for work performed as an employee during the calendar year 1989. It includes wages, salary, Armed Forces pay, commissions, tips, piece-rate payments, and cash bonuses earned before deductions were made for taxes, bonds, pensions, union dues, etc.
2. *Nonfarm Self-Employment Income*—Includes net money income (gross receipts minus expenses) from one's own business, professional enterprise, or partnership. Gross receipts include the value of all goods sold and services rendered. Expenses includes costs of goods purchased, rent, heat, light, power, depreciation charges, wages and salaries paid, business taxes (not personal income taxes), etc.
3. *Farm Self-Employment Income*—Includes net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from the operation of a farm by a person on his or her own account, as an owner, renter, or sharecropper. Gross receipts include the value of all products sold, government farm programs, money received from the rental of farm equipment to others, and incidental receipts from the sale of wood, sand, gravel, etc. Operating expenses include cost of feed, fertilizer, seed, and other farming supplies, cash wages paid to farmhands, depreciation charges, cash rent, interest on farm mortgages, farm building repairs, farm taxes (not State and Federal personal income taxes), etc. The value of fuel, food, or other farm products used for family living is not included as part of net income.
4. *Interest, Dividend, or Net Rental Income*—Includes interest on savings or bonds, dividends from stockholdings or membership in associations, net income from rental of property to others and receipts from boarders or lodgers, net royalties, and periodic payments from an estate or trust fund.
5. *Social Security Income*—Includes Social Security pensions and survivors benefits and permanent disability insurance payments made by the Social Security Administration prior to deductions for medical insurance, and railroad retirement insurance checks from the U.S. Government. Medicare reimbursements are not included.
6. *Public Assistance Income*—Includes: (1) supplementary security income payments made by Federal or State welfare agencies to low income persons who are aged (65 years old or over), blind, or disabled; (2) aid to families with dependent children, and (3) general assistance. Separate payments received for hospital or other medical care (vendor payments) are excluded from this item.
7. *Retirement or Disability Income*—Includes: (1) retirement pensions and survivor benefits from a former employer, labor union, or Federal, State, county, or other governmental agency; (2) disability income from sources such as worker's compensation; companies or unions; Federal, State, or local government; and the U.S. military; (3) periodic receipts from annuities and insurance; and (4) regular income from IRA and KEOGH plans.
8. *All Other Income*—Includes unemployment compensation, Veterans Administration (VA) payments, alimony and child support, contributions received periodically from persons not living in the household, military family allotments, net gambling winnings, and other kinds of periodic income other than earnings.

**Income of Households**—Includes the income of the householder and all other persons 15 years old and over in the household, whether related to the householder or not. Because many households consist of only one person, average household income is usually less than average family income.

**Income of Families and Persons**—In compiling statistics on family income, the incomes of all members 15 years old and over in each family are summed and treated as a single amount. However, for persons 15 years old and over, the total amounts of their own incomes are used. Although the income statistics covered the calendar year 1989, the characteristics of persons and the composition of families refer to the time of enumeration (April 1990). Thus, the income of the family does not include amounts received by persons who were members of the family during all or part of the calendar year 1989 if these persons no longer resided with the family at the time of enumeration. Yet, family income amounts reported by related persons who did not reside with the family during 1989 but who were members of the family at the time of enumeration are included. However, the composition of most families was the same during 1989 as in April 1990.

**Median Income**—The median divides the income distribution into two equal parts, one having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below the median.



For households and families, the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of units including those with no income. The median for persons is based on persons with income. The median income values for all households, families, and persons are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in most tabulations. Median household or family income figures of \$50,000 or less are calculated using linear interpolation. For persons, corresponding median values of \$40,000 or less are also computed using linear interpolation. All other median income amounts are derived through Pareto interpolation. (For more information on medians and interpolation, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Mean Income**—This is the amount obtained by dividing the total income of a particular statistical universe by the number of units in that universe. Thus, mean household income is obtained by dividing total household income by the total number of households. For the various types of income the means are based on households having those types of income. "Per capita income" is the mean income computed for every man, woman, and child in a particular group. It is derived by dividing the total income of a particular group by the total population in that group.

Care should be exercised in using and interpreting mean income values for small subgroups of the population. Because the mean is influenced strongly by extreme values in the distribution, it is especially susceptible to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors. The median, which is not affected by extreme values, is, therefore, a better measure than the mean when the population base is small. The mean, nevertheless, is shown in some data products for most small subgroups because, when weighted according to the number of cases, the means can be added to obtained summary measures for areas and groups other than those shown in census tabulations.

**Limitation of the Data**—Since questionnaire entries for income frequently are based on memory and not on records, many persons tended to forget minor or irregular sources of income and, therefore, underreport their income. Underreporting tends to be more pronounced for income sources that are not derived from earnings, such as Social Security, public assistance, or from interest, dividends, and net rental income.

There are errors of reporting due to the misunderstanding of the income questions such as reporting gross rather than net dollar amounts for the two questions on net self-employment income, which resulted in an overstatement of these items. Another common error is the reporting of identical dollar amounts in two of the eight type of income items where a respondent with only one source of income assumed that the second amount should be entered to represent total income. Such instances of

overreporting had an impact on the level of mean nonfarm or farm self-employment income and mean total income published for the various geographical subdivisions of the State.

Extensive computer editing procedures were instituted in the data processing operation to reduce some of these reporting errors and to improve the accuracy of the income data. These procedures corrected various reporting deficiencies and improved the consistency of reported income items associated with work experience and information on occupation and class of worker. For example, if persons reported they were self-employed on their own farm, not incorporated, but had reported wage and salary earnings only, the latter amount was shifted to net farm self-employment income. Also, if any respondent reported total income only, the amount was generally assigned to one of the type of income items according to responses to the work experience and class-of-worker questions. Another type of problem involved nonreporting of income data. Where income information was not reported, procedures were devised to impute appropriate values with either no income or positive or negative dollar amounts for the missing entries. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

In income tabulations for households and families, the lowest income group (e.g., less than \$5,000) includes units that were classified as having no 1989 income. Many of these were living on income "in kind," savings, or gifts, were newly created families, or families in which the sole breadwinner had recently died or left the household. However, many of the households and families who reported no income probably had some money income which was not recorded in the census.

The income data presented in the tabulations covers money income only. The fact that many farm families receive an important part of their income in the form of "free" housing and goods produced and consumed on the farm rather than in money should be taken into consideration in comparing the income of farm and nonfarm residents. Nonmoney income such as business expense accounts, use of business transportation and facilities, or partial compensation by business for medical and educational expenses was also received by some nonfarm residents. Many low income families also receive income "in kind" from public welfare programs. In comparing income data for 1989 with earlier years, it should be noted that an increase or decrease in money income does not necessarily represent a comparable change in real income, unless adjustments for changes in prices are made.

**Comparability**—The income data collected in the 1980 and 1970 censuses are similar to the 1990 census data, but there are variations in the detail of the questions. In 1980, income information for 1979 was collected from persons in approximately 19 percent of all housing units and group quarters. Each person was required to report:

- Wage or salary income



- Net nonfarm self-employment income
- Net farm self-employment income
- Interest, dividend, or net rental or royalty income
- Social Security income
- Public assistance income
- Income from all other sources

Between the 1980 and 1990 censuses, there were minor differences in the processing of the data. In both censuses, all persons with missing values in one or more of the detailed type of income items *and* total income were designated as allocated. Each missing entry was imputed either as a "no" or as a dollar amount. If total income was reported *and* one or more of the type of income fields was not answered, then the entry in total income generally was assigned to one of the income types according to the socioeconomic characteristics of the income recipient. This person was designated as unallocated.

In 1980 and 1990, all nonrespondents with income not reported (whether heads of households or other persons) were assigned the reported income of persons with similar characteristics. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, "Accuracy of the Data.")

There was a difference in the method of computer derivation of aggregate income from individual amounts between the two census processing operations. In the 1980 census, income amounts less than \$100,000 were coded in tens of dollars, and amounts of \$100,000 or more were coded in thousands of dollars; \$5 was added to each amount coded in tens of dollars and \$500 to each amount coded in thousands of dollars. Entries of \$999,000 or more were treated as \$999,500 and losses of \$9,999 or more were treated as minus \$9,999. In the 1990 census, income amounts less than \$999,999 were keyed in dollars. Amounts of \$999,999 or more were treated as \$999,999 and losses of \$9,999 or more were treated as minus \$9,999 in all of the computer derivations of aggregate income.

In 1970, information on income in 1969 was obtained from all members in every fifth housing unit and small group quarters (less than 15 persons) and every fifth person in all other group quarters. Each person was required to report:

- Wage or salary income
- Net nonfarm self-employment income
- Net farm self-employment income
- Social Security or Railroad Retirement
- Public assistance or welfare payments
- Income from all other sources

If a person reported a dollar amount in wage or salary, net nonfarm self-employment income, or net farm self-employment income, the person was considered as unallocated only if no further dollar amounts were imputed for any additional missing entries.

In 1960, data on income were obtained from all members in every fourth housing unit and from every fourth person 14 years old and over living in group quarters. Each person was required to report wage or salary income, net self-employment income, and income other than earnings received in 1959. An assumption was made in the editing process that no other type of income was received by a person who reported the receipt of either wage and salary income or self-employment but who had failed to report the receipt of other money income.

For several reasons, the income data shown in census tabulations are not directly comparable with those that may be obtained from statistical summaries of income tax returns. Income, as defined for Federal tax purposes, differs somewhat from the Census Bureau concept. Moreover, the coverage of income tax statistics is different because of the exemptions of persons having small amounts of income and the inclusion of net capital gains in tax returns. Furthermore, members of some families file separate returns and others file joint returns; consequently, the income reporting unit is not consistently either a family or a person.

The earnings data shown in census tabulations are not directly comparable with earnings records of the Social Security Administration. The earnings record data for 1989 excluded the earnings of most civilian government employees, some employees of nonprofit organizations, workers covered by the Railroad Retirement Act, and persons not covered by the program because of insufficient earnings. Furthermore, earnings received from any one employer in excess of \$48,000 in 1989 are not covered by earnings records. Finally, because census data are obtained from household questionnaires, they may differ from Social Security Administration earnings record data, which are based upon employers' reports and the Federal income tax returns of self-employed persons.

The Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) of the Department of Commerce publishes annual data on aggregate and per-capita personal income received by the population for States, metropolitan areas, and selected counties. Aggregate income estimates based on the income statistics shown in census products usually would be less than those shown in the BEA income series for several reasons. The Census Bureau data are obtained directly from households, whereas the BEA income series is estimated largely on the basis of data from administrative records of business and governmental sources. Moreover, the definitions of income are different. The BEA income series includes some items not included in the income data shown in census publications, such as income "in kind," income received by nonprofit institutions, the value of services of



banks and other financial intermediaries rendered to persons without the assessment of specific charges, Medicare payments, and the income of persons who died or emigrated prior to April 1, 1990. On the other hand, the census income data include contributions for support received from persons not residing in the same household and employer contributions for social insurance.

## **INDUSTRY, OCCUPATION, AND CLASS OF WORKER**

The data on industry, occupation, and class of worker were derived from answers to questionnaire items 28, 29, and 30 respectively. These questions were asked of a sample of persons. Information on industry relates to the kind of business conducted by a person's employing organization; occupation describes the kind of work the person does on the job.

For employed persons, the data refer to the person's job during the reference week. For those who worked at two or more jobs, the data refer to the job at which the person worked the greatest number of hours. For unemployed persons, the data refer to their last job. The industry and occupation statistics are derived from the detailed classification systems developed for the 1990 census as described below. The *Classified Index of Industries and Occupations* provided additional information on the industry and occupation classification systems.

Respondents provided the data for the tabulations by writing on the questionnaires descriptions of their industry and occupation. These descriptions were keyed and passed through automated coding software which assigned a portion of the written entries to categories in the classification system. The automated system assigned codes to 59 percent of the industry entries and 38 percent of the occupation entries.

Those cases not coded by the computer were referred to clerical staff in the Census Bureau's Kansas City processing office for coding. The clerical staff converted the written questionnaire descriptions to codes by comparing these descriptions to entries in the *Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations*. For the industry code, these coders also referred to an Employer Name List (formerly called Company Name List). This list, prepared from the Standard Statistical Establishment List developed by the Census Bureau for the economic censuses and surveys, contained the names of business establishments and their Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes converted to population census equivalents. This list facilitated coding and maintained industrial classification comparability.

### **Industry**

The industry classification system developed for the 1990 census consists of 236 categories for employed persons, classified into 13 major industry groups. Since

1940, the industrial classification has been based on the Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SIC). The 1990 census classification was developed from the 1987 SIC published by the Office of Management and Budget, Executive Office of the President.

The SIC was designed primarily to classify establishments by the type of industrial activity in which they were engaged. However, census data, which were collected from households, differ in detail and nature from those obtained from establishment surveys. Therefore, the census classification systems, while defined in SIC terms, cannot reflect the full detail in all categories. There are several levels of industrial classification found in census products. For example, the 1990 CP-2, *Social and Economic Characteristics* report includes 41 unique industrial categories, while the 1990 Summary Tape File 4 (STF 4) presents 72 categories.

### **Occupation**

The occupational classification system developed for the 1990 census consists of 501 specific occupational categories for employed persons arranged into 6 summary and 13 major occupational groups. This classification was developed to be consistent with the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Manual: 1980, published by the Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards, U.S. Department of Commerce. Tabulations with occupation as the primary characteristic present several levels of occupational detail. The most detailed tabulations are shown in a special 1990 subject report and tape files on occupation. These products contain all 501 occupational categories plus industry or class of worker subgroupings of occupational categories.

Some occupation groups are related closely to certain industries. Operators of transportation equipment, farm operators and workers, and private household workers account for major portions of their respective industries of transportation, agriculture, and private households. However, the industry categories include persons in other occupations. For example, persons employed in agriculture include truck drivers and bookkeepers; persons employed in the transportation industry include mechanics, freight handlers, and payroll clerks; and persons employed in the private household industry include occupations such as chauffeur, gardener, and secretary.

### **Class of Worker**

The data on class of worker were derived from answers to questionnaire item 30. The information on class of worker refers to the same job as a respondent's industry and occupation and categorizes persons according to the type of ownership of the employing organization. The class of worker categories are defined as follows:

**Private Wage and Salary Workers**—Includes persons who worked for wages, salary, commission, tips, pay-in-kind, or piece rates for a private for profit employer or a



private not-for-profit, tax-exempt or charitable organization. Self-employed persons whose business was incorporated are included with private wage and salary workers because they are paid employees of their own companies. Some tabulations present data separately for these subcategories: "For profit," "Not for profit," and "Own business incorporated."

Employees of foreign governments, the United Nations, or other formal international organizations were classified as "Private-not-for-profit."

**Government Workers**—Includes persons who were employees of any local, State, or Federal governmental unit, regardless of the activity of the particular agency. For some tabulations, the data were presented separately for the three levels of government.

**Self-Employed Workers**—Includes persons who worked for profit or fees in their own unincorporated business, profession, or trade, or who operated a farm.

**Unpaid Family Workers**—Includes persons who worked 15 hours or more without pay in a business or on a farm operated by a relative.

**Salaried/Self-Employed**—In tabulations that categorize persons as either salaried or self-employed, the salaried category includes private and government wage and salary workers; self-employed includes self-employed persons and unpaid family workers.

The industry category, "Public administration," is limited to regular government functions such as legislative, judicial, administrative, and regulatory activities of governments. Other government organizations such as schools, hospitals, liquor stores, and bus lines are classified by industry according to the activity in which they are engaged. On the other hand, the class of worker government categories include all government workers.

Occasionally respondents supplied industry, occupation, or class of worker descriptions which were not sufficiently specific for precise classification or did not report on these items at all. Some of these cases were corrected through the field editing process and during the coding and tabulation operations. In the coding operation, certain types of incomplete entries were corrected using the *Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations*. For example, it was possible in certain situations to assign an industry code based on the occupation reported.

Following the coding operations, there was a computer edit and an allocation process. The edit first determined whether a respondent was in the universe which required an industry and occupation code. The codes for the three items (industry, occupation, and class of worker) were checked to ensure they were valid and were edited for their relation to each other. Invalid and inconsistent codes were either blanked or changed to a consistent code.

If one or more of the three codes were blank after the edit, a code was assigned from a "similar" person based on other items such as age, sex, education, farm or nonfarm residence, and weeks worked. If all the labor force and income data also were blank, all these economic items were assigned from one other person who provided all the necessary data.

**Comparability**—Comparability of industry and occupation data was affected by a number of factors, primarily the systems used to classify the questionnaire responses. For both the industry and occupation classification systems, the basic structures were generally the same from 1940 to 1970, but changes in the individual categories limited comparability of the data from one census to another. These changes were needed to recognize the "birth" of new industries and occupations, the "death" of others, and the growth and decline in existing industries and occupations, as well as, the desire of analysts and other users for more detail in the presentation of the data. Probably the greatest cause of incomparability is the movement of a segment of a category to a different category in the next census. Changes in the nature of jobs and respondent terminology, and refinement of category composition made these movements necessary.

In the 1990 census, the industry classification had minor revisions to reflect recent changes to the SIC. The 1990 occupational classification system is essentially the same as that for the 1980 census. However, the conversion of the census classification to the SOC in 1980 meant that the 1990 classification system was less comparable to the classifications used prior to the 1980 census.

Other factors that affected data comparability included the universe to which the data referred (in 1970, the age cutoff for labor force was changed from 14 years to 16 years); how the industry and occupation questions were worded on the questionnaire (for example, important changes were made in 1970); improvements in the coding procedures (the Employer Name List technique was introduced in 1960); and how the "not reported" cases are handled. Prior to 1970, they were placed in the residual categories, "Industry not reported" and "Occupation not reported." In 1970, an allocation process was introduced that assigned these cases to major groups. In 1990, as in 1980, the "Not reported" cases were assigned to individual categories. Therefore, the 1980 and 1990 data for individual categories included some numbers of persons who were tabulated in a "Not reported" category in previous censuses.

The following publications contain information on the various factors affecting comparability and are particularly useful for understanding differences in the occupation and industry information from earlier censuses: U.S. Bureau of the Census, *Changes Between the 1950 and 1960 Occupation and Industry Classifications With Detailed Adjustments of 1950 Data to the 1960 Classifications*, Technical Paper No. 18, 1968; U.S. Bureau of the Census, *1970 Occupation and Industry Classification Systems in Terms of their 1960 Occupation and Industry Elements*, Technical



Paper No. 26, 1972; and U.S. Bureau of the Census, *The Relationship Between the 1970 and 1980 Industry and Occupation Classification Systems*, Technical Paper No. 59, 1988. For citations for earlier census years, see the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-D, *Detailed Population Characteristics*.

The 1990 census introduced an additional class of worker category for "private not-for-profit" employers. This category is a subset of the 1980 category "employee of private employer" so there is no comparable data before 1990. Also in 1990, employees of foreign governments, the United Nations, etc., are classified as "private not-for-profit," rather than Federal Government as in 1970 and 1980. While in theory, there was a change in comparability, in practice, the small number of U.S. residents working for foreign governments made this change negligible.

Comparability between the statistics on industry and occupation from the 1990 census and statistics from other sources is affected by many of the factors described in the section on "Employment Status." These factors are primarily geographic differences between residence and place of work, different dates of reference, and differences in counts because of dual job holding. Industry data from population censuses cover all industries and all kinds of workers, whereas, data from establishments often excluded private household workers, government workers, and the self-employed. Also, the replies from household respondents may have differed in detail and nature from those obtained from establishments.

Occupation data from the census and data from government licensing agencies, professional associations, trade unions, etc., may not be as comparable as expected. Organizational listings often include persons not in the labor force or persons devoting all or most of their time to another occupation; or the same person may be included in two or more different listings. In addition, relatively few organizations, except for those requiring licensing, attained complete coverage of membership in a particular occupational field.

## **JOURNEY TO WORK**

### **Place of Work**

The data on place of work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 22, which was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week. (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.")

Data were tabulated for workers 16 years and over; that is, members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work during the reference week. Data on place of work refer to the geographic location at which workers carried out their occupational activities during the reference week. The exact address (number and street) of the place of work was asked, as well as the place (city, town, or post office); whether or not the place of work was inside or

outside the limits of that city or town; and the county, State, and ZIP Code. If the person's employer operated in more than one location, the exact address of the location or branch where the respondent worked was requested. When the number and street name were unknown, a description of the location, such as the building name or nearest street or intersection, was to be entered.

Persons who worked at more than one location during the reference week were asked to report the one at which they worked the greatest number of hours. Persons who regularly worked in several locations each day during the reference week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day. For cases in which daily work did not begin at a central place each day, the person was asked to provide as much information as possible to describe the area in which he or she worked most during the reference week.

In some tabulations, place-of-work locations may be defined as "in area of residence" and "outside area of residence." The area of residence may vary from table to table or even within a table, and refers to the particular area or areas shown. For example, in a table that provides data for counties, "in area of residence" refers to persons who worked in the same county in which they lived, while "outside area of residence" refers to persons whose workplace was located in a county different from the one in which they lived. Similarly, in a table that provides data for several types of areas, such as the State and its individual metropolitan areas (MA's), counties, and places, the place-of-work data will be variable and is determined by the geographic level (State, MA, county, or place) shown in each section of the tabulation.

In tabulations that present data for States, workplaces for the residents of the State may include, in addition to the State itself, each contiguous State. The category, "in noncontiguous State or abroad," includes persons who worked in a State that did not border their State of residence as well as persons who worked outside the United States.

In tabulations that present data for an MSA/PMSA, place-of-work locations are specified to show the main destinations of workers living in the MSA/PMSA. (For more information on metropolitan areas (MA's), see Appendix A, Area Classifications.) All place-of-work locations are identified with respect to the boundaries of the MSA/PMSA as "inside MSA/PMSA" or "outside MSA/PMSA." Locations within the MSA/PMSA are further divided into each central city, and each county or county balance. Selected large incorporated places also may be specified as places of work.

Within New England MSA/PMSA's, the places of work presented generally are cities and towns. Locations outside the MSA/PMSA are specified if they are important commuting destinations for residents of the MSA/PMSA, and may include adjoining MSA/PMSA's and their central cities, their component counties, large incorporated places, or counties, cities, or other geographic areas outside any MA. In tabulations for MSA/PMSA's in New England;



Honolulu, Hawaii; and certain other MA's, some place-of-work locations are identified as "areas" (e.g., Area 1, Area 5, Area 12, etc.). Such areas consist of groups of towns, cities, census designated places (Honolulu MSA only), or counties that have been identified as unique place-of-work destinations. When an adjoining MSA/PMSA or MSA/PMSA remainder is specified as a place-of-work location, its components are not defined. However, the components are presented in the 1990 CP-1, *General Population Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas* and the 1990 CH-1, *General Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas* reports. In tabulations that present data for census tracts outside MA's, place-of-work locations are defined as "in county of residence" and "outside county of residence."

In areas where the workplace address was coded to the block level, persons were tabulated as working inside or outside a specific place based on the location of that address, regardless of the response to question 22c concerning city/town limits. In areas where it was impossible to code the workplace address to the block level, persons were tabulated as working in a place if a place name was reported in question 22b and the response to question 22c was either "Yes" or the item was left blank. In selected areas, census designated places (CDP's) may appear in the tabulations as places of work. The accuracy of place-of-work data for CDP's may be affected by the extent to which their census names were familiar to respondents, and by coding problems caused by similarities between the CDP name and the names of other geographic jurisdictions in the same vicinity.

Place-of-work data are given for selected minor civil divisions (generally, cities, towns, and townships) in the nine Northeastern States, based on the responses to the place-of-work question. Many towns and townships are regarded locally as equivalent to a place and therefore, were reported as the place of work. When a respondent reported a locality or incorporated place that formed a part of a township or town, the coding and tabulating procedure was designed to include the response in the total for the township or town. The accuracy of the place-of-work data for minor civil divisions is greatest for the New England States. However, the data for some New England towns, for towns in New York, and for townships in New Jersey and Pennsylvania may be affected by coding problems that resulted from the unfamiliarity of the respondent with the minor civil division in which the workplace was located or when a township and a city or borough of the same or similar name are located close together.

Place-of-work data may show a few workers who made unlikely daily work trips (e.g., workers who lived in New York and worked in California). This result is attributable to persons who worked during the reference week at a location that was different from their usual place of work, such as persons away from home on business.

**Comparability**—The wording of the question on place of work was substantially the same in the 1990 census as it was in 1980. However, data on place of work from the

1990 census are based on the full census sample, while data from the 1980 census were based on only about one-half of the full sample.

For the 1980 census, nonresponse or incomplete responses to the place-of-work question were not allocated, resulting in the use of "not reported" categories in the 1980 publications. However, for the 1990 census, when place of work was not reported or the response was incomplete, a work location was allocated to the person based on their means of transportation to work, travel time to work, industry, and location of residence and workplace of others. The 1990 publications, therefore, do not contain a "not reported" category for the place-of-work data.

Comparisons between 1980 and 1990 census data on the gross number of workers in particular commuting flows, or the total number of persons working in an area, should be made with extreme caution. Any apparent increase in the magnitude of the gross numbers may be due solely to the fact that for 1990 the "not reported" cases have been distributed among specific place-of-work destinations, instead of tallied in a separate category as in 1980.

**Limitation of the Data**—The data on place of work relate to a reference week; that is, the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents because the enumeration was not completed in 1 week. However, for the majority of persons, the reference week for the 1990 census is the last week in March 1990. The lack of a uniform reference week means that the place-of-work data reported in the census will not exactly match the distribution of workplace locations observed or measured during an actual workweek.

The place-of-work data are estimates of persons 16 years old and over who were both employed and at work during the reference week (including persons in the Armed Forces). Persons who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons are not included in the place-of-work data. Therefore, the data on place of work understate the total number of jobs or total employment in a geographic area during the reference week. It also should be noted that persons who had irregular, casual, or unstructured jobs during the reference week may have erroneously reported themselves as not working.

The address where the individual worked most often during the reference week was recorded on the census questionnaire. If a worker held two jobs, only data about the primary job (the one worked the greatest number of hours during the preceding week) was requested. Persons who regularly worked in several locations during the reference week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day. For cases in which daily work was not begun at a central place each day, the person was



asked to provide as much information as possible to describe the area in which he or she worked most during the reference week.

## **Means of Transportation to Work**

The data on means of transportation to work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 23a, which was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week. (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.") Means of transportation to work refers to the principal mode of travel or type of conveyance that the person usually used to get from home to work during the reference week.

Persons who used different means of transportation on different days of the week were asked to specify the one they used most often, that is, the greatest number of days. Persons who used more than one means of transportation to get to work each day were asked to report the one used for the longest distance during the work trip. The category, "Car, truck, or van," includes workers using a car (including company cars but excluding taxicabs), a truck of one-ton capacity or less, or a van. The category, "Public transportation," includes workers who used a bus or trolley bus, streetcar or trolley car, subway or elevated, railroad, ferryboat, or taxicab even if each mode is not shown separately in the tabulation. The category, "Other means," includes workers who used a mode of travel which is not identified separately within the data distribution. The category, "Other means," may vary from table to table, depending on the amount of detail shown in a particular distribution.

The means of transportation data for some areas may show workers using modes of public transportation that are not available in those areas (e.g., subway or elevated riders in an MA where there actually is no subway or elevated service). This result is largely due to persons who worked during the reference week at a location that was different from their usual place of work (such as persons away from home on business in an area where subway service was available) and persons who used more than one means of transportation each day but whose principal means was unavailable where they lived (for example, residents of nonmetropolitan areas who drove to the fringe of an MA and took the commuter railroad most of the distance to work).

## **Private Vehicle Occupancy**

The data on private vehicle occupancy were derived from answers to questionnaire item 23b. This question was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week and who reported in question 23a that their means of transportation to work was "Car, truck, or van." (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.")

Private vehicle occupancy refers to the number of persons who usually rode to work in the vehicle during the reference week. The category, "Drove alone," includes persons who usually drove alone to work as well as persons who were driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a nonwork destination. The category, "Carpooled," includes workers who reported that two or more persons usually rode to work in the vehicle during the reference week.

**Persons Per Car, Truck, or Van**—This is obtained by dividing the number of persons who reported using a car, truck, or van to get to work by the number of such vehicles that they used. The number of vehicles used is derived by counting each person who drove alone as one vehicle, each person who reported being in a two-person carpool as one-half vehicle, each person who reported being in a three-person carpool as one-third vehicle, and so on, and then summing all the vehicles.

## **Time Leaving Home to Go to Work**

The data on time leaving home to go to work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 24a. This question was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week and who reported in question 23a that they worked outside their home. The departure time refers to the time of day that the person usually left home to go to work during the reference week. (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.")

## **Travel Time to Work**

The data on travel time to work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 24b. This question was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week and who reported in question 23a that they worked outside their home. Travel time to work refers to the total number of minutes that it usually took the person to get from home to work during the reference week. The elapsed time includes time spent waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, and time spent in other activities related to getting to work. (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.")

## **LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH**

### **Language Spoken at Home**

Data on language spoken at home were derived from the answers to questionnaire items 15a and 15b, which were asked of a sample of persons born before April 1, 1985. Instructions mailed with the 1990 census questionnaire stated that a respondent should mark "Yes" in



question 15a if the person sometimes or always spoke a language other than English at home and should not mark "Yes" if a language was spoken only at school or if speaking was limited to a few expressions or slang. For question 15b, respondents were instructed to print the name of the non-English language spoken at home. If the person spoke more than one language other than English, the person was to report the language spoken more often or the language learned first.

The cover of the census questionnaire included information in Spanish which provided a telephone number for respondents to call to request a census questionnaire and instructions in Spanish. Instruction guides were also available in 32 other languages to assist enumerators who encountered households or respondents who spoke no English.

Questions 15a and 15b referred to languages spoken at home in an effort to measure the current use of languages other than English. Persons who knew languages other than English but did not use them at home or who only used them elsewhere were excluded. Persons who reported speaking a language other than English at home may also speak English; however, the questions did not permit determination of the main or dominant language of persons who spoke both English and another language. (For more information, see discussion below on "Ability to Speak English.")

For persons who indicated that they spoke a language other than English at home in question 15a, but failed to specify the name of the language in question 15b, the language was assigned based on the language of other speakers in the household; on the language of a person of the same Spanish origin or detailed race group living in the same or a nearby area; or on a person of the same ancestry or place of birth. In all cases where a person was assigned a non-English language, it was assumed that the language was spoken at home. Persons for whom the name of a language other than English was entered in question 15b, and for whom question 15a was blank were assumed to speak that language at home.

The write-in responses listed in question 15b (specific language spoken) were transcribed onto computer files and coded into more than 380 detailed language categories using an automated coding system. The automated procedure compared write-in responses reported by respondents with entries in a computer dictionary, which initially contained approximately 2,000 language names. The dictionary was updated with a large number of new names, variations in spelling, and a small number of residual categories. Each write-in response was given a numeric code that was associated with one of the detailed categories in the dictionary. If the respondent listed more than one non-English language, only the first was coded.

The write-in responses represented the names people used for languages they speak. They may not match the names or categories used by linguists. The sets of categories used are sometimes geographic and sometimes linguistic. Figure 1 provides an illustration of the content of

the classification schemes used to present language data. For more information, write to the Chief, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

**Household Language**—In households where one or more persons (age 5 years old or over) speak a language other than English, the household language assigned to all household members is the non-English language spoken by the first person with a non-English language in the following order: householder, spouse, parent, sibling, child, grandchild, other relative, stepchild, unmarried partner, housemate or roommate, roomer, boarder, or foster child, or other nonrelative. Thus, persons who speak only English may have a non-English household language assigned to them in tabulations of persons by household language.

Figure 1. **Four- and Twenty-Five-Group Classifications of 1990 Census Languages Spoken at Home with Illustrative Examples**

Four-Group Classification	Twenty-Five-Group Classification	Examples
Spanish	Spanish	Spanish, Ladino
Other Indo-European	French	French, Cajun, French Creole
	Italian	
	Portuguese	
	German	
	Yiddish	
	Other West Germanic	Afrikaans, Dutch, Pennsylvania Dutch
	Scandinavian	Danish, Norwegian, Swedish
	Polish	
	Russian	
	South Slavic	Serbocroatian, Bulgarian, Macedonian, Slovene
Languages of Asia and the Pacific	Other Slavic	Czech, Slovak, Ukrainian
	Greek	
	Indic	Hindi, Bengali, Gujarathi, Punjabi, Romany, Sinhalese
	Other Indo-European, not elsewhere classified	Armenian, Gaelic, Lithuanian, Persian
	Chinese	
	Japanese	
	Mon-Khmer	Cambodian
	Tagalog	
	Korean	
	Vietnamese	
All other languages	Other languages (part)	Chamorro, Dravidian Languages, Hawaiian, Ilocano, Thai, Turkish
	Arabic	
	Hungarian	
	Native North American languages	
	Other languages (part)	Amharic, Syriac, Finnish, Hebrew, Languages of Central and South America, Other Languages of Africa



## Ability to Speak English

Persons 5 years old and over who reported that they spoke a language other than English in question 15a were also asked in question 15c to indicate their ability to speak English based on one of the following categories: "Very well," "Well," "Not well," or "Not at all."

The data on ability to speak English represent the person's own perception about his or her own ability or, because census questionnaires are usually completed by one household member, the responses may represent the perception of another household member. The instruction guides and questionnaires that were mailed to households did not include any information on how to interpret the response categories in question 15c.

Persons who reported that they spoke a language other than English at home but whose ability to speak English was not reported, were assigned the English-language ability of a randomly selected person of the same age, Spanish origin, nativity and year of entry, and language group.

**Linguistic Isolation**—A household in which no person age 14 years or over speaks only English and no person age 14 years or over who speaks a language other than English speaks English "Very well" is classified as "linguistically isolated." All the members of a linguistically isolated household are tabulated as linguistically isolated, including members under age 14 years who may speak only English.

**Limitation of the Data**—Persons who speak a language other than English at home may have first learned that language at school. However, these persons would be expected to indicate that they spoke English "Very well." Persons who speak a language other than English, but do not do so *at home*, should have been reported as not speaking a language other than English at home.

The extreme detail in which language names were coded may give a false impression of the linguistic precision of these data. The names used by speakers of a language to identify it may reflect ethnic, geographic, or political affiliations and do not necessarily respect linguistic distinctions. The categories shown in the tabulations were chosen on a number of criteria, such as information about the number of speakers of each language that might be expected in a sample of the United States population.

**Comparability**—Information on language has been collected in every census since 1890. The comparability of data among censuses is limited by changes in question wording, by the subpopulations to whom the question was addressed, and by the detail that was published.

The same question on language was asked in the 1980 and 1990 censuses. This question on the current language spoken at home replaced the questions asked in prior

censuses on mother tongue; that is, the language other than English spoken in the person's home when he or she was a child; one's first language; or the language spoken before immigrating to the United States. The censuses of 1910-1940, 1960 and 1970 included questions on mother tongue. A change in coding procedure from 1980 to 1990 should have improved accuracy of coding and may affect the number of persons reported in some of the 380 plus categories. It should not greatly affect the 4-group or 25-group lists. In 1980, coding clerks supplied numeric codes for the written entries on each questionnaire using a 2,000 name reference list. In 1990 written entries were transcribed to a computer file and matched to a computer dictionary which began with the 2,000 name list, but expanded as unmatched names were referred to headquarters specialists for resolution.

The question on ability to speak English was asked for the first time in 1980. In tabulations from 1980, the categories "Very well" and "Well" were combined. Data from other surveys suggested a major difference between the category "Very well" and the remaining categories. In tabulations showing ability to speak English, persons who reported that they spoke English "Very well" are presented separately from persons who reported their ability to speak English as less than "Very well."

## MARITAL STATUS

The data on marital status were derived from answers to questionnaire item 6, which was asked of all persons. The marital status classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Data on marital status are tabulated only for persons 15 years old and over.

All persons were asked whether they were "now married," "widowed," "divorced," "separated," or "never married." Couples who live together (unmarried persons, persons in common-law marriages) were allowed to report the marital status they considered the most appropriate.

**Never Married**—Includes all persons who have never been married, including persons whose only marriage(s) was annulled.

**Ever Married**—Includes persons married at the time of enumeration (including those separated), widowed, or divorced.

**Now Married, Except Separated**—Includes persons whose current marriage has not ended through widowhood, divorce, or separation (regardless of previous marital history). The category may also include couples who live together or persons in common-law marriages if they consider this category the most appropriate. In certain tabulations, currently married persons are further classified as "spouse present" or "spouse absent."

**Separated**—Includes persons legally separated or otherwise absent from their spouse because of marital discord. Included are persons who have been deserted or who have parted because they no longer want to live together but who have not obtained a divorce.



**Widowed**—Includes widows and widowers who have not remarried.

**Divorced**—Includes persons who are legally divorced and who have not remarried.

In selected sample tabulations, data for married and separated persons are reorganized and combined with information on the presence of the spouse in the same household.

**Now Married**—All persons whose current marriage has not ended by widowhood or divorce. This category includes persons defined above as “separated.”

*Spouse Present*—Married persons whose wife or husband was enumerated as a member of the same household, including those whose spouse may have been temporarily absent for such reasons as travel or hospitalization.

*Spouse Absent*—Married persons whose wife or husband was not enumerated as a member of the same household. This category also includes all married persons living in group quarters.

*Separated*—Defined above.

*Spouse Absent, Other*—Married persons whose wife or husband was not enumerated as a member of the same household, excluding separated. Included is any person whose spouse was employed and living away from home or in an institution or absent in the Armed Forces.

Differences between the number of currently married males and the number of currently married females occur because of reporting differences and because some husbands and wives have their usual residence in different areas. In sample tabulations, these differences can also occur because different weights are applied to the individual's data. Any differences between the number of “now married, spouse present” males and females are due solely to sample weighting. By definition, the numbers would be the same.

When marital status was not reported, it was imputed according to the relationship to the householder and sex and age of the person. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

**Comparability**—The 1990 marital status definitions are the same as those used in 1980 with the exception of the term “never married” which replaces the term “single” in tabulations. A general marital status question has been asked in every census since 1880.

## MOBILITY LIMITATION STATUS

The data on mobility limitation status were derived from answers to questionnaire item 19a, which was asked of a sample of persons 15 years old and over. Persons were

identified as having a mobility limitation if they had a health condition that had lasted for 6 or more months and which made it difficult to go outside the home alone. Examples of outside activities on the questionnaire included shopping and visiting the doctor's office.

The term “health condition” referred to both physical and mental conditions. A temporary health problem, such as a broken bone that was expected to heal normally, was not considered a health condition.

**Comparability**—This was the first time that a question on mobility limitation was included in the census.

## PLACE OF BIRTH

The data on place of birth were derived from answers to questionnaire item 8, which was asked on a sample basis. The place-of-birth question asked respondents to report the U.S. State, commonwealth or territory, or the foreign country where they were born. Persons born outside the United States were asked to report their place of birth according to current international boundaries. Since numerous changes in boundaries of foreign countries have occurred in the last century, some persons may have reported their place of birth in terms of boundaries that existed at the time of their birth or emigration, or in accordance with their own national preference.

Persons not reporting place of birth were assigned the birthplace of another family member or were allocated the response of another person with similar characteristics. Persons allocated as foreign born were not assigned a specific country of birth but were classified as “Born abroad, country not specified.”

**Nativity**—Information on place of birth and citizenship were used to classify the population into two major categories: native and foreign born. When information on place of birth was not reported, nativity was assigned on the basis of answers to citizenship, if reported, and other characteristics.

**Native**—Includes persons born in the United States, Puerto Rico, or an outlying area of the United States. The small number of persons who were born in a foreign country but have at least one American parent also are included in this category.

The native population is classified in the following groups: persons born in the State in which they resided at the time of the census; persons born in a different State, by region; persons born in Puerto Rico or an outlying area of the U.S.; and persons born abroad with at least one American parent.

**Foreign Born**—Includes persons not classified as “Native.” Prior to the 1970 census, persons not reporting place of birth were generally classified as native.



The foreign-born population is shown by selected area, country, or region of birth; the places of birth shown in data products were selected based on the number of respondents who reported that area or country of birth.

**Comparability**—Data on the State of birth of the native population have been collected in each census beginning with that of 1850. Similar data were shown in tabulations for the 1980 census and other recent censuses. Nonresponse was allocated in a similar manner in 1980; however, prior to 1980, nonresponse to the place of birth question was not allocated. Prior to the 1970 census, persons not reporting place of birth were generally classified as native.

The questionnaire instruction to report mother's State of residence instead of the person's actual State of birth (if born in a hospital in a different State) was dropped in 1990. Evaluation studies of 1970 and 1980 census data demonstrated that this instruction was generally either ignored or misunderstood. Since the hospital and the mother's residence is in the same State for most births, this change may have a slight effect on State of birth data for States with large metropolitan areas that straddle State lines.

## POVERTY STATUS IN 1989

The data on poverty status were derived from answers to the same questions as the income data, questionnaire items 32 and 33. (For more information, see the discussion under "Income in 1989.") Poverty statistics presented in census publications were based on a definition originated by the Social Security Administration in 1964 and subsequently modified by Federal interagency committees in 1969 and 1980 and prescribed by the Office of Management and Budget in Directive 14 as the standard to be used by Federal agencies for statistical purposes.

At the core of this definition was the 1961 economy food plan, the least costly of four nutritionally adequate food plans designed by the Department of Agriculture. It was determined from the Agriculture Department's 1955 survey of food consumption that families of three or more persons spend approximately one-third of their income on food; hence, the poverty level for these families was set at three times the cost of the economy food plan. For smaller families and persons living alone, the cost of the economy food plan was multiplied by factors that were slightly higher to compensate for the relatively larger fixed expenses for these smaller households.

The income cutoffs used by the Census Bureau to determine the poverty status of families and unrelated individuals included a set of 48 thresholds arranged in a two-dimensional matrix consisting of family size (from one person to nine or more persons) cross-classified by presence and number of family members under 18 years old (from no children present to eight or more children present). Unrelated individuals and two-person families were further differentiated by age of the householder (under 65 years old and 65 years old and over).

The total income of each family or unrelated individual in the sample was tested against the appropriate poverty threshold to determine the poverty status of that family or unrelated individual. If the total income was less than the corresponding cutoff, the family or unrelated individual was classified as "below the poverty level." The number of persons below the poverty level was the sum of the number of persons in families with incomes below the poverty level and the number of unrelated individuals with incomes below the poverty level.

The poverty thresholds are revised annually to allow for changes in the cost of living as reflected in the Consumer Price Index. The average poverty threshold for a family of four persons was \$12,674 in 1989. (For more information, see table A below.) Poverty thresholds were applied on a national basis and were not adjusted for regional, State or local variations in the cost of living. For a detailed discussion of the poverty definition, see U.S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 171, *Poverty in the United States: 1988 and 1989*.

### Persons for Whom Poverty Status is Determined—

Poverty status was determined for all persons except institutionalized persons, persons in military group quarters and in college dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 15 years old. These groups also were excluded from the denominator when calculating poverty rates.

**Specified Poverty Levels**—Since the poverty levels currently in use by the Federal Government do not meet all the needs of data users, some of the data are presented for alternate levels. These specified poverty levels are obtained by multiplying the income cutoffs at the poverty level by the appropriate factor. For example, the average income cutoff at 125 percent of poverty level was \$15,843 (\$12,674 x 1.25) in 1989 for a family of four persons.

**Weighted Average Thresholds at the Poverty Level**—The average thresholds shown in the first column of table A are weighted by the presence and number of children. For example, the weighted average threshold for a given family size is obtained by multiplying the threshold for each presence and number of children category within the given family size by the number of families in that category. These products are then aggregated across the entire range of presence and number of children categories, and the aggregate is divided by the total number of families in the group to yield the weighted average threshold at the poverty level for that family size.

Since the basic thresholds used to determine the poverty status of families and unrelated individuals are applied to all families and unrelated individuals, the weighted average poverty thresholds are derived using all families and unrelated individuals rather than just those classified as being below the poverty level. To obtain the weighted poverty thresholds for families and unrelated individuals below alternate poverty levels, the weighted thresholds



shown in table A may be multiplied directly by the appropriate factor. The weighted average thresholds presented in the table are based on the March 1990 Current Population Survey. However, these thresholds would not differ significantly from those based on the 1990 census.

**Income Deficit**—Represents the difference between the total income of families and unrelated individuals below the poverty level and their respective poverty thresholds. In computing the income deficit, families reporting a net income loss are assigned zero dollars and for such cases the deficit is equal to the poverty threshold.

This measure provided an estimate of the amount which would be required to raise the incomes of all poor families and unrelated individuals to their respective poverty thresholds. The income deficit is thus a measure of the degree of impoverishment of a family or unrelated individual. However, caution must be used in comparing the average deficits of families with different characteristics. Apparent differences in average income deficits may, to some extent, be a function of differences in family size.

**Mean Income Deficit**—Represents the amount obtained by dividing the total income deficit of a group below the poverty level by the number of families (or unrelated individuals) in that group.

**Comparability**—The poverty definition used in the 1990 and 1980 censuses differed slightly from the one used in the 1970 census. Three technical modifications were made to the definition used in the 1970 census as described below:

1. The separate thresholds for families with a female householder with no husband present and all other families were eliminated. For the 1980 and 1990 censuses, the weighted average of the poverty thresholds for these two types of families was applied to all types of families, regardless of the sex of the householder.

2. Farm families and farm unrelated individuals no longer had a set of poverty thresholds that were lower than the thresholds applied to nonfarm families and unrelated individuals. The farm thresholds were 85 percent of the corresponding levels for nonfarm families in the 1970 census. The same thresholds were applied to all families and unrelated individuals regardless of residence in 1980 and 1990.
3. The thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons in 1970 to nine or more persons in 1980 and 1990.

These changes resulted in a minimal increase in the number of poor at the national level. For a complete discussion of these modifications and their impact, see the Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 133.

The population covered in the poverty statistics derived from the 1980 and 1990 censuses was essentially the same as in the 1970 census. The only difference was that in 1980 and 1990, unrelated individuals under 15 years old were excluded from the poverty universe, while in 1970, only those under 14 years old were excluded. The poverty data from the 1960 census excluded all persons in group quarters and included all unrelated individuals regardless of age. It was unlikely that these differences in population coverage would have had significant impact when comparing the poverty data for persons since the 1960 censuses.

**Current Population Survey**—Because of differences in the questionnaires and data collection procedures, estimates of the number of persons below the poverty level by various characteristics from the 1990 census may differ from those reported in the March 1990 Current Population Survey.

## RACE

The data on race were derived from answers to questionnaire item 4, which was asked of all persons. The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects

Table A. **Poverty Thresholds in 1989 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years**

Size of Family Unit	Weighted average thresh- olds	Related children under 18 years								
		None	One	Two	Three	Four	Five	Six	Seven	Eight or more
One person (unrelated individual).	\$6,310									
Under 65 years. ....	6 451	\$6,451								
65 years and over .....	5,947	5,947								
Two persons. ....	8,076									
Householder under 65 years. . .	8,343	8,303	\$8,547							
Householder 65 years and over .....	7,501	7,495	8,515							
Three persons .....	9,885	9,699	9,981	\$9,990						
Four persons .....	12,674	12,790	12,999	12,575	\$12,619					
Five persons. ....	14,990	15,424	15,648	15,169	14,798	\$14,572				
Six persons. ....	16,921	17,740	17,811	17,444	17,092	16,569	\$16,259			
Seven persons. ....	19,162	20,412	20,540	20,101	19,794	19,224	18,558	\$17,828		
Eight persons .....	21,328	22,830	23,031	22,617	22,253	21,738	21,084	20,403	\$20,230	
Nine or more persons .....	25,480	27,463	27,596	27,229	26,921	26,415	25,719	25,089	24,933	\$23,973



self-identification; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. The data for race represent self-classification by people according to the race with which they most closely identify. Furthermore, it is recognized that the categories of the race item include both racial and national origin or socio-cultural groups.

During direct interviews conducted by enumerators, if a person could not provide a single response to the race question, he or she was asked to select, based on self-identification, the group which best described his or her racial identity. If a person could not provide a single race response, the race of the mother was used. If a single race response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. In all cases where occupied housing units, households, or families are classified by race, the race of the householder was used.

The racial classification used by the Census Bureau generally adheres to the guidelines in Federal Statistical Directive No. 15, issued by the Office of Management and Budget, which provides standards on ethnic and racial categories for statistical reporting to be used by all Federal agencies. The racial categories used in the 1990 census data products are provided below.

**White**—Includes persons who indicated their race as "White" or reported entries such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, Near Easterner, Arab, or Polish.

**Black**—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Black or Negro" or reported entries such as African American, Afro-American, Black Puerto Rican, Jamaican, Nigerian, West Indian, or Haitian.

**American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut**—Includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories identified below.

*American Indian*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "American Indian," entered the name of an Indian tribe, or reported such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian.

*American Indian Tribe*—Persons who identified themselves as American Indian were asked to report their enrolled or principal tribe. Therefore, tribal data in tabulations reflect the written tribal entries reported on the questionnaires. Some of the entries (for example, Iroquois, Sioux, Colorado River, and Flat-head) represent nations or reservations.

The information on tribe is based on self-identification and therefore does not reflect any designation of Federally- or State-recognized tribe. Information on American Indian tribes is presented in summary tape files and special data products. The information is derived from the American Indian Detailed Tribal

Classification List for the 1990 census. The classification list represents all tribes, bands, and clans that had a specified number of American Indians reported on the census questionnaire.

*Eskimo*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Eskimo" or reported entries such as Arctic Slope, Inupiat, and Yupik.

*Aleut*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Aleut" or reported entries such as Alutiiq, Egegik, and Pribilovian.

**Asian or Pacific Islander**—Includes persons who reported in one of the Asian or Pacific Islander groups listed on the questionnaire or who provided write-in responses such as Thai, Nepali, or Tongan. A more detailed listing of the groups comprising the Asian or Pacific Islander population is presented in figure 2 below. In some data products, information is presented separately for the Asian population and the Pacific Islander population.

**Asian**—Includes "Chinese," "Filipino," "Japanese," "Asian Indian," "Korean," "Vietnamese," and "Other Asian." In some tables, "Other Asian" may not be shown separately, but is included in the total Asian population.

*Chinese*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Chinese" or who identified themselves as Cantonese, Tibetan, or Chinese American. In standard census reports, persons who reported as "Taiwanese" or "Formosan" are included here with Chinese. In special reports on the Asian or Pacific Islander population, information on persons who identified themselves as Taiwanese are shown separately.

*Filipino*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Filipino" or reported entries such as Philipino, Philippine, or Filipino American.

*Japanese*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Japanese" and persons who identified themselves as Nipponese or Japanese American.

*Asian Indian*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Asian Indian" and persons who identified themselves as Bengalese, Bharat, Dravidian, East Indian, or Goanese.

*Korean*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Korean" and persons who identified themselves as Korean American.

*Vietnamese*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Vietnamese" and persons who identified themselves as Vietnamese American.



*Cambodian*—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Cambodian or Cambodia.

*Hmong*—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Hmong, Laohmong, or Mong.

*Laotian*—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Laotian, Laos, or Lao.

*Thai*—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Thai, Thailand, or Siamese.

*Other Asian*—Includes persons who provided a write-in response of Bangladeshi, Burmese, Indonesian, Pakistani, Sri Lankan, Amerasian, or Eurasian. See figure 2 for other groups comprising "Other Asian."

**Pacific Islander**—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Pacific Islander" by classifying themselves into one of the following groups or identifying themselves as one of the Pacific Islander cultural groups of Polynesian, Micronesian, or Melanesian.

*Hawaiian*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Hawaiian" as well as persons who identified themselves as Part Hawaiian or Native Hawaiian.

*Samoan*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Samoan" or persons who identified themselves as American Samoan or Western Samoan.

*Guamanian*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Guamanian" or persons who identified themselves as Chamorro or Guam.

*Other Pacific Islander*—Includes persons who provided a write-in response of a Pacific Islander group such as Tahitian, Northern Mariana Islander, Palauan, Fijian, or a cultural group such as Polynesian, Micronesian, or Melanesian. See figure 2 for other groups comprising "Other Pacific Islander."

**Other Race**—Includes all other persons not included in the "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and the "Asian or Pacific Islander" race categories described above. Persons reporting in the "Other race" category and providing write-in entries such as multiracial, multiethnic, mixed, interracial, Wesort, or a Spanish/Hispanic origin group (such as Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) are included here.

Written entries to three categories on the race item—"Indian (Amer.)," "Other Asian or Pacific Islander (API)," and "Other race"—were reviewed, edited, and coded by subject matter specialists. (For more information on the coding operation, see the section below that discusses "Comparability.")

The written entries under "Indian (Amer.)" and "Other Asian or Pacific Islander (API)" were reviewed and coded during 100-percent processing of the 1990 census questionnaires. A substantial portion of the entries for the "Other race" category also were reviewed, edited, and coded during the 100-percent processing. The remaining entries under "Other race" underwent review and coding during sample processing. Most of the written entries reviewed and coded during sample processing were those indicating Hispanic origin such as Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican.

If the race entry for a member of a household was missing on the questionnaire, race was assigned based upon the reported entries of race by other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. For example, if race was missing for the daughter of the householder, then the race of her mother (as female householder or female spouse) would be assigned. If there was no female householder or spouse in the household, the daughter would be assigned her father's (male householder) race. If race was not reported for anyone in the household, the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general imputation procedures described in Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.

**Limitation of the Data**—In the 1980 census, a relatively high proportion (20 percent) of American Indians did not report any tribal entry in the race item. Evaluation of the pre-census tests indicated that changes made for the 1990 race item should improve the reporting of tribes in the rural areas (especially on reservations) for the 1990 census. The results for urban areas were inconclusive. Also, the precensus tests indicated that there may be overreporting of the Cherokee tribe. An evaluation of 1980 census data showed overreporting of Cherokee in urban areas or areas where the number of American Indians was sparse.

In the 1990 census, respondents sometimes did not fill in a circle or filled the "Other race" circle and wrote in a response, such as Arab, Polish, or African American in the shared write-in box for "Other race" and "Other API" responses. During the automated coding process, these responses were edited and assigned to the appropriate racial designation. Also, some Hispanic origin persons did not fill in a circle, but provided entries such as Mexican or Puerto Rican. These persons were classified in the "Other race" category during the coding and editing process. There may be some minor differences between sample data and 100-percent data because sample processing included additional edits not included in the 100-percent processing.



**Figure 2. Asian or Pacific Islander Groups Reported in the 1990 Census**

Asian	Pacific Islander
Chinese	Hawaiian
Filipino	Samoan
Japanese	Guamanian
Asian Indian	Other Pacific Islander <sup>1</sup>
Korean	Carolinian
Vietnamese	Fijian
Cambodian	Kosraean
Hmong	Melanesian <sup>3</sup>
Laotian	Micronesian <sup>3</sup>
Thai	Northern Mariana Islander
Other Asian <sup>1</sup>	Palauan
Bangladeshi	Papua New Guinean
Bhutanese	Ponapean (Pohnpeian)
Borneo	Polynesian <sup>3</sup>
Burmese	Solomon Islander
Celebesian	Tahitian
Ceram	Tarawa Islander
Indochinese	Tokelauan
Indonesian	Tongan
Iwo-Jiman	Trukese (Chuukese)
Javanese	Yapese
Malayan	Pacific Islander, not specified
Maldivian	
Nepali	
Okinawan	
Pakistani	
Sikkim	
Singaporean	
Sri Lankan	
Sumatran	
Asian, not specified <sup>2</sup>	

<sup>1</sup>In some data products, specific groups listed under "Other Asian" or "Other Pacific Islander" are shown separately. Groups not shown are tabulated as "All other Asian" or "All other Pacific Islander," respectively.

<sup>2</sup>Includes entries such as Asian American, Asian, Asiatic, Amerasian, and Eurasian.

<sup>3</sup>Polynesian, Micronesian, and Melanesian are Pacific Islander cultural groups.

**Comparability**—Differences between the 1990 census and earlier censuses affect the comparability of data for certain racial groups and American Indian tribes. The 1990 census was the first census to undertake, on a 100-percent basis, an automated review, edit, and coding operation for written responses to the race item. The automated coding system used in the 1990 census greatly reduced the potential for error associated with a clerical review. Specialists with a thorough knowledge of the race subject matter reviewed, edited, coded, and resolved inconsistent or incomplete responses. In the 1980 census, there was only a limited clerical review of the race responses on the 100-percent forms with a full clerical review conducted only on the sample questionnaires.

Another major difference between the 1990 and preceding censuses is the handling of the write-in responses for the Asian or Pacific Islander populations. In addition to the nine Asian or Pacific Islander categories shown on the questionnaire under the spanner "Asian or Pacific Islander (API)," the 1990 census race item provided a new residual category, "Other API," for Asian or Pacific Islander persons who did not report in one of the listed Asian or Pacific

Islander groups. During the coding operation, write-in responses for "Other API" were reviewed, coded, and assigned to the appropriate classification. For example, in 1990, a write-in entry of Laotian, Thai, or Javanese is classified as "Other Asian," while a write-in entry of Tongan or Fijian is classified as "Other Pacific Islander." In the 1990 census, these persons were able to identify as "Other API" in both the 100-percent and sample operations.

In the 1980 census, the nine Asian or Pacific Islander groups were also listed separately. However, persons not belonging to these nine groups wrote in their specific racial group under the "Other" race category. Persons with a written entry such as Laotian, Thai, or Tongan, were tabulated and published as "Other race" in the 100-percent processing operation in 1980, but were reclassified as "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" in 1980 sample tabulations. In 1980 special reports on the Asian or Pacific Islander populations, data were shown separately for "Other Asian" and "Other Pacific Islander."

The 1970 questionnaire did not have separate race categories for Asian Indian, Vietnamese, Samoan, and Guamanian. These persons indicated their race in the "Other" category and later, through the editing process, were assigned to a specific group. For example, in 1970, Asian Indians were reclassified as "White," while Vietnamese, Guamanians, and Samoans were included in the "Other" category.

Another difference between 1990 and preceding censuses is the approach taken when persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin did not report in a specific race category but reported as "Other race" or "Other." These persons commonly provided a write-in entry such as Mexican, Venezuelan, or Latino. In the 1990 and 1980 censuses, these entries remained in the "Other race" or "Other" category, respectively. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

## REFERENCE WEEK

The data on labor force status and journey to work were related to the reference week; that is, the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents since the enumeration was not completed in one week. The occurrence of holidays during the enumeration period could affect the data on actual hours worked during the reference week, but probably had no effect on overall measurement of employment status (see the discussion below on "Comparability").

**Comparability**—The reference weeks for the 1990 and 1980 censuses differ in that Passover and Good Friday occurred in the first week of April 1980, but in the second week of April 1990. Many workers presumably took time off for those observances. The differing occurrence of



these holidays could affect the comparability of the 1990 and 1980 data on actual hours worked for some areas if the respective weeks were the reference weeks for a significant number of persons. The holidays probably did not affect the overall measurement of employment status since this information was based on work activity during the entire reference week.

## RESIDENCE IN 1985

The data on residence in 1985 were derived from answers to questionnaire item 14b, which asked for the State (or foreign country), county, and place of residence on April 1, 1985, for those persons reporting in question 14a that on that date they lived in a different house than their current residence. Residence in 1985 is used in conjunction with location of current residence to determine the extent of residential mobility of the population and the resulting redistribution of the population across the various States, metropolitan areas, and regions of the country.

When no information on residence in 1985 was reported for a person, information for other family members, if available, was used to assign a location of residence in 1985. All cases of nonresponse or incomplete response that were not assigned a previous residence based on information from other family members were allocated the previous residence of another person with similar characteristics who provided complete information.

The tabulation category, "Same house," includes all persons 5 years old and over who did not move during the 5 years as well as those who had moved but by 1990 had returned to their 1985 residence. The category, "Different house in the United States," includes persons who lived in the United States in 1985 but in a different house or apartment from the one they occupied on April 1, 1990. These movers are then further subdivided according to the type of move.

In most tabulations, movers are divided into three groups according to their 1985 residence: "Different house, same county," "Different county, same State," and "Different State." The last group may be further subdivided into region of residence in 1985. The category, "Abroad," includes those persons who were residing in a foreign country, Puerto Rico, or an outlying area of the U.S. in 1985, including members of the Armed Forces and their dependents. Some tabulations show movers who were residing in Puerto Rico or an outlying area in 1985 separately from those residing in other countries.

In tabulations for metropolitan areas, movers are categorized according to the metropolitan status of their current and previous residences, resulting in such groups as movers within an MSA/PMSA, movers between MSA/PMSA's, movers from nonmetropolitan areas to MSA/PMSA, and movers from central cities to the remainder of an MSA/PMSA. In some tabulations, these categories are further subdivided by size of MSA/PMSA, region of current or previous residence, or movers within or between central cities and the remainder of the same or a different MSA/PMSA.

The size categories used in some tabulations for both 1985 and 1990 residence refer to the populations of the MSA/PMSA on April 1, 1990; that is, at the end of the migration interval.

Some tabulations present data on immigrants, outmigrants, and net migration. "Immigrants" are generally defined as those persons who entered a specified area by crossing its boundary from some point outside the area. In some tabulations, movers from abroad are included in the number of immigrants; in others, only movers within the United States are included.

"Outmigrants" are persons who depart from a specific area by crossing its boundary to a point outside it, but without leaving the United States. "Net migration" is calculated by subtracting the number of outmigrants from the number of immigrants and, depending upon the particular tabulation, may or may not include movers from abroad. The net migration for the area is net immigration if the result was positive and net outmigration if the result was negative. In the tabulations, net outmigration is indicated by a minus sign (-).

Immigrants and outmigrants for States include only those persons who did not live in the same State in 1985 and 1990; that is, they exclude persons who moved between counties within the same State. Thus, the sum of the immigrants to (or outmigrants from) all counties in any State is greater than the number of immigrants to (or outmigrants from) that State. However, in the case of net migration, the sum of the nets for all the counties within a State equal the net for the State. In the same fashion, the net migration for a division or region equals the sum of the nets for the States comprising that division or region, while the number of immigrants and outmigrants for that division or region is less than the sum of the immigrants or outmigrants for the individual States.

The number of persons who were living in a different house in 1985 is somewhat less than the total number of moves during the 5-year period. Some persons in the same house at the two dates had moved during the 5-year period but by the time of the census had returned to their 1985 residence. Other persons who were living in a different house had made one or more intermediate moves. For similar reasons, the number of persons living in a different county, MSA/PMSA, or State or moving between nonmetropolitan areas may be understated.

**Comparability**—Similar questions were asked on all previous censuses beginning in 1940, except the questions in 1950 referred to residence 1 year earlier rather than 5 years earlier. Although the questions in the 1940 census covered a 5-year period, comparability with that census was reduced somewhat because of different definitions and categories of tabulation. Comparability with the 1960 and 1970 census is also somewhat reduced because nonresponse was not allocated in those earlier censuses. For the 1980 census, nonresponse was allocated in a manner similar to the 1990 allocation scheme.



## SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND LABOR FORCE STATUS

Tabulation of data on enrollment, educational attainment, and labor force status for the population 16 to 19 years old allows for calculation of the proportion of the age group who are not enrolled in school and not high school graduates or “dropouts” and an unemployment rate for the “dropout” population. Definitions of the three topics and descriptions of the census items from which they were derived are presented in “Educational Attainment,” “Employment Status,” and “School Enrollment and Type of School.” The published tabulations include both the civilian and Armed Forces populations, but labor force status is provided for the civilian population only. Therefore, the component labor force statuses may not add to the total lines *enrolled in school, high school graduate, and not high school graduate*. The difference is Armed Forces.

**Comparability**—The tabulation of school enrollment by labor force status is similar to that published in 1980 census reports. The 1980 census tabulation included a single data line for Armed Forces; however, enrollment, attainment, and labor force status data were shown for the civilian population only. In 1970, a tabulation was included for 16 to 21 year old males not attending school.

## SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL

Data on school enrollment were derived from answers to questionnaire item 11, which was asked of a sample of persons. Persons were classified as enrolled in school if they reported attending a “regular” public or private school or college at any time between February 1, 1990, and the time of enumeration. The question included instructions to “include only nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which would lead to a high school diploma or a college degree” as regular school. Instructions included in the 1990 respondent instruction guide, which was mailed with the census questionnaire, further specified that enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring were not to be included unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. Persons who did not answer the enrollment question were assigned the enrollment status and type of school of a person with the same age, race or Hispanic origin, and, at older ages, sex, whose residence was in the same or a nearby area.

**Public and Private School**—Includes persons who attended school in the reference period and indicated they were enrolled by marking one of the questionnaire categories for either “public school, public college” or “private school, private college.” The instruction guide defines a public school as “any school or college controlled and supported by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.” Schools supported and controlled primarily by religious organizations or other private groups are defined as private. Persons who filled both the “public” and “private” circles are edited to the first entry, “public.”

**Level of School in Which Enrolled**—Persons who were enrolled in school were classified as enrolled in “preprimary school,” “elementary or high school,” or “college” according to their response to question 12 (years of school completed or highest degree received). Persons who were enrolled and reported completing nursery school or less were classified as enrolled in “preprimary school,” which includes kindergarten. Similarly, enrolled persons who had completed at least kindergarten, but not high school, were classified as enrolled in elementary or high school. Enrolled persons who reported completing high school or some college or having received a post-secondary degree were classified as enrolled in “college.” Enrolled persons who reported completing the twelfth grade but receiving “NO DIPLOMA” were classified as enrolled in high school. (For more information on level of school, see the discussion under “Educational Attainment.”)

**Comparability**—School enrollment questions have been included in the census since 1840; grade attended was first asked in 1940; type of school was first asked in 1960. Before 1940, the enrollment question in various censuses referred to attendance in the preceding six months or the preceding year. In 1940, the reference was to attendance in the month preceding the census, and in the 1950 and subsequent censuses, the question referred to attendance in the two months preceding the census date.

Until the 1910 census, there were no instructions limiting the kinds of schools in which enrollment was to be counted. Starting in 1910, the instructions indicated that attendance at “school, college, or any educational institution” was to be counted. In 1930 an instruction to include “night school” was added. In the 1940 instructions, night school, extension school, or vocational school were included only if the school was part of the regular school system. Correspondence school work of any kind was excluded. In the 1950 instructions, the term “regular school” was introduced, and it was defined as schooling which “advances a person towards an elementary or high school diploma or a college, university, or professional school degree.” Vocational, trade, or business schools were excluded unless they were graded and considered part of a regular school system. On-the-job training was excluded, as was nursery school. Instruction by correspondence was excluded unless it was given by a regular school and counted towards promotion.

In 1960, the question used the term “regular school or college” and a similar, though expanded, definition of “regular” was included in the instructions, which continued to exclude nursery school. Because of the census’ use of mailed questionnaires, the 1960 census was the first in which instructions were written for the respondent as well as enumerators. In the 1970 census, the questionnaire used the phrase “regular school or college” and included instructions to “count nursery school, kindergarten, and schooling which leads to an elementary school certificate, high school diploma, or college degree.” Instructions in a separate document specified that to be counted as regular



school, nursery school must include instruction as an important and integral phase of its program, and continued the exclusion of vocational, trade, and business schools. The 1980 census question was very similar to the 1970 question, but the separate instruction booklet did not require that nursery school include substantial instructional content in order to be counted.

The age range for which enrollment data have been obtained and published has varied over the censuses. Information on enrollment was recorded for persons of all ages in the 1930 and 1940 and 1970 through 1990; for persons under age 30, in 1950; and for persons age 5 to 34, in 1960. Most of the published enrollment figures referred to persons age 5 to 20 in the 1930 census, 5 to 24 in 1940, 5 to 29 in 1950, 5 to 34 in 1960, 3 to 34 in 1970, and 3 years old and over in 1980. This growth in the age group whose enrollment was reported reflects increased interest in the number of children in preprimary schools and in the number of older persons attending colleges and universities.

In the 1950 and subsequent censuses, college students were enumerated where they lived while attending college, whereas in earlier censuses, they generally were enumerated at their parental homes. This change should not affect the comparability of national figures on college enrollment since 1940; however, it may affect the comparability over time of enrollment figures at sub-national levels.

Type of school was first introduced in the 1960 census, where a separate question asked the enrolled persons whether they were in a "public" or "private" school. Since the 1970 census, the type of school was incorporated into the response categories for the enrollment question and the terms were changed to "public," "parochial," and "other private." In the 1980 census, "private, church related" and "private, not church related" replaced "parochial" and "other private."

Grade of enrollment was first available in the 1940 census, where it was obtained from responses to the question on highest grade of school completed. Enumerators were instructed that "for a person still in school, the last grade completed will be the grade preceding the one in which he or she was now enrolled." From 1950 to 1980, grade of enrollment was obtained from the highest grade attended in the two-part question used to measure educational attainment. (For more information, see the discussion under "Educational Attainment.") The form of the question from which level of enrollment was derived in the 1990 census most closely corresponds to the question used in 1940. While data from prior censuses can be aggregated to provide levels of enrollment comparable to the 1990 census, 1990 data cannot be disaggregated to show single grade of enrollment as in previous censuses.

Data on school enrollment were also collected and published by other Federal, State, and local government agencies. Where these data were obtained from administrative records of school systems and institutions of higher learning, they were only roughly comparable with data from population censuses and household surveys because of

differences in definitions and concepts, subject matter covered, time references, and enumeration methods. At the local level, the difference between the location of the institution and the residence of the student may affect the comparability of census and administrative data. Differences between the boundaries of school districts and census geographic units also may affect these comparisons.

## SELF-CARE LIMITATION STATUS

The data on self-care limitation status were derived from answers to questionnaire item 19b, which was asked of a sample of persons 15 years old and over. Persons were identified as having a self-care limitation if they had a health condition that had lasted for 6 or more months and which made it difficult to take care of their own personal needs, such as dressing, bathing, or getting around inside the home.

The term "health condition" referred to both physical and mental conditions. A temporary health problem, such as a broken bone that was expected to heal normally was not considered a health condition.

**Comparability**—This was the first time that a question on self-care limitation was included in the census.

## SEX

The data on sex were derived from answers to questionnaire item 3, which was asked of all persons. For most cases in which sex was not reported, it was determined by the appropriate entry from the person's given name and household relationship. Otherwise, sex was imputed according to the relationship to the householder and the age and marital status of the person. For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.

**Sex Ratio**—A measure derived by dividing the total number of males by the total number of females and multiplying by 100.

**Comparability**—A question on the sex of individuals has been asked of the total population in every census.

## VETERAN STATUS

Data on veteran status, period of military service, and years of military service were derived from answers to questionnaire item 17, which was asked of a sample of persons.

**Veteran Status**—The data on veteran status were derived from responses to question 17a. For census data products, a "civilian veteran" is a person 16 years old or over who had served (even for a short time) but is not now



serving on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or the Coast Guard, or who served as a Merchant Marine seaman during World War II. Persons who served in the National Guard or military Reserves are classified as veterans only if they were ever called or ordered to active duty not counting the 4-6 months for initial training or yearly summer camps. All other civilians 16 years old and over are classified as nonveterans.

**Period of Military Service**—Persons who indicated in question 17a that they had served on active duty (civilian veterans) or were now on active duty were asked to indicate in question 17b the period or periods in which they served. Persons serving in at least one wartime period are classified in their most recent wartime period. For example, persons who served both during the Korean conflict and the post-Korean peacetime era between February 1955 and July 1964 are classified in one of the two “Korean conflict” categories. If the same person had also served during the Vietnam era, he or she would instead be included in the “Vietnam era and Korean conflict” category. The responses were edited to eliminate inconsistencies between reported period(s) of service and the age of the person and to cancel out reported combinations of periods containing unreasonable gaps (for example, a person could not serve during World War I and the Korean conflict without serving during World War II). Note that the period of service categories shown in this report are mutually exclusive.

**Years of Military Service**—Persons who indicated in question 17a that they had served on active duty (civilian veterans) or were now on active duty were asked to report the total number of years of active-duty service in question 17c. The data were edited for consistency with responses to question 17b (Period of Military Service) and with the age of the person.

**Limitation of the Data**—There may be a tendency for the following kinds of persons to report erroneously that they served on active duty in the Armed Forces: (a) persons who served in the National Guard or military Reserves but were never called to active duty; (b) civilian employees or volunteers for the USO, Red Cross, or the Department of Defense (or its predecessor Departments, War and Navy); and (c) employees of the Merchant Marine or Public Health Service. There may also be a tendency for persons to erroneously round up months to the nearest year in question 17c (for example, persons with 1 year 8 months of active duty military service may mistakenly report “2 years”).

**Comparability**—Since census data on veterans were based on self-reported responses, they may differ from data from other sources such as administrative records of the Department of Defense. Census data may also differ from Veterans Administration data on the benefits-eligible population, since factors determining eligibility for veterans benefits differ from the rules for classifying veterans in the census.

The wording of the question on veteran status (17a) for 1990 was expanded from the veteran/not veteran question in 1980 to include questions on current active duty status and service in the military Reserves and the National Guard. The expansion was intended to clarify the appropriate response for persons in the Armed Forces and for persons who served in the National Guard or military Reserve units only. For the first time in a census, service during World War II as a Merchant Marine Seaman was considered active-duty military service and persons with such service were counted as veterans. An additional period of military service, “September 1980 or later” was added in 1990. As in 1970 and 1980, persons reporting more than one period of service are shown in the most recent wartime period of service category. Question 17c (Years of Military Service) was new for 1990.

## WORK DISABILITY STATUS

The data on work disability were derived from answers to questionnaire item 18, which was asked of a sample of persons 15 years old and over. Persons were identified as having a work disability if they had a health condition that had lasted for 6 or more months and which limited the kind or amount of work they could do at a job or business. A person was limited in the kind of work he or she could do if the person had a health condition which restricted his or her choice of jobs. A person was limited in the amount of work if he or she was not able to work full-time. Persons with a work disability were further classified as “Prevented from working” or “Not prevented from working.”

The term “health condition” referred to both physical and mental conditions. A temporary health problem, such as a broken bone that was expected to heal normally, was not considered a health condition.

**Comparability**—The wording of the question on work disability was the same in 1990 as in 1980. Information on work disability was first collected in 1970. In that census, the work disability question did not contain a clause restricting the definition of disability to limitations caused by a health condition that had lasted 6 or more months; however, it did contain a separate question about the duration of the disability.

## WORK STATUS IN 1989

The data on work status in 1989 were derived from answers to questionnaire item 31, which was asked of a sample of persons. Persons 16 years old and over who worked 1 or more weeks according to the criteria described below are classified as “Worked in 1989.” All other persons 16 years old and over are classified as “Did not work in 1989.” Some tabulations showing work status in 1989 include 15 year olds; these persons, by definition, are classified as “Did not work in 1989.”



## Weeks Worked in 1989

The data on weeks worked in 1989 were derived from responses to questionnaire item 31b. Question 31b (Weeks Worked in 1989) was asked of persons 16 years old and over who indicated in question 31a that they worked in 1989.

The data pertain to the number of weeks during 1989 in which a person did any work for pay or profit (including paid vacation and paid sick leave) or worked without pay on a family farm or in a family business. Weeks of active service in the Armed Forces are also included.

## Usual Hours Worked Per Week Worked in 1989

The data on usual hours worked per week worked in 1989 were derived from answers to questionnaire item 31c. This question was asked of persons 16 years old and over who indicated that they worked in 1989.

The data pertain to the number of hours a person usually worked during the weeks worked in 1989. The respondent was to report the number of hours worked per week in the majority of the weeks he or she worked in 1989. If the hours worked per week varied considerably during 1989, the respondent was to report an approximate average of the hours worked per week. The statistics on usual hours worked per week in 1989 are not necessarily related to the data on actual hours worked during the census reference week (question 21b).

Persons 16 years old and over who reported that they usually worked 35 or more hours each week during the weeks they worked are classified as "Usually worked full time;" persons who reported that they usually worked 1 to 34 hours are classified as "Usually worked part time."

**Year-Round Full-Time Workers**—All persons 16 years old and over who usually worked 35 hours or more per week for 50 to 52 weeks in 1989.

**Number of Workers in Family in 1989**—The term "worker" as used for these data is defined based on the criteria for Work Status in 1989.

**Limitation of the Data**—It is probable that the number of persons who worked in 1989 and the number of weeks worked are understated since there was some tendency for respondents to forget intermittent or short periods of employment or to exclude weeks worked without pay. There may also be a tendency for persons not to include weeks of paid vacation among their weeks worked; one result may be that the census figures may understate the number of persons who worked "50 to 52 weeks."

**Comparability**—The data on weeks worked collected in the 1990 census were comparable with data from the 1980, 1970, and 1960 censuses, but may not be entirely comparable with data from the 1940 and 1950 censuses. Since the 1960 census, two separate questions have been

used to obtain this information. The first identified persons with any work experience during the year and, thus, indicated those persons for whom the questions on number of weeks worked applied. In 1940 and 1950, however, the questionnaires contained only a single question on number of weeks worked.

In 1970, persons responded to the question on weeks worked by indicating one of six weeks-worked intervals. In 1980 and 1990, persons were asked to enter the specific number of weeks they worked.

## YEAR OF ENTRY

The data on year of entry were derived from answers to questionnaire item 10, which was asked of a sample of persons. The question, "When did this person come to the United States to stay?" was asked of persons who indicated in the question on citizenship that they were not born in the United States. (For more information, see the discussion under "Citizenship.")

The 1990 census questions, tabulations, and census data products about citizenship and year of entry include no reference to immigration. All persons who were born and resided outside the United States before becoming residents of the United States have a date of entry. Some of these persons are U.S. citizens by birth (e.g., persons born in Puerto Rico or born abroad of American parents). To avoid any possible confusion concerning the date of entry of persons who are U.S. citizens by birth, the term, "year of entry" is used in this report instead of the term "year of immigration."

**Limitation of the Data**—The census questions on nativity, citizenship, and year of entry were not designed to measure the degree of permanence of residence in the United States. The phrase, "to stay" was used to obtain the year in which the person became a resident of the United States. Although the respondent was directed to indicate the year he or she entered the country "to stay," it was difficult to ensure that respondents interpreted the phrase correctly.

**Comparability**—A question on year of entry, (alternately called "year of immigration") was asked in each decennial census from 1890 to 1930, 1970, and 1980. In 1980, the question on year of entry included six arrival time intervals. The number of arrival intervals was expanded to ten in 1990. In 1980, the question on year of entry was asked only of the foreign-born population. In 1990, all persons who responded to the long-form questionnaire and were not born in the United States were to complete the question on year of entry.

## HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

### LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified as either housing units or group quarters. (For more information, see the discussion of "Group Quarters" under Population Characteristics.)



Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (for example, a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, or mobile home). Living quarters also may be in structures intended for nonresidential use (for example, the rooms in a warehouse where a guard lives), as well as in places such as tents, vans, shelters for the homeless, dormitories, barracks, and old railroad cars.

**Housing Units**—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home or trailer, a group of rooms or a single room occupied as separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from any other persons in the building and which have direct access from outside the building or through a common hall.

The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements. For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants.

Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory, except that recreational vehicles, boats, vans, tents, railroad cars, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage yards are excluded from the housing inventory.

If the living quarters contains nine or more persons unrelated to the householder or person in charge (a total of at least 10 unrelated persons), it is classified as group quarters. If the living quarters contains eight or fewer persons unrelated to the householder or person in charge, it is classified as a housing unit.

**Occupied Housing Units**—A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; that is, away on vacation or business. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, the count of occupied housing units for 100-percent tabulations is the same as the count of households or householders. In sample tabulations, the counts of household and occupied housing units may vary slightly because of different sample weighting methods.

**Vacant Housing Units**—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere also are classified as vacant. (For more information, see discussion under "Usual Home Elsewhere.")

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; that is, the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is condemned or is to be demolished. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

**Hotels, Motels, Rooming Houses, Etc.**—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; that is, persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels, motels, and similar places in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from others in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units.

**Staff Living Quarters**—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered group quarters.

**Comparability**—The first Census of Housing in 1940 established the "dwelling unit" concept. Although the term became "housing unit" and the definition has been modified slightly in succeeding censuses, the 1990 definition is essentially comparable to previous censuses. There was no change in the housing unit definition between 1980 and 1990.

## ACREAGE

The data on acreage were obtained from questionnaire items H5a and H19a. Question H5a was asked at all occupied and vacant one-family houses and mobile homes. Question H19a was asked on a sample basis at occupied and vacant one-family houses and mobile homes.

Question H5a asks whether the house or mobile home is located on a place of 10 or more acres. The intent of this



item is to exclude owner-occupied and renter-occupied one-family houses on 10 or more acres from the specified owner- and renter-occupied universes for value and rent tabulations.

Question H19a provides data on whether the unit is located on less than 1 acre. The main purpose of this item, in conjunction with question H19b on agricultural sales, is to identify farm units. (For more information, see discussion under "Farm Residence.")

For both items, the land may consist of more than one tract or plot. These tracts or plots are usually adjoining; however, they may be separated by a road, creek, another piece of land, etc.

**Comparability**—Question H5a is similar to that asked in 1970 and 1980. This item was asked for the first time of mobile home occupants in 1990. Question H19a is an abbreviated form of a question asked on a sample basis in 1980. In previous censuses, information on city or suburban lot and number of acres was obtained also.

## AGRICULTURAL SALES

Data on the sales of agricultural crops were obtained from questionnaire item H19b, which was asked on a sample basis at occupied one-family houses and mobile homes located on lots of 1 acre or more. Data for this item exclude units on lots of less than 1 acre, units located in structures containing 2 or more units, and all vacant units. This item refers to the total amount (before taxes and expenses) received in 1989 from the sale of crops, vegetables, fruits, nuts, livestock and livestock products, and nursery and forest products, produced on "this property." Respondents new to a unit were asked to estimate total agricultural sales in 1989 even if some portion of the sales had been made by other occupants of the unit.

This item is used mainly to classify housing units as farm or nonfarm residences, not to provide detailed information on the sale of agricultural products. Detailed information on the sale of agricultural products is provided by the Census Bureau's Census of Agriculture (*Factfinder for the Nation: Agricultural Statistics*, Bureau of the Census, 1989). (For more information, see the discussion under "Farm Residence.")

## BEDROOMS

The data on bedrooms were obtained from questionnaire item H9, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. The number of bedrooms is the count of rooms designed to be used as bedrooms; that is, the number of rooms that would be listed as bedrooms if the house or apartment were on the market for sale or for rent. Included are all rooms intended to be used as bedrooms even if

they currently are being used for some other purpose. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom.

**Comparability**—Data on bedrooms have been collected in every census since 1960. In 1970 and 1980, data for bedrooms were shown only for year-round units. In past censuses, a room was defined as a bedroom if it was used mainly for sleeping even if also used for other purposes. Rooms that were designed to be used as bedrooms but used mainly for other purposes were not considered to be bedrooms. A distribution of housing units by number of bedrooms calculated from data collected in a 1986 test showed virtually no differences in the two versions except in the two bedroom category, where the previous "use" definition showed a slightly lower proportion of units.

## BOARDED-UP STATUS

Boarded-up status was obtained from questionnaire item C2 and was determined for all vacant units. Boarded-up units have windows and doors covered by wood, metal, or masonry to protect the interior and to prevent entry into the building. A single-unit structure, a unit in a multi-unit structure, or an entire multi-unit structure may be boarded-up in this way. For certain census data products, boarded-up units are shown only for units in the "Other vacant" category. A unit classified as "Usual home elsewhere" can never be boarded up. (For more information, see the discussion under "Usual Home Elsewhere.")

**Comparability**—This item was first asked in the 1980 census and was shown only for year-round vacant housing units. In 1990, data are shown for all vacant housing units.

## BUSINESS ON PROPERTY

The data for business on property were obtained from questionnaire item H5b, which was asked at all occupied and vacant one-family houses and mobile homes. This question is used to exclude owner-occupied one-family houses with business or medical offices on the property from certain statistics on financial characteristics.

A business must be easily recognizable from the outside. It usually will have a separate outside entrance and have the appearance of a business, such as a grocery store, restaurant, or barber shop. It may be either attached to the house or mobile home or be located elsewhere on the property. Those housing units in which a room is used for business or professional purposes and have no recognizable alterations to the outside are *not* considered as having a business. Medical offices are considered businesses for tabulation purposes.

**Comparability**—Data on business on property have been collected since 1940.



## CONDOMINIUM FEE

The data on condominium fee were obtained from questionnaire item H25, which was asked at owner-occupied condominiums. This item was asked on a sample basis. A condominium fee normally is charged monthly to the owners of the individual condominium units by the condominium owners association to cover operating, maintenance, administrative, and improvement costs of the common property (grounds, halls, lobby, parking areas, laundry rooms, swimming pool, etc.) The costs for utilities and/or fuels may be included in the condominium fee if the units do not have separate meters.

Data on condominium fees may include real estate tax and/or insurance payments for the common property, but do not include real estate taxes or fire, hazard, and flood insurance for the individual unit already reported in questions H21 and H22.

Amounts reported were the regular monthly payment, even if paid by someone outside the household or remain unpaid. Costs were estimated as closely as possible when exact costs were not known.

The data from this item were added to payments for mortgages (both first and junior mortgages and home equity loans); real estate taxes; fire, hazard, and flood insurance payments; and utilities and fuels to derive "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for condominium owners.

**Comparability**—This is a new item in 1990.

## CONDOMINIUM STATUS

The data on condominium housing units were obtained from questionnaire item H18, which was asked on a sample basis at both occupied and vacant housing units. Condominium is a type of ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similarly owned units and to hold a common or joint ownership in some or all of the common areas and facilities such as land, roof, hallways, entrances, elevators, swimming pool, etc. Condominiums may be single-family houses as well as units in apartment buildings. A condominium unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such. A unit classified as "mobile home or trailer" or "other" (see discussion under "Units in Structure") cannot be a condominium unit.

**Limitation of the Data**—Testing done prior to the 1980 and 1990 censuses indicated that the number of condominiums may be slightly overstated.

**Comparability**—In 1970, condominiums were grouped together with cooperative housing units, and the data were reported only for owner-occupied cooperatives and condominiums. Beginning in 1980, the census identified all

condominium units and the data were shown for renter-occupied and vacant year-round condominiums as well as owner occupied. In 1970 and 1980, the question on condominiums was asked on a 100-percent basis. In 1990, it was asked on a sample basis.

## CONTRACT RENT

The data on contract rent (also referred to as "rent asked" for vacant units) were obtained from questionnaire item H7a, which was asked at all occupied housing units that were rented for cash rent and all vacant housing units that were for rent at the time of enumeration.

Housing units that are renter occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in census data products. The unit may be owned by friends or relatives who live elsewhere and who allow occupancy without charge. Rent-free houses or apartments may be provided to compensate caretakers, ministers, tenant farmers, sharecroppers, or others.

Contract rent is the monthly rent agreed to or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, fees, meals, or services that may be included. For vacant units, it is the monthly rent asked for the rental unit at the time of enumeration.

If the contract rent includes rent for a business unit or for living quarters occupied by another household, the respondent was instructed to report that part of the rent estimated to be for his or her unit only. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises.

If a renter pays rent to the owner of a condominium or cooperative, and the condominium fee or cooperative carrying charge is also paid by the renter to the owner, the respondent was instructed to include the fee or carrying charge.

If a renter receives payments from lodgers or roomers who are listed as members of the household, the respondent was instructed to report the rent without deduction for any payments received from the lodgers or roomers. The respondent was instructed to report the rent agreed to or contracted for even if paid by someone else such as friends or relatives living elsewhere, or a church or welfare agency.

In some tabulations, contract rent is presented for all renter-occupied housing units, as well as specified renter-occupied and vacant-for-rent units. Specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units exclude one-family houses on 10 or more acres. (For more information on rent, see the discussion under "Gross Rent.")

**Median and Quartile Contract Rent**—The median divides the rent distribution into two equal parts. Quartiles divide the rent distribution into four equal parts. In computing median and quartile contract rent, units reported as "No



cash rent" are excluded. Median and quartile rent calculations are rounded to the nearest whole dollar. (For more information on medians and quartiles, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Aggregate Contract Rent**—To calculate aggregate contract rent, the amount assigned for the category "Less than \$80" is \$50. The amount assigned to the category "\$1,000 or more" is \$1,250. Mean contract rent is rounded to the nearest whole dollar. (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Limitation of the Data**—In the 1970 and 1980 censuses, contract rent for vacant units had high allocation rates, about 35 percent.

**Comparability**—Data on this item have been collected since 1930. For 1990, quartiles were added because the range of rents and values in the United States has increased in recent years. Upper and lower quartiles can be used to note large rent and value differences among various geographic areas.

## DURATION OF VACANCY

The data for duration of vacancy (also referred to as "months vacant") were obtained from questionnaire item D, which was completed by census enumerators. The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months and years) between the date the last occupants moved from the unit and the time of enumeration. The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant.

For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed. Units occupied by an entire household with a usual home elsewhere are assigned to the "Less than 1 month" interval.

**Comparability**—Similar data have been collected since 1960. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round vacant housing units. In 1990, these data are shown for all vacant housing units.

## FARM RESIDENCE

The data on farm residence were obtained from questionnaire items H19a and H19b. An occupied one-family house or mobile home is classified as a farm residence if: (1) the housing unit is located on a property of 1 acre or more, and (2) at least \$1,000 worth of agricultural products were sold from the property in 1989. Group quarters and housing units that are in multi-unit buildings or vacant are not included as farm residences.

A one-family unit occupied by a tenant household paying cash rent for land and buildings is enumerated as a farm residence only if sales of agricultural products from its yard (as opposed to the general property on which it is located) amounted to at least \$1,000 in 1989. A one-family unit occupied by a tenant household that does not pay cash rent is enumerated as a farm residence if the remainder of the farm (including its yard) qualifies as a farm.

Farm residence is provided as an independent data item only for housing units located in rural areas. It may be derived for housing units in urban areas from the data items on acreage and sales of agricultural products on the public-use microdata sample (PUMS) files. (For more information on PUMS, see Appendix F, Data Products and User Assistance.)

The farm population consists of persons in households living in farm residences. Some persons who are counted on a property classified as a farm (including in some cases farm workers) are excluded from the farm population. Such persons include those who reside in multi-unit buildings or group quarters.

**Comparability**—These are the same criteria that were used to define a farm residence in 1980. In 1960 and 1970, a farm was defined as a place of 10 or more acres with at least \$50 worth of agricultural sales or a place of less than 10 acres with at least \$250 worth of agricultural sales. Earlier censuses used other definitions. Note that the definition of a farm residence differs from the definition of a farm in the Census of Agriculture (*Factfinder for the Nation: Agricultural Statistics*, Bureau of the Census, 1989).

## GROSS RENT

Gross rent is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else). Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of utilities and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures for the tabulations. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the tabulations. Gross rent is calculated on a sample basis.

**Comparability**—Data on gross rent have been collected since 1940 for renter-occupied housing units. In 1980, costs for electricity and gas were collected as average monthly costs. In 1990, all utility and fuel costs were collected as yearly costs and divided by 12 to provide an average monthly cost.



## GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989

Gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1989 is a computed ratio of monthly gross rent to monthly household income (total household income in 1989 divided by 12). The ratio was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole percentage. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss in 1989 comprise the category "Not computed." This item is calculated on a sample basis.

## HOUSE HEATING FUEL

The data on house heating fuel were obtained from questionnaire item H14, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. The data show the type of fuel used most to heat the house or apartment.

**Utility Gas**—Includes gas piped through underground pipes from a central system to serve the neighborhood.

**Bottled, Tank, or LP Gas**—Includes liquid propane gas stored in bottles or tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty.

**Fuel Oil, Kerosene, Etc.**—Includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids.

**Wood**—Includes purchased wood, wood cut by household members on their property or elsewhere, driftwood, saw-mill or construction scraps, or the like.

**Solar Energy**—Includes heat provided by sunlight which is collected, stored, and actively distributed to most of the rooms.

**Other Fuel**—Includes all other fuels not specified elsewhere.

**No Fuel Used**—Includes units that do not use any fuel or that do not have heating equipment.

**Comparability**—Data on house heating fuel have been collected since 1940. The category, "Solar energy" is new for 1990.

## INSURANCE FOR FIRE, HAZARD, AND FLOOD

The data on fire, hazard, and flood insurance were obtained from questionnaire item H22, which was asked at a sample of owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. The statistics for this item refer to the annual premium for fire, hazard, and flood insurance on

the property (land and buildings); that is, policies that protect the property and its contents against loss due to damage by fire, lightning, winds, hail, flood, explosion, and so on.

Liability policies are included only if they are paid with the fire, hazard, and flood insurance premiums and the amounts for fire, hazard, and flood cannot be separated. Premiums are included even if paid by someone outside the household or remain unpaid. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, the premiums are converted to a yearly basis.

The payment for fire, hazard, and flood insurance is added to payments for real estate taxes, utilities, fuels, and mortgages (both first and junior mortgages and home equity loans) to derive "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989."

A separate question (H23d) determines whether insurance premiums are included in the mortgage payment to the lender(s). This makes it possible to avoid counting these premiums twice in the computations.

**Comparability**—Data on payment for fire and hazard insurance were collected for the first time in 1980. Flood insurance was not specifically mentioned in the wording of the question in 1980. The question was asked only at owner-occupied one-family houses. Excluded were mobile homes, condominiums, houses with a business or medical office on the property, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the question was asked of all one-family owner-occupied houses, including houses on 10 or more acres. It also was asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and one-family houses with a business or medical office on the property.

## KITCHEN FACILITIES

Data on kitchen facilities were obtained from questionnaire item H11, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. A unit has complete kitchen facilities when it has all of the following: (1) an installed sink with piped water, (2) a range, cook top and convection or microwave oven, or cookstove, and (3) a refrigerator. All kitchen facilities must be located in the structure. They need not be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered a range or cookstove. An ice box is not considered to be a refrigerator.

**Comparability**—Data on complete kitchen facilities were collected for the first time in 1970. Earlier censuses collected data on individual components, such as kitchen sink and type of refrigeration equipment. In 1970 and 1980, data for kitchen facilities were shown only for year-round units. In 1990, data are shown for all housing units.

## MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT

The data on meals included in the rent were obtained from questionnaire item H7b, which was asked of all



occupied housing units that were rented for cash and all vacant housing units that were for rent at the time of enumeration.

The statistics on meals included in rent are presented for specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units. Specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units exclude one-family houses on 10 or more acres. (For more information, see the discussion under "Contract Rent.")

**Comparability**—This is a new item in 1990. It is intended to measure "congregate" housing, which generally is considered to be housing units where the rent includes meals and other services, such as transportation to shopping and recreation.

## MOBILE HOME COSTS

The data on mobile home costs were obtained from questionnaire item H26, which was asked at owner-occupied mobile homes. This item was asked on a sample basis.

These data include the total yearly costs for personal property taxes, land or site rent, registration fees, and license fees on all owner-occupied mobile homes. The instructions are to not include real estate taxes already reported in question H21.

Costs are estimated as closely as possible when exact costs are not known. Amounts are the total for an entire 12-month billing period, even if they are paid by someone outside the household or remain unpaid.

The data from this item are added to payments for mortgages, real estate taxes, fire, hazard, and flood insurance payments, utilities, and fuels to derive selected monthly owner costs for mobile homes owners.

**Comparability**—This item is new for 1990.

## MORTGAGE PAYMENT

The data on mortgage payment were obtained from questionnaire item H23b, which was asked at owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. This item was asked on a sample basis. Question H23b provides the regular monthly amount required to be paid the lender for the first mortgage (deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt) on the property. Amounts are included even if the payments are delinquent or paid by someone else. The amounts reported are included in the computation of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for units with a mortgage.

The amounts reported include everything paid to the lender including principal and interest payments, real estate taxes, fire, hazard, and flood insurance payments, and mortgage insurance premiums. Separate questions determine whether real estate taxes and fire, hazard, and flood

insurance payments are included in the mortgage payment to the lender. This makes it possible to avoid counting these components twice in the computation of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs."

**Comparability**—Information on mortgage payment was collected for the first time in 1980. It was collected only at owner-occupied one-family houses. Excluded were mobile homes, condominiums, houses with a business or medical office on the property, one-family houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the questions on monthly mortgage payments were asked of all owner-occupied one-family houses, including one-family houses on 10 or more acres. They were also asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and one-family houses with a business or medical office.

The 1980 census obtained total regular monthly mortgage payments, including payments on second or junior mortgages, from a single question. Two questions were used in 1990; one for regular monthly payments on first mortgages, and one for regular monthly payments on second or junior mortgages or home equity loans. (For more information, see the discussion under "Second or Junior Mortgage Payment.")

## MORTGAGE STATUS

The data on mortgage status were obtained from questionnaire items H23a and H24a, which were asked at owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. "Mortgage" refers to all forms of debt where the property is pledged as security for repayment of the debt. It includes such debt instruments as deeds of trust, trust deeds, contracts to purchase, land contracts, junior mortgages and home equity loans.

A mortgage is considered a first mortgage if it has prior claim over any other mortgage or if it is the only mortgage on the property. All other mortgages, (second, third, etc.) are considered junior mortgages. A home equity loan is generally a junior mortgage. If no first mortgage is reported, but a junior mortgage or home equity loan is reported, then the loan is considered a first mortgage.

In most census data products, the tabulations for "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" usually are shown separately for units "with a mortgage" and for units "not mortgaged." The category "not mortgaged" is comprised of housing units owned free and clear of debt.

**Comparability**—A question on mortgage status was included in the 1940 and 1950 censuses, but not in the 1960 and 1970 censuses. The item was reinstated in 1980 along with a separate question dealing with the existence of second or junior mortgages. In 1980, the mortgage status questions were asked at owner-occupied one-family houses on less than 10 acres. Excluded were mobile homes,



condominiums, houses with a business or medical office, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the questions were asked of all one-family owner-occupied housing units, including houses on 10 or more acres. They were also asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and houses with a business or medical office.

## PERSONS IN UNIT

This item is based on the 100-percent count of persons in occupied housing units. All persons occupying the housing unit are counted, including the householder, occupants related to the householder, and lodgers, roomers, boarders, and so forth.

The data on "persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. The phrase "persons in unit" is used for housing tabulations, "persons in households" for population items. Figures for "persons in unit" match those for "persons in household" for 100-percent data products. In sample products, they may differ because of the weighting process.

**Median Persons in Unit**—In computing median persons in unit, a whole number is used as the midpoint of an interval; thus, a unit with 4 persons is treated as an interval ranging from 3.5 to 4.5 persons. Median persons is rounded to the nearest hundredth. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Persons in Occupied Housing Units**—This is the total population minus those persons living in group quarters. "Persons per occupied housing unit" is computed by dividing the population living in housing units by the number of occupied housing units.

## PERSONS PER ROOM

"Persons per room" is obtained by dividing the number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. Persons per room is rounded to the nearest hundredth. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

**Mean Persons Per Room**—This is computed by dividing persons in housing units by the aggregate number of rooms. This is intended to provide a measure of utilization. A higher mean may indicate a greater degree of utilization or crowding; a low mean may indicate under-utilization. (For more information on means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

## PLUMBING FACILITIES

The data on plumbing facilities were obtained from questionnaire item H10, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a

sample basis. Complete plumbing facilities include hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower. All three facilities must be located inside the house, apartment, or mobile home, but not necessarily in the same room. Housing units are classified as lacking complete plumbing facilities when any of the three facilities are not present.

**Comparability**—The 1990 data on complete plumbing facilities are not strictly comparable with the 1980 data. In 1980, complete plumbing facilities were defined as hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet in the housing unit for the exclusive use of the residents of that unit. In 1990, the Census Bureau dropped the requirement of exclusive use from the definition of complete plumbing facilities. Of the 2.3 million year-round housing units classified in 1980 as lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use, approximately 25 percent of these units had complete plumbing but the facilities were also used by members of another household. From 1940 to 1970, separate and more detailed questions were asked on piped water, bathing, and toilet facilities. In 1970 and 1980, the data on plumbing facilities were shown only for year-round units.

## POVERTY STATUS OF HOUSEHOLDS IN 1989

The data on poverty status of households were derived from answers to the income questions. The income items were asked on a sample basis. Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1989 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household, nor does their presence affect the household size in determining the appropriate poverty threshold. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual for one and two-persons households. (For more information, see the discussion of "Poverty Status in 1989" and "Income in 1989" under Population Characteristics.)

## REAL ESTATE TAXES

The data on real estate taxes were obtained from questionnaire item H21, which was asked at owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. The statistics from this question refer to the total amount of all real estate taxes on the entire property (land and buildings) payable in 1989 to all taxing jurisdictions, including special assessments, school taxes, county taxes, and so forth.

Real estate taxes include State, local, and all other real estate taxes even if delinquent, unpaid, or paid by someone who is not a member of the household. However, taxes due from prior years are not included. If taxes are paid on other than a yearly basis, the payments are converted to a yearly basis.



The payment for real estate taxes is added to payments for fire, hazard, and flood insurance; utilities and fuels; and mortgages (both first and junior mortgages and home equity loans) to derive "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989." A separate question (H23c) determines whether real estate taxes are included in the mortgage payment to the lender(s). This makes it possible to avoid counting taxes twice in the computations.

**Comparability**—Data for real estate taxes were collected for the first time in 1980. The question was asked only at owner-occupied one-family houses. Excluded were mobile homes or trailers, condominiums, houses with a business or medical office on the property, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the question was asked of all one-family owner-occupied houses, including houses on 10 or more acres. It also was asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and one-family houses with a business or medical office on the property.

## ROOMS

The data on rooms were obtained from questionnaire item H3, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. The statistics on rooms are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms. The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes.

For each unit, rooms include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls or foyers, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling, but not if the partition consists solely of shelves or cabinets.

**Median Rooms**—This measure divides the room distribution into two equal parts, one-half of the cases falling below the median number of rooms and one-half above the median. In computing median rooms, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval; thus, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. Median rooms is rounded to the nearest tenth. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Aggregate Rooms**—To calculate aggregate rooms, an arbitrary value of "10" is assigned to rooms for units falling within the terminal category, "9 or more." (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Comparability**—Data on rooms have been collected since 1940. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, these data are shown for all housing units.

## SECOND OR JUNIOR MORTGAGE PAYMENT

The data on second or junior mortgage payments were obtained from questionnaire items H24a and H24b, which were asked at owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. Question H24a asks whether a second or junior mortgage or a home equity loan exists on the property. Question H24b provides the regular monthly amount required to be paid to the lender on all second or junior mortgages and home equity loans. Amounts are included even if the payments are delinquent or paid by someone else. The amounts reported are included in the computation of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for units with a mortgage.

All mortgages other than first mortgages are classified as "junior" mortgages. A second mortgage is a junior mortgage that gives the lender a claim against the property that is second to the claim of the holder of the first mortgage. Any other junior mortgage(s) would be subordinate to the second mortgage. A home equity loan is a line of credit available to the borrower that is secured by real estate. It may be placed on a property that already has a first or second mortgage, or it may be placed on a property that is owned free and clear.

If the respondents answered that no first mortgage existed, but a second mortgage did (as in the above case with a home equity loan), a computer edit assigned the unit a first mortgage and made the first mortgage monthly payment the amount reported in the second mortgage. The second mortgage data were then made "No" in question H24a and blank in question H24b.

**Comparability**—The 1980 census obtained total regular monthly mortgage payments, including payments on second or junior mortgages, from one single question. Two questions were used in 1990: one for regular monthly payments on first mortgages, and one for regular monthly payments on second or junior mortgages and home equity loans.

## SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS

The data on selected monthly owner costs were obtained from questionnaire items H20 through H26 for a sample of owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, contracts to purchase, or similar debts on the property (including payments for the first mortgage, second or junior mortgages, and home equity loans); real estate taxes; fire, hazard, and flood insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.). It also includes, where appropriate, the monthly condominium fee for condominiums and mobile home costs (personal property taxes, site rent, registration fees, and license fees) for mobile homes.



In certain tabulations, selected monthly owner costs are presented separately for specified owner-occupied housing units (owner-occupied one-family houses on fewer than 10 acres without a business or medical office on the property), owner-occupied condominiums, and owner-occupied mobile homes. Data usually are shown separately for units "with a mortgage" and for units "not mortgaged."

**Median Selected Monthly Owner Costs**—This measure is rounded to the nearest whole dollar.

**Comparability**—The components of selected monthly owner costs were collected for the first time in 1980. The 1990 tabulations of selected monthly owner costs for specified owner-occupied housing units are virtually identical to 1980, the primary difference was the amounts of the first and second mortgages were collected in separate questions in 1990, while the amounts were collected in a single question in 1980. The component parts of the item were tabulated for mobile homes and condominiums for the first time in 1990.

In 1980, costs for electricity and gas were collected as average monthly costs. In 1990, all utility and fuel costs were collected as yearly costs and divided by 12 to provide an average monthly cost.

### **SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989**

The information on selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1989 is the computed ratio of selected monthly owner costs to monthly household income in 1989. The ratio was computed separately for each unit and rounded to the nearest whole percentage. The data are tabulated separately for specified owner-occupied units, condominiums, and mobile homes.

Separate distributions are often shown for units "with a mortgage" and for units "not mortgaged." Units occupied by households reporting no income or a net loss in 1989 are included in the "not computed" category. (For more information, see the discussion under "Selected Monthly Owner Costs.")

**Comparability**—The components of selected monthly owner costs were collected for the first time in 1980. The tabulations of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for specified owner-occupied housing units are comparable to 1980.

### **SEWAGE DISPOSAL**

The data on sewage disposal were obtained from questionnaire item H16, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. Housing units are either connected to a public sewer, to a septic tank or cesspool, or they dispose

of sewage by other means. A public sewer may be operated by a government body or by a private organization. A housing unit is considered to be connected to a septic tank or cesspool when the unit is provided with an underground pit or tank for sewage disposal. The category, "Other means" includes housing units which dispose of sewage in some other way.

**Comparability**—Data on sewage disposal have been collected since 1940. In 1970 and 1980, data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, data are shown for all housing units.

### **SOURCE OF WATER**

The data on source of water were obtained from questionnaire item H15, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. Housing units may receive their water supply from a number of sources. A common source supplying water to five or more units is classified as a "Public system or private company." The water may be supplied by a city, county, water district, water company, etc., or it may be obtained from a well which supplies water to five or more housing units. If the water is supplied from a well serving four or fewer housing units, the units are classified as having water supplied by either an "Individual drilled well" or an "Individual dug well." Drilled wells or small diameter wells are usually less than 1-1/2 feet in diameter. Dug wells are usually larger than 1-1/2 feet wide and generally hand dug. The category, "Some other source" includes water obtained from springs, creeks, rivers, lakes, cisterns, etc.

**Comparability**—Data on source of water have been collected since 1940. In 1970 and 1980, data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, data are shown for all housing units.

### **TELEPHONE IN HOUSING UNIT**

The data on telephones were obtained from questionnaire item H12, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. A telephone must be inside the house or apartment for the unit to be classified as having a telephone. Units where the respondent uses a telephone located inside the building but not in the respondent's living quarters are classified as having no telephone.

**Comparability**—Data on telephones in 1980 are comparable to 1990. The 1960 and 1970 censuses collected data on telephone availability. A unit was classified as having a telephone available if there was a telephone number on which occupants of the unit could be reached. The telephone could have been in another unit, in a common hall, or outside the building.



## TENURE

The data for tenure were obtained from questionnaire item H4, which was asked at all occupied housing units. All occupied housing units are classified as either owner occupied or renter occupied.

**Owner Occupied**—A housing unit is owner occupied if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. The owner or co-owner must live in the unit and usually is the person listed in column 1 of the questionnaire. The unit is "Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan" if it is being purchased with a mortgage or some other debt arrangement such as a deed of trust, trust deed, contract to purchase, land contract, or purchase agreement. The unit is also considered owned with a mortgage if it is built on leased land and there is a mortgage on the unit.

A housing unit is "Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage)" if there is no mortgage or other similar debt on the house, apartment, or mobile home including units built on leased land if the unit is owned outright without a mortgage. Although owner-occupied units are divided between mortgaged and owned free and clear on the questionnaire, census data products containing 100-percent data show only total owner-occupied counts. More extensive mortgage information was collected on the long-form questionnaire and are shown in census products containing sample data. (For more information, see the discussion under "Mortgage Status.")

**Renter Occupied**—All occupied housing units which are not owner occupied, whether they are rented for cash rent or occupied without payment of cash rent, are classified as renter occupied. "No cash rent" units are separately identified in the rent tabulations. Such units are generally provided free by friends or relatives or in exchange for services such as resident manager, caretaker, minister, or tenant farmer. Housing units on military bases also are classified in the "No cash rent" category. "Rented for cash rent" includes units in continuing care, sometimes called life care arrangements. These arrangements usually involve a contract between one or more individuals and a health services provider guaranteeing the individual shelter, usually a house or apartment, and services, such as meals or transportation to shopping or recreation.

**Comparability**—Data on tenure have been collected since 1890. In 1970, the question on tenure also included a category for condominium and cooperative ownership. In 1980, condominium units and cooperatives were dropped from the tenure item, and since 1980, only condominium units are identified in a separate question.

For 1990, the response categories were expanded to allow the respondent to report whether the unit was owned with a mortgage or free and clear (without a mortgage). The distinction between units owned with a mortgage and units owned free and clear was added in 1990 to improve

the count of owner-occupied units. Research after the 1980 census indicated some respondents did not consider their units owned if they had a mortgage.

## UNITS IN STRUCTURE

The data on units in structure (also referred to as "type of structure") were obtained from questionnaire item H2, which was asked at all housing units. A structure is a separate building that either has open spaces on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In determining the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, are counted. Stores and office space are excluded.

The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings.

**1-Unit, Detached**—This is a 1-unit structure detached from any other house; that is, with open space on all four sides. Such structures are considered detached even if they have an adjoining shed or garage. A one-family house that contains a business is considered detached as long as the building has open space on all four sides. Mobile homes or trailers to which one or more permanent rooms have been added or built also are included.

**1-Unit, Attached**—This is a 1-unit structure that has one or more walls extending from ground to roof separating it from adjoining structures. In row houses (sometimes called townhouses), double houses, or houses attached to non-residential structures, each house is a separate, attached structure if the dividing or common wall goes from ground to roof.

**2 or More Units**—These are units in structures containing 2 or more housing units, further categorized as units in structures with 2, 3 or 4, 5 to 9, 10 to 19, 20 to 49, and 50 or more units.

**Mobile Home or Trailer**—Both occupied and vacant mobile homes to which no permanent rooms have been added are counted in this category. Mobile homes or trailers used only for business purposes or for extra sleeping space and mobile homes or trailers for sale on a dealer's lot, at the factory, or in storage are not counted in the housing inventory.

**Other**—This category is for any living quarters occupied as a housing unit that does not fit the previous categories. Examples that fit this category are houseboats, railroad cars, campers, and vans.

**Comparability**—Data on units in structure have been collected since 1940 and on mobile homes and trailers since 1950. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, these data are



shown for all housing units. In 1980, the data were collected on a sample basis. The category, "Boat, tent, van, etc." was replaced in 1990 by the category "Other." In some areas, the proportion of units classified as "Other" is far larger than the number of units that were classified as "Boat, tent, van, etc." in 1980.

## USUAL HOME ELSEWHERE

The data for usual home elsewhere are obtained from questionnaire item B, which was completed by census employees. A housing unit temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons with a usual residence elsewhere is classified as vacant. The occupants are classified as having a "Usual home elsewhere" and are counted at the address of their usual place of residence. Typical examples are people in a vacation home, persons renting living quarters temporarily for work, and migrant workers.

**Limitation of the Data**—Evidence from previous censuses suggests that in some areas enumerators marked units as "vacant—usual home elsewhere" when they should have marked "vacant—regular."

**Comparability**—Data for usual home elsewhere was tabulated for the first time in 1980.

## UTILITIES

The data on utility costs were obtained from questionnaire items H20a through H20d, which were asked of occupied housing units. These items were asked on a sample basis.

Questions H20a through H20d asked for the yearly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, water) and other fuels (oil, coal, wood, kerosene, etc.). For the tabulations, these yearly amounts are divided by 12 to derive the average monthly cost and are then included in the computation of "Gross Rent," "Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989," "Selected Monthly Owner Costs," and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989."

Costs are recorded if paid by or billed to occupants, a welfare agency, relatives, or friends. Costs that are paid by landlords, included in the rent payment, or included in condominium or cooperative fees are excluded.

**Limitation of the Data**—Research has shown that respondents tended to overstate their expenses for electricity and gas when compared to utility company records. There is some evidence that this overstatement is reduced when yearly costs are asked rather than monthly costs. Caution should be exercised in using these data for direct analysis because costs are not reported for certain kinds of units

such as renter-occupied units with all utilities included in the rent and owner-occupied condominium units with utilities included in the condominium fee.

**Comparability**—The data on utility costs have been collected since 1980 for owner-occupied housing units, and since 1940 for renter-occupied housing units. In 1980, costs for electricity and gas were collected as average monthly costs. In 1990, all utility and fuel costs were collected as yearly costs and divided by 12 to provide an average monthly cost.

## VACANCY STATUS

The data on vacancy status were obtained from questionnaire item C1, which was completed by census enumerators. Vacancy status and other characteristics of vacant units were determined by enumerators obtaining information from landlords, owners, neighbors, rental agents, and others. Vacant units are subdivided according to their housing market classification as follows:

*For Rent*—These are vacant units offered "for rent," and vacant units offered either "for rent" or "for sale."

*For Sale Only*—These are vacant units being offered "for sale only," including units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "for sale only."

*Rented or Sold, Not Occupied*—If any money rent has been paid or agreed upon but the new renter has not moved in as of the date of enumeration, or if the unit has recently been sold but the new owner has not yet moved in, the vacant unit is classified as "rented or sold, not occupied."

*For Seasonal, Recreational, or Occasional Use*—These are vacant units used or intended for use only in certain seasons or for weekend or other occasional use throughout the year.

Seasonal units include those used for summer or winter sports or recreation, such as beach cottages and hunting cabins. Seasonal units also may include quarters for such workers as herders and loggers. Interval ownership units, sometimes called shared-ownership or time-sharing condominiums, also are included here.

*For Migrant Workers*—These include vacant units intended for occupancy by migratory workers employed in farm work during the crop season. (Work in a cannery, a freezer plant, or a food-processing plant is not farm work.)

*Other Vacant*—If a vacant unit does not fall into any of the classifications specified above, it is classified as "other vacant." For example, this category includes units held for occupancy by a caretaker or janitor, and units held for personal reasons of the owner.



**Homeowner Vacancy Rate**—This is the percentage relationship between the number of vacant units for sale and the total homeowner inventory. It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units for sale only by the sum of the owner-occupied units and the number of vacant units that are for sale only.

**Rental Vacancy Rate**—This is the percentage relationship of the number of vacant units for rent to the total rental inventory. It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units for rent by the sum of the renter-occupied units and the number of vacant units for rent.

**Comparability**—Data on vacancy status have been collected since 1940. For 1990, the category, "seasonal/recreational/occasional use" combined vacant units classified in 1980 as "seasonal or migratory" and "held for occasional use." Also, in 1970 and 1980, housing characteristics generally were presented only for year-round units. In 1990, housing characteristics are shown for all housing units.

## VALUE

The data on value (also referred to as "price asked" for vacant units) were obtained from questionnaire item H6, which was asked at housing units that were owned, being bought, or vacant for sale at the time of enumeration. Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot, mobile home and lot, or condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale. If the house or mobile home was owned or being bought, but the land on which it sits was not, the respondent was asked to estimate the combined value of the house or mobile home and the land. For vacant units, value was the price asked for the property.

Value was tabulated separately for all owner-occupied and vacant-for-sale housing units, owner-occupied and vacant-for-sale mobile homes or trailers, and specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale housing units. Specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale housing units include only one-family houses on fewer than 10 acres without a business or medical office on the property. The data for "specified units" exclude mobile homes, houses with a business or medical office, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings.

**Median and Quartile Value**—The median divides the value distribution into two equal parts. Quartiles divide the value distribution into four equal parts. These measures are rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information on medians and quartiles, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Aggregate Value**—To calculate aggregate value, the amount assigned for the category "Less than \$10,000" is \$9,000. The amount assigned to the category "\$500,000 or more"

is \$600,000. Mean value is rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Comparability**—In 1980, value was asked only at owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale one-family houses on fewer than 10 acres with no business or medical office on the property and at all owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale condominium housing units. Mobile homes were excluded. Value data were presented for specified owner-occupied housing units, specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units, and owner-occupied condominium housing units.

In 1990, the question was asked at all owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale-only housing units with no exclusions. Data presented for specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units will include one-family condominium houses but not condominiums in multi-unit structures since condominium units are now identified only in long-form questionnaires.

For 1990, quartiles have been added because the range of values and rents in the United States has increased in recent years. Upper and lower quartiles can be used to note large value and rent differences among various geographic areas.

## VEHICLES AVAILABLE

The data on vehicles available were obtained from questionnaire item H13, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. These data show the number of households with a specified number of passenger cars, vans, and pickup or panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less kept at home and available for the use of household members. Vehicles rented or leased for one month or more, company vehicles, and police and government vehicles are included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled or immobile vehicles are excluded. Vehicles kept at home but used only for business purposes also are excluded.

**Vehicles Per Household**—This is computed by dividing aggregate vehicles available by the number of occupied housing units.

**Limitation of the Data**—The 1980 census evaluations showed that the number of automobiles was slightly overreported; the number of vans and trucks slightly underreported. The statistics do not measure the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles.

**Comparability**—Data on automobiles available were collected from 1960 to 1980. In 1980, a separate question also was asked on the number of trucks and vans. The data on automobiles and trucks and vans were presented



separately and also as a combined vehicles available tabulation. The 1990 data are comparable to the 1980 vehicles available tabulations.

## YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT

The data on year householder moved into unit were obtained from questionnaire item H8, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. These data refer to the year of the latest move by the householder. If a householder moved back into a housing unit he or she previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another within the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year that the householder moved in is not necessarily the same year other members of the household moved, although in the great majority of cases an entire household moves at the same time.

**Comparability**—In 1960 and 1970, this question was asked of every person and included in population reports. This item in housing tabulations refers to the year the householder moved in. In 1980 and 1990, the question was asked only of the householder.

## YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT

The data on year structure built were obtained from questionnaire item H17, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. Data on year structure built refer to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For housing units under construction that met the housing unit definition—that is, all exterior windows, doors, and final usable floors were in place—the category “1989 or March 1990” was used. For a houseboat or a mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer’s model year was assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in census data products relate to the number of units built during the specified periods that were still in existence at the time of enumeration.

**Median Year Structure Built**—The median divides the distribution into two equal parts. The median is rounded to the nearest calendar year. Median age of housing can be obtained by subtracting median year structure built from 1990. For example, if the median year structure built is 1957, the median age of housing in that area is 33 years (1990 minus 1957).

**Limitation of the Data**—Data on year structure built are more susceptible to errors of response and nonreporting than data on many other items because respondents must rely on their memory or on estimates by persons who have

lived in the neighborhood a long time. Available evidence indicates there is underreporting in the older-year-structure-built categories, especially “Built in 1939 or earlier.” The introduction of the “Don’t know” category (see the discussion on “Comparability”) may have resulted in relatively higher allocation rates. Data users should refer to the discussion in Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data, and to the allocation tables.

**Comparability**—Data on year structure built were collected for the first time in the 1940 census. Since then, the response categories have been modified to accommodate the 10-year period between each census. In 1990, the category, “Don’t Know,” was added in an effort to minimize the response error mentioned in the paragraph above on limitation of the data.

## DERIVED MEASURES

Census data products include various derived measures, such as medians, means, and percentages, as well as certain rates and ratios. Derived measures that round to less than 0.1 are not shown but indicated as zero. In printed reports, zero is indicated by a dash (-).

### Interpolation

Interpolation frequently is used in calculating medians or quartiles based on interval data and in approximating standard errors from tables. Linear interpolation is used to estimate values of a function between two known values. “Pareto interpolation” is an alternative to linear interpolation. It is used by the Census Bureau in calculating median income within intervals wider than \$2,500. In Pareto interpolation, the median is derived by interpolating between the logarithms of the upper and lower income limits of the median category.

### Mean

This measure represents an arithmetic average of a set of values. It is derived by dividing the sum of a group of numerical items (or aggregate) by the total number of items. Aggregates are used in computing mean values. For example, mean family income is obtained by dividing the aggregate of all income reported by persons in families by the total number of families. (Additional information on means and aggregates is included in the separate explanations of many population and housing subjects.)

### Median

This measure represents the middle value in a distribution. The median divides the total frequency into two equal parts: one-half of the cases fall below the median and one-half of the cases exceed the median. The median is



computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in specific census publications and other data products.

In reports, if the median falls within the upper interval of the tabulation distribution, the median is shown as the initial value of the interval followed by a plus sign (+); if within the lower interval, the median is shown as the upper value of the category followed by a minus sign (-). For summary tape files, if the median falls within the upper or lower interval, it is set to a specified value. (Additional information on medians is included in the separate explanations of many population and housing subjects.)

### **Percentages, Rates, and Ratios**

These measures are frequently presented in census products to compare two numbers or two sets of measurements. These comparisons are made in two ways: (1)

subtraction, which provides an absolute measure of the difference between two items, and (2) the quotient of two numbers, which provides a relative measure of difference.

### **Quartile**

This measure divides a distribution into four equal parts. The first quartile (or lower quartile) is the value that defines the upper limit of the lowest one-quarter of the cases. The second quartile is the median. The third quartile (or upper quartile) defines the lower limit of the upper one-quarter of the cases in the distribution. The difference between the upper and lower quartiles is called the interquartile range. This interquartile range is less affected by wide variations than is the mean. Quartiles are presented for certain financial characteristics such as housing value and rent.

# APPENDIX C.

## Accuracy of the Data

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### INTRODUCTION

The data contained in this data product are based on the 1990 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have been obtained from a complete count. Estimates derived from a sample are expected to be different from the 100-percent figures because they are subject to sampling and nonsampling errors. Sampling error in data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. Nonsampling error affects both sample and 100-percent data, and is introduced as a result of errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. Provided below is a detailed discussion of both types of errors and a description of the estimation procedures.

### SAMPLE DESIGN

Every person and housing unit in the United States was asked certain basic demographic and housing questions (for example, race, age, marital status, housing value, or rent). A sample of these persons and housing units was asked more detailed questions about such items as income, occupation, and housing costs in addition to the basic demographic and housing information. The primary sampling unit for the 1990 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Persons in group quarters were sampled at a 1-in-6 rate.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. Approximately 95 percent of the population was enumerated by the mailback procedure. In these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list, which was updated by the United States Postal Service and Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized and the appropriate units were electronically designated as sample units. The questionnaires were either mailed or hand-delivered to the addresses with instructions to complete and mail back the form.

Housing units in governmental units with a precensus (1988) estimated population of fewer than 2,500 persons were sampled at 1-in-2. Governmental units were defined for sampling purposes as all incorporated places, all counties, all county equivalents such as parishes in Louisiana, and all minor civil divisions in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin. Housing units in census tracts and block numbering areas (BNA's) with a precensus housing unit count below 2,000 housing units were sampled at 1-in-6 for those portions not in small governmental units (governmental units with a population less than 2,500). Housing units within census tracts and BNA's with 2,000 or more housing units were sampled at 1-in-8 for those portions not in small governmental units.

In list/enumerate areas (about 5 percent of the population), each enumerator was given a blank address register with designated sample lines. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator systematically canvassed an assigned area and listed all housing units in the address register in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit listed on a designated sample line, were collected. For all governmental units with fewer than 2,500 persons in list/enumerate areas, a 1-in-2 sampling rate was used. All other list/enumerate areas were sampled at 1-in-6.

Housing units in American Indian reservations, tribal jurisdiction statistical areas, and Alaska Native villages were sampled according to the same criteria as other governmental units, except the sampling rates were based on the size of the American Indian and Alaska Native population in those areas as measured in the 1980 census. Trust lands were sampled at the same rate as their associated American Indian reservations. Census designated places in Hawaii were sampled at the same rate as governmental units because the Census Bureau does not recognize incorporated places in Hawaii.

The purpose of using variable sampling rates was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas and decrease respondent burden in more densely populated areas while maintaining data reliability. When all sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately one out of every six housing units in the Nation was included in the 1990 census sample.

### CONFIDENTIALITY OF THE DATA

To maintain the confidentiality required by law (Title 13, United States Code), the Bureau of the Census applies a confidentiality edit to the 1990 census data to assure that



published data do not disclose information about specific individuals, households, or housing units. As a result, a small amount of uncertainty is introduced into the estimates of census characteristics. The sample itself provides adequate protection for most areas for which sample data are published since the resulting data are estimates of the actual counts; however, small areas require more protection. The edit is controlled so that the basic structure of the data is preserved.

The confidentiality edit is implemented by selecting a small subset of individual households from the internal sample data files and blanking a subset of the data items on these household records. Responses to those data items were then imputed using the same imputation procedures that were used for nonresponse. A larger subset of households is selected for the confidentiality edit for small areas to provide greater protection for these areas. The editing process is implemented in such a way that the quality and usefulness of the data were preserved.

## ERRORS IN THE DATA

Since statistics in this data product are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from 100-percent figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The sample estimate also would differ from other samples of housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a sample estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from all the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. Described below is the method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this product.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and 100-percent data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during any of the various complex operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one

direction will make both sample and 100-percent data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to under-report their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will tend to be understated for the higher income categories and overstated for the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

## Calculation of Standard Errors

**Totals and Percentages**—Tables A through C in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this data product. To calculate the standard error, it is necessary to know the basic standard error for the characteristic (given in table A or B) that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, households, or housing units) and estimation technique; the design factor for the particular characteristic estimated (given in table C); and the number of persons or housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in the sample. For machine-readable products, the percent-in-sample is included in a data matrix on the file for each tabulation area. In printed reports, the percent-in-sample is provided in data tables at the end of the statistical tables that compose the report. The design factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1990 census. Tape purchasers will receive table C, the table of design factors, as a supplement to the technical documentation. Table C is included in this appendix for printed reports.

The steps given below should be used to calculate the standard error of an estimate of a total or a percentage contained in this product. A percentage is defined here as a ratio of a numerator to a denominator where the numerator is a subset of the denominator. For example, the proportion of Black teachers is the ratio of Black teachers to all teachers.

1. Obtain the standard error from table A or B (or use the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
2. Find the geographic area to which the estimate applies in the appropriate percent-in-sample table or appropriate matrix, and obtain the person or housing unit "percent-in-sample" figure for this area. Use the person "percent-in-sample" figure for person and family characteristics. Use the housing unit "percent-in-sample" figure for housing unit characteristics.
3. Use table C to obtain the design factor for the characteristic (for example, employment status, school enrollment) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the basic standard error by this factor.

The unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages will approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or



estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. Nevertheless, these estimated totals and percentages still are subject to sampling and nonsampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate. For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the basic standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use a basic standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in the section entitled "Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors."

**Sums and Differences**—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to sums of and differences between two sample estimates. To estimate the standard error of a sum or difference, the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

1. For the sum of or difference between a sample estimate and a 100-percent value, use the standard error of the sample estimate. The complete count value is not subject to sampling error.
2. For the sum of or difference between two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors:

$SE_{\hat{X}}$  and  $SE_{\hat{Y}}$  of estimates  $\hat{X}$  and  $\hat{Y}$ :

$$SE_{(\hat{X} + \hat{Y})} = SE_{(\hat{X} - \hat{Y})} = \sqrt{(SE_{\hat{X}})^2 + (SE_{\hat{Y}})^2}$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or from a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1990 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this appendix.

3. For the differences between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest. For example, to determine the estimate of non-Black teachers, one may subtract the estimate of Black teachers from the estimate of total teachers. To determine the standard error of the estimate of non-Black teachers apply the above formula directly.

**Ratios**—Frequently, the statistic of interest is the ratio of two variables, where the numerator is not a subset of the

denominator. For example, the ratio of teachers to students in public elementary schools. The standard error of the ratio between two sample estimates is estimated as follows:

1. If the ratio is a proportion, then follow the procedure outlined for "Totals and Percentages."
2. If the ratio is not a proportion, then approximate the standard error using the formula below.

$$SE_{(\hat{X} / \hat{Y})} = \frac{\hat{X}}{\hat{Y}} \sqrt{\frac{(SE_{\hat{X}})^2}{\hat{X}^2} + \frac{(SE_{\hat{Y}})^2}{\hat{Y}^2}}$$

**Medians**—For the standard error of the median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as  $N/2$ ). Treat  $N/2$  as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above. Compute the desired confidence interval about  $N/2$ . Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about  $N/2$ . By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, continue cumulating frequencies until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about  $N/2$ . Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

When interpolation is required in the upper open-ended interval of a distribution to obtain a confidence bound, use 1.5 times the lower limit of the open-ended confidence interval as the upper limit of the open-ended interval.

## Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1990 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples;



2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.645 times the estimated standard error below the estimate to 1.645 times the estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.
3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent, 90 percent, and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus, we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability of confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the 100-percent value).

Confidence intervals also may be constructed for the ratio, sum of, or difference between two sample figures. This is done by first computing the ratio, sum, or difference, then obtaining the standard error of the ratio, sum, or difference (using the formulas given earlier), and finally forming a confidence interval for this estimated ratio, sum, or difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the ratio, sum, or difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this appendix do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. The standard errors reflect the effect of simple response variance, but not the effect of correlated errors introduced by enumerators, coders, or other field or processing personnel. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68, 90, or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this data product based on the estimated standard errors.

A standard sampling theory text should be helpful if the user needs more information about confidence intervals and nonsampling errors.

## Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

The following is a hypothetical example of how to compute a standard error of a total and a percentage. Suppose a particular data table shows that for City A 9,948 persons out of all 15,888 persons age 16 years and over were in the civilian labor force. The percent-in-sample

table lists City A with a percent-in-sample of 16.0 percent (Persons column). The column in table C which includes 16.0 percent-in-sample shows the design factor to be 1.1 for "Employment status."

The basic standard error for the estimated total 9,948 may be obtained from table A or from the formula given below table A. In order to avoid interpolation, the use of the formula will be demonstrated here. Suppose that the total population of City A was 21,220. The formula for the basic standard error, SE, is

$$SE(9,948) = \sqrt{5(9,948) (1 - 9,948 / 21,220)}$$

$$= 163 \text{ persons.}$$

The standard error of the estimated 9,948 persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force is found by multiplying the basic standard error 163 by the design factor, 1.1 from table C. This yields an estimated standard error of 179 for the total number of persons 16 years and over in City A who were in the civilian labor force.

The estimated percent of persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force in City A is 62.6. From table B, the unadjusted standard error is found to be approximately 0.85 percentage points. The standard error for the estimated 62.6 percent of persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force is  $0.85 \times 1.1 = 0.94$  percentage points.

A note of caution concerning numerical values is necessary. Standard errors of percentages derived in this manner are approximate. Calculations can be expressed to several decimal places, but to do so would indicate more precision in the data than is justifiable. Final results should contain no more than two decimal places when the estimated standard error is one percentage point (i.e., 1.00) or more.

In the previous example, the standard error of the 9,948 persons 16 years and over in City A who were in the civilian labor force was found to be 179. Thus, a 90 percent confidence interval for this estimated total is found to be:

$$[9,948 - 1.645(179)] \text{ to } [9,948 + 1.645(179)]$$

or

$$9,654 \text{ to } 10,242$$

One can say, with about 90 percent confidence, that this interval includes the value that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The following is an illustration of the calculation of standard errors and confidence intervals when a difference between two sample estimates is obtained. For example, suppose the number of persons in City B age 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force was 9,314 and the total number of persons 16 years and over was 16,666. Further suppose the population of City B was 25,225. Thus, the estimated percentage of persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force is 55.9 percent. The unadjusted standard error determined using the formula provided at the bottom of table B is 0.86



percentage points. We find that City B had a percent-in-sample of 15.7. The range which includes 15.7 percent-in-sample in table C shows the design factor to be 1.1 for "Employment Status." Thus, the approximate standard error of the percentage (55.9 percent) is  $0.86 \times 1.1 = 0.95$  percentage points.

Now suppose that one wished to obtain the standard error of the difference between City A and City B of the percentages of persons who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force. The difference in the percentages of interest for the two cities is:

$$62.6 - 55.9 = 6.7 \text{ percent.}$$

Using the results of the previous example:

$$\begin{aligned} SE(6.7) &= \sqrt{(SE(62.6))^2 + (SE(55.9))^2} = \sqrt{(0.94)^2 + (0.95)^2} \\ &= 1.34 \text{ percentage points} \end{aligned}$$

The 90 percent confidence interval for the difference is formed as before:

$$\begin{aligned} [6.70 - 1.645(1.34)] \text{ to } [6.70 + 1.645(1.34)] \\ \text{or} \\ 4.50 \text{ to } 8.90 \end{aligned}$$

One can say with 90 percent confidence that the interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

For reasonably large samples, ratio estimates are normally distributed, particularly for the census population. Therefore, if we can calculate the standard error of a ratio estimate then we can form a confidence interval around the ratio. Suppose that one wished to obtain the standard error of the ratio of the estimate of persons who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force in City A to the estimate of persons who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force in City B. The ratio of the two estimates of interest is:

$$\begin{aligned} 9948/9314 &= 1.07 \\ SE(1.07) &= \left(\frac{9948}{9314}\right) \sqrt{\frac{179^2}{(9948)^2} + \frac{188^2}{(9314)^2}} \\ &= .029 \end{aligned}$$

Using the results above, the 90 percent confidence interval for this ratio would be:

$$\begin{aligned} [1.07 - 1.645(.029)] \text{ to } [1.07 + 1.645(.029)] \\ \text{or} \\ 1.02 \text{ to } 1.12 \end{aligned}$$

### ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure (iterative proportional fitting) resulting in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For

any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units possessing the characteristic in the tabulation area. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weight assigned to the family member designated as householder. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value 6, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with the weight of 6. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights varying from person to person or housing unit to housing unit. The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas generally were formed of contiguous geographic units which agreed closely with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons: Weighting areas never crossed State or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count below 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in four stages. For persons, the first stage applied 17 household-type groups. The second stage used two groups: sampling rate of 1-in-2; sampling rate less than 1-in-2. The third stage used the dichotomy householders/nonhouseholders. The fourth stage applied 180 aggregate age-sex-race-Hispanic origin categories. The stages were as follows:

### PERSONS

#### STAGE I: TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD

Group	Persons in Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing unit
	Persons in Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18
6-10	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit
	Persons in All Other Housing Units
11	1 person in housing unit
12-16	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit
	Persons in Group Quarters
17	Persons in Group Quarters

#### STAGE II: SAMPLING RATES

1	Sampling rate of 1-in-2
2	Sampling rate less than 1-in-2



### STAGE III: HOUSEHOLDER/NONHOUSEHOLDER

1	Householder
2	Nonhouseholder

### STAGE IV: AGE/SEX/RACE/HISPANIC ORIGIN

Group	White
	Persons of Hispanic Origin
	Male
1	0 to 4 years
2	5 to 14 years
3	15 to 19 years
4	20 to 24 years
5	25 to 34 years
6	35 to 54 years
7	55 to 64 years
8	65 to 74 years
9	75 years and over
	Female
10-18	Same age categories as groups 1 through 9.
	Persons Not of Hispanic Origin
19-36	Same sex and age categories as groups 1 through 18.
	Black
37-72	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin categories as groups 1 through 36.
	Asian or Pacific Islander
73-108	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin categories as groups 1 through 36.
	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut
109-144	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin categories as groups 1 through 36.
	Other Race (includes those races not listed above)
145-180	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin categories as groups 1 through 36.

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign an initial weight to each sample person record. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure, prior to iterative proportional fitting, was to combine categories in each of the four estimation stages, when needed to increase the reliability of the ratio estimation procedure. For each stage, any group that did not meet certain criteria for the unweighted sample count or for the ratio of the 100-percent to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the fourth stage, an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each race/Hispanic origin category was applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent four stages of ratio adjustment applying the grouping procedures described above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight.

In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Next, at stage III, the stage II weights were adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. Finally, at stage IV, the stage III weights were adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage III weights for sample persons in each stage IV group. The four stages of ratio adjustment were performed two times (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage IV were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight of the persons in a particular group was 7.25 then 1/4 of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8, while the remaining 3/4 received a weight of 7.

The ratio estimation procedure for housing units was essentially the same as that for persons, except that vacant units were treated differently. The occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in four stages, and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in a single stage. The first stage for occupied housing units applied 16 household type categories, while the second stage used the two sampling categories described above for persons. The third stage applied three units-in-structure categories; i.e. single units, multi-unit less than 10 and multi-unit 10 or more. The fourth stage could potentially use 200 tenure-race-Hispanic origin-value/rent groups. The stages for ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

### OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

#### STAGE I: TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD

Group	Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing unit
	Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18
6-10	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit

## STAGE I: TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD—Con.

	All Other Housing Units
11	1 person in housing unit
12-16	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit

## STAGE II: SAMPLING RATE CATEGORY

1	Sampling rate of 1-in-2
2	Sampling rate less than 1-in-2

## STAGE III: UNITS IN STRUCTURE

1	Single unit structure
2	Multi-unit structure consisting of fewer than 10 individual units
3	Multi-unit structure consisting of 10 or more individual units

## STAGE IV: TENURE/RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER/VALUE OR RENT

Group	Owner
	White Householder
	Householder of Hispanic Origin
	Value
1	Less than \$20,000
2	\$20,000 to \$39,999
3	\$40,000 to \$59,999
4	\$60,000 to \$79,999
5	\$80,000 to \$99,999
6	\$100,000 to \$149,999
7	\$150,000 to \$249,999
8	\$250,000 to \$299,999
9	\$300,000 or more
10	Other <sup>1</sup>
	Householder Not of Hispanic Origin
11-20	Same value categories as groups 1 through 10
	Black Householder
21-40	Same Hispanic origin/value categories as groups 1 through 20
	Asian or Pacific Islander Householder
41-60	Same Hispanic origin/value categories as groups 1 through 20
	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder
61-80	Same Hispanic origin/value categories as groups 1 through 20
	Householder of Other Race
81-100	Same Hispanic origin/value categories as groups 1 through 20

<sup>1</sup>Value of units in this category results from other factors besides housing value alone, for example, inclusion of more than 10 acres of land, or presence of a business establishment on the premises.

## Renter

White Householder  
Householder of Hispanic origin  
Rent

101	Less than \$100
102	\$100 to \$199
103	\$200 to \$299
104	\$300 to \$399
105	\$400 to \$499
106	\$500 to \$599
107	\$600 to \$749
108	\$750 to \$999
109	\$1,000 or more
110	No cash rent

Householder Not of Hispanic Origin  
Same rent categories as groups 101 through 110

121-140  
Black Householder  
Same Hispanic origin/rent categories as groups 101 through 120

141-160  
Asian or Pacific Islander Householder  
Same Hispanic origin/rent categories as groups 101 through 120

161-180  
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder  
Same Hispanic origin/rent categories as groups 101 through 120

181-200  
Householder of Other Race  
Same Hispanic origin/rent categories as groups 101 through 120

## Vacant Housing Units

1	Vacant for rent
2	Vacant for sale
3	Other vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and if the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial, unadjusted weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.



## Control of Nonsampling Error

As mentioned earlier, both sample and 100-percent data are subject to nonsampling error. This component of error could introduce serious bias into the data, and the total error could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the decennial census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. Described below are the primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions actually were carried out during the census. As part of the 1990 census evaluation program, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

**Undercoverage**—It is possible for some households or persons to be missed entirely by the census. The undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data.

Several coverage improvement programs were implemented during the development of the census address list and census enumeration and processing to minimize undercoverage of the population and housing units. These programs were developed based on experience from the 1980 census and results from the 1990 census testing cycle. In developing and updating the census address list, the Census Bureau used a variety of specialized procedures in different parts of the country.

- In the large urban areas, the Census Bureau purchased and geocoded address lists. Concurrent with geocoding, the United States Postal Service (USPS) reviewed and updated this list. After the postal check, census enumerators conducted a dependent canvass and update operation. In the fall of 1989, local officials were given the opportunity to examine block counts of address listings (local review) and identify possible errors. Prior to mailout, the USPS conducted a final review.
- In small cities, suburban areas, and selected rural parts of the country, the Census Bureau created the address list through a listing operation. The USPS reviewed and updated this list, and the Census Bureau reconciled USPS corrections and updated through a field operation. In the fall of 1989, local officials participated in reviewing block counts of address listings. Prior to mailout, the USPS conducted a final review.
- The Census Bureau (rather than the USPS) conducted a listing operation in the fall of 1989 and delivered census questionnaires in selected rural and seasonal housing areas in March of 1990. In some inner-city public housing developments, whose addresses had been obtained via the purchased address list noted above, census questionnaires were also delivered by Census Bureau enumerators.

Coverage improvement programs continued during and after mailout. A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent improved further the coverage of persons and housing units. All local officials were given the opportunity to participate in a post-census local review, and census enumerators conducted an additional canvass. In addition, efforts were made to improve the coverage of unique population groups, such as the homeless and parolees/probationers. Computer and clerical edits and telephone and personal visit followup also contributed to improved coverage.

More extensive discussion of the programs implemented to improve coverage will be published by the Census Bureau when the evaluation of the coverage improvement program is completed.

**Respondent and Enumerator Error**—The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error, although the questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests, and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each household. In addition, respondents' answers were edited for completeness and consistency, and problems were followed up as necessary.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect data for households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was monitored carefully. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages that included hands-on experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse were reinterviewed to control for the possibility of data for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

**Processing Error**—The many phases involved in processing the census data represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

**Nonresponse**—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any imputation procedure using respondent data may not completely



reflect this difference either at the elemental level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was reduced substantially during the field operations by the various edit and followup operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were imputed by the computer by using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics.

## **EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA**

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of data that describes the population as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, questionnaires were edited during field data collection operations for consistency, completeness, and acceptability. Questionnaires also were reviewed by census clerks for omissions, certain specific inconsistencies, and population coverage. For example, write-in entries such as "Don't know" or "NA" were considered unacceptable. For some district offices, the initial edit was automated; however, for the majority of the district offices, it was performed by clerks. As a result of this operation, a telephone or personal visit followup was made to obtain missing information. Potential coverage errors were included in the followup, as well as a sample of questionnaires with omissions and/or inconsistencies.

Subsequent to field operations, remaining incomplete or inconsistent information on the questionnaires was assigned

using imputation procedures during the final automated edit of the collected data. Imputations, or computer assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries or blanks, are needed most often when an entry for a given item is lacking or when the information reported for a person or housing unit on that item is inconsistent with other information for that same person or housing unit. As in previous censuses, the general procedure for changing unacceptable entries was to assign an entry for a person or housing unit that was consistent with entries for persons or housing units with similar characteristics. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries enhances the usefulness of the data.

Another way in which corrections were made during the computer editing process was through substitution; that is, the assignment of a full set of characteristics for a person or housing unit. When there was an indication that a housing unit was occupied but the questionnaire contained no information for the people within the household or the occupants were not listed on the questionnaire, a previously accepted household was selected as a substitute, and the full set of characteristics for the substitute was duplicated. The assignment of the full set of housing characteristics occurred when there was no housing information available. If the housing unit was determined to be occupied, the housing characteristics were assigned from a previously processed occupied unit. If the housing unit was vacant, the housing characteristics were assigned from a previously processed vacant unit.



**Table A. Unadjusted Standard Error for Estimated Totals**

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Total <sup>1</sup>	Size of publication area <sup>1</sup>													
	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	10,000	25,000	50,000	100,000	250,000	500,000	1,000,000	5,000,000	10,000,000	25,000,000
50	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
100	20	21	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
250	25	30	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
500	-	35	45	45	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
1,000	-	-	55	65	65	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
2,500	-	-	-	80	95	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
5,000	-	-	-	-	110	140	150	150	160	160	160	160	160	160
10,000	-	-	-	-	-	170	200	210	220	220	220	220	220	220
15,000	-	-	-	-	-	170	230	250	270	270	270	270	270	270
25,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	310	340	350	350	350	350	350
75,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	310	510	570	590	610	610	610
100,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	550	630	670	700	700	710
250,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	790	970	1 090	1 100	1 100
500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 120	1 500	1 540	1 570
1,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 000	2 120	2 190
5,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 540	4 470
10,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 480

<sup>1</sup>For estimated totals larger than 10,000,000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

$$SE(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5 \hat{Y} \left(1 - \frac{\hat{Y}}{N}\right)}$$

N = Size of area

$\hat{Y}$  = Estimate of characteristic total

<sup>2</sup>The total count of persons in the area if the estimated total is a person characteristic, or the total count of housing units in the area if the estimated total is a housing unit characteristic.

**Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentage**

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage	Base of percentage <sup>1</sup>												
	500	750	1,000	1,500	2,500	5,000	7,500	10,000	25,000	50,000	100,000	250,000	500,000
2 or 98 .....	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5 or 95 .....	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
10 or 90 .....	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
15 or 85 .....	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
20 or 80 .....	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
25 or 75 .....	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
30 or 70 .....	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1
35 or 65 .....	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
50 .....	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2

<sup>1</sup>For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error. This table should only be used for proportions, that is, where the numerator is a subset of the denominator.

$$SE(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{B} \hat{p} (100 - \hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

$\hat{p}$  = Estimated percentage

**Table C. Standard Error Design Factors—Texas**

[Percent of persons or housing units in sample]

Characteristic	Less than 15 percent	15 to 30 percent	30 to 45 percent	45 percent or more
<b>POPULATION</b>				
Age.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Sex.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Race .....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Marital status .....	1.2	0.9	0.5	0.4
Household type and relationship .....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Children ever born .....	2.6	2.3	1.3	1.1
Work disability and mobility limitation status .....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Ancestry .....	2.4	1.9	1.1	0.8
Place of birth .....	2.2	2.0	1.1	0.9
Citizenship .....	1.8	1.5	0.8	0.7
Residence in 1985 .....	2.1	1.9	1.1	0.9
Year of entry .....	1.6	1.3	0.6	0.6
Language spoken at home and ability to speak English.....	1.6	1.4	0.8	0.6
Educational attainment.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
School enrollment.....	1.8	1.5	0.8	0.7
Type of residence (urban/rural).....	2.3	2.2	1.3	1.1
Household type .....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Family type.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Group quarters.....	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.7
Subfamily type and presence of children.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Employment status.....	1.3	1.0	0.6	0.5
Industry .....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Occupation.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Class of worker .....	1.5	1.2	0.7	0.6
Hours per week and weeks worked in 1989 .....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Number of workers in family.....	1.4	1.2	0.6	0.5
Place of work.....	1.5	1.2	0.7	0.6
Means of transportation to work .....	1.5	1.2	0.7	0.6
Travel time to work.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Private vehicle occupancy.....	1.5	1.2	0.7	0.6
Time leaving home to go to work .....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Type of income in 1989.....	1.4	1.2	0.6	0.5
Household income in 1989 .....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Family income in 1989.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Poverty status in 1989 (persons).....	1.8	1.5	0.8	0.7
Poverty status in 1989 (families) .....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Armed Forces and veteran status .....	1.5	1.2	0.7	0.6
<b>HOUSING</b>				
Age of householder .....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Race of householder .....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Hispanic origin of householder.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Type of residence (urban/rural).....	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.5
Condominium status.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Units in structure.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Tenure.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Occupancy status .....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Value .....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Gross rent.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Household income in 1989 .....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Year structure built.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Rooms, bedrooms.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Kitchen facilities .....	1.3	1.0	0.6	0.5
Source of water, plumbing facilities.....	1.4	1.2	0.6	0.5
Sewage disposal.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
House heating fuel .....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Telephone in housing unit.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Vehicles available .....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Year householder moved into structure .....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Mortgage status and monthly mortgage costs .....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs .....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1989 .....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Household income in 1989 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income .....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5





# APPENDIX D.

## Collection and Processing Procedures

### CONTENTS

Data Collection Procedures .....	D-2
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Processing Procedures .....	D-4

### ENUMERATION AND RESIDENCE RULES

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first United States census in 1790, each person was to be enumerated as an inhabitant of his or her "usual residence" in the 1990 census. Usual residence is the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time or considers to be his or her usual residence. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1, 1990).

#### Enumeration Rules

Each person whose usual residence was in the United States was to be included in the census, without regard to the person's legal status or citizenship. In a departure from earlier censuses, foreign diplomatic personnel participated voluntarily in the census, regardless of their residence on or off the premises of an embassy. As in previous censuses, persons in the United States specifically excluded from the census were foreign travelers who had not established a residence.

Americans with a usual residence outside the United States were not enumerated in the 1990 census. United States military and Federal civilian employees, and their dependents overseas, are included in the population counts for States for purposes of Congressional apportionment, but are excluded from all other tabulations for States and their subdivisions. The counts of United States military and Federal civilian employees, and their dependents, were obtained from administrative records maintained by Federal departments and agencies. Other Americans living overseas, such as employees of international agencies

and private businesses and students, were not enumerated, nor were their counts obtained from administrative sources. On the other hand, Americans temporarily overseas were to be enumerated at their usual residence in the United States.

#### Residence Rules

Each person included in the census was to be counted at his or her usual residence—the place where he or she lives and sleeps most of the time or the place where the person considers to be his or her usual home. If a person had no usual residence, the person was to be counted where he or she was staying on April 1, 1990.

Persons temporarily away from their usual residence, whether in the United States or overseas, on a vacation or on a business trip, were counted at their usual residence. Persons who occupied more than one residence during the year were counted at the one they considered to be their usual residence. Persons who moved on or near Census Day were counted at the place they considered to be their usual residence.

**Persons in the Armed Forces**—Members of the Armed Forces were counted as residents of the area in which the installation was located, either on the installation or in the surrounding community. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (for example, with the Armed Forces person or at another location).

Each Navy ship not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport. If the homeport included more than one municipality, ships berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Ships attributed to the homeport, but not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet, were assigned to the municipality named on the Department of the Navy's homeport list. These rules also apply to Coast Guard vessels.

Personnel assigned to each Navy and Coast Guard ship were given the opportunity to report a residence off the ship. Those who did report an off-ship residence in the communities surrounding the homeport were counted there; those who did not were counted as residents of the ship. Personnel on Navy ships deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day were considered to be part of the overseas population.



**Persons on Maritime Ships**—Persons aboard maritime ships who reported an off-ship residence were counted at that residence. Those who did not were counted as residents of the ship, and were attributed as follows:

1. The port where the ship was docked on Census Day, if that port was in the United States or its territories.
2. The port of departure if the ship was at sea, provided the port was in the United States or its territories.
3. The port of destination in the United States or its territories, if the port of departure of a ship at sea was a foreign port.
4. The overseas population if the ship was docked at a foreign port or at sea between foreign ports. (These persons were not included in the overseas population for apportionment purposes.)

**Persons Away at School**—College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since the 1950 census. Children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

**Persons in Institutions**—Persons under formally authorized, supervised care or custody, such as in Federal or State prisons; local jails; Federal detention centers; juvenile institutions; nursing, convalescent, and rest homes for the aged and dependent; or homes, schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically handicapped, mentally retarded, or mentally ill, were counted at these places.

**Persons Away From Their Usual Residence on Census Day**—Migrant agricultural workers who did not report a usual residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the place where they were on Census Day. Persons in worker camps who did not report a usual residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the camp where they were on Census Day.

In some parts of the country, natural disasters displaced significant numbers of households from their usual place of residence. If these persons reported a destroyed or damaged residence as their usual residence, they were counted at that location.

Persons away from their usual residence were counted by means of interviews with other members of their families, resident managers, or neighbors.

## DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1990 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. The questionnaire packet included general information about the 1990 census and an instruction guide explaining how to complete the questionnaire. Spanish-language questionnaires and instruction guides were available on request. Instruction guides also were available in 32 other languages.

## Enumeration of Housing Units

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire:

1. A short-form questionnaire that contained a limited number of basic population and housing questions; these questions were asked of all persons and housing units and are often referred to as 100-percent questions.
2. A long-form questionnaire that contained the 100-percent items and a number of additional questions; a sampling procedure was used to determine those housing units that were to receive the long-form questionnaire.

Three sampling rates were employed. For slightly more than one-half of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long-form or sample questionnaire. In functioning local governmental units (counties and incorporated places, and in some parts of the country, towns and townships) estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire in order to enhance the reliability of the sample data for these small areas. For census tracts and block numbering areas having more than 2,000 housing units in the Census Bureau's address files, one in every eight housing units (about 13 percent) received a sample questionnaire, providing reliable statistics for these areas while permitting the Census Bureau to stay within a limit of 17.7 million sample questionnaires, or a one-in-six sample, nationwide.

The mail-out/mail-back procedure was used mainly in cities, suburban areas, towns, and rural areas where mailing addresses consisted of a house number and street name. In these areas, the Census Bureau developed mailing lists that included about 88.4 million addresses. The questionnaires were delivered through the mail and respondents were to return them by mail. Census questionnaires were delivered 1 week before Census Day (April 1, 1990).

The update/leave/mail-back method was used mainly in densely populated rural areas where it was difficult to develop mailing lists because mailing addresses did *not* use house number and street name. The Census Bureau compiled lists of housing units in advance of the census. Enumerators delivered the questionnaires, asked respondents to return them by mail, and added housing units not on the mailing lists. This method was used mainly in the South and Midwest, and also included some high-rise, low-income urban areas. A variation of this method was used in urban areas having large numbers of boarded-up buildings. About 11 million housing units were enumerated using this method.

The list/enumerate method (formerly called conventional or door-to-door enumeration) was used mainly in very remote and sparsely-settled areas. The United States



Postal Service delivered unaddressed short-form questionnaires before Census Day. Starting a week before Census Day, enumerators canvassed these areas, checked that all housing units received a questionnaire, created a list of all housing units, completed long-form questionnaires, and picked up the completed short-form questionnaires. This method was used mainly in the West and Northeast to enumerate an estimated 6.5 million housing units.

## Followup

**Nonresponse Followup**—In areas where respondents were to mail back their questionnaires, an enumerator visited each address from which a questionnaire was not received.

**Coverage and Edit-Failure Followup**—In the mail-back areas, some households returned a questionnaire that did not meet specific quality standards because of incomplete or inconsistent information, or the respondent had indicated difficulty in deciding who was to be listed on the questionnaire. These households were contacted by telephone or by personal visit to obtain the missing information or to clarify who was to be enumerated in the household. In areas where an enumerator picked up the questionnaires, the enumerator checked the respondent-filled questionnaire for completeness and consistency.

## Special Enumeration Procedures

Special procedures and questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters, such as college dormitories, nursing homes, prisons, military barracks, and ships. The questionnaires (Individual Census Reports, Military Census Reports, and Shipboard Census Reports) included the 100-percent population questions but did not include any housing questions. In all group quarters, all persons were asked the basic population questions; in most group quarters, additional questions were asked of a sample (one-in-six) of persons.

## Shelter and Street Night (S-Night)

The Census Bureau collected data for various components of the homeless population at different stages in the 1990 census. "Shelter and Street Night" (S-Night) was a special census operation to count the population in four types of locations where homeless people are found. On the evening of March 20, 1990, and during the early morning hours of March 21, 1990, enumerators counted persons in pre-identified locations:

1. Emergency shelters for the homeless population (public and private; permanent and temporary).
2. Shelters with temporary lodging for runaway youths.
3. Shelters for abused women and their children.

4. Open locations in streets or other places not intended for habitation.

Emergency shelters include all hotels and motels costing \$12 or less (excluding taxes) per night regardless of whether persons living there considered themselves to be homeless, hotels and motels (regardless of cost) used entirely to shelter homeless persons, and pre-identified rooms in hotels and motels used for homeless persons and families. Enumeration in shelters usually occurred from 6 p.m. to midnight; street enumeration, from 2 a.m. to 4 a.m.; abandoned and boarded-up buildings from 4 a.m. to 8 a.m.; and shelters for abused women, from 6 p.m. on March 20 to noon on March 21.

Other components, which some consider as part of the homeless population, were enumerated as part of regular census operations. These include persons doubled up with other families, as well as persons with no other usual home living in transient sites, such as commercial campgrounds, maternity homes for unwed mothers, and drug/alcohol abuse detoxification centers. In institutions, such as local jails and mental hospitals, the Census Bureau does not know who has a usual home elsewhere; therefore, even though some are literally homeless, these persons cannot be identified separately as a component of the homeless population.

There is no generally agreed-upon definition of "the homeless," and there are limitations in the census count that prevent obtaining a total count of the homeless population under any definition. As such, the Census Bureau does not have a definition and will not provide a total count of "the homeless." Rather, the Census Bureau will provide counts and characteristics of persons found at the time of the census in *selected* types of living arrangements. These selected components can be used as building blocks to construct a count of homeless persons appropriate to particular purposes as long as the data limitations are taken into account.

In preparation for "Shelter-and-Street-Night" enumeration, the regional census centers (RCC's) mailed a certified letter (Form D-33 (L)) to the highest elected official of each active functioning government of the United States (more than 39,000) requesting them to identify:

1. All shelters with sleeping facilities (permanent and temporary, such as church basements, armories, public buildings, and so forth, that could be open on March 20).
2. Hotels and motels used to house homeless persons and families.
3. A list of outdoor locations where homeless persons tend to be at night.
4. Places such as bus or train stations, subway stations, airports, hospital emergency rooms, and so forth, where homeless persons seek shelter at night.



5. The specific addresses of abandoned or boarded-up buildings where homeless persons were thought to stay at night.

The letter from the RCC's to the governmental units emphasized the importance of listing night-time congregating sites. The list of shelters was expanded using information from administrative records and informed local sources. The street sites were limited to the list provided by the jurisdictions. All governmental units were eligible for "Shelter and Street Night." For cities with 50,000 or more persons, the Census Bureau took additional steps to update the list of shelter and street locations if the local jurisdiction did not respond to the certified letter. Smaller cities and rural areas participated if the local jurisdiction provided the Census Bureau a list of shelters or open public places to visit or if shelters were identified through our inventory development, local knowledge update, or during the Special Place Prelist operation.

The Census Bureau encouraged persons familiar with homeless persons and the homeless themselves to apply as enumerators. This recruiting effort was particularly successful in larger cities.

For shelters, both long- and short-form Individual Census Reports (ICR's) were distributed. For street enumeration, only short-form ICR's were used. Persons in shelters and at street locations were asked the basic population questions. Additional questions about social and economic characteristics were asked of a sample of persons in shelters only.

Enumerators were instructed *not* to ask who was homeless; rather, they were told to count all persons (including children) staying overnight at the shelters, and everyone they saw on the street except the police, other persons in uniform, and persons engaged in employment or obvious money-making activities other than begging and panhandling.

At both shelter and street sites, persons found sleeping were not awakened to answer questions. Rather, the enumerator answered the sex and race questions by observation and estimated the person's age to the best of his or her ability. In shelters, administrative records and information from the shelter operator were used, when available, for persons who were already asleep.

Less than 1 percent of shelters refused to participate in the census count at first. By the end of the census period, most of those eventually cooperated and the number of refusals had been reduced to a few. For the final refusals, head counts and population characteristics were obtained by enumerators standing outside such shelters and counting people as they left in the morning.

The "street" count was restricted to persons who were visible when the enumerator came to the open, public locations that had been identified by local jurisdictions. Homeless persons who were well hidden, moving about, or in locations other than those identified by the local governments were likely missed. The number missed will never be known and there is no basis to make an estimate

of the number missed from census data. The count of persons in open, public places was affected by many factors, including the extra efforts made to encourage people to go to shelters for "Shelter and Street Night," the weather (which was unusually cold in many parts of the country), the presence of the media, and distrust of the census. Expectations of the number of homeless persons on the street cannot be based on the number seen during the day because the night-time situation is normally very different as more homeless persons are in shelters or very well hidden.

For both "Shelter-and-Street-Night" locations, the Census Bureau assumed that the usual home of those enumerated was in the block where they were found (shelter or street).

The "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation replaced and expanded the 1980 Mission Night (M-Night) and Casual Count operations. These two operations were aimed at counting the population who reported having no usual residence. M-Night was conducted a week after Census Day, in April 1980. Enumerators visited hotels, motels, and similar places costing \$4 or less each night; missions, flophouses, local jails and similar places at which the average length of stay was 30 days or less; and nonshelter locations, such as bus depots, train stations, and all night movie theaters. Questions were asked of everyone, regardless of age. Enumerators conducted M-Night up to midnight on April 8, 1980, and returned the next morning to collect any forms completed after midnight.

The Casual Count operation was conducted in May 1980 at additional nonshelter locations, such as street corners, pool halls, welfare and employment offices. This operation lasted for approximately 2 weeks. Casual Count was conducted during the day only in selected large central cities. Only persons who appeared to be at least 15 years of age were asked if they had been previously enumerated. Casual Count was actually a coverage-improvement operation. It was not specifically an operation to count homeless persons living in the streets. Persons were excluded if they said they had a usual home outside the city because it was not cost effective to check through individual questionnaires in another city to try to find the person.

## PROCESSING PROCEDURES

Respondents returned many census questionnaires by mail to 1 of over 344 census district offices or to one of six processing offices. In these offices, the questionnaires were "checked in" and edited for completeness and consistency of the responses. After this initial processing had been performed, all questionnaires were sent to the processing offices.

In the processing offices, the household questionnaires were microfilmed and processed by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computers (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied

by the respondent was indicated by filling circles in pre-designated positions. FOSDIC electronically "read" these filled circles from the microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred the information to computer tape. The computer tape did not include individual names, addresses, or handwritten responses.

The data processing was performed in several stages. All questionnaires were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred to computer disk. Selected written entries in the race question on both the short and long forms were keyed from the microfilm and coded using the data base developed from the 1980 census and subsequent content and operational tests. Keying of other written entries on the long forms occurred in the seven processing offices.

The information (for example, income dollar amounts or homeowner shelter costs) on these keyed files was merged with the FOSDIC data or processed further through one of three automated coding programs. The codes for industry, occupation, place-of-birth, migration, place-of-work, ancestry, language, relationship, race, and Hispanic origin were merged with the FOSDIC data for editing, weighting, and tabulating operations at Census Bureau headquarters. All responses to the questions on Individual Census Reports (ICR's), Military Census Reports (MCR's), and Shipboard Census Reports (SCR's) were keyed, not processed by microfilm or FOSDIC.





# APPENDIX E.

## Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

### Your Guide for the

# 1990 U.S. Census Form

This guide gives helpful information on filling out your census form. If you need more help, call the local U.S. census office. **The telephone number is on the cover of the questionnaire.** After you have filled out your form, please return it in the **envelope** we have provided.

On the inside	Page
<b>How</b> to fill out your census form	<b>2</b>
<b>Example</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Your</b> answers are confidential	<b>2</b>
<b>Instructions</b> for the census questions	<b>3-11</b>
<b>What</b> the census is about	<b>12</b>
<b>Why</b> the census asks certain questions	<b>12</b>

CENSUS '90



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

D4



## How to Fill Out Your Census Form

Please use a black lead pencil only. Black lead pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens. Most questions ask you to fill in the circle, or to print the information. See **Example** below.

Make sure you print answers for everyone in this household. If someone in the household, such as a roomer or boarder, does not want to give you all the information for the form, print at least the person's name and answer questions 2 and 3. A census taker will call to get the other information directly from the person.

There may be a question you cannot answer exactly. For example, you might not know the age of an elderly person or the price for which your house would sell. Ask someone else in your household; if no one knows, give your best estimate.

Instructions for individual questions begin on page 3 of this guide. They will help you to understand the questions and answer them correctly.

If you have a question about filling out the census form or need assistance, call the local U.S. census office. **The telephone number is given on the cover of the questionnaire.**

If you do not mail back your census form, a census taker will be sent out to assist you. But it saves time and your taxpayer dollars if you fill out the form yourself and mail it back.

### Example

a. Age	b. Year of birth	a. Age	b. Year of birth
<input checked="" type="radio"/> 00 <input type="radio"/> 01 <input type="radio"/> 02 <input type="radio"/> 03 <input type="radio"/> 04 <input type="radio"/> 05 <input type="radio"/> 06 <input type="radio"/> 07 <input type="radio"/> 08 <input type="radio"/> 09 <input type="radio"/> 10 <input type="radio"/> 11 <input type="radio"/> 12 <input type="radio"/> 13 <input type="radio"/> 14 <input type="radio"/> 15 <input type="radio"/> 16 <input type="radio"/> 17 <input type="radio"/> 18 <input type="radio"/> 19 <input type="radio"/> 20 <input type="radio"/> 21 <input type="radio"/> 22 <input type="radio"/> 23 <input type="radio"/> 24 <input type="radio"/> 25 <input type="radio"/> 26 <input type="radio"/> 27 <input type="radio"/> 28 <input type="radio"/> 29 <input type="radio"/> 30 <input type="radio"/> 31 <input type="radio"/> 32 <input type="radio"/> 33 <input type="radio"/> 34 <input type="radio"/> 35 <input type="radio"/> 36 <input type="radio"/> 37 <input type="radio"/> 38 <input 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## Your Answers Are Confidential

The law authorizing the census (Title 13, U.S. Code) also provides that your answers are confidential. No one except census workers may see your completed form and they can be fined and/or imprisoned for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years can your individual census form become available to other government agencies (whether federal, state, county, or local). Until then, no other person or business can see your individual report.

The same law that protects the confidentiality of your answers requires that you provide the information asked in this census to the best of your knowledge.

Information collected from the decennial census is used for a variety of statistical purposes. Census information is used to find out where funding is most needed for schools, health centers, highways, and other services. Census results are used by members of public and private groups—including community organizations—and by businesses and industries, as well as by agencies at all levels of government.

## Instructions for Questions 1a through 7

- 1a. List everyone who lives at this address in question 1a. If you are not sure if you should list a person, see the rules on page 1 of the census form. If you are still not sure, answer as best you can and fill in "Yes" for question H1a or H1b, as appropriate.  
If there are more than seven people in your household, please list all the persons in question 1a, complete the form for seven people, and mail it back in the enclosed envelope. A census taker will call to obtain the information for the additional persons.
- b. If everyone listed in question 1a usually lives at another address(es), print the address(es) in 1b.
2. Fill one circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.  
If **Other relative** of the person in column 1, print the exact relationship such as son-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandparent, nephew, niece, mother-in-law, father-in-law, cousin, and so on.  
If the **Stepson/stepdaughter** of the person in column 1 also has been legally adopted by the person in column 1, mark **Stepson/stepdaughter** but do not mark **Natural-born or adopted son/daughter**. In other words, **Stepson/stepdaughter** takes precedence over **Adopted son/daughter**.
4. Fill ONE circle for the race each person considers himself/herself to be.  
If you fill the **Indian (Amer.)** circle, print the name of the tribe or tribes in which the person is enrolled. If the person is not enrolled in a tribe, print the name of the principal tribe(s).  
If you fill the **Other API** circle [under **Asian or Pacific Islander (API)**], **only** print the name of the group to which the person belongs. For example, the **Other API** category includes persons who identify as Burmese, Fijian, Hmong, Indonesian, Laotian, Bangladeshi, Pakistani, Tongan, Thai, Cambodian, Sri Lankan, and so on.  
If you fill the **Other race** circle, be sure to print the name of the race.  
If the person considers himself/herself to be **White, Black or Negro, Eskimo or Aleut**, fill one circle only. Please do not print the race in the boxes.

The **Black or Negro** category also includes persons who identify as African-American, Afro-American, Haitian, Jamaican, West Indian, Nigerian, and so on.

All persons, regardless of citizenship status, should answer this question.

5. Print age at last birthday in the space provided (print "00" for babies less than 1 year old). Fill in the matching circle below each box. Also, print year of birth in the space provided. Then fill in the matching circle below each box. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the **Example** on page 2 of this guide.
6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark **Never married**.
7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin if the person's origin (ancestry) is Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Argentinean, Colombian, Costa Rican, Dominican, Ecuadorian, Guatemalan, Honduran, Nicaraguan, Peruvian, Salvadoran, from other Spanish-speaking countries of the Caribbean or Central or South America, or from Spain.  
If you fill the **Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic** circle, print one group.  
A person who is not of Spanish/Hispanic origin should answer this question by filling the **No (not Spanish/Hispanic)** circle. Note that the term "**Mexican-Am.**" refers only to persons of Mexican origin or ancestry.

All persons, regardless of citizenship status, should answer this question.

## Instructions for Question H1a through H1b

- H1a. Refer to the list of persons you entered in question 1a on page 1. If you left anyone out of your list because you were not sure if the person(s) should be listed, answer question H1a as **Yes**. Then enter the name(s) and reason(s) why you did not list the person(s) on the lines provided. Otherwise, answer question H1a as **No**.
- b. If you included anyone on your list even though you were not sure that you should list the person(s), answer question H1b as **Yes**. Then enter the name(s) and reason(s) why you listed the person(s) on the lines provided. Otherwise, answer question H1b as **No**.



## Instructions for Questions H2 through H7b

### H2. Fill only one circle.

Count all occupied and vacant apartments in the house or building. Do not count stores or office space.

*Detached* means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. *Attached* means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall that goes from ground to roof. An example of **A one-family house attached to one or more houses** is a house in a row of houses attached to one another.

A mobile home or trailer that has had one or more rooms added or built onto it should be counted as a *one-family detached house*; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

### H3. Count only whole rooms in your house, apartment, or mobile home used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, foyers, halls, half-rooms, porches, balconies, unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other unfinished space used for storage.

### H4. Housing is owned if the owner or co-owner lives in it. Mark **Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan** if the house, apartment, or mobile home is mortgaged or there is a contract to purchase. Mark **Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage)** if there is no mortgage or other debt. If the house, apartment, or mobile home is owned but the land is rented, mark this question to show the status of the house, apartment, or mobile home.

Mark **Rented for cash rent** if any money rent is paid, even if the rent is paid by persons who are not members of your household, or by a federal, state, or local government agency.

Mark **Occupied without payment of cash rent** if the unit is not owned or being bought by the occupants and if money rent is not paid or contracted. The unit may be owned by friends or relatives who live elsewhere and who allow occupancy without charge. A house or apartment may be provided as part of wages or salary. Examples are: caretaker's or janitor's house or apartment; parsonages; tenant farmer or sharecropper houses for which the occupants do not pay cash rent; or military housing.

### H5a. Answer H5a and H5b if you live in a one-family house or a mobile home; include only land that you own or rent.

### b. A business is easily recognized from the outside; for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.

### H6. If this is a house, include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the land. If this is a condominium unit, estimate the value for your house or apartment including your share of the common elements. If this is a mobile home, include the value of the mobile home and the value of the land. If you rent the land, estimate the value of the rented land and add it to the value of the mobile home.

### H7a. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent for your house, apartment, or mobile home is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:	If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
By the day . . . . .	30	4 times a year . . . . .	3
By the week . . . . .	4	2 times a year . . . . .	6
Every other week . . . .	2	Once a year . . . . .	12

### b. Answer **Yes** if meals are included in the monthly rent payment, or you must contract for meals or a meal plan in order to live in this building.

## Instructions for Questions H8 through H19b

### H8. The person listed in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house, apartment, or mobile home is owned, being bought, or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house, apartment, or mobile home.

### H9. Include all rooms intended to be used as bedrooms in this house, apartment, or mobile home, even if they are currently being used for other purposes.

### H10. Mark **Yes, have all three facilities** if you have all the facilities mentioned; all facilities must be in your house, apartment, or mobile home, but not necessarily in the same room. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time. Mark **No** if any of the three facilities is not present.

### H11. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do not have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cookstove.

### H12. Answer **Yes** only if the telephone is located in your house, apartment, or mobile home.

### H13. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks of one-ton capacity or less that are regularly kept at home and used by household members for nonbusiness purposes. Do not count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.

### H14. Fill the circle for the fuel used most to heat your house, apartment, or mobile home. In buildings containing more than one apartment you may obtain this information from the owner, manager, or janitor.

**Solar energy** is provided by a system that collects, stores, and distributes heat from the sun. **Other fuel** includes any fuel not separately listed; for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.

### H15. If a well provides water for five or more houses, apartments, or mobile homes, mark **A public system**. If a well provides water for four or fewer houses, apartments, or mobile homes, fill one of the circles for **Individual well**.

**Drilled wells**, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. **Dug wells** are generally hand dug and are larger than 1½ feet wide.

### H16. A **public sewer** may be operated by a government body or private organization. A **septic tank or cesspool** is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.

### H17. Fill the circle corresponding to the period in which the original construction was completed, not the time of any later remodeling, additions, or conversions. In buildings containing more than one apartment, the owner, manager, or janitor may be of help in determining when the building was built.

If you live in a houseboat or a trailer or mobile home, fill the circle corresponding to the model year in which it was manufactured.

If you do not know the period when the building was first constructed, fill the circle for **Don't know**.

### H18. A **condominium** is a type of ownership in which the apartments, houses, or mobile homes in a building or development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. Cooperative occupants should mark **No**.

### H19a. Answer H19a and H19b if you live in a one-family house or mobile home.

### b. This property is the acreage on which the house is located; it includes adjoining land you rent for your use. Report sales made in 1989 from this property by you or previous occupants.



## Instructions for Questions H20 through H26

**H20.** If your house or apartment is rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels **only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H7a.**

If you live in a condominium, enter the costs for utilities and fuels **only if you pay for them in addition to your condominium fee.**

If your fuel and utility costs are already included in your rent or condominium fee, fill the **Included in rent or in condominium fee** circle. Do not enter any dollar amounts.

The amounts to be reported should be the total amount for the past 12 months. Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known. If you have lived in this house or apartment less than 1 year, estimate the yearly cost.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own house or apartment. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket [ ] the two utilities.

**H21.** Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions (city or town, county, state, school district, etc.) even if they are included in your mortgage payment, not yet paid or paid by someone else, or are delinquent. Do not include taxes past due from previous years.

**H22.** When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis. Enter the yearly amount even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.

**H23a.** The word *mortgage* is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans that are secured by real estate.

**b.** Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see the instructions for H7a to change it to a monthly amount.

Include payments on first mortgages and contracts to purchase only. Payments for second or junior mortgages and home equity loans should be reported in H24b.

**H24a.** A second or junior mortgage or home equity loan is secured by real estate.

**b.** Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H7a and change it to a monthly amount. Include payments on all second or junior mortgages or home equity loans.

**H25.** A *condominium fee* is normally assessed by the condominium owners' association for the purpose of improving and maintaining the common areas. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see the instructions for H7a on how to change it to a monthly amount.

**H26.** Report amount even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else.

Include payments for personal property taxes, land or site rent, registration fees and license fees. Do not include real estate taxes already reported in H21. The amount to be reported should be the total amount for an entire 12-month billing period even if made in two or more installments. Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

## Instructions for Question 8

**8.** For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person was born. If the person was born in Washington, D.C., print District of Columbia. If the person was born in a U.S. territory or commonwealth, print Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, or Northern Marianas.

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the name of the foreign country or area where the person was born. Use current boundaries, not boundaries at the time of the person's birth. Specify whether Northern Ireland or the Republic of Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; North or South Korea; England, Scotland, or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular country or island in the Caribbean (not, for example, West Indies).

## Instructions for Questions 9 through 13

**9.** A person should fill the **Yes, U.S. citizen by naturalization** circle only if he/she has completed the naturalization process and is now a United States citizen. If the person was born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or Northern Marianas, he/she should fill the **Yes, born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or Northern Marianas** circle. If the person was born outside the United States (or at sea) and has at least one American parent, he/she should fill the **Yes, born abroad of American parent or parents** circle.

**10.** If the person has entered the United States (that is, the 50 states and the District of Columbia) more than once, fill the circle for the latest year he/she came to stay.

**11.** Do not include enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college.

A *public school* is any school or college that is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government. Schools are private if supported and controlled primarily by religious organizations or other private groups.

**12.** Mark the category for the highest grade or level of schooling the person has **successfully completed** or the **highest degree** the person received. If the person is enrolled in school, mark the category containing the highest grade completed (the grade previous to the grade in which enrolled). Schooling completed in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent level of schooling in the regular American school system.

Persons who completed high school by passing an equivalency test, such as the General Educational Development (GED) examination, and did not attend college, should fill the circle for high school graduate.

Do not include vocational certificates or diplomas from vocational, trade, or business schools or colleges unless they were college level associate degrees or higher.

Some examples of *professional school degrees* include medicine, dentistry, chiropractic, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry, veterinary medicine, law, and theology. Do not include barber school, cosmetology, or other training for a specific trade.

Do not include honorary degrees awarded by colleges and universities to individuals for their accomplishments. Include only "earned" degrees.

**13.** Print the ancestry group. Ancestry refers to the person's ethnic origin or descent, "roots," or heritage. Ancestry also may refer to the country of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. All persons, regardless of citizenship status, should answer this question.

Persons who have more than one origin and cannot identify with a single ancestry group may report two ancestry groups (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific. For example, print whether West Indian, Asian Indian, or American Indian. West Indian includes persons whose ancestors came from Jamaica, Trinidad, Haiti, etc. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese; French Canadian from Canadian; and Dominican Republic from Dominica Island.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.



## Instructions for Questions 14a through 19

**14a.** Mark **Yes** if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1985, even if he/she moved away and came back since then. Mark **No** if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different lot or trailer site).

**b.** If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1985, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.

### Part (1)

If the person lived in the United States on April 1, 1985, print the name of the State (or District of Columbia) where he or she lived. Continue with parts (2) through (4).

If the person lived in a U.S. territory or commonwealth, print the name of the territory or commonwealth, such as Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, or Northern Marianas. Then go to question 15a.

If the person lived outside the United States, print the name of the foreign country or area where he or she lived. Specify whether Northern Ireland or the Republic of Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; North or South Korea; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular country or island in the Caribbean (not, for example, West Indies). Then go to question 15a.

### Part (2)

If the person lived in Louisiana, print the parish name. If the person lived in Alaska, print the borough name. If the person lived in New York city and the county name is not known, print the borough name. If the person lived in an independent city (not in any county) or in Washington, D.C., leave blank and enter the city name in part (3).

### Part (3)

If the person lived in New England, print the name of the town rather than the village name, unless the name of the town is not known. If the person lived outside the limits or boundaries of any city or town, print the name of the post office or the nearest town and mark **No, lived outside the city/town limits** in part (4).

### Part (4)

Mark **Yes** if the location is now inside the city/town limits even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1985; that is, if the area was annexed by the city/town since that time.

**15.** Mark **Yes** if the person sometimes or always speaks a language other than English at home.

Do not mark **Yes** for a language spoken only at school or if speaking is limited to a few expressions or slang.

Print the name of the language spoken at home. If this person speaks more than one non-English language and cannot determine which is spoken more often, report the first language the person learned to speak.

**17a.** For a person with service in the National Guard or a military reserve unit, fill one of the two **Yes, active duty** circles if and only if the person has ever been called up for active duty other than training; otherwise, mark **Yes, service in Reserves or National Guard only**. For a person whose only service was as a civilian employee or volunteer for the Red Cross, USO, Public Health Service, or War or Defense Department, mark **No**. Count **World War II Merchant Marine Seaman service** as active duty; do **not** count other Merchant Marine service as active duty.

**18.** Mark **Yes** to part (a) if a health condition substantially limits this person in his or her choice of occupation or if the condition limits the amount of work that can be accomplished in a given period of time. Mark **Yes** to part (b) if the health condition prevents this person from holding any significant employment.

**19.** Consider a person to have difficulty with these activities if any of the following situations apply: (1) it takes extra time or extra effort for the person to perform one or more of the activities, (2) there are times when the person cannot perform one or more of the activities, or (3) the person is completely unable to perform one or more of the activities.

## Instructions for Questions 20 through 23b

**20.** Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with you. Do not include miscarriages or stillborn children or any adopted, foster, or stepchildren.

**21a.** Count as work — Mark **Yes**:

- Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.
- Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.
- Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.
- Active duty in Armed Forces.

Do not count as work — Mark **No**:

- Housework or yard work at home.
- Unpaid volunteer work.
- School work.
- Work done as a resident of an institution.

**22a.** Include the street type (for example, St., Road, Ave.) and the street direction (if a direction such as "North" is part of the address). For example, print 1239 N. Main St. or 1239 Main St., N.W. not just 1239 Main.

*If the only known address is a post office box, give a description of the work location. For example, print the name of the building or shopping center where the person works, the nearest intersection, the nearest street where the workplace is located, etc. DO NOT GIVE A POST OFFICE BOX NUMBER.*

*If the person worked at a military installation or military base that has no street address, report the name of the military installation or base.*

*If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print the address of the location where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the address of the location where he or she worked most last week.*

*If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), print the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked. If the exact address of a school is not known, print the name of the school.*

*If the person worked on a college or university campus and the exact address of the workplace is not known, print the name of the building where he or she worked.*

**d.** *If the person worked in New York city* and the county is not known, print the name of the borough where the person worked.

*If the person worked in Louisiana, print the name of the parish where the person worked.*

*If the person worked in Alaska, print the name of the borough where the person worked.*

**e.** *If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 22e and leave the other parts of question 22 blank.*

**23a.** *If the person usually used more than one type of transportation to get to work (for example, rode the bus and transferred to the subway), fill the circle of the one method of transportation that he/she used for most of the distance during the trip.*

**b.** *If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a nonwork destination, fill the circle for Drove alone.*

DO NOT include persons who rode to school or some other nonwork destination in the count of persons who rode in the vehicle.



## Instructions for Questions 24a through 30

- 24a.** Give the time of day the person usually *left home to go to work*. DO NOT give the time that the person usually began his or her work.  
If the person usually left home to go to work sometime *between 12:00 o'clock midnight and 12:00 o'clock noon*, fill the **a.m.** circle.  
If the person usually left home to go to work sometime *between 12:00 o'clock noon and 12:00 o'clock midnight*, fill the **p.m.** circle.
- b.** Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation or picking up passengers in a carpool.
- 25.** If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-by-day basis when work is available, mark **No**.
- 26a.** Mark **Yes** if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last 4 weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
- b.** Mark **No**, **already has a job** if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.  
Mark **No**, **temporarily ill** if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.  
Mark **No**, **other reasons** if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.
- 27.** Look at the instructions for question 21a to see what to count as work. Mark **Never worked** if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm, and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a.** If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that had no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his/her own business, print "self-employed."
- b.** Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a did. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person worked. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.  
Some examples of what to enter:
- |   |                       |
|---|-----------------------|
| <b>Enter a description like the following –</b> | <b>Do not enter –</b> |
| Metal furniture manufacturing                   | Furniture company     |
| Retail grocery store                            | Grocery store         |
| Petroleum refining                              | Oil company           |
| Cattle ranch                                    | Ranch                 |
- 29.** Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person did. If the person was a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.  
Some examples of what to enter:
- |   |                       |
|---|-----------------------|
| <b>Enter a description like the following –</b> | <b>Do not enter –</b> |
| Production clerk                                | Clerk                 |
| Carpenter's helper                              | Helper                |
| Auto engine mechanic                            | Mechanic              |
| Registered nurse                                | Nurse                 |
- 30.** Mark **Employee of a PRIVATE NOT-FOR-PROFIT . . . organization** if the person worked for a cooperative, credit union, mutual insurance company, or similar organization.  
Employees of foreign governments, the United Nations, and other international organizations should mark **PRIVATE NOT-FOR-PROFIT . . . organization**.  
For persons who worked at a public school, college or university, mark the appropriate *government* category; for example, mark **State GOVERNMENT employee** for a state university, or mark **Local GOVERNMENT employee** for a county-run community college or a city-run public school.

## Instructions for Questions 31a through 32h

- 31a.** Look at the instructions for question 21a to see what to count as work.
- b.** Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
- 32.** Fill the **Yes** or **No** circle for each part and enter the amount received during 1989.  
If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report, if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and fill the **No** circle for the other person.
- a.** Include wages and salaries from *all jobs before* deductions. Be sure to include any tips, commissions, or bonuses. Owners of *incorporated* businesses should enter their salary here. Military personnel should include base pay plus cash housing and/or subsistence allowance, flight pay, uniform allotments, reenlistment bonuses, etc.
- b.** Include **NONFARM** profit (or loss) from self-employment in sole proprietorships and partnerships. *Exclude* profit (or loss) of incorporated businesses you own.
- c.** Include **FARM** profit (or loss) from self-employment in sole proprietorships and partnerships. *Exclude* profit (or loss) of incorporated farm businesses you own. Also *exclude* amounts from land rented for cash but include amounts from land rented for shares.
- d.** Include interest received or credited to checking and savings accounts, money market funds, certificates of deposit (CDs), IRAs, KEOGHs, and government bonds.  
Include dividends received, credited, or reinvested from ownership of stocks or mutual funds.  
Include profit (or loss) from royalties and the rental of land, buildings or real estate, or from roomers or boarders. Income received by self-employed persons whose *primary* source of income is from renting property or from royalties should be included in questions 32b or 32c above. Include regular payments from an estate or trust fund.
- e.** Include Social Security (and/or Railroad Retirement) payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers, and to disabled workers *before* Medicare deductions.
- f.** Include Supplemental Security Income received by aged, blind, or disabled persons, Aid to Families with Dependent Children, or income from other government programs such as general or emergency assistance. Do not include assistance received from private charities. *Exclude* assistance to pay for heating (cooling) costs.
- g.** Include retirement, disability, or survivor benefits received from companies and unions; Federal, State, and local governments, and the U.S. military. Include regular income from annuities and IRA or KEOGH retirement plans.
- h.** Include Veterans' (VA) disability compensation and educational assistance payments (VEAP), unemployment compensation, child support or alimony, and all other regular payments such as Armed Forces transfer payments; assistance from private charities; regular contributions from persons not living in the household, etc.  
*Do not include the following as income in any item:*
- Refunds or rebates of any kind
  - Withdrawals from savings of any kind
  - Capital gains or losses from the sale of homes, shares of stock, etc.
  - Inheritances or insurance settlements
  - Any type of loan
  - Pay in-kind such as food, free rent, etc.



## **What the Census Is About — Some Questions and Answers**

### **Why are we taking a census?**

The most important reason for taking a decennial census is to determine how many representatives each state will have in Congress.

### **What does the Census Bureau do with the information you provide?**

The individual information collected in the census is grouped together into statistical totals. Information such as the number of persons in a given area, their ages, educational background, the characteristics of their housing, etc., enable government, business, and industry to plan more effectively.

### **How long have we been taking the census?**

The first census was taken in 1790 in accordance with the requirement in the first article of the constitution. A census has been taken every 10 years since. The 1990 Decennial Census marks the 200th anniversary of the census.

### **How are you being counted?**

Census forms are delivered to all households a few days before census day. Households are requested to fill out the form and mail it back to the census office.

## **Why the Census Asks Certain Questions**

**Here are a few reasons for asking some of the questions.**

*It is as important to get information about people and their houses as it is to count them.*

### **Name?**

Names help make sure that everyone in a household is counted, but that no one is counted twice.

### **Value or rent?**

Government and planning agencies use answers to these questions in combination with other information to develop housing programs to meet the needs of people at different economic levels.

### **Complete plumbing?**

This question gives information on the quality of housing. The data are used with other statistics to show how the "level of living" compares in various areas and how it has changed over time.

### **Place of birth?**

This question provides information used to study long-term trends as to where people move and to study migration patterns and differences in growth patterns.

### **Job?**

Answers to the questions about the jobs people hold provide information on the extent and types of employment in different areas of the country. From this information, training programs can be developed and the need for new industries can be determined.

### **Income?**

Income, more than anything else, determines how families or persons live. Income information makes it possible to compare the economic levels of different areas.



CENSUS '90

# OFFICIAL 1990 U.S. CENSUS FORM



Thank you for taking time to complete and return this census questionnaire. It's important to you, your community, and the Nation.

**The law requires answers but guarantees privacy.**

By law (Title 13, U.S. Code), you're required to answer the census questions to the best of your knowledge. However, the same law guarantees that your census form remains confidential. For 72 years—or until the year 2062—only Census Bureau employees can see your form. No one else—no other government body, no police department, no court system or welfare agency—is permitted to see this confidential information under any circumstances.

**How to get started—and get help.**

Start by listing on the next page the names of all the people who live in your home. Please answer all questions with a black lead pencil. You'll find detailed instructions for answering the census in the enclosed guide. If you need additional help, call the toll-free telephone number to the left, near your address.

**Please answer and return your form promptly.**

Complete your form and return it by April 1, 1990 in the postage-paid envelope provided. Avoid the inconvenience of having a census taker visit your home.

Again, thank you for answering the 1990 Census.  
**Remember: Return the completed form by April 1, 1990.**

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**Para personas de habla hispana –**  
(For Spanish-speaking persons)

Si usted desea un cuestionario del censo en español, llame sin cargo alguno al siguiente número: **1-800-CUENTAN**  
(o sea 1-800-283-6826)

U.S. Department of Commerce  
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS  
FORM D-2

OMB No. 0607-0628  
Approval Expires 07/31/91

The 1990 census must count every person at his or her "usual residence." This means the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time.

**1a. List on the numbered lines below the name of each person living here on Sunday, April 1, including all persons staying here who have no other home. If EVERYONE at this address is staying here temporarily and usually lives somewhere else, follow the instructions given in question 1b below.**

**Include**

- Everyone who usually lives here such as family members, housemates and roommates, foster children, roomers, boarders, and live-in employees
- Persons who are temporarily away on a business trip, on vacation, or in a general hospital
- College students who stay here while attending college
- Persons in the Armed Forces who live here
- Newborn babies still in the hospital
- Children in boarding schools below the college level
- Persons who stay here most of the week while working even if they have a home somewhere else
- Persons with no other home who are staying here on April 1

**Do NOT include**

- Persons who usually live somewhere else
- Persons who are away in an institution such as a prison, mental hospital, or a nursing home
- College students who live somewhere else while attending college
- Persons in the Armed Forces who live somewhere else
- Persons who stay somewhere else most of the week while working

Print last name, first name, and middle initial for each person. Begin on line 1 with the household member (or one of the household members) in whose name this house or apartment is owned, being bought, or rented. If there is no such person, start on line 1 with any adult household member.

LAST	FIRST	INITIAL	LAST	FIRST	INITIAL
<b>1</b>			<b>7</b>		
<b>2</b>			<b>8</b>		
<b>3</b>			<b>9</b>		
<b>4</b>			<b>10</b>		
<b>5</b>			<b>11</b>		
<b>6</b>			<b>12</b>		

**1b. If EVERYONE is staying here only temporarily and usually lives somewhere else, list the name of each person on the numbered lines above, fill this circle ☐ and print their usual address below. DO NOT PRINT THE ADDRESS LISTED ON THE FRONT COVER.**

House number	Street or road/Rural route and box number	Apartment number
City	State	ZIP Code
County or foreign country	Names of nearest intersecting streets or roads	

**NOW PLEASE OPEN THE FLAP TO PAGE 2 AND ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS FOR THE FIRST 7 PEOPLE LISTED. USE A BLACK LEAD PENCIL ONLY.**



	PERSON 1		PERSON 2	
<b>Please fill one column → for each person listed in Question 1a on page 1.</b>	Last name	Middle initial	Last name	Middle initial
	First name		First name	
<b>2. How is this person related to PERSON 1?</b>  Fill ONE circle for each person.  If <b>Other relative</b> of person in column 1, fill circle and print exact relationship, such as mother-in-law, grandparent, son-in-law, niece, cousin, and so on.	START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented.  If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.		If a <b>RELATIVE</b> of Person 1: <input type="radio"/> Husband/wife <input type="radio"/> Brother/sister <input type="radio"/> Natural-born or adopted son/daughter <input type="radio"/> Father/mother or Grandchild <input type="radio"/> Stepson/stepdaughter <input type="radio"/> Other relative → If <b>NOT RELATED</b> to Person 1: <input type="radio"/> Roomer, boarder, or foster child <input type="radio"/> Unmarried partner <input type="radio"/> Housemate, roommate <input type="radio"/> Other nonrelative	
<b>3. Sex</b> Fill ONE circle for each person.	<input type="radio"/> Male <input type="radio"/> Female		<input type="radio"/> Male <input type="radio"/> Female	
<b>4. Race</b> Fill ONE circle for the race that the person considers himself/herself to be.  If <b>Indian (Amer.)</b> , print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe. →  If <b>Other Asian or Pacific Islander (API)</b> , print one group, for example: Hmong, Fijian, Laotian, Thai, Tongan, Pakistani, Cambodian, and so on. →  If <b>Other race</b> , print race. →	<input type="radio"/> White <input type="radio"/> Black or Negro <input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.) → <input type="radio"/> Eskimo <input type="radio"/> Aleut <input type="radio"/> Asian or Pacific Islander (API) <input type="radio"/> Chinese <input type="radio"/> Japanese <input type="radio"/> Filipino <input type="radio"/> Asian Indian <input type="radio"/> Hawaiian <input type="radio"/> Samoan <input type="radio"/> Korean <input type="radio"/> Guamanian <input type="radio"/> Vietnamese <input type="radio"/> Other API → <input type="radio"/> Other race (Print race) →		<input type="radio"/> White <input type="radio"/> Black or Negro <input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.) → <input type="radio"/> Eskimo <input type="radio"/> Aleut <input type="radio"/> Asian or Pacific Islander (API) <input type="radio"/> Chinese <input type="radio"/> Japanese <input type="radio"/> Filipino <input type="radio"/> Asian Indian <input type="radio"/> Hawaiian <input type="radio"/> Samoan <input type="radio"/> Korean <input type="radio"/> Guamanian <input type="radio"/> Vietnamese <input type="radio"/> Other API → <input type="radio"/> Other race (Print race) →	
<b>5. Age and year of birth</b>  a. Print each person's age at last birthday. Fill in the matching circle below each box.  b. Print each person's year of birth and fill the matching circle below each box.	a. Age 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 2 0 2 0 3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 7 0 7 0 8 0 8 0 9 0 9 0	b. Year of birth 1 8 0 0 0 0 9 0 1 0 1 0 2 0 2 0 3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 7 0 7 0 8 0 8 0 9 0 9 0	a. Age 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 2 0 2 0 3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 7 0 7 0 8 0 8 0 9 0 9 0	b. Year of birth 1 8 0 0 0 0 9 0 1 0 1 0 2 0 2 0 3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 7 0 7 0 8 0 8 0 9 0 9 0
<b>6. Marital status</b> Fill ONE circle for each person.	<input type="radio"/> Now married <input type="radio"/> Separated <input type="radio"/> Widowed <input type="radio"/> Never married <input type="radio"/> Divorced		<input type="radio"/> Now married <input type="radio"/> Separated <input type="radio"/> Widowed <input type="radio"/> Never married <input type="radio"/> Divorced	
<b>7. Is this person of Spanish/Hispanic origin?</b> Fill ONE circle for each person.  If <b>Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic</b> , print one group. →	<input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic) <input type="radio"/> Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano <input type="radio"/> Yes, Puerto Rican <input type="radio"/> Yes, Cuban <input type="radio"/> Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group, for example: Argentinean, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.) →		<input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic) <input type="radio"/> Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano <input type="radio"/> Yes, Puerto Rican <input type="radio"/> Yes, Cuban <input type="radio"/> Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group, for example: Argentinean, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.) →	
<b>FOR CENSUS USE →</b>	<input type="radio"/>		<input type="radio"/>	

PERSON 7	
Last name	
First name	Middle initial
If a RELATIVE of Person 1:	
<input type="radio"/> Husband/wife	<input type="radio"/> Brother/sister
<input type="radio"/> Natural-born or adopted son/daughter	<input type="radio"/> Father/mother
<input type="radio"/> Stepson/stepdaughter	<input type="radio"/> Grandchild
	<input type="radio"/> Other relative
If NOT RELATED to Person 1:	
<input type="radio"/> Roomer, boarder, or foster child	<input type="radio"/> Unmarried partner
<input type="radio"/> Housemate, roommate	<input type="radio"/> Other nonrelative
<input type="radio"/> Male	<input type="radio"/> Female
<input type="radio"/> White <input type="radio"/> Black or Negro <input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.)	
<input type="radio"/> Eskimo <input type="radio"/> Aleut <input type="radio"/> Asian or Pacific Islander (API)	
<input type="radio"/> Chinese <input type="radio"/> Filipino <input type="radio"/> Hawaiian <input type="radio"/> Korean <input type="radio"/> Vietnamese <input type="radio"/> Japanese <input type="radio"/> Asian Indian <input type="radio"/> Samoan <input type="radio"/> Guamanian <input type="radio"/> Other API	
<input type="radio"/> Other race (Print race)	
a. Age	b. Year of birth
0 0 0 0 0 0	1 8 0 0 0 0
1 0 1 0 1 0	9 0 1 0 1 0
2 0 2 0	2 0 2 0
3 0 3 0	3 0 3 0
4 0 4 0	4 0 4 0
5 0 5 0	5 0 5 0
6 0 6 0	6 0 6 0
7 0 7 0	7 0 7 0
8 0 8 0	8 0 8 0
9 0 9 0	9 0 9 0
<input type="radio"/> Now married <input type="radio"/> Widowed <input type="radio"/> Divorced <input type="radio"/> Separated <input type="radio"/> Never married	
<input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic) <input type="radio"/> Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano <input type="radio"/> Yes, Puerto Rican <input type="radio"/> Yes, Cuban <input type="radio"/> Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group, for example: Argentinean, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.)	

## NOW PLEASE ANSWER QUESTIONS H1a-H26 FOR THIS HOUSEHOLD

<b>H1a.</b> Did you leave anyone out of your list of persons for Question 1a on page 1 because you were not sure if the person should be listed — for example, someone temporarily away on a business trip or vacation, a newborn baby still in the hospital, or a person who stays here once in a while and has no other home? <input type="radio"/> Yes, please print the name(s) and reason(s). <input type="radio"/> No		If this is a ONE-FAMILY HOUSE — <b>H5a.</b> Is this house on ten or more acres? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No <b>b.</b> Is there a business (such as a store or barber shop) or a medical office on this property? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	
<b>b.</b> Did you include anyone in your list of persons for Question 1a on page 1 even though you were not sure that the person should be listed — for example, a visitor who is staying here temporarily or a person who usually lives somewhere else? <input type="radio"/> Yes, please print the name(s) and reason(s). <input type="radio"/> No		Answer only if you or someone in this household OWNS OR IS BUYING this house or apartment — <b>H6.</b> What is the value of this property; that is, how much do you think this house and lot or condominium unit would sell for if it were for sale? <input type="radio"/> Less than \$10,000 <input type="radio"/> \$10,000 to \$14,999 <input type="radio"/> \$15,000 to \$19,999 <input type="radio"/> \$20,000 to \$24,999 <input type="radio"/> \$25,000 to \$29,999 <input type="radio"/> \$30,000 to \$34,999 <input type="radio"/> \$35,000 to \$39,999 <input type="radio"/> \$40,000 to \$44,999 <input type="radio"/> \$45,000 to \$49,999 <input type="radio"/> \$50,000 to \$54,999 <input type="radio"/> \$55,000 to \$59,999 <input type="radio"/> \$60,000 to \$64,999 <input type="radio"/> \$65,000 to \$69,999 <input type="radio"/> \$70,000 to \$74,999 <input type="radio"/> \$75,000 to \$79,999 <input type="radio"/> \$80,000 to \$89,999 <input type="radio"/> \$90,000 to \$99,999 <input type="radio"/> \$100,000 to \$124,999 <input type="radio"/> \$125,000 to \$149,999 <input type="radio"/> \$150,000 to \$174,999 <input type="radio"/> \$175,000 to \$199,999 <input type="radio"/> \$200,000 to \$249,999 <input type="radio"/> \$250,000 to \$299,999 <input type="radio"/> \$300,000 to \$399,999 <input type="radio"/> \$400,000 to \$499,999 <input type="radio"/> \$500,000 or more	
<b>H2.</b> Which best describes this building? Include all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant. <input type="radio"/> A mobile home or trailer <input type="radio"/> A one-family house detached from any other house <input type="radio"/> A one-family house attached to one or more houses <input type="radio"/> A building with 2 apartments <input type="radio"/> A building with 3 or 4 apartments <input type="radio"/> A building with 5 to 9 apartments <input type="radio"/> A building with 10 to 19 apartments <input type="radio"/> A building with 20 to 49 apartments <input type="radio"/> A building with 50 or more apartments <input type="radio"/> Other		Answer only if you PAY RENT for this house or apartment — <b>H7a.</b> What is the monthly rent? <input type="radio"/> Less than \$80 <input type="radio"/> \$80 to \$99 <input type="radio"/> \$100 to \$124 <input type="radio"/> \$125 to \$149 <input type="radio"/> \$150 to \$174 <input type="radio"/> \$175 to \$199 <input type="radio"/> \$200 to \$224 <input type="radio"/> \$225 to \$249 <input type="radio"/> \$250 to \$274 <input type="radio"/> \$275 to \$299 <input type="radio"/> \$300 to \$324 <input type="radio"/> \$325 to \$349 <input type="radio"/> \$350 to \$374 <input type="radio"/> \$375 to \$399 <input type="radio"/> \$400 to \$424 <input type="radio"/> \$425 to \$449 <input type="radio"/> \$450 to \$474 <input type="radio"/> \$475 to \$499 <input type="radio"/> \$500 to \$524 <input type="radio"/> \$525 to \$549 <input type="radio"/> \$550 to \$599 <input type="radio"/> \$600 to \$649 <input type="radio"/> \$650 to \$699 <input type="radio"/> \$700 to \$749 <input type="radio"/> \$750 to \$999 <input type="radio"/> \$1,000 or more	
<b>H3.</b> How many rooms do you have in this house or apartment? Do NOT count bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, or half-rooms. <input type="radio"/> 1 room <input type="radio"/> 2 rooms <input type="radio"/> 3 rooms <input type="radio"/> 4 rooms <input type="radio"/> 5 rooms <input type="radio"/> 6 rooms <input type="radio"/> 7 rooms <input type="radio"/> 8 rooms <input type="radio"/> 9 or more rooms		<b>b.</b> Does the monthly rent include any meals? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	
<b>H4.</b> Is this house or apartment — <input type="radio"/> Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan? <input type="radio"/> Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage)? <input type="radio"/> Rented for cash rent? <input type="radio"/> Occupied without payment of cash rent?			
FOR CENSUS USE			
<b>A. Total persons</b> 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9	<b>B. Type of unit</b> Occupied Vacant <input type="radio"/> First form <input type="radio"/> Cont'n <input type="radio"/> Regular <input type="radio"/> Usual home elsewhere <b>C1. Vacancy status</b> <input type="radio"/> For rent <input type="radio"/> For sale only <input type="radio"/> Rented or sold, not occupied <input type="radio"/> For seas/rec/occ <input type="radio"/> For migrant workers <input type="radio"/> Other vacant <b>C2. Is this unit boarded up?</b> <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<b>D. Months vacant</b> <input type="radio"/> Less than 1 <input type="radio"/> 1 up to 2 <input type="radio"/> 2 up to 6 <input type="radio"/> 6 up to 12 <input type="radio"/> 12 up to 24 <input type="radio"/> 24 or more <b>E. Complete after</b> <input type="radio"/> LR <input type="radio"/> P/F <input type="radio"/> MV <input type="radio"/> TC <input type="radio"/> RE <input type="radio"/> ED <input type="radio"/> Q <input type="radio"/> I/T <input type="radio"/> EN <input type="radio"/> JIC 1 <input type="radio"/> JIC 2 <b>F. Cov.</b> <input type="radio"/> 1b <input type="radio"/> 1a <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> H1	<b>G. DO</b> ID 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9



<p><b>H8.</b> When did the person listed in column 1 on page 2 move into this house or apartment?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> 1989 or 1990  <input type="radio"/> 1985 to 1988  <input type="radio"/> 1980 to 1984  <input type="radio"/> 1970 to 1979  <input type="radio"/> 1960 to 1969  <input type="radio"/> 1959 or earlier         </p>	<p><b>H14.</b> Which FUEL is used MOST for heating this house or apartment?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood  <input type="radio"/> Gas: bottled, tank, or LP  <input type="radio"/> Electricity  <input type="radio"/> Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.  <input type="radio"/> Coal or coke  <input type="radio"/> Wood  <input type="radio"/> Solar energy  <input type="radio"/> Other fuel  <input type="radio"/> No fuel used         </p>	<p><b>H20.</b> What are the yearly costs of utilities and fuels for this house or apartment? If you have lived here less than 1 year, estimate the yearly cost.</p> <p><b>a. Electricity</b></p> <p> <input type="text"/> \$ <input type="text"/> .00          Yearly cost — Dollars       </p> <p>OR</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or in condominium fee  <input type="radio"/> No charge or electricity not used       </p>
<p><b>H9.</b> How many bedrooms do you have; that is, how many bedrooms would you list if this house or apartment were on the market for sale or rent?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> No bedroom  <input type="radio"/> 1 bedroom  <input type="radio"/> 2 bedrooms  <input type="radio"/> 3 bedrooms  <input type="radio"/> 4 bedrooms  <input type="radio"/> 5 or more bedrooms         </p>	<p><b>H15.</b> Do you get water from —</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> A public system such as a city water department, or private company?  <input type="radio"/> An individual drilled well?  <input type="radio"/> An individual dug well?  <input type="radio"/> Some other source such as a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.?         </p>	<p><b>b. Gas</b></p> <p> <input type="text"/> \$ <input type="text"/> .00          Yearly cost — Dollars       </p> <p>OR</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or in condominium fee  <input type="radio"/> No charge or gas not used       </p>
<p><b>H10.</b> Do you have COMPLETE plumbing facilities in this house or apartment; that is, 1) hot and cold piped water, 2) a flush toilet, and 3) a bathtub or shower?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes, have all three facilities  <input type="radio"/> No         </p>	<p><b>H16.</b> Is this building connected to a public sewer?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes, connected to public sewer  <input type="radio"/> No, connected to septic tank or cesspool  <input type="radio"/> No, use other means         </p>	<p><b>c. Water</b></p> <p> <input type="text"/> \$ <input type="text"/> .00          Yearly cost — Dollars       </p> <p>OR</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or in condominium fee  <input type="radio"/> No charge       </p>
<p><b>H11.</b> Do you have COMPLETE kitchen facilities; that is, 1) a sink with piped water, 2) a range or cookstove, and 3) a refrigerator?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes  <input type="radio"/> No         </p>	<p><b>H17.</b> About when was this building first built?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> 1989 or 1990  <input type="radio"/> 1985 to 1988  <input type="radio"/> 1980 to 1984  <input type="radio"/> 1970 to 1979  <input type="radio"/> 1960 to 1969  <input type="radio"/> 1950 to 1959  <input type="radio"/> 1940 to 1949  <input type="radio"/> 1939 or earlier  <input type="radio"/> Don't know         </p>	<p><b>d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.</b></p> <p> <input type="text"/> \$ <input type="text"/> .00          Yearly cost — Dollars       </p> <p>OR</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or in condominium fee  <input type="radio"/> No charge or these fuels not used       </p>
<p><b>H12.</b> Do you have a telephone in this house or apartment?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes  <input type="radio"/> No         </p>	<p><b>H18.</b> Is this house or apartment part of a condominium?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes  <input type="radio"/> No         </p>	
<p><b>H13.</b> How many automobiles, vans, and trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at home for use by members of your household?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> None  <input type="radio"/> 1  <input type="radio"/> 2  <input type="radio"/> 3  <input type="radio"/> 4  <input type="radio"/> 5  <input type="radio"/> 6  <input type="radio"/> 7 or more         </p>	<p><i>If you live in an apartment building, skip to H20.</i></p> <p><b>H19a.</b> Is this house on less than 1 acre?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes — Skip to H20  <input type="radio"/> No         </p> <p><b>b.</b> In 1989, what were the actual sales of all agricultural products from this property?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> None  <input type="radio"/> \$1 to \$999  <input type="radio"/> \$1,000 to \$2,499  <input type="radio"/> \$2,500 to \$4,999  <input type="radio"/> \$5,000 to \$9,999  <input type="radio"/> \$10,000 or more         </p>	

**INSTRUCTION:**

Answer questions H21 TO H26, if this is a one-family house, a condominium, or a mobile home that someone in this household OWNS OR IS BUYING; otherwise, go to page 6.

**H21. What were the real estate taxes on THIS property last year?**

\$  .00  
Yearly amount — Dollars

OR

☐ None

**H22. What was the annual payment for fire, hazard, and flood insurance on THIS property?**

\$  .00  
Yearly amount — Dollars

OR

☐ None

**H23a. Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on THIS property?**

- ☐ Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt } Go to H23b  
☐ Yes, contract to purchase }  
☐ No — Skip to H24a

**b. How much is your regular monthly mortgage payment on THIS property? Include payment only on first mortgage or contract to purchase.**

\$  .00  
Monthly amount — Dollars

OR

☐ No regular payment required — Skip to H24a

**c. Does your regular monthly mortgage payment include payments for real estate taxes on THIS property?**

- ☐ Yes, taxes included in payment  
☐ No, taxes paid separately or taxes not required

**d. Does your regular monthly mortgage payment include payments for fire, hazard, or flood insurance on THIS property?**

- ☐ Yes, insurance included in payment  
☐ No, insurance paid separately or no insurance

**H24a. Do you have a second or junior mortgage or a home equity loan on THIS property?**

- ☐ Yes  
☐ No — Skip to H25

**b. How much is your regular monthly payment on all second or junior mortgages and all home equity loans?**

\$  .00  
Monthly amount — Dollars

OR

☐ No regular payment required

Answer ONLY if this is a CONDOMINIUM —

**H25. What is the monthly condominium fee?**

\$  .00  
Monthly amount — Dollars

Answer ONLY if this is a MOBILE HOME —

**H26. What was the total cost for personal property taxes, site rent, registration fees, and license fees on this mobile home and its site last year? Exclude real estate taxes.**

\$  .00  
Yearly amount — Dollars

Please turn to page 6. ➔



PERSON 1		14a. Did this person live in this house or apartment 5 years ago (on April 1, 1985)?		18. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health condition that has lasted for 6 or more months and which —	
<div style="border-bottom: 1px dashed black; margin-bottom: 5px;">Last name      First name      Middle initial</div>		<input type="radio"/> Born after April 1, 1985 — Go to questions for the next person <input type="radio"/> Yes — Skip to 15a <input type="radio"/> No		<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No a. Limits the kind or amount of work this person can do at a job?	
8. In what U.S. State or foreign country was this person born? <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 40px; margin-top: 5px;"></div> (Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.)		b. Where did this person live 5 years ago (on April 1, 1985)? (1) Name of U.S. State or foreign country <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 20px; margin-top: 5px;"></div> (If outside U.S., print answer above and skip to 15a.) (2) Name of county in the U.S. <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 20px; margin-top: 5px;"></div> (3) Name of city or town in the U.S. <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 20px; margin-top: 5px;"></div> (4) Did this person live inside the city or town limits? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No, lived outside the city/town limits		b. Prevents this person from working at a job? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	
9. Is this person a CITIZEN of the United States? <input type="radio"/> Yes, born in the United States — Skip to 11 <input type="radio"/> Yes, born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or Northern Marianas <input type="radio"/> Yes, born abroad of American parent or parents <input type="radio"/> Yes, U.S. citizen by naturalization <input type="radio"/> No, not a citizen of the United States		19. Because of a health condition that has lasted for 6 or more months, does this person have any difficulty — a. Going outside the home alone, for example, to shop or visit a doctor's office? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No b. Taking care of his or her own personal needs, such as bathing, dressing, or getting around inside the home? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No		If this person is a female — 20. How many babies has she ever had, not counting stillbirths? Do not count her stepchildren or children she has adopted. None 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 or more <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	
10. When did this person come to the United States to stay? <input type="radio"/> 1987 to 1990 <input type="radio"/> 1970 to 1974 <input type="radio"/> 1985 or 1986 <input type="radio"/> 1965 to 1969 <input type="radio"/> 1982 to 1984 <input type="radio"/> 1960 to 1964 <input type="radio"/> 1980 or 1981 <input type="radio"/> 1950 to 1959 <input type="radio"/> 1975 to 1979 <input type="radio"/> Before 1950		15a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No — Skip to 16 b. What is this language? <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 20px; margin-top: 5px;"></div> (For example: Chinese, Italian, Spanish, Vietnamese) c. How well does this person speak English? <input type="radio"/> Very well <input type="radio"/> Not well <input type="radio"/> Well <input type="radio"/> Not at all		21a. Did this person work at any time LAST WEEK? <input type="radio"/> Yes — Fill this circle if this person worked full time or part time. (Count part-time work such as delivering papers, or helping without pay in a family business or farm. Also count active duty in the Armed Forces.) <input type="radio"/> No — Fill this circle if this person did not work, or did only own housework, school work, or volunteer work. — Skip to 25	
11. At any time since February 1, 1990, has this person attended regular school or college? Include only nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which leads to a high school diploma or a college degree. <input type="radio"/> No, has not attended since February 1 <input type="radio"/> Yes, public school, public college <input type="radio"/> Yes, private school, private college		16. When was this person born? <input type="radio"/> Born before April 1, 1975 — Go to 17a <input type="radio"/> Born April 1, 1975 or later — Go to questions for the next person		b. How many hours did this person work LAST WEEK (at all jobs)? Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked. <div style="border: 1px dashed black; width: 100px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> Hours	
12. How much school has this person COMPLETED? Fill ONE circle for the highest level COMPLETED or degree RECEIVED. If currently enrolled, mark the level of previous grade attended or highest degree received. <input type="radio"/> No school completed <input type="radio"/> Nursery school <input type="radio"/> Kindergarten <input type="radio"/> 1st, 2nd, 3rd, or 4th grade <input type="radio"/> 5th, 6th, 7th, or 8th grade <input type="radio"/> 9th grade <input type="radio"/> 10th grade <input type="radio"/> 11th grade <input type="radio"/> 12th grade, NO DIPLOMA <input type="radio"/> HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE - high school DIPLOMA or the equivalent (For example: GED) <input type="radio"/> Some college but no degree <input type="radio"/> Associate degree in college - Occupational program <input type="radio"/> Associate degree in college - Academic program <input type="radio"/> Bachelor's degree (For example: BA, AB, BS) <input type="radio"/> Master's degree (For example: MA, MS, MEng, MEd, MSW, MBA) <input type="radio"/> Professional school degree (For example: MD, DDS, DVM, LLB, JD) <input type="radio"/> Doctorate degree (For example: PhD, EdD)		17a. Has this person ever been on active-duty military service in the Armed Forces of the United States or ever been in the United States military Reserves or the National Guard? If service was in Reserves or National Guard only, see instruction guide. <input type="radio"/> Yes, now on active duty <input type="radio"/> Yes, on active duty in past, but not now <input type="radio"/> Yes, service in Reserves or National Guard only — Skip to 18 <input type="radio"/> No — Skip to 18 b. Was active-duty military service during — Fill a circle for each period in which this person served. <input type="radio"/> September 1980 or later <input type="radio"/> May 1975 to August 1980 <input type="radio"/> Vietnam era (August 1964—April 1975) <input type="radio"/> February 1955—July 1964 <input type="radio"/> Korean conflict (June 1950—January 1955) <input type="radio"/> World War II (September 1940—July 1947) <input type="radio"/> World War I (April 1917—November 1918) <input type="radio"/> Any other time c. In total, how many years of active-duty military service has this person had? <div style="border: 1px dashed black; width: 50px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> Years		22. At what location did this person work LAST WEEK? If this person worked at more than one location, print where he or she worked most last week. a. Address (Number and street) <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 20px; margin-top: 5px;"></div> (If the exact address is not known, give a description of the location such as the building name or the nearest street or intersection.) b. Name of city, town, or post office <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 20px; margin-top: 5px;"></div> c. Is the work location inside the limits of that city or town? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No, outside the city/town limits d. County <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 20px; margin-top: 5px;"></div> e. State <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 20px; margin-top: 5px;"></div> f. ZIP Code <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 20px; margin-top: 5px;"></div>	
13. What is this person's ancestry or ethnic origin? (See instruction guide for further information.) <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 40px; margin-top: 5px;"></div> (For example: German, Italian, Afro-Amer., Croatian, Cape Verdean, Dominican, Ecuadoran, Haitian, Cajun, French Canadian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Irish, Polish, Slovak, Taiwanese, Thai, Ukrainian, etc.)					



- 23a. How did this person usually get to work LAST WEEK?** If this person usually used more than one method of transportation during the trip, fill the circle of the one used for most of the distance.
- |  |                                      |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| <input type="radio"/> Car, truck, or van       | <input type="radio"/> Motorcycle     |
| <input type="radio"/> Bus or trolley bus       | <input type="radio"/> Bicycle        |
| <input type="radio"/> Streetcar or trolley car | <input type="radio"/> Walked         |
| <input type="radio"/> Subway or elevated       | <input type="radio"/> Worked at home |
| <input type="radio"/> Railroad                 | <input type="radio"/> Skip to 28     |
| <input type="radio"/> Ferryboat                | <input type="radio"/> Other method   |
| <input type="radio"/> Taxicab                  |                                      |

If "car, truck, or van" is marked in 23a, go to 23b. Otherwise, skip to 24a.

- b. How many people, including this person, usually rode to work in the car, truck, or van LAST WEEK?**

- |                                   |   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| <input type="radio"/> Drove alone | <input type="radio"/> 5 people          |
| <input type="radio"/> 2 people    | <input type="radio"/> 6 people          |
| <input type="radio"/> 3 people    | <input type="radio"/> 7 to 9 people     |
| <input type="radio"/> 4 people    | <input type="radio"/> 10 or more people |

- 24a. What time did this person usually leave home to go to work LAST WEEK?**

a.m.  
 p.m.

- b. How many minutes did it usually take this person to get from home to work LAST WEEK?**

Minutes — Skip to 28

- 25. Was this person TEMPORARILY absent or on layoff from a job or business LAST WEEK?**

- ☐ Yes, on layoff  
☐ Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc.  
☐ No

- 26a. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks?**

- ☐ Yes  
☐ No — Skip to 27

- b. Could this person have taken a job LAST WEEK if one had been offered?**

- ☐ No, already has a job  
☐ No, temporarily ill  
☐ No, other reasons (in school, etc.)  
☐ Yes, could have taken a job

- 27. When did this person last work, even for a few days?**

- |                                    |            |                                       |              |
|------------------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|
| <input type="radio"/> 1990         | } Go to 28 | <input type="radio"/> 1980 to 1984    | } Skip to 32 |
| <input type="radio"/> 1989         |            | <input type="radio"/> 1979 or earlier |              |
| <input type="radio"/> 1988         |            | <input type="radio"/> Never worked    |              |
| <input type="radio"/> 1985 to 1987 |            |                                       |              |

**28-30. CURRENT OR MOST RECENT JOB ACTIVITY.**

Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week. If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which this person worked the most hours. If this person had no job or business last week, give information for his/her last job or business since 1985.

**28. Industry or Employer**

- a. For whom did this person work?**

If now on active duty in the Armed Forces, fill this circle — ☐ and print the branch of the Armed Forces.

(Name of company, business, or other employer)

- b. What kind of business or industry was this?** Describe the activity at location where employed.

(For example: hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house, auto engine manufacturing, retail bakery)

- c. Is this mainly — Fill ONE circle**

- |                                       |  |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| <input type="radio"/> Manufacturing   | <input type="radio"/> Other (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.) |
| <input type="radio"/> Wholesale trade |  |
| <input type="radio"/> Retail trade    |  |

**29. Occupation**

- a. What kind of work was this person doing?**

(For example: registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, cake icer)

- b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?**

(For example: patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, icing cakes)

**30. Was this person — Fill ONE circle**

- ☐ Employee of a PRIVATE FOR PROFIT company or business or of an individual, for wages, salary, or commissions  
☐ Employee of a PRIVATE NOT-FOR-PROFIT, tax-exempt, or charitable organization  
☐ Local GOVERNMENT employee (city, county, etc.)  
☐ State GOVERNMENT employee  
☐ Federal GOVERNMENT employee  
☐ SELF-EMPLOYED in own NOT INCORPORATED business, professional practice, or farm  
☐ SELF-EMPLOYED in own INCORPORATED business, professional practice, or farm  
☐ Working WITHOUT PAY in family business or farm

- 31a. Last year (1989), did this person work, even for a few days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?**

- ☐ Yes  
☐ No — Skip to 32

- b. How many weeks did this person work in 1989?**

Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service.

Weeks

- c. During the weeks WORKED in 1989, how many hours did this person usually work each week?**

Hours

**32. INCOME IN 1989 —**

Fill the "Yes" circle below for each income source received during 1989. Otherwise, fill the "No" circle. If "Yes," enter the total amount received during 1989.

For income received jointly, see instruction guide. If exact amount is not known, please give best estimate. If net income was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar amount.

- a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips from all jobs — Report amount before deductions for taxes, bonds, dues, or other items.**

☐ Yes —  \$ .00  
☐ No —  \$ .00  
Annual amount — Dollars

- b. Self-employment income from own nonfarm business, including proprietorship and partnership — Report NET income after business expenses.**

☐ Yes —  \$ .00  
☐ No —  \$ .00  
Annual amount — Dollars

- c. Farm self-employment income — Report NET income after operating expenses. Include earnings as a tenant farmer or sharecropper.**

☐ Yes —  \$ .00  
☐ No —  \$ .00  
Annual amount — Dollars

- d. Interest, dividends, net rental income or royalty income, or income from estates and trusts — Report even small amounts credited to an account.**

☐ Yes —  \$ .00  
☐ No —  \$ .00  
Annual amount — Dollars

- e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement**

☐ Yes —  \$ .00  
☐ No —  \$ .00  
Annual amount — Dollars

- f. Supplemental Security Income (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance or public welfare payments.**

☐ Yes —  \$ .00  
☐ No —  \$ .00  
Annual amount — Dollars

- g. Retirement, survivor, or disability pensions — Do NOT include Social Security.**

☐ Yes —  \$ .00  
☐ No —  \$ .00  
Annual amount — Dollars

- h. Any other sources of income received regularly such as Veterans' (VA) payments, unemployment compensation, child support, or alimony — Do NOT include lump-sum payments such as money from an inheritance or the sale of a home.**

☐ Yes —  \$ .00  
☐ No —  \$ .00  
Annual amount — Dollars

**33. What was this person's total income in 1989?**

Add entries in questions 32a through 32h; subtract any losses. If total amount was a loss, write "Loss" above amount.

☐ None OR  \$ .00  
Annual amount — Dollars

Please turn the page and answer questions for Person 2 listed on page 1. If this is the last person listed in question 1a on page 1, go to the back of the form.





# APPENDIX F.

## Data Products and User Assistance

### CONTENTS

Data Products .....	F-1
Geographic Products .....	F-3
Other Census Bureau Resources .....	F-5
Reference Materials .....	F-4
Sources of Assistance .....	F-4

The 1990 census data products, being released during 1991-93, are available in a variety of new and traditional media. The Census Bureau has increased the product options available to data users in an effort to meet a variety of requirements and maximize the usefulness of the data. For example, laser discs, called CD-ROM (compact disc—read-only memory), are a new data delivery medium.

The Census Bureau also has expanded services and sources of assistance available to data users. For example, the State Data Center Program has been expanded to include over 1,400 organizations to provide data and services to the public.

This appendix provides a detailed introduction to the 1990 census data products and related materials, such as maps and reference publications. It concludes by describing sources of assistance and other Census Bureau data available to the public.

### DATA PRODUCTS

Printed reports and computer tape files traditionally are the most widely used products. The Census Bureau also offers data on microfiche, on CD-ROM laser discs, and through its online service, CENDATA™. These various products are described below. For information about prices and how to order, write or call Customer Services. (See the "Sources of Assistance" section for the address and phone number.)

The data products present statistics about the subjects covered in the 1990 census questionnaires. These subjects are listed in figure 1, page F-7. As the figure shows, there are 100-percent subjects (those covered in questions asked of everyone or about every housing unit) and sample subjects (those covered in questions asked at about one out of every six housing units). Generally, a data product presents either 100-percent data prepared by tabulating the responses to the 100-percent questions from all questionnaires, or sample data prepared by tabulating only the responses to the 100-percent and sample questions from the "long-form" questionnaires. Two report series, 1990 CPH-3 and 1990 CPH-4 (see figure 2, page F-8), present both 100-percent and sample data.

### Printed Reports

Printed reports are the most convenient and readily available source of data for most census users. The Census Bureau releases the reports in several series (see figure 2) that are grouped under three broad titles: *1990 Census of Population and Housing* (1990 CPH), *1990 Census of Population* (1990 CP), and *1990 Census of Housing* (1990 CH). There also are reports, not reflected in figure 2, for the outlying areas of the Pacific. The reports are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office. (See the "Sources of Assistance" section for the address and phone number.)

In several series, there are separate reports for each State. The geographic coverage of the State reports is listed in figure 2. The United States summaries for these report series contain, for the most part, data for the United States, regions, divisions, States, metropolitan areas (MA's), urbanized areas (UA's), counties, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, places with 10,000 or more persons, and other large substate areas (for example, county subdivisions, such as towns and townships, with 10,000 or more persons in selected States).

Report series that present data for small areas, such as census tracts, contain limited subject-matter detail (for example, counts of people by age ranges—under 5 years, 5 to 9 years, etc.—rather than by single years). Report series that include greater amounts of subject-matter detail include less geographic detail.

### Computer Tape Files

The Census Bureau provides more data on tape and other machine-readable products than in printed reports. These products are sold by the Census Bureau's Customer Services. There are several general types of data files released on computer tape (available on both reels and cartridges). They are introduced below, and more information is presented in figures 3 and 4, pages F-11 through F-13.

**Public Law 94-171 Data**—This data file presents the counts designed and formatted for use in legislative redistricting. These counts also are available on CD-ROM and paper listings. Excerpts are available on CENDATA™. The counts, for areas as small as blocks, census tracts, and voting districts, include totals for population, race groups, persons of Hispanic origin, population 18 years and over, and housing units. (See figure 4.)



**Summary Tape Files (STF's)**— These computer tape files provide statistics with greater subject-matter detail than printed reports. They also present statistics for some types of areas, such as block groups and blocks, that are not included in the reports. (See figure 3.)

Here are some important features of STF's:

- Each STF presents a particular set of data tables for specific types of geographic areas.
- Each STF has three or more file types (indicated by a letter suffix attached to the STF number) that differ in the geographic levels reported, but contain the same data detail.
- STF's 1 and 2 contain 100-percent data, and STF's 3 and 4 offer sample data.
- STF's 1 and 3 report on smaller areas and offer less data detail than STF's 2 and 4.
- STF's 1 through 4 offer greater data detail than the 1980 STF's 1 through 4.

**Subject Summary Tape Files (SSTF's)**—These files are the source of the subject reports and provide greater subject-matter detail than the STF's. They present data for the United States, regions, and divisions, and, in some cases, also for States, counties, and large cities. (See figure 4.)

**Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) Files**—These computer tape files (see figure 4) contain data from samples of long-form housing-unit records ("microdata") for large geographic areas. Each sample housing-unit record includes essentially all the 1990 census data collected about each person in a sample household and the characteristics of the housing unit. Information that could be used to identify an individual or a housing unit is not included in the file.

Microdata files enable users to prepare customized tabulations and cross-tabulations of most items on the census questionnaire. There are two PUMS files:

- A file presenting a 5-percent sample of housing units in which each household record includes codes to let the user know in what area, such as a group of counties, a single county, or a place, the household is located. Each area identified must have a population of at least 100,000 and boundaries that do not cross State lines.
- A file presenting a 1-percent sample of housing units. Its household records include codes associating them with MA's and other large areas, the boundaries of which may cross State lines. (For the 1980 census, there were two files with 1-percent samples. The 1-percent sample showing data for selected urbanized areas and other large areas will not be produced for the 1990 census.)

**Other Special Computer Tape Files**—Other files include the Census/Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Special File and the County-to-County Migration File. (See figure 4.) The Census Bureau may prepare additional special files.

## Microfiche

Block statistics are available on microfiche as they were for the 1980 census. The microfiche present, in table format, a subset of the tabulations for census blocks found in STF 1B (see figure 3). In the 1990 census, for the first time, the entire land area of the Nation and its possessions was block-numbered. This increased the number of blocks for which the Census Bureau provides data from 2.5 million in 1980 to 7 million for 1990. The cost and storage of block data of this magnitude would be prohibitive if the data were published in printed reports.

STF's 1A and 3A are available on microfiche, as well. As noted in figure 3, they provide data for a variety of geographic areas. Also, all printed reports are offered on microfiche from Customer Services soon after they are published.

## Compact Disc—Read-Only Memory (CD-ROM)

For the 1990 census, the Public Law (P.L.) 94-171 file; an extract of STF 1B that presents selected statistics for blocks; and STF's 1A, 1C, 3A, 3B, and 3C are also available on CD-ROM. (One 4 3/4-inch CD-ROM, a type of optical or laser disc, can hold the contents of approximately 1,600 flexible diskettes, or three or four high-density computer tapes.)

## Online Information Systems

The Census Bureau began CENDATA™, its online information service, in 1984. CENDATA™ is accessible through two information vendors, CompuServe and DIALOG. A number of Census Bureau reports, in whole or in part, are offered online. For the 1990 census, CENDATA™ provides up-to-date information about the availability of data products and carries selections of State, county, MA, and place data from the P.L. 94-171 tape file and STF's 1 and 3.

## Custom Data Products

These products are for users who require unique tabulations that are not included in standard products; for example, information for locally defined geographic areas. Users also can order special microdata files.

The cost of preparing custom products must be paid by the users who request them. Any data that the Census Bureau provides in these products are subject to the same standards applied to other data to ensure that confidential individual information is not revealed.

## User-Defined Areas Program (UDAP) Tabulations—

UDAP can provide a set of predefined data tables for locally defined areas that do not correspond to standard 1990 census geographic areas. Users identify the geographic areas of interest to them by delineating boundaries around groupings of census blocks on 1990 census County



Block Maps or by electronically submitting the geographic components of their area of interest. (A contact for more information is given in the "Sources of Assistance" section.)

**Special Tabulations**—The Census Bureau can prepare special data tabulations for any specific geographic or subject-matter area. Users should rely on standard reports, tapes, microfiche, or user-defined area tabulations whenever possible, since special tabulations tend to be substantially more expensive and take time to arrange and produce. (Contacts for more information are given in the "Sources of Assistance" section.)

## GEOGRAPHIC PRODUCTS

### Maps

Census Bureau maps are necessary for virtually all uses of small-area 1990 census data. They are needed to locate the specific geographic areas for which the census provides data and to study the spatial relationship of the data for analytic purposes. The Census Bureau prepares a variety of 1990 census maps. Among the most useful are these four series:

**County Block Maps**—These maps show census blocks and their numbers; boundaries for statistical and governmental entities, such as census tracts and places; and physical features. The P.L. 94-171 version of these maps also shows voting district boundaries in those States that furnished them. The maps are prepared on electrostatic plotters by county (or equivalent entity) with one or more map sheets each, depending on the size and shape of the area and the density of the block pattern. An average county requires 20 map sheets. The maps may be purchased from Customer Services.

**County Subdivision Outline Maps**—Maps in this State-based series present the boundaries of the counties, county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas (including off-reservation trust lands), tribal designated statistical areas, and tribal jurisdiction statistical areas. Electrostatic-plotter copies are available for purchase from Customer Services. Also, they appear on multiple page-size sheets in the State reports of these series: 1990 CPH-1, 1990 CPH-2, 1990 CPH-5, 1990 CP-1, 1990 CP-2, 1990 CH-1, and 1990 CH-2.

**Census Tract/Block Numbering Area (BNA) Outline Maps**—Maps in this county-based series depict census tract or BNA boundaries and numbers, and the features underlying the boundaries. They also show governmental units in relation to the census tracts/BNA's. Customer Services sells electrostatic-plotter copies, and the Superintendent of Documents sells printed copies.

**Voting District Outline Maps**—Maps in this county-based series depict voting district boundaries (for those counties for which States furnished boundary information) and the features underlying the boundaries. They also show governmental unit boundaries in relation to the voting districts. They are prepared on electrostatic plotters and sold by Customer Services.

### Geographic Publications

The *Geographic Identification Code Scheme* report in the 1990 CPH-R series shows the 1990 census geographic area codes and Federal information processing standards (FIPS) codes, as appropriate, for States, metropolitan areas, counties, county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, and other entities, along with some descriptive information about the codes. The code scheme also is offered on computer tape.

### Machine-Readable Geographic Files

All 1990 census summary tape files include 1990 census geographic area codes, FIPS codes, certain area names, land and inland water area in square kilometers, geographic coordinates for an internal point for each entity, and other geographic information.

The Census Bureau developed an automated geographic data base, known as the TIGER (Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing) System, to produce the geographic products for the 1990 census. TIGER provides coordinate-based digital map information for the entire United States, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the Pacific territories over which the United States has jurisdiction.

The TIGER System has significantly improved the utility of 1990 census maps and geographic reference products. Extract files generated from the TIGER System permit users, with appropriate software, to perform such tasks as linking the statistical data in the P.L. 94-171 file or the STF's and displaying selected characteristics on maps or a video display screen at different scales and with whatever boundaries they select for any geographic area of the country. For example, a map for a particular county could show the distribution of the voting age population by city block.

The first extract of selected geographic and cartographic information intended for computer applications, such as plotting maps and building geographic information systems, is called the TIGER/Line™ files. TIGER/Line™ files contain attributes for the segments of each boundary and feature (for example, roads, railroads, and rivers), including 1990 census geographic codes for adjacent areas, latitude/longitude coordinates of segment end points and the curvature of segments, the name and type of the feature, and the relevant census feature class code identifying the feature segment by category. TIGER/Line™ files also furnish address ranges and associated ZIP



Codes for each side of street segments in major urban areas; provide the names of landmarks, such as lakes and golf courses; and include other information.

TIGER/Line™ files and other TIGER System extracts, such as TIGER/Boundary™ and TIGER/DataBase™, are released on computer tape and, in some cases, CD-ROM. For information on TIGER extract files, contact Customer Services.

## REFERENCE MATERIALS

The Census Bureau issues several reference publications for data users. Some are sold by the Superintendent of Documents; others are distributed free by Customer Services. Addresses and phone numbers for the Superintendent of Documents and Customer Services are given in the following section.

- *1990 Census of Population and Housing, Guide*. This guide, in the 1990 CPH-R report series, provides detailed information about all aspects of the census and a comprehensive glossary of census terms. Sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.
- *1990 Census of Population and Housing Tabulation and Publication Program*. A free report describing 1990 census products, comparing 1990 products with those of 1980, and more. Request from Customer Services.
- *Census '90 Basics*. A free booklet covering how the 1990 census data were collected and processed, the full range of data products, the maps and geographic files, and more, but with less detail than the Guide (above). Request from Customer Services.
- *Census ABC's—Applications in Business and Community*. A free booklet that highlights key information about the 1990 census and illustrates a variety of ways the data can be used. Request from Customer Services.
- *Strength in Numbers*. A free, tabloid-size booklet designed to assist people in using 1990 census data in redistricting. Among other features, it includes illustrations of maps and Public Law 94-171 counts. Request from Customer Services.
- *TIGER: The Coast-to-Coast Digital Map Data Base*. A free booklet describing the structure and uses of the Census Bureau's TIGER System. Request from Customer Services.
- *Census and You*. The Census Bureau's monthly newsletter for data users. It reports on the latest 1990 census developments, selected new publications and computer tape files, other censuses and surveys, developments in services to users, and upcoming conferences and training courses. Subscriptions are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.

- *Monthly Product Announcement*. A free monthly listing of all new Census Bureau publications; microfiche; maps; data files on tape, diskettes, or CD-ROM; and technical documentation. To subscribe, contact Customer Services.

- *Census Catalog and Guide*. A comprehensive annual description of data products, statistical programs, and services of the Census Bureau. It provides abstracts of the publications, data files, microfiche, maps, and items online. In addition, the Catalog/Guide offers such features as information about censuses and surveys and telephone contact lists of data specialists at the Census Bureau, the State Data Centers, and other data processing service centers. It is sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.

Users also can get listings of new Census Bureau products, updated daily, by subscribing to the *Daily List*. This information and selected statistics are available online through CENDATA™, the Census Bureau's online information service. For more information, contact Customer Services.

## SOURCES OF ASSISTANCE

### U.S. Bureau of the Census

The Census Bureau's Customer Services sells most of the machine-readable data products, microfiche, and maps described earlier. (The 1990 census printed reports are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, as noted below.) Also, users may consult with specialists at the Census Bureau's Washington headquarters and its 12 regional offices. From time to time, the specialists also conduct workshops, seminars, and training courses.

**Washington, DC, Contacts**—To order products, for a telephone contacts list of Census Bureau specialists, and for general information: Customer Services, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-4100 (fax number, 301-763-4794).

For User-Defined Areas Program (UDAP) information: UDAP Staff, Decennial Planning Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-4282.

For special tabulation information: Population—Rosemarie Cowan, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-5476; Housing—William Downs, Housing and Household Economic Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-8553.



## Regional Office Contacts—

Atlanta, GA	404-347-2274
Boston, MA	617-565-7078
Charlotte, NC	704-371-6144
Chicago, IL	312-353-0980
Dallas, TX	214-767-7105
Denver, CO	303-969-7750
Detroit, MI	313-354-4654
Kansas City, KS	913-236-3711
Los Angeles, CA	818-904-6339
New York, NY	212-264-4730
Philadelphia, PA	215-597-8313
Seattle, WA	206-728-5314

## Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office

The Superintendent of Documents handles the sale of most of the Federal Government's publications, including 1990 census reports. To order reports and for information: Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402, telephone 202-783-3238.

## Other Sources of Products and Services

**State Data Centers—**The Census Bureau furnishes data products, training in data access and use, technical assistance, and consultation to all States, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands. State Data Centers, in turn, offer publications for reference, printouts from computer tape, specially prepared reports, maps, and other products and assistance to data users. For a list of the State Data Centers, see the *Census Catalog and Guide* or contact Customer Services. The list also notes organizations in States participating in the Census Bureau's Business/Industry Data Center (BIDC) Program. The BIDC's help business people, economic development planners, and other data users obtain and use data.

**National Services Program—**The National Services Program (NSP) provides data-related services for nationally based nonprofit organizations that represent minorities or other segments of the population who have been historically undercounted in decennial censuses. The participants include social service, business, professional, civil rights, educational, and religious groups. Through a pilot project, the National Services Information Center (NSIC) Initiative, three of these nonprofit groups now offer their clientele reports, computer tape printouts, and other information from the Census Bureau. To learn more about the NSP and the NSIC, write to the National Services Program, Data User Services Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, or call 301-763-1384.

**National Clearinghouse—**The National Clearinghouse for Census Data Services is a listing of private companies and other organizations that offer assistance in obtaining and

using data released by the Census Bureau. For a list of participants in the National Clearinghouse, see the *Census Catalog and Guide* or contact Customer Services.

**Depository Libraries—**There are 1,400 libraries that receive (from the Government Printing Office) Federal publications that they think their patrons will need. Often some of these publications are Census Bureau reports. The Census Bureau provides free reports to an additional 120 census depository libraries. Also, many libraries purchase census reports and maps for their areas. The *Census Catalog and Guide* includes a list of all depository libraries.

## OTHER CENSUS BUREAU RESOURCES

The Census Bureau has more to offer than just the results of the census of population and housing. Through other censuses, surveys, and estimates programs, it compiles and issues (in reports, computer tape, and other media) data on subjects as diverse as appliance sales, neighborhood conditions, and exports to other countries. Here are examples of the information published about—

- *People:* Age, race, sex, income, poverty, child care, child support, fertility, noncash benefits, education, commuting habits, pension coverage, unemployment, ancestry.
- *Business and industry:* Number of employees, total payroll, sales and receipts, products manufactured or sold.
- *Housing and construction:* Value of new construction, numbers of owners and renters, property value or rent paid, housing starts, fuels used, mortgage costs.
- *Farms:* Number, acreage, livestock, crop sales.
- *Governments:* Revenues and expenditures, taxes, employment, pension funds.
- *Foreign trade:* Exports and imports, origin and destination, units shipped.
- *Other nations:* Population, birth rates, death rates, literacy, fertility.

The other censuses, such as agriculture, retail trade, manufactures, and governments, are collected for years ending in "2" and "7." Surveys and estimates programs generate results as often as every month.

Many of the monthly "economic indicators" that measure how the Nation is doing come directly or indirectly from the Census Bureau. Examples: employment and unemployment; housing starts; wholesale and retail trade; manufacturers' shipments, inventories, and orders; export and import trade; and sales of single-family homes.

The other statistical activities of the Census Bureau are described below. Data users will find more information about them and descriptions of their data products in the



annual *Census Catalog and Guide*. Also, special guides and brochures are prepared for most of them. Contact the Census Bureau's Customer Services for more information.

## **Current Demographic and Housing Programs**

Two types of current programs complement the 10-year census: population estimates and surveys. The total population of the United States is estimated monthly; the population of States, counties, and metropolitan areas is estimated annually; and the population of places and other governmental units is estimated every 2 years. Projections of future population are made at the national and State levels.

The Census Bureau's many household surveys update population and housing characteristics at the national level and sometimes for States and metropolitan areas, as well. These surveys also obtain many characteristics not included in the 10-year census. The Current Population Survey is taken monthly; the American Housing Survey national sample is taken biennially; the American Housing Survey metropolitan sample is taken in 44 areas, 11 per year in a 4-year cycle; most other surveys are annual or less frequent.

## **Economic Censuses and Surveys**

The economic censuses provide statistics about business establishments once every 5 years, covering years ending in "2" and "7." The 1987 Economic Censuses include the censuses of retail trade, wholesale trade, service industries, transportation, manufactures, mineral industries, and construction industries. Also included are related programs, such as statistics on minority- and women-owned businesses, enterprise statistics, and censuses of economic activity in Puerto Rico and some of the outlying areas under U.S. jurisdiction.

Several key statistics are tabulated for all industries covered in the censuses. They are number of establishments, number of employees, payroll, and measure of output (sales or receipts, and value of shipments or of work done). Other items vary from sector to sector.

The Census Bureau also has programs that provide current statistics on such measures as total sales of particular kinds of businesses or production of particular products. These programs include monthly, quarterly, and annual surveys, the results of which appear in publication series such as *Current Business Reports* and *Current Industrial Reports*. The County Business Patterns program offers annual statistics based on data compiled primarily from administrative records.

## **Agriculture Census and Surveys**

The agriculture census is conducted concurrently with the economic censuses. It is the only source of uniform agriculture data at the county level. It provides data on such subjects as the number and size of farms; land use and ownership; livestock, poultry, and crops; and value of products sold.

Results of three surveys—the 1988 Farm and Ranch Irrigation Survey, 1988 Census of Horticulture Specialties, and 1988 Agricultural Economics and Land Ownership Survey—are published in conjunction with the 1987 Census of Agriculture. Also, the Census Bureau regularly issues reports from a survey on cotton ginnings.

## **Governments Census and Surveys**

The census of governments, also for years ending in "2" and "7," covers all types of governments: Federal, State, county, municipal (place), township (county subdivision), school district, and special district. It provides data on such subjects as number of public employees, payrolls, revenue, and expenditures.

Annual and quarterly surveys cover the same principal subjects but generate data only for States and the largest local governments.

## **Foreign Trade Statistics**

Monthly U.S. merchandise trade data compiled by the Census Bureau summarize export and import transactions and are based on the official documents filed by shippers and receivers. These figures reflect the flow of merchandise but not intangibles like services and financial commitments. The trade figures trace commodity movements out of and into the U.S. Customs jurisdiction, which includes Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands as well as the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Data are published separately on trade between the United States and Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions.

## **Other Statistical Activities**

The Census Bureau also offers international data. It maintains an international data base which is available to the public on computer tape and is used to produce the biennial *World Population Profile* report. It prepares studies dealing with the demographic and economic characteristics of other countries and world regions.

Statistical compendia are another important data product. These publications (sometimes also offered in machine-readable form) draw data from many sources and reorganize them for convenient use. The most widely used compendia are the annual *Statistical Abstract of the United States*, the *County and City Data Book* (published every 5 years), and the *State and Metropolitan Area Data Book* (published approximately every 4 years).

Figure 1. 1990 Census Content

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**100-PERCENT COMPONENT**

**Population**

Household relationship  
Sex  
Race  
Age  
Marital status  
Hispanic origin

**Housing**

Number of units in structure  
Number of rooms in unit  
Tenure—owned or rented  
Value of home or monthly rent  
Congregate housing (meals included in rent)  
Vacancy characteristics

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**SAMPLE COMPONENT**

**Population**

*Social characteristics:*

Education—enrollment and attainment  
Place of birth, citizenship, and year of entry into U.S.  
Ancestry  
Language spoken at home  
Migration (residence in 1985)  
Disability  
Fertility  
Veteran status

*Economic characteristics:*

Labor force  
Occupation, industry, and class of worker  
Place of work and journey to work  
Work experience in 1989  
Income in 1989  
Year last worked

**Housing**

Year moved into residence  
Number of bedrooms  
Plumbing and kitchen facilities  
Telephone in unit  
Vehicles available  
Heating fuel  
Source of water and method of sewage disposal  
Year structure built  
Condominium status  
Farm residence  
Shelter costs, including utilities

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NOTE: Questions dealing with the subjects covered in the 100-percent component were asked of all persons and housing units. Those covered by the sample component were asked of a sample of the population and housing units.



Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
<b>1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING (1990 CPH)</b>				
<b>100-Percent Data</b>				
1990 CPH-1	<b>Summary Population and Housing Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Population and housing unit counts, and summary statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, household relationship, units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	Local governmental units (i.e., counties, places, and towns and townships), other county subdivisions, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
1990 CPH-2	<b>Population and Housing Unit Counts</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Total population and housing unit counts for 1990 and previous censuses	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, State component parts of metropolitan areas (MA's) and urbanized areas (UA's), and summary geographic areas (for example, urban and rural)
<b>100-Percent and Sample Data</b>				
1990 CPH-3	<b>Population and Housing Characteristics for Census Tracts and Block Numbering Areas</b>	MA's, and the nonmetropolitan balance of each State, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics on 100-percent and sample population and housing subjects	In MA's: census tracts/block numbering areas (BNA's), places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and counties. In the remainder of each State: census tracts/BNA's, places of 10,000 or more, and counties
1990 CPH-4	<b>Population and Housing Characteristics for Congressional Districts of the 103rd Congress</b>	States and DC	Statistics on 100-percent and sample population and housing subjects	Congressional districts (CD's) and, within CD's, counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
<b>Sample Data</b>				
1990 CPH-5	<b>Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample population and housing subjects	Local governmental units (i.e., counties, places, and towns and townships), other county subdivisions, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
<b>1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION (1990 CP)</b>				
<b>100-Percent Data</b>				
1990 CP-1	<b>General Population Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	States, counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 1,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, State parts of American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, and summary geographic areas such as urban and rural

Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports—Con.

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
<b>1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION (1990 CP)—Con.</b>				
<b>100-Percent Data—Con.</b>				
1990 CP-1-1A	<b>General Population Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	American Indian and Alaska Native areas; i.e., American Indian reservations, off-reservation trust lands, tribal jurisdiction statistical areas (Oklahoma), tribal designated statistical areas, Alaska Native village statistical areas, and Alaska Native Regional Corporations
1990 CP-1-1B	<b>General Population Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	Individual MA's. For MA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole MA
1990 CP-1-1C	<b>General Population Characteristics for Urbanized Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	Individual UA's. For UA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole UA
<b>Sample Data</b>				
1990 CP-2	<b>Social and Economic Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and the State portion of American Indian areas
1990 CP-2-1A	<b>Social and Economic Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	American Indian and Alaska Native areas, as for CP-1-1A
1990 CP-2-1B	<b>Social and Economic Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	Individual MA's, as for CP-1-1B
1990 CP-2-1C	<b>Social and Economic Characteristics for Urbanized Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	Individual UA's, as for CP-1-1C
1990 CP-3	<b>Population Subject Reports</b>	Selected subjects	Approximately 30 reports on population census subjects such as migration, education, income, the older population, and racial and ethnic groups	Generally limited to the U.S., regions, and divisions; for some reports, other highly populated areas such as States, MA's, counties, and large places



Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports—Con.

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
<b>1990 CENSUS OF HOUSING (1990 CH)</b>				
<b>100-Percent Data</b>				
1990 CH-1	<b>General Housing Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy char- acteristics	States, counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdi- visions of 1,000 or more inhabit- ants in selected States, State parts of American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, and summary geo- graphic areas such as urban and rural
1990 CH-1-1A	<b>General Housing Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy char- acteristics	American Indian and Alaska Native areas; i.e., American Indian reser- vations, trust lands, tribal jurisdic- tion statistical areas (Oklahoma), tribal designated statistical areas, Alaska Native village statistical areas, and Alaska Native Regional Corporations
1990 CH-1-1B	<b>General Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy char- acteristics	Individual MA's. For MA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole MA
1990 CH-1-1C	<b>General Housing Characteristics for Urbanized Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy char- acteristics	Individual UA's. For UA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole UA
<b>Sample Data</b>				
1990 CH-2	<b>Detailed Housing Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabit- ants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and State parts of American Indian areas
1990 CH-2-1A	<b>Detailed Housing Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	American Indian and Alaska Native areas, as in 1990 CH-1-1A
1990 CH-2-1B	<b>Detailed Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	Individual MA's, as in 1990 CH-1-1B
1990 CH-2-1C	<b>Detailed Housing Characteristics for Urbanized Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	Individual UA's, as in 1990 CH-1-1C
1990 CH-3	<b>Housing Subject Reports</b>	Selected subjects	Approximately 10 reports on housing census sub- jects such as structural characteristics and space utilization	Generally limited to U.S., regions, and divisions; for some reports, other highly populated areas such as States, MA's, counties, and large places

Figure 3. 1990 Census Summary Tape Files

Summary Tape File  
(STF 1A, 1B, etc.)  
and data type  
(100 percent or  
sample)<sup>1</sup>

		Geographic areas	Description
STF 1 (100 percent)	A <sup>2 3</sup>	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/block numbering areas (BNA's), block groups (BG's). Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas	Over 900 cells/items of 100-percent population and housing counts and characteristics for each geographic area
	B <sup>2 3</sup>	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/BNA's, BG's, blocks. Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas	
	C <sup>3</sup>	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, metropolitan areas (MA's), urbanized areas (UA's), American Indian and Alaska Native areas	
	D	Congressional districts (CD's) of the 103rd Congress by State; and within each CD: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and American Indian areas	
STF 2 (100 percent)	A	In MA's: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's. In the remainder of each State: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's	Over 2,100 cells/items of 100-percent population and housing counts and characteristics for each geographic area. Each of the STF 2 files will include a set of tabulations for the total population and separate presentations of tabulations by race and Hispanic origin
	B	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions, State parts of American Indian areas, and Alaska Native areas	
	C	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's	
STF 3 (Sample)	A <sup>2 3</sup>	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/BNA's, BG's. Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas	Over 3,300 cells/items of sample population and housing characteristics for each geographic area
	B <sup>3</sup>	Five-digit ZIP Codes within each State	
	C <sup>3</sup>	U.S., regions, divisions, States, counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's	
	D	CD's of the 103rd Congress by State; and within each CD: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States	



Figure 3. 1990 Census Summary Tape Files—Con.

Summary Tape File  
(STF 1A, 1B, etc.)  
and data type  
(100 percent or  
sample)<sup>1</sup>

	Geographic areas	Description
STF 4 (Sample)	A In MA's: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's. In the remainder of each State: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's	
	B State (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, State parts of American Indian areas, and Alaska Native areas	Over 8,500 cells/items of sample population and housing characteristics for each geographic area. Each of the STF 4 files will include a set of tabulations for the total population and separate presentations of tabulations by race and Hispanic origin.
	C U.S., regions, divisions, States (including urban and rural and metropolitan and nonmetropolitan components), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's	

<sup>1</sup>Similar STF's will be prepared for Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

<sup>2</sup>Also available on microfiche. STF 1B microfiche provides only part of the data for blocks and other areas in the tape file.

<sup>3</sup>Also available on laser disc (CD-ROM). STF 1B CD-ROM presents the same file extract as STF 1B microfiche.

**Figure 4. Other 1990 Census Data Products**

Title	Description	Geographic areas
Subject Summary Tape Files	About 20 computer tape files used to produce the subject reports (1990 CP-3 and 1990 CH-3 series). On the average, a file is the source of two subject reports	U.S., regions, divisions, States, metropolitan areas (MA's), and large counties and places
Public Law 94-171 Data File (redistricting data)	Counts by total, race, and Hispanic origin for the total population and population 18 years old and over, and counts of housing units. Available on tape, CD-ROM, and paper listings	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/block numbering areas (BNA's), block groups (BG's), and blocks; voting districts where States have identified them for the Census Bureau; and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
Census/Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Special File	Sample tabulations showing detailed occupations and educational attainment data by age; cross tabulated by sex, Hispanic origin, and race	Counties, MA's, places of 50,000 or more inhabitants
County-to-County Migration File	Summary statistics for all intra-state county-to-county migration streams and significant inter-state county-to-county migration streams. Each record will include codes for the geographic area of destination, and selected characteristics of the persons who made up the migration stream	States, counties
Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) Files	Machine-readable files containing a sample of individual long-form census records showing most population and housing characteristics but with identifying information removed	<p>County groups, counties, county subdivisions, and places with 100,000 or more inhabitants</p> <p>MA's and other large areas with 100,000 or more inhabitants</p>
5 Percent—PUMS Areas		
1 Percent—Metropolitan Areas (1990)		
User-Defined Areas Tabulations	A set of standard tabulations provided on printouts, tapes, or other products with maps and narrative (if requested)	User-defined areas created by aggregating census blocks
Special Tabulations	User-defined tabulations for specified geographic areas provided on printouts, tapes, or other products	User-defined areas or standard areas





# APPENDIX G.

## Maps

**Census Tract/Block Numbering Area Outline Maps**—These are county-based maps that depict the boundaries and codes of census tracts or block numbering areas, the features and feature names underlying the boundaries and names of counties, county subdivisions, places, and American Indian/Alaska Native areas. Map scales vary to minimize the number of sheets. Printed versions of these maps are available from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office (GPO).

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